









S7-Panel-PLC Manual

-  S7-Panel-PLC
-  S7-Compact-PLC
-  S7-Panel-HMI
-  Periphery
-  Software
-  Energy Management

Index of contents

| | |
|---|----|
| General instructions..... | 10 |
| About INSEVIS..... | 11 |
| Product family S7-Panel-PLC..... | 12 |
| Communication overview..... | 12 |
| Technical data of INSEVIS-S7-CPU's..... | 13 |
| CPU-V and CPU-P..... | 13 |
| CPU-T..... | 14 |
| Touchpanel units for the Panel-PLC's..... | 15 |
| Periphery in the Panel-PLC's..... | 16 |
| Communication to PLC..... | 16 |
| Software in the Panel-PLC's..... | 17 |
| Accessories for S7-Panel-PLC's..... | 18 |
| Wiring of the S7-Panel-PLC's..... | 19 |
| Wiring of CPU-V/P in devices with/without periphery slots..... | 19 |
| Wiring of CPU-T in devices with/without periphery slots..... | 20 |
| S7-Panel-PLC Cut out for switching cabinets..... | 21 |
| General..... | 24 |
| Memory organization..... | 24 |
| Communication..... | 25 |
| Ethernet..... | 25 |
| Set up IP-address in the Simatic® -Manager..... | 26 |
| Set up the CPU and the Ethernet connection in the Simatic®-Manager..... | 28 |
| IP Configuration of PLC with SFB 129 "IP_CFG"..... | 29 |
| Modbus TCP (Server)..... | 29 |
| S7 active connection to Partner-PLC's (RFC1006)..... | 30 |
| Read data from a Remote PLC with SFB 120 "GET"..... | 30 |
| Write data to a Remote PLC with SFB 121 "PUT"..... | 32 |
| Read in IP configuration with SFB 131 "IP_GET" (CPU-T)..... | 34 |
| Set IP-configuration with SFB 132 "IP_SET" (CPU-T)..... | 35 |
| TCP Send/Receive Connection (RFC 793)..... | 36 |
| Send data via TCP with SFB 122 "TSEND"..... | 36 |
| Receiving data via TCP with SFB 123 "TREC"..... | 38 |
| Terminate the TCP connection with SFB 124 "TDISCON"..... | 40 |
| Configure the partner parameter by TCP with SFB 125 "TCONFIG"..... | 41 |
| Query the Status of TCP connection with SFB 126 "TSTATUS"..... | 42 |
| UDP Send/Receive Connection (RFC 768)..... | 43 |
| Send data via UDP with SFB 127 "USEND"..... | 44 |
| Receiving data via UDP with SFB 128 "URECV"..... | 45 |
| Profinet IO Controller..... | 48 |
| Configuration..... | 48 |
| Status-LEDs..... | 50 |
| Profibus DP..... | 51 |
| Profibus DP-Master..... | 51 |
| Configure the DP-Master..... | 51 |
| Profibus DP-Slave..... | 52 |
| Configure the DP-Slave..... | 52 |
| DP Master configuration for INSEVIS Profibus DP-slave..... | 54 |
| Structure of DP-Slave diagnostic data..... | 55 |
| DP-Slave address assign with SFC 75 „SET_ADDR“..... | 58 |
| DP-Slave address and baud rate assign with SFC 76 „SET_DPS“..... | 59 |
| UART..... | 60 |
| Sending data with SFB 60 "SEND_PTP", free ASCII..... | 60 |
| Receive data with SFB 61 "RCV_PTP", free ASCII..... | 61 |
| Sending data with SFB 60 "SEND_PTP", Modbus RTU (Client)..... | 62 |
| Receive data with SFB 61 "RCV_PTP", Modbus RTU (Client)..... | 63 |
| Modbus RTU (Server)..... | 64 |
| Receive data via RS232 with defined End Code..... | 65 |
| Change the UART-configuration by SFB 130 "CFG_PTP"..... | 65 |
| CAN..... | 66 |
| CANopen® Configuration with the ConfigStage..... | 66 |
| Send CAN telegrams with SFB105..... | 68 |
| Receive CAN telegrams with SFB106..... | 68 |
| Receive event OB106..... | 68 |
| SDO transfer SFB107..... | 69 |
| FB107 SDO upload..... | 69 |
| FB108 SDO download..... | 69 |
| FB109 SDO upload..... | 69 |
| FB110 SDO download..... | 70 |

| | |
|---|-----|
| FB111 SDO upload | 70 |
| FB112 SDO download | 70 |
| FB113 SDO transfer string | 70 |
| Alternative function of SFB107..... | 70 |
| CAN status request SFB114..... | 71 |
| CAN error event OB186..... | 71 |
| Automatic return..... | 71 |
| Configuration with the Software „ConfigStage“..... | 73 |
| Basic settings..... | 73 |
| Assign the IP-address..... | 74 |
| Change target device..... | 74 |
| Addressing of the onboard periphery..... | 74 |
| Standard addressing ind the INSEVIS- PLCs..... | 74 |
| Different addressing in PLCs and addressing of decentral periphery..... | 75 |
| CPU settings..... | 75 |
| WebServer..... | 77 |
| Communication settings..... | 78 |
| RS232 and RS485..... | 78 |
| Ethernet..... | 78 |
| Profinet..... | 80 |
| CAN configuration..... | 80 |
| Decentral INSEVIS periphery..... | 80 |
| Configure decentral external periphery manually..... | 81 |
| Create library elements of your CAN-slaves..... | 82 |
| Configure decentral external peripherie by EDS-file..... | 83 |
| Decentral external periphery / motion controller pre defined..... | 84 |
| Samples for external CANopen devices..... | 85 |
| System functions..... | 87 |
| Organisation blocks (OB)..... | 87 |
| Organisation blocks (OB) - compatible to STEP@7 from Siemens..... | 87 |
| Organisation blocks (OB) - in addition to STEP@7 from Siemens..... | 87 |
| System function blocks (SFB)..... | 87 |
| System function blocks (SFB) - compatible to STEP@7 from Siemens..... | 87 |
| System function blocks (SFB) - what are not available at INSEVIS-CPU's yet or available on request..... | 87 |
| System function blocks (SFB) - in addition to STEP@7 from Siemens..... | 88 |
| System functions (SFC)..... | 88 |
| System functions (SFC) - compatible to STEP@7 from Siemens..... | 88 |
| System functions (SFC) - what are not available at INSEVIS-CPU's yet or only available on request | 89 |
| System functions (SFC) - in addition to STEP@7 from Siemens..... | 89 |
| System functions (SFC) - in addition to STEP@7 from Siemens..... | 90 |
| Import of INSEVIS-blocks into the S7-Project..... | 90 |
| Installation of the INSEVIS-S7-library in the Simatic@-manager..... | 90 |
| Installation of the INSEVIS-S7-library in the TIA-Portal..... | 91 |
| Overview about SFCs for data backup and restore..... | 92 |
| Save data blocks to ROM/ into flash memory..... | 92 |
| Life-backup for a change/ spare device..... | 92 |
| Manual program-backup for manufacturers..... | 92 |
| S7-Program-restore for both kinds of backup..... | 92 |
| Archive/ dearchive (write back) data..... | 93 |
| Read in data from PC-edited CSV-archive file..... | 93 |
| Archiving DBs with SFC 207 "ARCHIVE"..... | 93 |
| Backup & Restore with the SFC 208 "BACKUP"..... | 97 |
| Read data from archive file (SD) with SFC 209 "READFILE"..... | 99 |
| Copy data blocks from work memory to load memory with SFC 210 "COPY_DBL"..... | 101 |
| Copy data blocks from load memory to work memory with SFC 211 "COPY_DBW"..... | 102 |
| Read data from CSV-formatted archive file (SD)with SFC 213 „Read_CSV“..... | 103 |
| Overview about SFCs for a File Management System..... | 105 |
| Create folders on Micro-SD-Card with SFC 223 „CREATE“..... | 106 |
| Copy files on Micro-SD-Card with SFC 222 „COPY“..... | 107 |
| Rename files / folders on Micro-SD-Card with SFC 220 „RENAME“..... | 108 |
| Inform about files / folders on Micro-SD-Card with SFC 224 „INFO“..... | 109 |
| Inform about file size and name on Micro-SD-Card with SFC 225 „FILEINFO“..... | 110 |
| Delete files / folders on Micro-SD-Card with SFC 221 „DELETE“..... | 111 |
| Adjust LCD brightness with SFC 214 "LCD_BRIG" | 112 |
| Copy RAM to ROM with SFC 254 "RAM2ROM" | 113 |
| Update operation system in the PLC..... | 114 |
| General reset by hardware..... | 115 |

| | |
|--|-----|
| Visualization with the software „VisuStage“ | 116 |
| Download and licensing..... | 116 |
| System functions..... | 116 |
| Communication between PLC and external Panel-HMI..... | 116 |
| General settings of the program shell..... | 117 |
| General functionality..... | 118 |
| Recommended procedures..... | 118 |
| Save your resources | 118 |
| Keep the overview..... | 118 |
| Transfer your work to other projects..... | 118 |
| Project settings..... | 119 |
| Version counter..... | 119 |
| Assign the target IP-address..... | 119 |
| File formats..... | 119 |
| Data protection at binary upload..... | 119 |
| VNC-Server (CPU-T devices only)..... | 119 |
| Configure a VNC-Viewer/-Client..... | 120 |
| Change screen orientation or resolution..... | 121 |
| Create and administrate resources..... | 121 |
| Resource languages..... | 121 |
| Resource variables..... | 122 |
| Synchronization of variables with TIA®-Portal/ Simatic®-Manager..... | 126 |
| Multiplex variables (variables list)..... | 128 |
| Indirect variables..... | 128 |
| Resources Texts and Text lists..... | 130 |
| Resources Images and Image lists..... | 132 |
| Multiple replacement of resources..... | 134 |
| Resource Messages (Alarms and Events)..... | 135 |
| Resource User administration..... | 136 |
| Change user level by SFC215 "LOGIN"..... | 137 |
| Resource Partner-PLC (for HMI only)..... | 138 |
| Partner-PLC Synchronization (for HMI only)..... | 138 |
| Resource Dialogs..... | 139 |
| Resource Screen templates..... | 139 |
| Resources Trends..... | 140 |
| Starting the trend sampling with SFC 202 "TRENDSRT"..... | 141 |
| Stopping the trend sampling with SFC 203 "TRENDSPT"..... | 143 |
| Continue the trend sampling with SFC 204 "TRENDCNT"..... | 144 |
| Query the trend status with SFC 205 "TRENDDTA"..... | 145 |
| Resource recipe administration and recipe viewer..... | 147 |
| Recipe handling with SFC 206 "RECIPE"..... | 149 |
| Basic functions..... | 151 |
| Screens..... | 151 |
| Query the current the screen ID number with SFC 200 "SCR_GET"..... | 154 |
| Changing the screen with SFC 201 "SCR_SET"..... | 155 |
| Creating a visualization screen..... | 156 |
| Static objects..... | 156 |
| Lines, rectangles, texts, images..... | 156 |
| Images..... | 156 |
| Dynamic objects..... | 157 |
| Date/Time fields..... | 157 |
| I/O fields..... | 158 |
| PIN input fields..... | 159 |
| Diverse kinds of buttons..... | 160 |
| Touch areas – invisible buttons..... | 162 |
| State areas | 163 |
| Radio boxes and Check boxes..... | 164 |
| Progress bars..... | 165 |
| Sliders..... | 166 |
| System data (IP-address field, languages, etc.)..... | 167 |
| Gauges..... | 168 |
| Viewers..... | 170 |
| Image and text lists..... | 170 |
| Trend viewer and trend archive viewer..... | 171 |
| Message viewing and archiving..... | 173 |
| Recipe viewer..... | 175 |
| Function graph..... | 178 |

| | |
|--|-----|
| Working with library elements..... | 180 |
| Creating libraries and ~ elements..... | 180 |
| Using library elements..... | 180 |
| Simulation and download..... | 181 |
| Error treatment..... | 181 |
| Simulation and download..... | 181 |
| Download..... | 184 |
| Remote access with the software „RemoteStage“..... | 185 |
| General..... | 185 |
| Selection of the remote-device..... | 185 |
| Insert PIN code..... | 186 |
| Using and setting up the remote screen..... | 186 |
| Storing the remote (on the PC) archived data..... | 186 |
| Uploading, converting and storing archive data as csv-files..... | 187 |
| Display and export event and alarm archives..... | 187 |
| Recipe handling..... | 189 |
| Data (DB) archive upload, display, storing and download..... | 190 |
| Command line of RemoteStage (Viewing mode)..... | 191 |
| Automatic connecting to remote panel after starting PC..... | 191 |
| Automatic full screen after starting PC..... | 191 |
| Set up TCP port number for S7-communication..... | 191 |
| Command line of RemoteStage (Archive mode)..... | 192 |
| Read in (upload) message- and trend archives from remote device..... | 192 |
| Read in (upload) recipe archive from remote device..... | 193 |
| Write back (download) recipe archive into remote device..... | 194 |
| Read in (upload) data (DB-) archive from remote device..... | 195 |
| Write back (download) data (DB-) archive into remote device..... | 195 |
| Return codes..... | 196 |
| Working with the software „ServiceStage“..... | 197 |
| Function overview..... | 197 |
| General information..... | 197 |
| Operating mode..... | 197 |
| Date and time..... | 197 |
| Memory..... | 198 |
| Diagnostic buffer..... | 198 |
| Block Update..... | 198 |
| Creating backup files (Online Backup)..... | 199 |
| Know-how-protection..... | 199 |

Changes to older versions of the manual

Rev. 2 / 2012:

new: SFB130 (Modbus), SFC75 (Profibus DP-Slave), SFC254 (RAM to ROM)
 changed: SFB125/126 (TCP)-description, SFB127/128 (UDP)-description, Profibus-description, SFB/SFC-overview

Rev. 3 / 2012:

new: chapter recipe administration and recipe viewer
 changed: SFB60/61 (UART) parameter description

Rev. 4 / 2012:

new: chapter „Remote access with software „RemoteStage“

Rev. 5 / 2012:

new: chapter „Screens“ with backlight control, clean screen, etc

Rev. 6 / 2012:

changed: chapters „ConfigStage“, „RemoteStage“, „VisuStage“ completely rebuilt and referred to demo visu 2012_04

Rev. 7 / 2012:

changed: chapters „VisuStage“ new functions like color/text switching buttons, limited I/O-fields, etc., (from VisuStage 2.0.1.4 referred to demo visu 2012_04_1, from PLC-OS 2.0.31)

Rev. 8 / 2012:

changed: description of Profibus-signals made compatible to Siemens-manuals, explanation of cycling time added (ConfigStage-CPU settings), RemoteStage with „Read-In-by-Ethernet“-functionality, VisuStage: improvements at receipt administration and objects placing (from VisuStage 2.0.1.5 referred to demo visu 2012_04_2, from PLC-OS 2.0.33)

Rev. 1 / 2013:

new: Assigning an IP-address with ConfigStage 1.0.14.5 and PLC-firmware (operating system/OS) 2.0.35
 changed: description of Ethernet UDP-Receive (SFB128), Profibus-Slave subnets

Rev. 2 / 2013:

new: ServiceStage added

Rev. 3 / 2013:

new: Memory organization added, chapter CAN: more information, VisuStage V2.0.2.0 described, buzzer added, chapter VisuStage completely reworked (now referred to new demo visu 2013_01, from PLC-OS 2.0.37)

Rev. 4 / 2013:

new: VisuStage V2.0.2.2 and RemoteStage 1.0.3.3 new features (with OS 2.0.38), text buttons and watchdog added now referred to new demo visu 2013_02

Rev. 5 / 2013:

new: New description for VisuStage 2.0.2.3 / RemoteStage 1.0.3.4 (PLC-OS 2.0.39, HMI-OS 1.0.7) with color change at Texts, confirmation messages at recipes, sorting at message archive, adjustable font sizes and scales in progress bars and trend archives, new download mechanism, I/O-fields with integer-input with comma, now referred to new demo visu 2013_04

Rev. 6 / 2013:

new: New description for ConfigStage: PDO-/ SDO-Mapping, address overview list (from ConfigStage 1.0.14.7) description for VisuStage: Use of SFC201-5 from PLC with separated Panel-HMI (with PLS-OS 2.0.40 and HMI-OS 1.0.9)

Rev. 7 / 2013:

new: New remote-functions; recipe records: read out/ store, (DB-) archiving: read out/ store
 Read in visualization binary over Ethernet directly from Panel (with RemoteStage V1.0.3.7)
 New PLC-function: SFC206: read/ write recipe record into PLC with S7, SFC207: Archiving DBs (with PLC-OS 2.0.41 and HMI-OS 1.0.11)

Rev. 8 / 2013:

new: Service Stage 1.0.1.1: Know-how-protection available, ConfigStage 1.14.9 with EDS-Import, SFC208 Backup&Restore (with OS-firmware 2.1.0 and S7-Lib 2_1_0)
 changed: description of CAN SFB114

Rev. 9 / 2013:

new: VisuStage 2.0.3.1: library management, group/ungroup function, RemoteStage 1.0.4.0: PIN-code request at visualization-binary import valid from firmware 2.1.1
 changed: description of embedding S7-lib into S7-project moved to system functions

Rev. 10 / 2013:

new: VisuStage 2.0.3.4 / RemoteStage 1.0.4.2: Rotation of screens possible, Filtering of variables, Additional display of trigger-and acknowledgment variables at alarm/event resources, from PLC-firmware 2.1.3 and HMI-firmware 1.1.3

Changes to older versions of the manual

Rev. 11 / 2013:

new: VisuStage 2.0.3.5: „Cross Reference“-function and display of list resources at image/text lists.
ConfigStage 1.0.14.10 „Change device“ function added
changed: description of SFB60/61 UART improved

Rev. 01 / 2014:

new: VisuStage 2.0.3.6 and RemoteStage 1.0.4.3 : Grid/Snap, Screen template/Master foil, function „Screen change with PIN-input“, I/O-Fields: Input in calculator-style (with „comma“-key) inserted
from PLC-firmware 2.1.4, HMI-firmware 1.1.4

Rev. 02 / 2014:

new: VisuStage 2.0.3.9 and RemoteStage 1.0.4.5 : new: Function graph, added: button design @ virtual keyboards
from PLC-firmware 2.1.5 SFC209 READFILE, SFC2010 LOAD_DBL, SFC2011 LOAD_DBW new
changed: Structure in chapter VisuStage improved, Backup&Restore- resume in chapter System functions added

Rev. 03 / 2014:

changed: S7-program lines as sample inserted for all SFCs and Ethernet SFBs, Hints for VIDEOS added

Rev. 04 / 2014:

changed: Improved description of SFB 120 Get and SFB 121 Put in one connection,
Improved description of SFB 208 (Saving password file)

Rev. 05 / 2014:

changed: VisuStage: new Find-, Overview- and CleanUp functions with version 2.0.4.0

Rev. 06/ 2014:

new: VisuStage 2.0.4.2: new function: User Lever Selection at PIN-Input (with firmware 2.1.9 and Remote Stage 1.0.4.7)
changed: better description of how to assign a connection between Panel-HMI ↔ PLC

Rev. 01 / 2015:

new: VisuStage 2.0.4.4: Lean-Version after 30 days, new function: TSAP-configuration, select color of IP-field by variable,
insert hexadecimal values into I/O-field, ConfigStage 1.0.14.15: new function: TSAP-configuration (all with firmware 2.2.1)

Rev. 02 / 2015:

new: VisuStage 2.0.4.5: set colors / appearance to message texts / backgrounds of the message viewers
(with firmware Panel-PLC 2.2.3, Panel-.HMI 1.1.9) , remote visible by RemoteStage 1.0.4.10

Rev. 03 / 2015:

changed: System functions: better overview OBs, SFBs, SFCs, explanation how to create a WLD-file
UART: Description of RS232 receive data with defined End Code

Rev. 04 / 2015:

new: CPU-T-inserted, adaptations (extensions) for CPU-T functionality inserted,
changed: new VisuStage-functionality at images, rectangles, texts, progress bars, new ServiceStage functionality:
Firmware update by ETH, description: how to make a WLD
(with PLC-firmware 2.3.1, ConfigStage 1.0.14.21, VisuStage 2.0.4.7, ServiceStage 1.0.1.5, RemoteStage 1.0.4.13)

Rev. 01 / 2016:

new: Profinet handling added, VisuStage: Import Variables from TIA (VS 2.0.5.0 / OS 2.3.5 (CPU-VI-P) 2.3.7 (CPU-T)
changed: System functions: Description of SFC208 increased, image inserted for manual backup,
UART-, CAN-, Ethernet chapter debugged,

Rev. 02 / 2016:

new: SFC 214 LCD_BRIG added in system functions
changed: description for manual backup changed, description added how to scale an I/O-field in VisuStage

Rev. 03 / 2016:

new: new up- and downloads in command line mode of RemoteStage 1.0.4.17, online-backup in Service Stage 1.0.1.7
from PLC firmware 2.3.9 (all CPUs)

Rev. 04 / 2016:

new: VNC-Server in CPU-T-Panels (and Panel-PLCs), change language and screen by variable
Time synchronization with partner-device (for HMI only)
with VisuStage 2.0.5.2 and PLC-firmware 2.4.0 (CPU-T) or HMI-firmware 1.2.9 CPU-T
changed: RemoteStage: Description at download recipes and data archives into remote-device improved
ServiceStage: Description at Online Backup expanded

Rev. 05 / 2016:

new: VNC-Viewer in VisuStage described, from VS 2.0.5.2, firmware 2.4.0 (PLC) and 1.2.9 (HMI) -CPU-T only
changed: System functions, description of hardware reset expanded, ServiceStage: Description at Online Backup expanded once more
Changed to new design line

Changes to older versions of the manual

Rev. 06 / 2016:

new: Multiplex-variables in VisuStage from VS 2.0.5.3, Firmware 2.4.3 (only SPS-T), 1.3.1 (only HMI-T)
IP-request at download in ServiceStage from V 1.0.2.0, 2.4.3 (only CPU-T) / Firmware 2.4.0 (CPU-V/P), (1.3.1-HMI-all)
changed: Description o I/O-fields and date/time-fields separated and improved

Rev. 01 / 2017:

new: VisuStage 2.1.0.0: Gauges, Sliders, Key functions "Delete Arcives", 1024 events for CPU-T-devices, vertical alignment for multiline texts, access rights for recipe viewer, inserting objects by short cut and popup windows, SFC215 to change user level by S7-program, SFC76 to set address AND baud rate of Profibus-DP-slave
ConfigStage 1.0.14.32: Webserver for all CPU-T-PLCs, RemoteStage 1.0.4.23,
firmwares: Compact-/Panel-PLCs with CPU-V/P 2.4.5, Compact-/Panel-PLCs with CPU-T 2.4.8

Rev. 02 / 2017:

new: VisuStage 2.1.0.4: rotate CPU-T-Panel-HMIs and Panel-PLCs, requires firmware Panel-PLC 2.5.1
Ethernet; info for communication assignments for S7-1200/1500 – settings in TIA-Portal explained
changed: CAN-chapter: table with length and baud rate added

Rev. 03 / 2017:

new: VisuStage 2.1.0.7: for CPU-T-devices: new trend (archive) functions added and described,
PLC-firmware 2.5.4, Remote Stage 1.0.4.30 needed for remote functions

Rev. 01 / 2018:

new: VisuStage 2.1.0.13: to be simulated with S7-PLCSIM, new filter windows for resources, key function alternatively to navigation bars at trend,- recipe, message viewer, Remote Stage 1.0.4.33 needed for remote functions
changed: more samples for batch file applications for RemoteStage, description of resource partner devices improved

Rev. 02 / 2018:

new: VisuStage 2.1.0.16: Assign of compilation-no's (manual / automatical, Notification when operator changes the I/O-field value
changed: SFC206: new function No. 6 added (management of reciepe records on SD-card)
(only for CPU-T-devices and from firmware PLC-T 2.5.7, RemoteStage version must be 1.0.4.36)

Rev. 03 / 2018:

new: SFC 220...224 for file management system on Micro-SD-Card added (system functions)

Rev. 04 / 2018:

new: VisuStage 2.1.0.19: Synchronization of S7-variables with S7-/TIA-projects, find & replace of resources with (partly) the same names, Button-function "variable driven multi menue changing" (for CPU-T-devices only, inactive buttons visible now, when no access right, Firmware (Panel-)PLC-T: 2.5.9, Remote Stage 1.0.4.38 needed

Rev. 01 / 2019:

new: SFB 131 IP_GET and 132 IP_SET for 2 separated Ethernet ports in CPU-T-PLCs
changed: new screenshots from 2019-Stage software inserted

Rev. 02 / 2019:

new: Fixed and variable local port at Ethernet-TCP, ConfigStage from 1.0.14.39,
For T-CPU: indirectly variables for indirectly addressing, 50.000 alarm- and event archives from firmware: CPU-V/P 2.4.9 / CPU-T 2.6.2, VisuStage from 2.1.0.24, RemoteStage from 1.0.4.42

Changes to older versions of the manual

Hint for better understanding by application videos

In the English YouTube-channel INSEVIS En we supply different playlists with handling videos for single details referring to functions, described in this manual. This will help you to get familiar with INSEVIS much faster – PLEASE use it beside this manual!

The screenshot shows the YouTube channel page for INSEVIS En. At the top, there is a search bar with the text 'Suchen' and a magnifying glass icon. Below the search bar is the YouTube logo and the channel name 'INSEVIS En'. The channel banner features the text 'INSEVIS for independent minds' over a background image of a keyboard and a laptop. Below the banner, there are navigation tabs: 'ÜBERSICHT', 'VIDEOS', 'PLAYLISTS', 'KANÄLE', 'DISKUSSION', and 'KANALINFO'. A video player is visible, showing a video titled 'Kostenlose Remotervisualisierung erstellen [INSEVIS Video-Tu...'. Below the video player, there is a section titled 'Getting started' with a sub-section 'ALLE WIEDERGEBEN'. A carousel of video thumbnails is displayed, including 'Free Visu', '#1 S7-project (S7-Classic)', '#2 Import S7-Lib into TIA', '#3 Import S7-Lib (Classic)', and '#4 Change IP in TIA'. Each thumbnail includes a title, a duration, and a channel name.

General instructions

Safety instructions

This manual contains instructions to avoid material damage and must be carefully attended for your own safety. These instructions are identified with a warning triangle with a note of exclamation inside and a signal word (*Signalwort*) below.



Danger Death, heavy bodily harm or material damage will appear, if appropriated precautions are not taken over.

Warning Death, heavy bodily harm or material damage will appear, if appropriated precautions are not taken over.

Caution Bodily harm or material damage will appear, if appropriated precautions are not taken over.

Attention means, that a unwished results or states can occur, if the appropriated instruction is not noticed.

Important means the commitment to a special behavior or operation for the safe treatment of the controller / machine.

Qualified personnel

All devices described in this manual may only be used, built up and operated together with this documentation. Installation, initiation and operation of these devices might only be done by instructed personnel with certified skills, who can prove their ability to install and initiate electrical and mechanical devices, systems and current circuits in a generally accepted and admitted standard.

Operation according to regulations

This device might be only used for this operation written in this manual and only in combination with other certified external devices. For a correct operation a proper transportation, storage, initiation and maintenance is necessary.

All valid safety instructions and regulations for the prevent of industrial accidents are to be attended carefully. The power supply must be connected to a central ground potential in a starlike wiring.



Maintenance

Modifications / repairs of an INSEVIS device might be done only by special educated and trained personnel of INSEVIS in an ESD-safe area. Every unauthorized opening might cause damages and will terminate all warranty claims.



Data security

Each customer is responsible by himself for protecting his IT-environment against illegal external attacks. INSEVIS shall not be held liable for any direct, indirect or consequential damages respect to any claims arising from the possible illegal external access to their PLCs or HMIs by Ethernet. If you are not sure, how to protect your environment ask for help at professional legal IT-companies.

Copyright

This and all other documentation and software, supplied or hosted on INSEVIS web sites to download are copyrighted. Any duplicating of these data in any way without express approval by INSEVIS GmbH is not permitted. All property and copy rights of theses documentation and software and every copy of it are reserved to INSEVIS GmbH.

Trade Marks

INSEVIS refers that all trade marks of particular companies used in own documentation as e.g.

- STEP®, SIMATIC®, TIA® and other as reserved trade mark of Siemens AG,
- CANopen® and other as reserved trade mark of CAN in Automation eG,
- WINDOWS® and other as reserved trade mark of Microsoft AG

and more reserved trade marks are property of the particular owners and are subjected to common protection of trade marks.

Disclaimer

All technical details in this documentation were created by INSEVIS with highest diligence. Anyhow mistakes could not be excluded, so no responsibility is taken by INSEVIS for the complete correctness of this information. This documentation will reviewed regulary and necessary corrections will be done in next version.

With publication of this manual all other versions are no longer valid.

Essential knowledge and experiences

To understand this documentation basic knowledge and experiences of the automation technology in general and the programming with STEP®7 are essential.

About INSEVIS

S7-system components for industrial automation technology

The range of INSEVIS- product families enables an integrated solution and easy to handle for small and medium automation application with latest technology, very high quality level and with additional interfaces like CANopen® and Modbus, to be configured easily.

The easy integration of INSEVIS-products into the S7-world meanwhile is famous and exemplary. Complex communication settings will be assigned easily and intuitively, so that these properties expand the common S7-world by far. A large and multilingual visualization in a modern design is done by a few clicks and the work flow is known by every WinCCflex user. It can be simulated on the visualization PC and is accessible remote.

The S7-CPU's -V and -P are the base of the successfully INSEVIS product families with Profibus DP Master/Slave. With the S7-CPU-T Panel-PLCs and Compact-PLCs are available with Profinet IO Controller.

Step®7-Programability

INSEVIS-S7-CPU's are programmable by STEP 7® - AWL, KOP, FUP, S7-SCL, S7-Graph from Siemens and in general command-compatible to Siemens-CPU S7-315-2PN DP. Some special INSEVIS-blocks expand the functionality and allow outstanding solutions. The S7-programming will be done by good known tools SIMATIC®-Manager or by TIA-Portal® from Siemens always.

Independence

INSEVIS-products does not base on Windows or Linux, they have an own firmware. Thereby the hard- and software can be exactly designed for a perfect co-ordination with this firmware and a low power consumption. Booting times of less than 4 seconds and completely no software licenses and a current drain of <100mA @ 24V are the result of these facts.

Get your software rid of licenses

INSEVIS stands for a clear and honest license policy, what gives the customer sustainable cost benefits. Because of the ownership of BIOS, firmware and PC-software for visualization, configuration and remote access INSEVIS can offer its products completely without licenses.

Made in Germany

Development, PCB-design and -production, test and mounting of all INSEVIS-products - all this is made in Germany. So every product is a proof for the combination of German engineering and economy and is available with a certification of German origin.



INSEVIS operates a yearly certified quality management system ref. to DIN EN ISO 9001:2015.

All suppliers of INSEVIS obligate to this quality management and contribute to the high quality level of INSEVIS-products.

Already during planning these families one goal was indicated as most important: to design highest quality and ergonomics into all products.

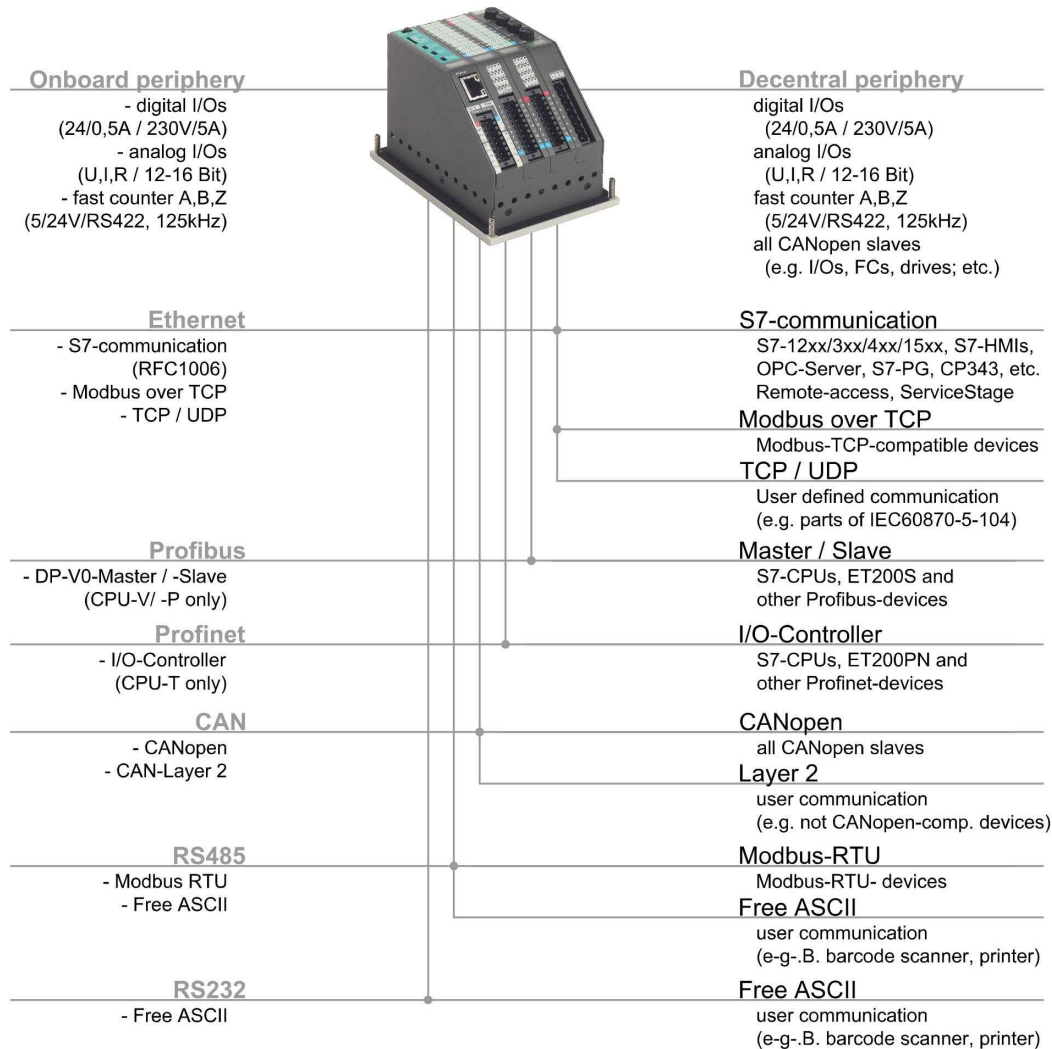
These products were put into comprehensive validation tests before they were produced in selected and certified production lines.

INSEVIS - Made in Germany

Product family S7-Panel-PLC

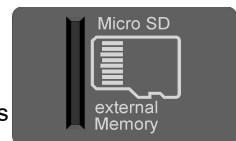
Communication overview

INSEVIS-S7-Panel-PLCs contain versatile possibilities for a connection to diverse peripherals or communication with other devices. Lots of protocols are implemented already, others can be realized with the cost free INSEVIS-S7-SFBs and SFCs by the S7-programmer itself.



External memory card

Each panel has an own slot for an optional Micro-SD-card in the standard FAT32-format. This card is needed for archiving or updating only, not to run the S7-program. The S7-program data are kept in the flash memory (Flash) and the S7-process data are kept in the akku-buffered RAM (SRAM) and not on the Micro-SD-card. Use this card only for archiving of message data, of data from DBs, of trend data as well as of data of the recipe management and for backup/restore. While updating the PLC-firmware by this card, the S7-data will keep untouched - as they were before.



Most important properties at a glance

S7-Programming

Use existing Siemens-S7-programming tools; either SIMATIC®-Manager or TIA-Portal® in the programming languages KOP, FUP, AWL, SCL. And use existing FB's like for PID in analog operations...

Backup & Restore

Save all data easily; user program, process data, visualization and archives - protected by password as a binary file for using in an equal equipped device, what will proceed with all data from the old PLC

Data archiving

Save and archive process data to the Micro-SD-card and read it back to the PLC after updating S7-program. Completely without programming device - by using INSEVIS-SFCs and SFBs.

Gateway functionality

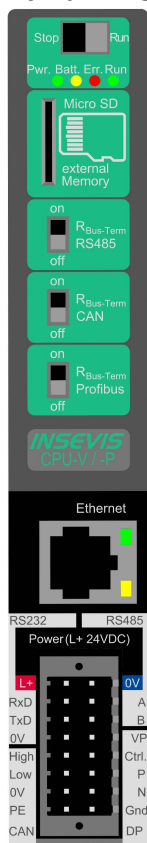
Ethernet with TCP, UDP, RFC1006 or Modbus TCP, Profinet IO Controller, CANopen® or Layer2, free ASCII on RS232 and RS485 and Modbus RTU. INSEVIS-S7-PLCs are communication talents.

Technical data of INSEVIS-S7-CPUs

CPU-V and CPU-P

Devices with **CPU-V** and **CPU-P** fit properly to small and medium sized applications in the low cost-areas of Panel-PLCs with high graded visualization (Typ V best for 3,5 to 5,7" and Typ P better for 7 to 10,2") and with lots of communication interfaces. Profibus is optional available.

CPU-V and CPU-P



| Property | Technical data |
|--|---|
| OB, FC, FB, DB Local data Number of inputs and outputs Process image Number of Merkerbytes Number of Taktmerker Number of timer, counter Depth of nesting | each 1.024 32kByte (2kByte per block) in each case 2.048 Byte (16.384 Bit) addressable in each case 2.048 Byte (default set is 128 Byte) 2.048 (remanence adjustable, default set is 0..15) 8 (1 Merkerbyte) in each case 256 (each remanence adjustable, default set is 0) up to 16 code blocks |
| Real-time clock elapsed hour counter | yes (accumulator-backed hardware clock) 1 (32Bit, resolution 1h) |
| Program language Program system | STEP 7® - AWL, KOP, FUP, S7-SCL, S7-Graph from Siemens SIMATIC® Manager from Siemens or products compatible to it |
| Operating system Program unit to reference | compatible to S7-300® from Siemens CPU 315-2DP/PN (6ES7 315-2EH14-0AB0 firmware V3.1 Siemens) |
| Communication | |
| Serial interfaces (protocols) | COM1: RS 232 (free ASCII) with shielded wires COM2: RS 485 (free ASCII, Modbus-RTU) |
| Ethernet (protocols) | Ethernet: 10/100 MBit with CP343 functionality (RFC1006, TCP, UDP, Modbus-TCP) |
| CAN (protocols) | CAN-telegrams (Layer 2), compatible to CANopen® master/ slave 10 kBaud ... 1 MBaud |
| optional interfaces (protocols) | Profibus DP V0 master/ slave 9,6kBaud ... 12 MBaud |
| Periphery access | |
| Decentral periphery | - INSEVIS- periphery (with automatic configuration via „ConfigStage“) - diverse external periphery families (Modbus RTU/TCP, CAN) - all CANopen® slaves according to DS401 - all Profibus DP-V0-slaves |

| Memory | CPU-V | CPU-P |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Working memory, thereof buffered by akku | 512kB 256 kByte remanent | 640kB 384 kByte remanent |
| Load memory | 2MB flash memory | 2MB flash memory |
| Memory for visualization | 4MB flash memory | 24MB flash memory |
| external memory | Micro SD, up to 8 GB | Micro SD, up to 8 GB |

Most important properties at a glance

S7-Programming

Use existing Siemens-S7-programming tools; either SIMATIC®-Manager or TIA-Portal® in the programming languages KOP, FUP, AWL, SCL.
Or use existing FB's like for PID in analog operations...

System boot time 4 seconds

No Windows-firmware means to boot up in less than 4 seconds and primarily: no licenses. And also no run-time limitations for tags. Therewith todays devices still may be updateable in more than 10 years...

Individualization

Keep your own logo as 3D-Doming on the front foil or as bitmap fix included in your OEM-firmware, or as inserting stripe with order-no at the rear side? Everything is possible.

Gateway functionality

Ethernet with TCP, UDP, RFC1006 or Modbus TCP, Profibus-DP V0 Master/Slave, CANopen® or Layer2, free ASCII on RS232 and RS485 and Modbus RTU
INSEVIS-S7-PLC - a communication talent

Technical data of INSEVIS-S7-CPU's

CPU-T

Devices with **CPU-T** have more memory, a higher speed and can drive larger panels with more visualization objects. They fit perfectly for medium sized automation solutions. 2 separated Ethernet ports for separated networks or together as an Ethernet switch are onboard. Profinet IO Controller is available as an option. Panel-PLC and Panel-HMIs of the **Generation II** are equipped with this CPU only.

CPU-T



| Property | Technical data |
|---------------------------------|---|
| OB, FC, FB, DB | each 2.048 |
| Local data | 32kByte (2kByte per block) |
| Number of inputs and outputs | in each case 4.096 Byte (32.769 Bit) addressable |
| Process image | in each case 4.096 Byte (default set is 128 Byte) |
| Number of Merkerbytes | 4.096 (remanence adjustable, default set is 0..15) |
| Number of Taktmerker | 8 (1 Merkerbyte) |
| Number of timer, counter | in each case 512 (each remanence adjustable, default set is 0) |
| Depth of nesting | up to 16 code blocks |
| Real-time clock | yes (accumulator-backed hardware clock) |
| elapsed hour counter | 1 (32Bit, resolution 1h) |
| Program language | STEP 7® - AWL, KOP, FUP, S7-SCL, S7-Graph from Siemens |
| Program system | SIMATIC® Manager from Siemens or products compatible to it |
| Operating system | compatible to S7-300® from Siemens |
| Program unit to reference | CPU 315-2DP/PN (6ES7 315-2EH14-0AB0 firmware V3.1 Siemens) |
| Communication | |
| Serial interfaces (protocols) | COM1: RS 232 (free ASCII) with shielded wires COM2: RS 485 (free ASCII, Modbus-RTU) |
| Ethernet (protocols) | 2x Ethernet: (switch or separated ports): 10/100 MBit with parts of CP343 functionality (RFC1006, TCP, UDP, Modbus-TCP) |
| CAN (protocols) | CAN-telegrams (Layer 2), compatible to CANopen® master/ slave 10 kBaud ... 1 MBaud |
| optional interfaces (protocols) | Profinet IO Controller |
| Periphery access | |
| Decentral periphery | - INSEVIS- periphery (with automatic configuration via „ConfigStage“) - diverse external periphery families (Modbus RTU/TCP, CAN) - all CANopen® slaves according to DS401 - all Profibus DP-V0-slaves |

| Memory | CPU-V |
|---|---------------------------|
| Working memory (thereof buffered by akku) | 1MB 512 kByte remanent |
| Load memory | 8MB flash memory |
| Memory for visualization | 48MB flash memory |
| external memory | Micro SD, up to 8 GB |

Most important properties at a glance

S7-Programming

Use existing Siemens-S7-programming tools; either SIMATIC®-Manager or TIA-Portal® in the programming languages KOP, FUP, AWL, SCL.
Or use existing FB's like for PID in analog operations...

2 Ethernet ports

Exclusive at the CPU-T:
Use both Ethernet interfaces as separated ports with own IP-address-ranges to drive the PLC as a gateway between office network and machine network.

Know-how-protection

Save your work from illegal copying, save you know-how to sell it more than once. Set really heavy protections by free ServiceStage (Siemens-password functions are still available.)

Gateway functionality

Ethernet with TCP, UDP, RFC1006 or Modbus TCP, Profinet IO Controller, CANopen® or Layer2, free ASCII on RS232 and RS485 and Modbus RTU
INSEVIS-S7-PLC - a communication talent.

Touchpanel units for the Panel-PLCs

General

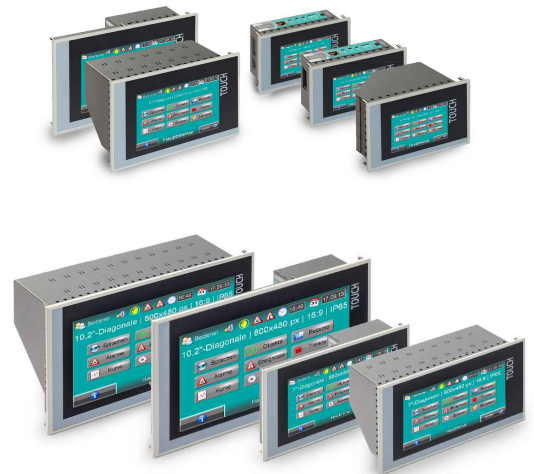
By using TFT- displays a high brilliance of colour fastness and brightness and a wide viewing angle are possible. LED-backlight does assure typical half-live periods of 50.000 operating hours and increases the range of operating temperature from -20°C to +60°C (without condensation). All Panel-PLCs are multilingual and can be used in vertical and horizontal way. The complete front (including the touch area) is protected by a laminated IP65 foil.

Customized logos can be implemented on front- or rear side easily. Operating systems with custom logos are available as well. So INSEVIS products can be adapted to customers design easily and without initial costs. Inox-fronts are available too.

With CPU -V and -P

The S7-Panel-PLC-family with CPU-V/-P consist of 4 different display diagonals:

- 3,5" with QVGA-resolution (320x240pixel, 4:3-format)
→ for front panel use with a height of 96mm,
- 5,7" with QVGA- resolution (320x240pixel, 4:3-format) and
→ for front panel use (also from the side),
- 7" with WVGA- resolution (800x480pixel, 16:9-format)
→ for front panel use cut out matches with 7" - CPU-T),,
- 10,2" with WVGA- resolution (800x480pixel, 16:9-format)
→ for front panel use cut out matches with 10,1" - CPU-T),



With CPU -T

The S7-Panel-HMI family with the CPU-T consist of 4 different display diagonals:

- 4,3" with a resolution of 480x272pixel, 16:9-format
→ for front panel use with a height of 96mm,
- 7" with WVGA-resolution of 800x480pixel, 16:9-format
→ for front panel use (cut out matches with 7" - CPU-P),
- 10,1" with a resolution of 1024x600pixel, 16:9-format
→ for front panel use, (cut out matches with 10,2" - CPU-P),
- 15,6" with a resolution of 1366x768pixel, 16:9-format
→ for front panel use, (temp. range 0...50°C only)



Periphery in the Panel-PLCs

Communication to PLC

While onboard periphery has its access to INSEVIS S7-CPU by the integrated rear bus, the head stations of the decentral periphery communicate with the CPUS by a protocol, compatible to CANopen®. Because CAN is not so common in the S7-world, INSEVIS maps its decentral periphery only by inserting the CAN-node. All others is made automatically and no INSEVIS-customer needs to know anything about CAN.

Onboard-Peripherie

digital I/Os
(24V/0,5A / 230V(5A))
analog I/Os
(U,I,R / 12-16 bit)
counter
(5V/24V/RS422, 125kHz)



1...127x Dezentrale Peripherie DP3xxC

digital I/Os
(24V/0,5A / 230V(5A))
analog I/Os
(U,I,R / 12-16 bit)
counter
(5V/24V/RS422, 125kHz)
all CANopen slave
(e.g. I/Os, drives, FCs, etc.)

Periphery modules

Decentral head stations DP303C/DP307C/DP311C
with 3 / 7 / 11 periphery slots

Periphery module DI16
(16 digital inputs 24V)

Periphery module DIO16
(16 digital in- or outputs 24V / 0,5A)

Periphery module DO4-R
(4 relay outputs 230V / 3A)

Periphery module MIO84
(8 digital- and 4 analog in- or outputs)

Periphery module AI4O4
(4 analog in- and 4 analog outputs)

Periphery module AI8O2
(8 analog in- and 2 analog outputs)

Periphery module RTD8O2
(8 analog in- and 2 analog outputs)

Function module DIO8-Z
(2 Encoder inputs A,B,Z and 2 digital in- or outputs)

Hint:

More product information to all modules are available at INSEVIS-web sites in the Product / Periphery - area and contain more information for wiring and block schemes

Data valid for all periphery and function modules:

| Property | Technical data |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Operating temperature range | -20°C ... +60°C |
| Storing temperature range | (without condensation) -30°C ... +80°C |
| Dimension (W x H x D) | 20 x 108 x 70 mm |
| Weight | ca. 150 g |
| Wire length | |
| unshielded (max.) | 30 m |
| shielded (max.) | 100 m |
| Connection technology | Cage clamp technology for cross section up to max. 1,5mm ² |

Delivery scope

- Rear foil with
 - signal overview stripe (changeable)
 - inserting stripe for identification V
- Technical data

Accessories

- Connector 20-pin (lift arms/ bolt flanges) with max. 1,5mm²,
- Inserting stripes V with customer logo,

Most important properties at a glance

High packing factor

By a module width of < 20mm lots of I/Os fit in a Compact PLC or decentral head station. A slim mounting depth of < 95mm and an angled connection layer towards the cable channel pre-assembled cable harness

Easy configurable head station

Assign decentral head stations by 2 node-IDs only. Once directly at the head stations turn switches and once in the cost free configuration software. That's all.

High resolution

All analog INSEVIS-I/Os resolution is minimum 12Bit. If you allow a little more integration time to the inputs of AI4O4, you can increase this resolution up to 16Bit. Of course without more costs. As always at INSEVIS.

Intelligent configuration

Selecting the functionality bitwise as digital input or output. Assign the wiring of analog inputs as 2-, 3- or 4- wire configuration. Choose between current or voltage an analog I/Os.

Software in the Panel-PLCs

Configuration



With the free configuration tool „ConfigStage“ you can config the **additional functions** of the INSEVIS-CPU's and download it into the PLC. The onboard- or decentral INSEVIS-periphery will be added easily by drag'n drop to the periphery slots. Parameters and address areas will be assigned in a box right below.

Also you may assign **S7-CPU-parameters** like in your programming tools from Siemens (like startup, diagnostic, cycle and clock, retentive memory, etc.). A web server can be configured at CPU-T-PLCs.

With the „ConfigStage“-software can be assigned these interfaces :

- RS232 with free ASCII,
- RS485 with free ASCII and Modbus RTU,
- Ethernet-connections (active S7-connection-RFC1006, TCP, UDP, Modbus-TCP, INSEVIS-Panel-HMI),
- CAN (CANopen® by pre-defined parameters or by imported and mapped EDS-files),

Visualization



Creating modern visualizations by the ergonomic software tool „VisuStage“ is a child's play now. It imports symbolic variables from SimaticManager or TIA-projects, it exports texts to be translated easily. Exact error messages help you to debug your project until it can be simulated and downloaded. IN the simulation variables values and messages can be stimulated and simulated visu-images can be copied for documentation. Like a "master foil" there can be created drafts for each application and kept as library items for other projects.

- Program language German or English as well,
- Unlimited number of project languages available in full version, (in free lean version only 1 language)
- Alarm- and event messaging system and -archive up to 1024 alarms,
- Trend data sampling, displaying and archiving for 4 trends with 16 channels each,
- Recipe management system with up to 64 recipes with 256 elements in 256 records,
- User management system with 9 layers and password protection, VNC-server for CPU-T-Panel-PLCs
- Screen saver, backlight switch-off function, clean screen and buzzer,
- Library with 2D- and 3D-symbols, integrated simulation.

Remote access



With the free-of-charge software „RemoteStage“ there can be made a remote visualization from the binary of a VisuStage-visualization created before. This program is a portable solution but with lots of functions. It communicates via TCP/IP with the Panel-PLC or Panel-HMI and can import the necessary binary from there as well. By using this binary format no one can read back the source code of your visualization.

These archive data can be read in from the Micro-SD-card via Ethernet into the PC and stored there.

- 1024 alarm archives and 128 Eventchives (Panel-PLC and Panel-HMI),
- 4 trends with up to 16 channels (Panel-PLC and Panel-HMI),
- 256 recipe records with up to 256 elements (Panel-PLC and Panel-HMI),
- Data (DB) -archives (Panel-PLC and Compact-PLC)

This procedure is also possible as command line in any batch process. Multiple RemoteStages can be operated in one PC to get a kind of master display with multiple remote screens.

Service tool



The „ServiceStage“ is made to have easy service access to the PLCs. It allows to identify a S7-CPU by its IP-address and to analyze it by diagnostic buffer, to update the user-programs and to set the protection levels.

This software is free of licenses, offers lots of service functions easily to be found even if you are not working every day with this software tool. Installed in a minute, useful service functions, absolutely easy to understand and to use. These functions can be solved with the „ServiceStage“

- Device specific data like (ser.-no., firmware version, IP-address (editable), MAC-address, etc.),
- Update firmware (CPU-T only),
- Changing of the operation mode RUN ↔ STOP,
- Set and synchronize date and time,
- Memory diagnostic and comprimation,
- Read out, show and store CPU-diagnostic buffer,
- Download of S7-program, visualization- and configurations binary,
- create backups of visualization and S7-program
- Assign the know-how-protection levels

Accessories for S7-Panel-PLCs

There are available pin marked removable connectors either with lift arms or with bolt flanges to connect INSEVIS-devices. This allows a explicit positioning of each pin to the signals and makes the wiring easier. The wire-contact is done by maintenance free cage-clamps for max. 1,5mm² cross sections without wire end sleeves.

A mounting set with grounding terminal is part of every delivery. If periphery modules are ordered, they will be mounted for free at the INSEVIS production together with the referring rear foil, standard inserting and signal stripes.

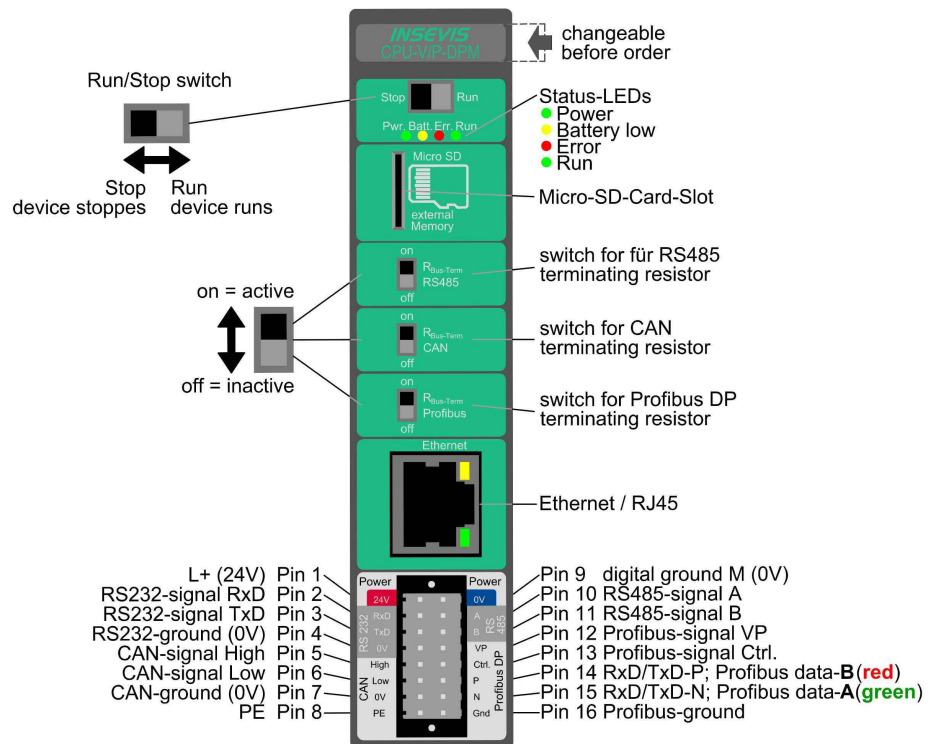
| Figure of accessories | accessories | Article-no. | MOQ (pcs) |
|--|--|--|--|
| <p>Connectors</p>  <p>E-CON16* E-CONS16 (pin marked connectors for max. 1,5mm² cross sections)</p> | <p>For CPU V: Connector 2x8pin, lift arms* (discontinued in 2018, not recommended for new projects, use E-CONS16 instead)</p> <p>Connector 2x8pin, bolt flanges Adapter for Profibus SUB-D 9</p> | E-CON16-00* E-CONS16-00 E-AD-DP12-00 | 1 1 1 |
|  <p>E-CON10* E-CONS10 (pin marked connectors for max. 1,5mm² cross sections)</p> | <p>For CPU T: Connector 2x5pin, lift arms (discontinued in 2018, not recommended for new projects, use E-CONS10 instead)</p> <p>Connector 2x5pin, bolt flanges</p> | E-CON10-00* E-CONS10-00 | 1 1 |
|  <p>(pin marked connector for max. 1,5mm² cross sections)</p> | <p>Only for PC351V/P (periphery): Connector 2x4pin</p> | E-CON09 | 1 |
| <p>External memory</p>  <p>Hint: S7-program runs without these cards, these parts are used for archiving / recipes / updating only</p> | <p>Micro SD-card 1GB (external memory) Micro SD-card 2GB (external memory) Micro SD-card 4GB (external memory) Micro SD-card 8GB (external memory)</p> | E-MSD1-00 E-MSD2-00 E-MSD4-00 E-MSD8-00 | 1 1 1 1 |
| <p>Customized labeling</p> <p>Hint: ¹⁾ Single fix costs only, no run-time costs per single PLC</p> | <p>3D-doming labels with customer logo (front) OEM-firmware with integrated customer logo Inserting stripes H with customer logo (rear) Inserting stripes V with customer logo (rear)</p> | E-LAB3D-00 SW-BS-OEM ¹⁾ E-LABH-00 E-LABV-00 | 100 1 100 100 |
| <p>Software</p> <p>Hint: ²⁾ Company license, no run-time costs per single PC ³⁾ Maintenance license due yearly, if new versions are required, otherwise only old versions do run Software available for free download at INSEVIS web sites</p> | <p>VisuStage ConfigStage RemoteStage ServiceStage VisuStage full version company license VisuStage full version maintenance license</p> | - - - - SW-VS-2.0 ²⁾ SW-VSW-2.0 ^{2) 3)} | free download free download free download free download 1 1 |
| <p>Spare parts</p> <p>Hint: A mounting set with grounding terminal is part of every delivery</p> | <p>Additional mounting set with grounding terminal for 3,5" and 4,3"-devices Additional mounting set with grounding terminal for 5,7" and 7"-devices Additional mounting set with grounding terminal for 10,1" and 10,2"-devices Additional mounting set with grounding terminal for 15,6"-devices</p> | E-MNT35-00 E-MNT57-00 E-MNT100-00 E-MNT156-00 | 10 10 10 10 |

Stainless steel front plates, attached parts and customized designs on request.

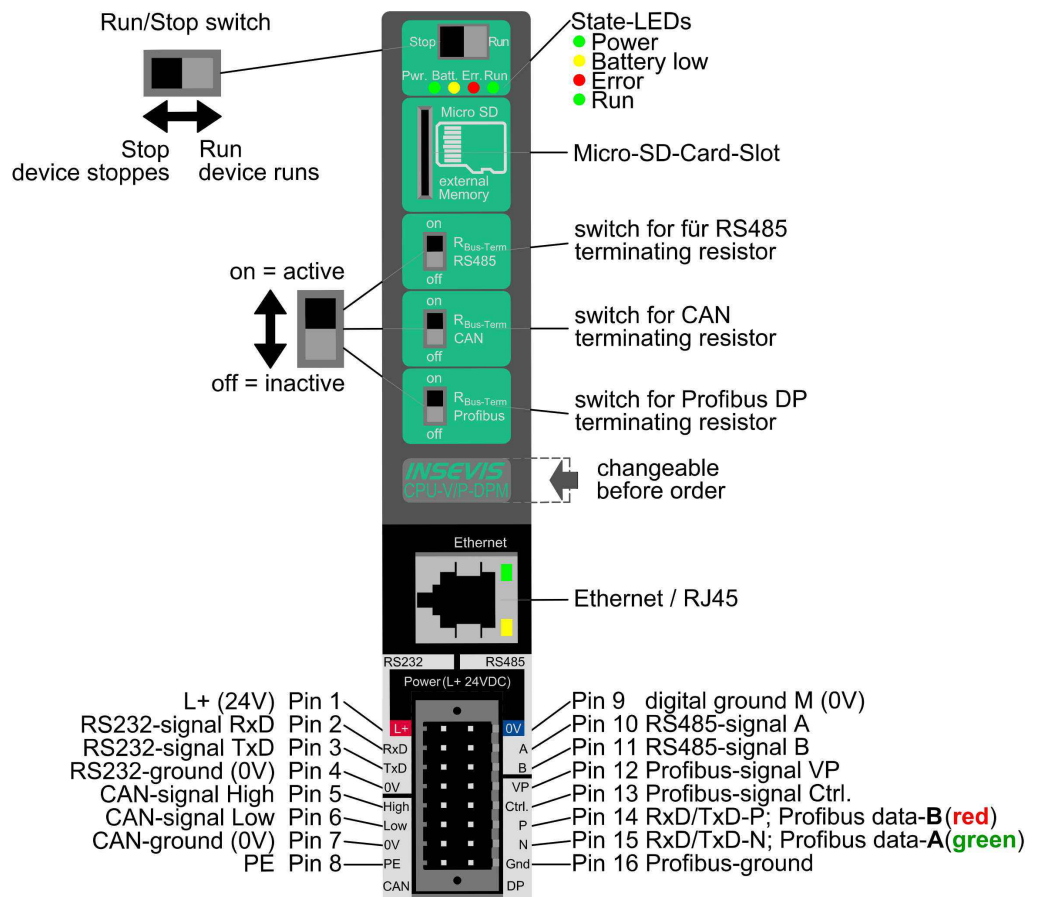
Wiring of the S7-Panel-PLCs

Wiring of CPU-V/VP in devices with/without peripheral slots

Wiring in basic devices (without peripheral slots)



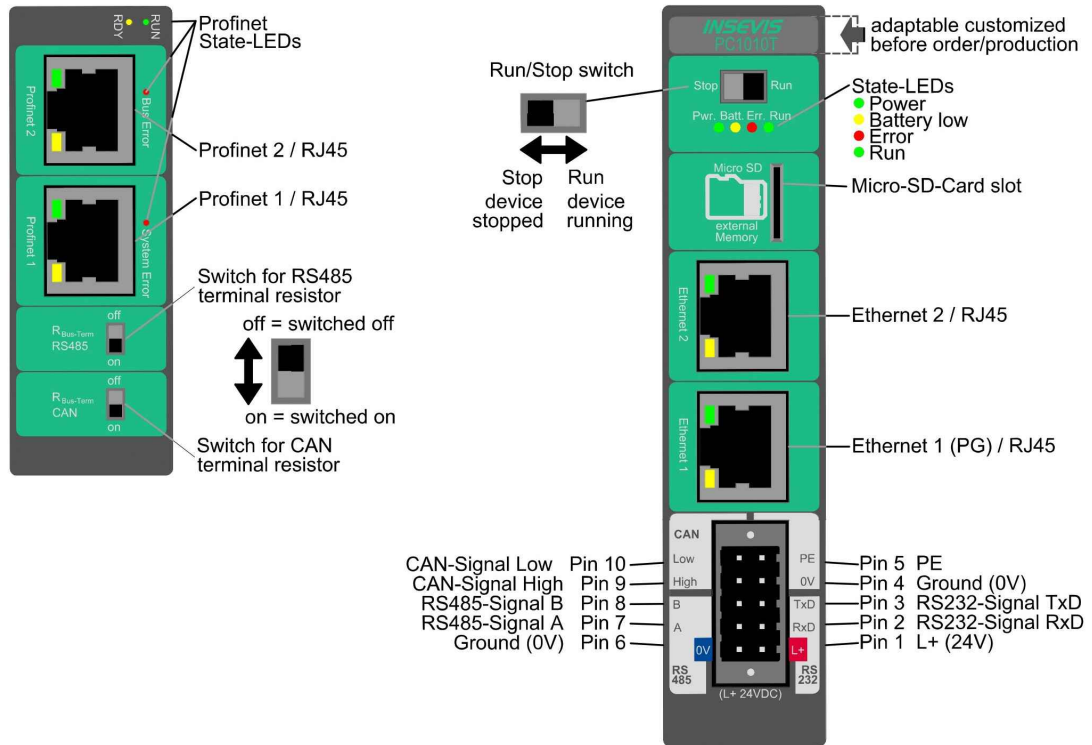
Wiring in devices with peripheral slots



Wiring of the S7-Panel-PLCs

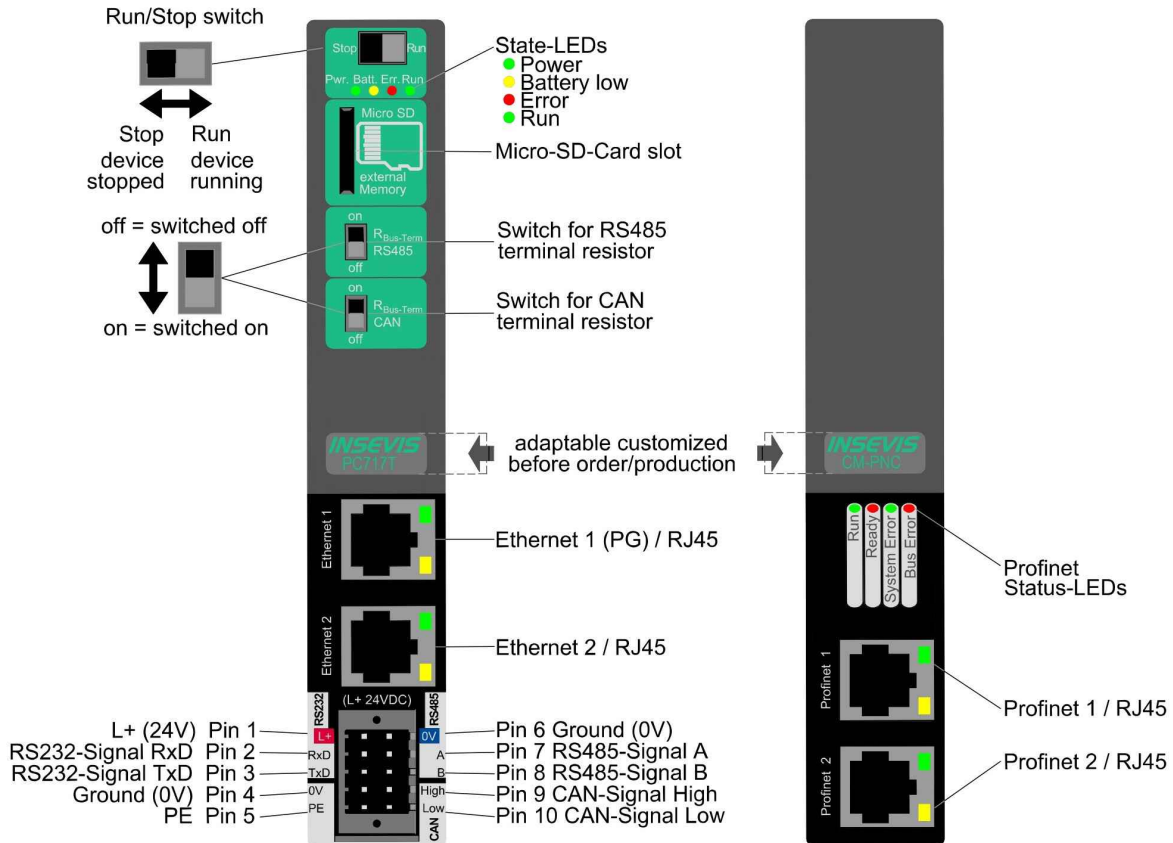
Wiring of CPU-T in devices with/without periphery slots

Wiring in basic devices (without periphery slots)



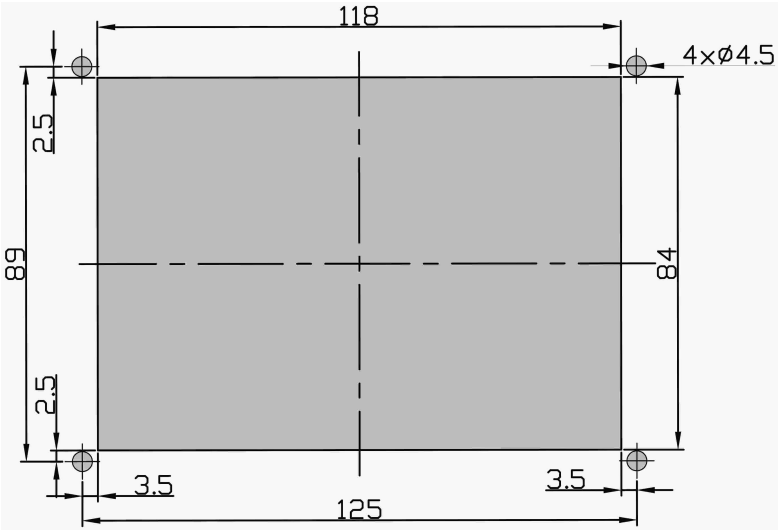
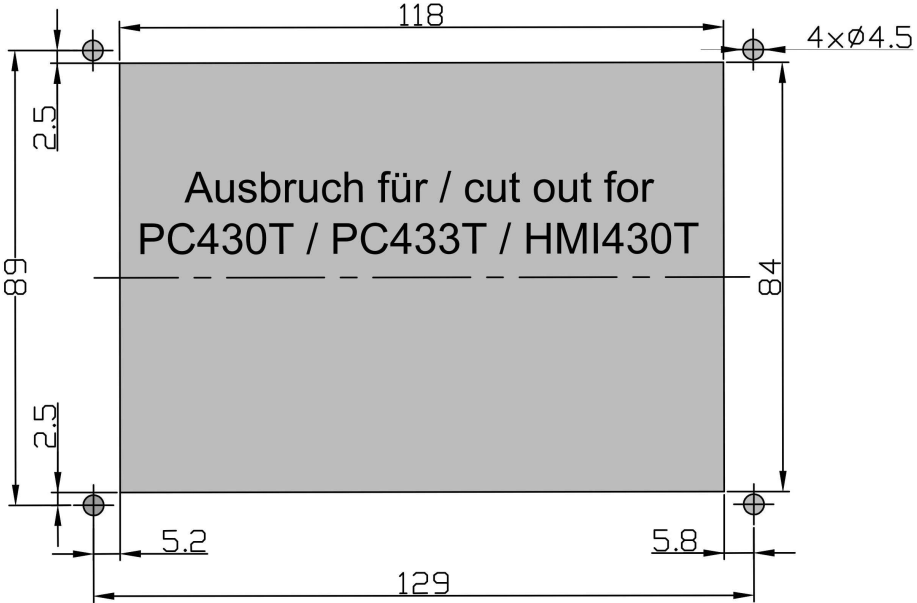
with shielded wiring like described in RS232-spec!

Wiring in devices with periphery slots

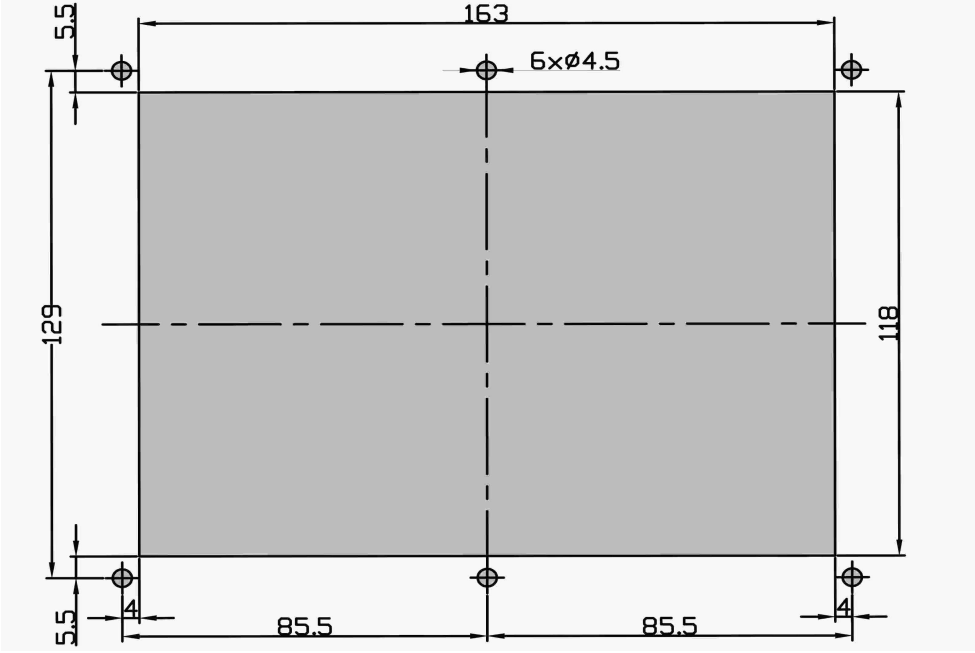
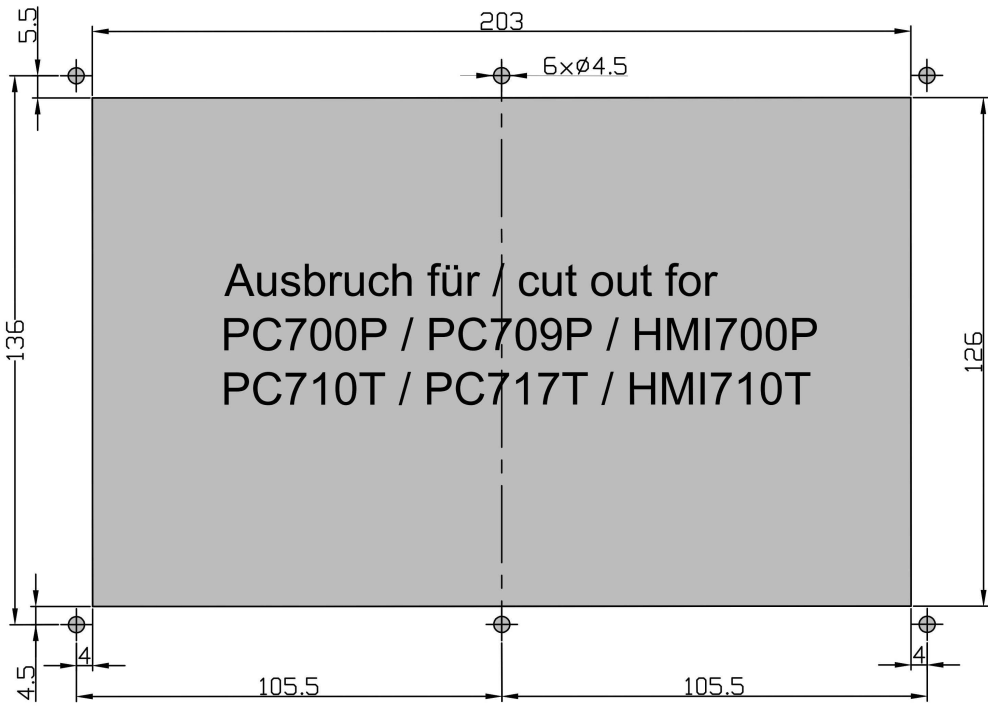


with shielded wiring like described in RS232-spec!

S7-Panel-PLC Cut out for switching cabinets

| Device | Cut out for devic(es) |
|--|--|
| <p>Dimensions Cut out W x H (mm) / 118 x 84 4 holes with D 4,5mm</p> <p>Wiring outlet at rear view and horizontal mounting</p> <p>for PC350V/P, PC351V/P, HMI 350V/P</p> <p>Wiring outlet - to the right</p> <p>Mounting depth ca. 49mm max.</p> <p>for PC353V/P</p> <p>Wiring outlet - 45° to the right</p> <p>Mounting depth ca. 89mm max.</p> |  <p>Fig.: Cut out for all 3,5"-devices</p> |
| <p>Dimensions Cut out W x H (mm) / 118 x 84 4 holes with D 4,5mm</p> <p>Wiring outlet at rear view and horizontal mounting</p> <p>PC430T, HMI430T</p> <p>Wiring outlet - VCC / 2xETH to the left - 2x RJ45 (PN) down</p> <p>Mounting depth ca. 44mm max.</p> <p>PC433T</p> <p>Wiring outlet - 45° to left</p> <p>Mounting depth ca. 89mm max</p> |  <p>Fig.: Cut out for all 4,3"-devices</p> |

S7-Panel-PLC Cut out for switching cabinets

| Device | Cut out for devic(es) |
|---|---|
| <p>Dimensions Cut out W x H (mm) / 163 x 118 6 holes with D 4,5mm</p> <p>Wiring outlet at rear view and horizontal mounting</p> <p>for PC570V/P, HMI570V/P <u>Wiring outlet</u> - in the center to the right</p> <p><u>Mounting depth</u> ca. 49mm max.</p> <p>for PC577V/P, <u>Wiring outlet PC5x7V</u> - 45° down</p> <p><u>Mounting depth PC5x7V</u> ca. 94mm max.</p> |  <p>Fig.: Cut out for all 5,7"-devices</p> |
| <p>Dimensions Cut out W x H (mm) / 203 x 126 6 holes with D 4,5mm</p> <p>Wiring outlet at rear view and horizontal mounting</p> <p>for PC700P, HMI 700P, <u>Wiring outlet</u> - RJ45: centered to the right - VCC-connector to the bottom</p> <p>for PC710T, HMI710T <u>Wiring outlet</u> - VCC / 2xETH to the right - 2x RJ45 (PN) up</p> <p><u>Mounting depth</u> ca. 49mm max</p> <p>for PC709P, PC717T <u>Wiring outlet</u> - 45° down</p> <p><u>Mounting depth</u> ca.95mm max.</p> |  <p>Ausbruch für / cut out for PC700P / PC709P / HMI700P PC710T / PC717T / HMI710T</p> <p>Fig.: Cut out for all 7"-devices</p> |

S7-Panel-PLC Cut out for switching cabinets

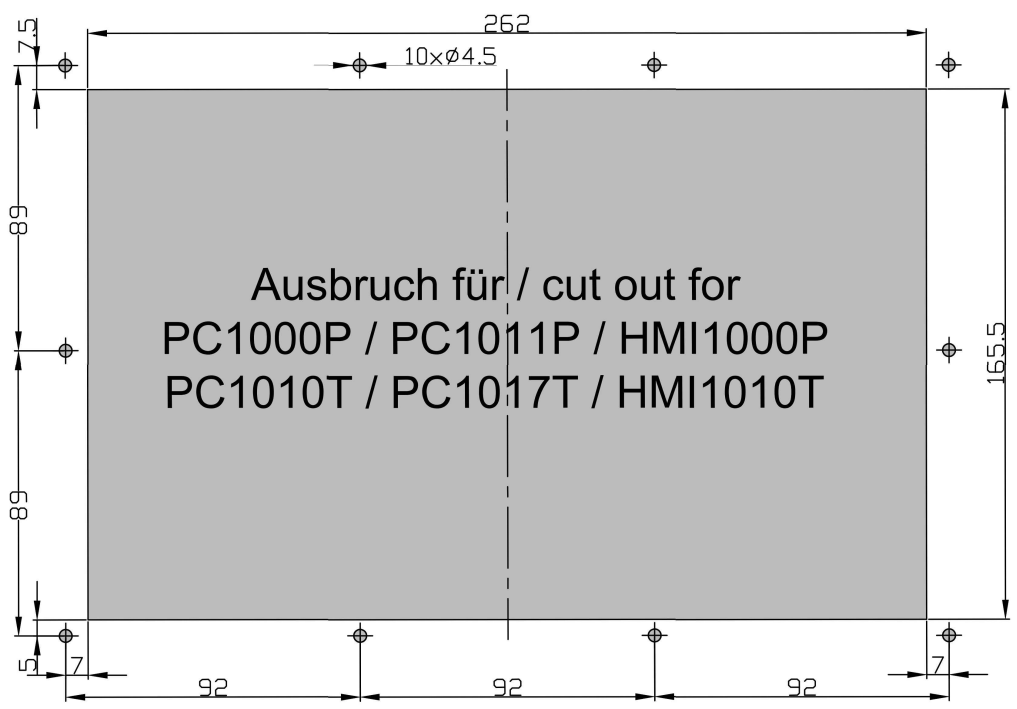
| Device | Cut out for devic(es) |
|--|---|
| <p>Dimensions Cut out (W x H / mm) 262 x 165,5 10 holes with D 4,5mm</p> <p>Wiring outlet at rear view and horizontal mounting</p> <p>for PC1000P, HMI 1000P, <u>Wiring outlet</u> - RJ45: centered to the right - VCC-connector to the bottom</p> <p><u>Mounting depth</u> ca. 49mm max</p> <p>for PC1010T, HMI 1010T, <u>Wiring outlet</u> - VCC / 2xETH to the right - 2x RJ45 (PN) up</p> <p><u>Mounting depth</u> ca. 47mm max</p> <p>for PC1011P, PC1017T <u>Wiring outlet</u> - 45° down</p> <p><u>Mounting depth PC1011P</u> ca.95mm max.</p> <p><u>Mounting depth PC1017T</u> ca.98mm max.</p> |  <p style="text-align: center;">Ausbruch für / cut out for PC1000P / PC1011P / HMI1000P PC1010T / PC1017T / HMI1010T</p> |

Fig.: Cut out for all 10,1" and 10,2"-devices

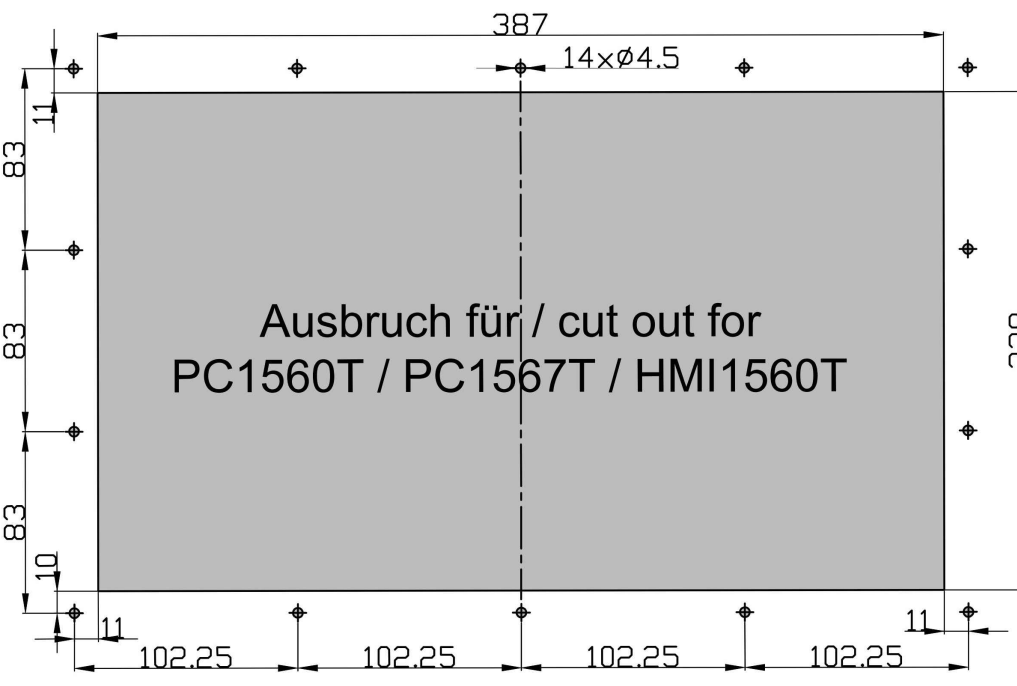
| | |
|---|---|
| <p>Dimensions Cut out (W x H / mm) 203 x 126 10 holes with D 4,5mm</p> <p>Wiring outlet at rear view and horizontal mounting</p> <p>for PC1560T, HMI 1560T, <u>Wiring outlet</u> - VCC / 2xETH to the right - 2x RJ45 (PN) up</p> <p><u>Mounting depth</u> ca. 55mm max</p> <p>for PC1567T <u>Wiring outlet</u> - 45° down</p> <p><u>Mounting depth</u> ca.104mm max.</p> |  <p style="text-align: center;">Ausbruch für / cut out for PC1560T / PC1567T / HMI1560T</p> |
|---|---|

Fig.: Cut out for all 15,6"-devices

Memory organization

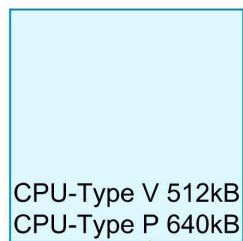
The memory organization matches in general to the Siemens S7-CPU's. The S7-program is kept in the load memory (flash) and will be copied from the INSEVIS- operating system into the working memory (RAM)

A battery (accumulator) keeps the data in the accu buffered RAM approx. 3 months. Before a longer Power OFF it is recommended to copy the data from the working memory (RAM) into the load memory (flash=ROM) by the SFC 254 „RAM2ROM“.

If the accumulator is empty and the PLC comes in power ON, „Battery error“ will be entered in the diagnostic buffer and the yellow battery-LED on the rear side of the PLC is on.

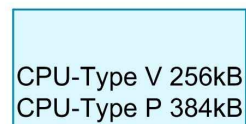
The operating system copies all blocks from the load- into the working memory and flag memory, timer or counter which are configured as remanent will be reset. Then the CPU changes into RUN-state.

Working memory (non retain / RAM)



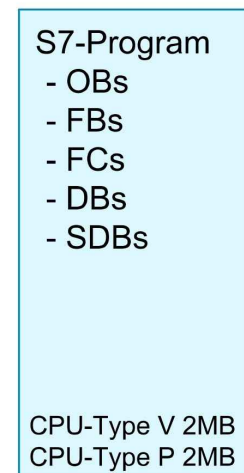
Operating system
copies all blocks
- **PG-Load**
- **Power ON**
and DBs with attribute
"non retain" also at
- **Restart**

Working memory (retain / akku buffered RAM)



Operating system
copies DBs
with attribute
"retain" at
PG-Load

Load memory (retain / Flash)



SFC 254 "RAM2ROM" copies all actual data into the load memory (flash)

Communication

Ethernet

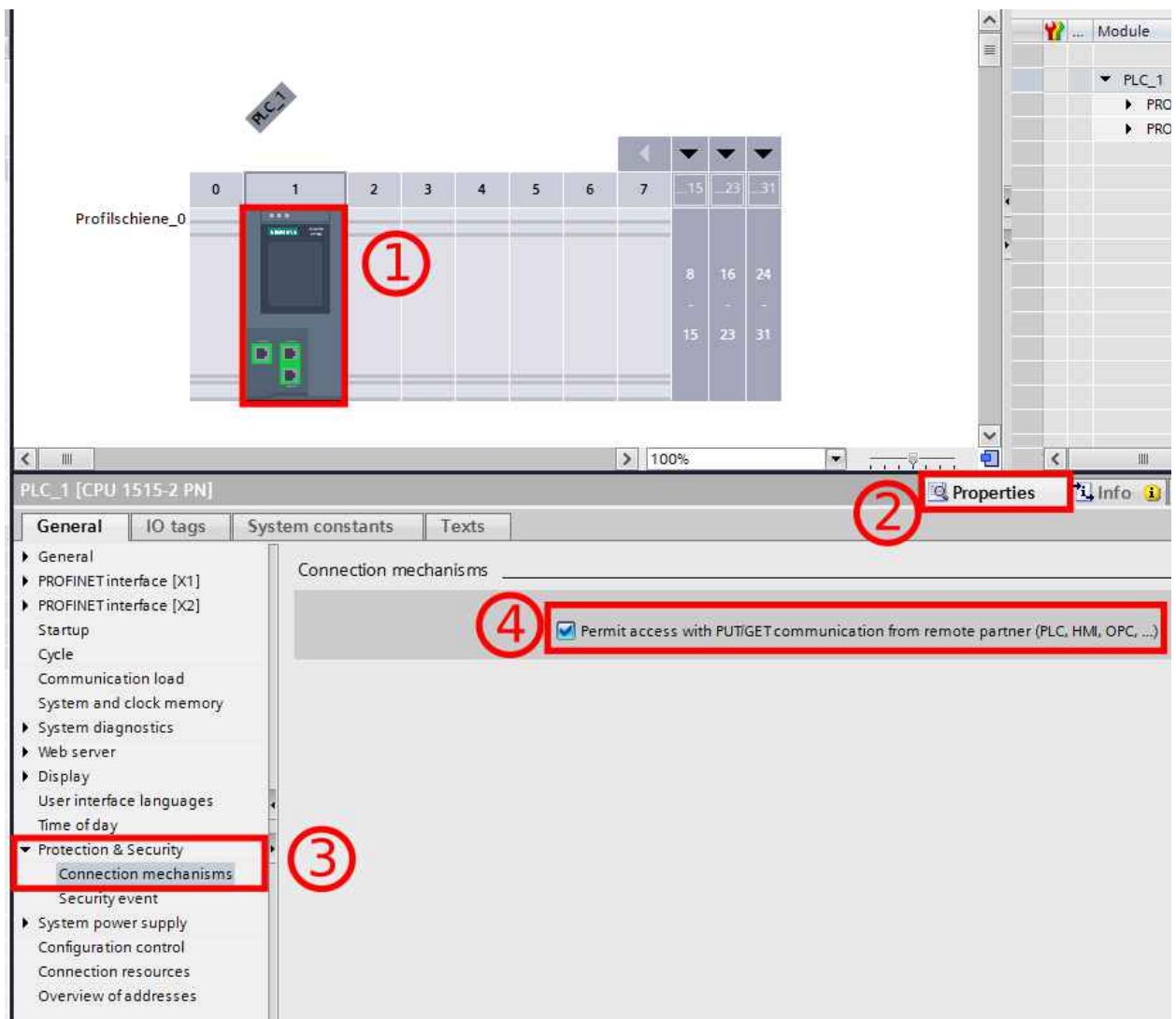
The connection to the Simatic®-Manager is done by Ethernet TCP/IP. Thereby the PLC will be identified by an own IP-address.

ATTENTION:
The INSEVIS- (Panel- or Compact-) PLCs will be delivered with default IP-address **192.168.80.50 (CPU-V-P) or 192.168.80.55 (CPU-T)**

Change this IP-address of your PLC, before you set up your communication. Panel-PLCs will be delivered with an pre-installed S7-program and visualization to change the IP-address on the panel directly at run time.

ATTENTION:
To enable the communication with CPUs from the series 1200 and 1500 you have to activate the PUT/GET communication. To achieve this execute the following steps in your TIA® project:

1. Select your PLC.
2. Choose the tab "Properties"
3. Select "Protection & Security" → "Connection mechanisms"
4. Activate the option:
"Permit access with PUT/GET communication from remote partner (PLC, HMI, OPC, ...)"



Communication - Ethernet

Set up IP-address in the Simatic®-Manager

Essential equipment

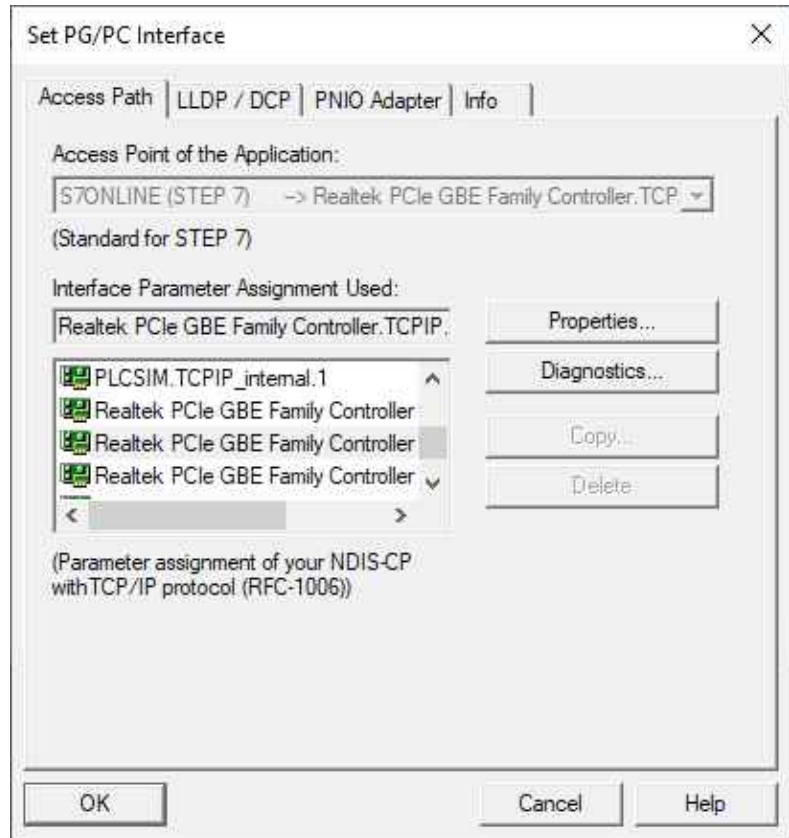
PC with Simatic®-Manager from
Version 5.4 SP5 (PG)
(better use V5.5 or V5.6)
INSEVIS-PLC (AG)
Power supply 24V
Patch cable or crossover
patch cable

Procedure

connect PG with AG
Power on AG
Start Simatic® Manager

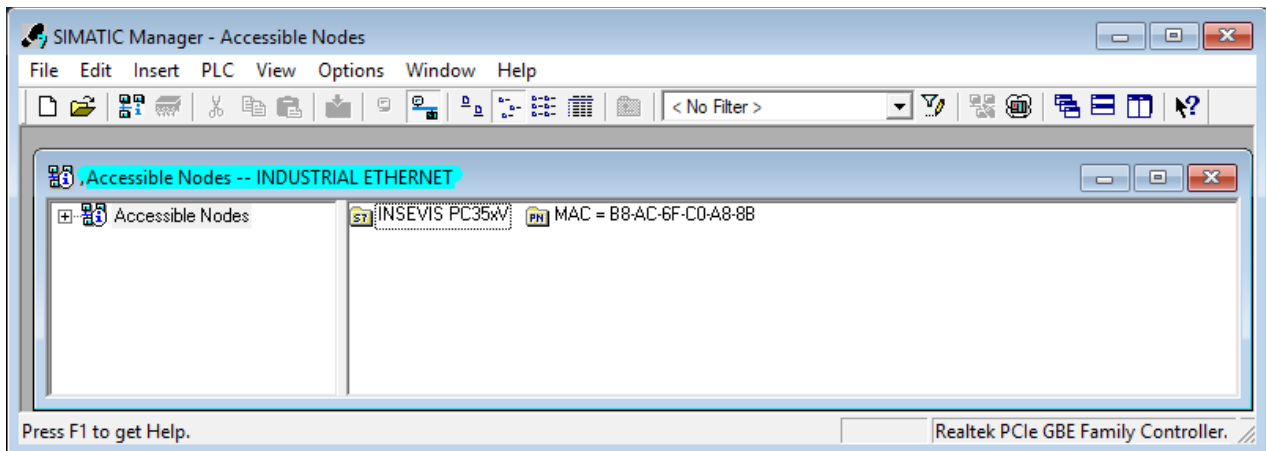
Set up PG/PC-interface

→ Extra
→ Set PG/PC Interface
→ select „Access Path“
→ select **TCP/IP**
→ acknowledge with „OK“



Address the PLC

→ PLC
→ Display Accessible Nodes
(appear as INSEVIS S7-PLC) → e.g. as **INSEVIS S7-PC35xV** select it / mark it
→ PLC
→ Edit Ethernet Node



Communication - Ethernet

Change IP-address

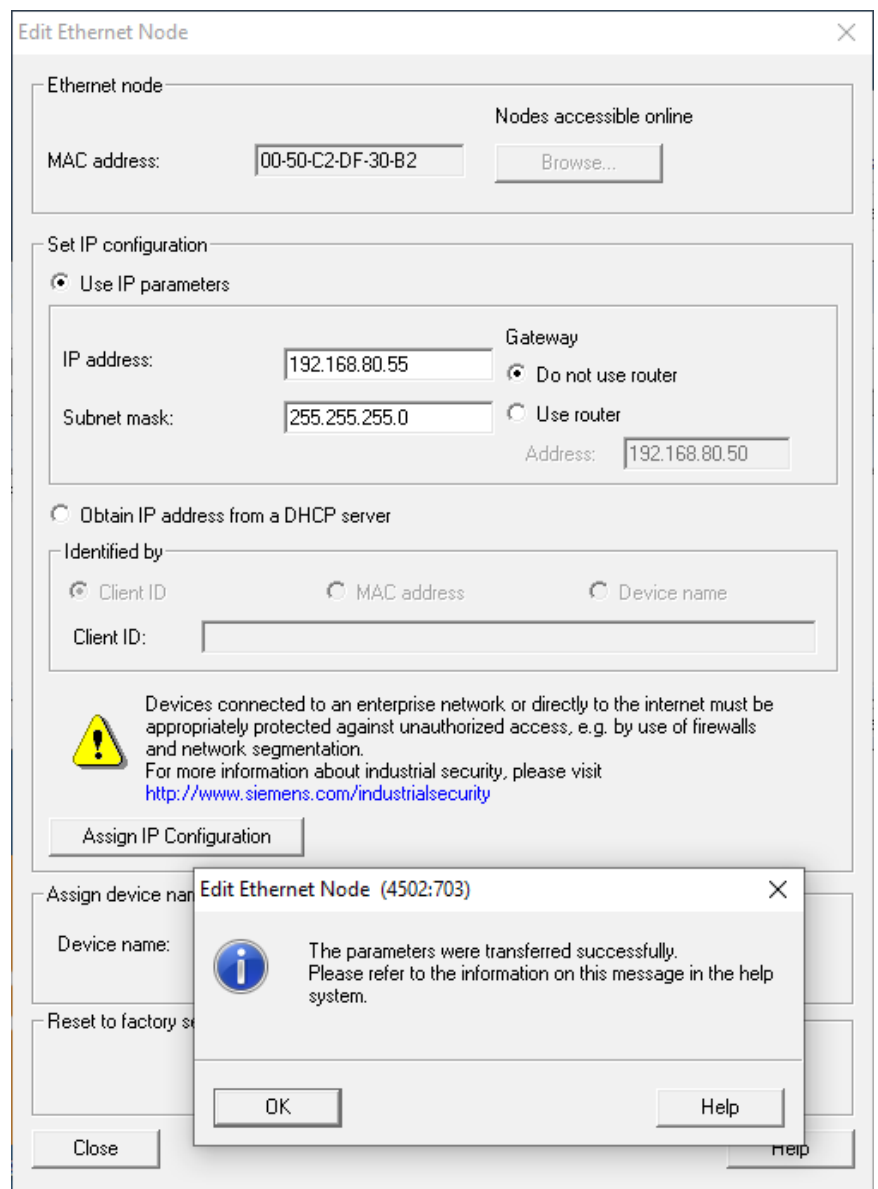
- enter new box
- „Set IP-configuration“
- select „Use IP parameters“
- enter IP address
- enter Subnet mask
- push the button:
- „Assign IP Configuration“
- acknowledge with „OK“

refresh IP-address

- Before using the new IP-address,
- it must be searched & found again:
- PLC
- Display Accessible Nodes
- OR:
- refresh with „F5“

Control IP-address (without fig.)

- PLC
- Display Accessible Nodes
- right mouse button
- Object properties



Hint:

Other Ethernet-settings like net mask and router-address will be assigned only in the INSEVIS-configuration software ConfigStage at the Ethernet-settings of the CPU.
Beside the PLC's IP-address there will be nothing accepted from Siemens-HW-Config-settings.



VIDEO-tutorial available

There is available a link to the corresponding YouTube®-video at the INSEVIS-download website for use under Simatic®-Manager and TIA®-Portal.

Communication - Ethernet

Set up the CPU and the Ethernet connection in the Simatic®-Manager

Create the INSEVIS-CPU in the Simatic®-Manager

Part:
CPU315-2PN/DP

Order no.:
6ES7315-2EH14-0AB0

Firmware:
V 3.1

(this CPU is available with V5.4 SP5 of the Simatic®-Manager only. If you don't find it, please update it to V5.5 or V5.6).

Selection of the Ethernet communication in the Simatic®-Manager:

- Double click on **PN-IO**
- press „property“-button
- set up IP address
- acknowledge with „OK“
- compile & save

The screenshot shows the SIMATIC Manager HW Config interface. The main window displays a rack configuration with the following modules:

| Slot | Module | Order number | Fir... | M... | I... | Q... | C... |
|-------|----------------|---------------------|--------|------|------|------|------|
| 1 | | | | | | | |
| 2 | CPU 315-2PN/DP | 6ES7 315-2EH14-0AB0 | V3.1 | | | | |
| X1 | MPI/DP | | | 2045 | | | |
| X2 | PN-IO | | | 2045 | | | |
| X2 P1 | Port 1 | | | 2045 | | | |
| X2 P2 | Port 2 | | | 2044 | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | |

The 'Properties - PN-IO (R0/S2.2)' dialog box is open, showing the following configuration:

- Short description: PN-IO
- Device name: PN-IO
- Support device replacement without exchangeable medium
- Interface: Ethernet
- Type: Ethernet
- Device: 0
- Address: 192.168.80.51
- Networked: yes
- Comment: (empty)

The 'Properties...' button in the 'Networked' section is highlighted with a red circle.



VIDEO-tutorial available

There is available a link to the corresponding YouTube®-video at the INSEVIS-download website for use under Simatic®-Manager and TIA®-Portal.

- Trouble shooting:**
- 1) Firewall prevents online connection
→ Reconfigure (all) your firewall(s) to allow this connection.
 - 2) IP-address of your PC and of the PLC must be in a common net (in this sample: 192.168.80.xxx)
→ Check the IP-address of your PC with the cmd-command "ipconfig" and verify the net with those of your PLC.

Communication - Ethernet

IP Configuration of PLC with SFB 129 "IP_CFG"

INSEVIS PLC provides the SFB 129 "IP_CFG" to get/set the IP configuration parameter of the PLC. The previously valid configuration data is overwritten.



Hint: This function block is available for PLCs with CPU-V/P and for devices with CPU-T with Ethernet configured as switch. For CPU-T-devices with Ethernet configured as 2 separated ports use SFB 131 "IP_GET" and SFB 132 "IP_SET".

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|---|
| SET | INPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Set the IP Configuration, FALSE=Get the IP Configuration |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Successfully configured, FALSE=Configuration failed. |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Configuration failed. |
| STATUS | OUTPUT | WORD | Status code |
| IP_ADDR | IN_OUT | DWORD | IP Address e.g 192.168.80.50 => DW#16#C0A85032 |
| NETMASK | IN_OUT | DWORD | Netmask. e.g 255.255.255.0 => DW#16#FFFFFF00 |
| ROUTER | IN_OUT | DWORD | Router IP address. DW#16#0 - No Router |

DONE, ERROR and STATUS parameters meaning

| DONE | ERROR | STATUS W#16#.. | Description |
|------|-------|----------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | Successfully configured. |
| 0 | 1 | 8000 | Parameter IP_ADDR invalid. |

Modbus TCP (Server)

To use the protocol Modbus TCP as server (slave) it is necessary to config it all in the ConfigStage:

- Modbus-TCP-Server enable in menu box
 - Define mapping on (existing!) S7-operators
- The defined S7 operator areas are mapped to Modbus registers or bits starting at **Modbus address 0**.
The number of supported register or bits follows the length of the defined area.

following commands will be supported

- 01 (0x01) Read Coils
- 02 (0x02) Read Discrete Inputs
- 03 (0x03) Read Holding Registers
- 04 (0x04) Read Input Registers
- 05 (0x05) Write Single Coil
- 06 (0x06) Write Single Register
- 15 (0x0F) Write Multiple Coils
- 16 (0x10) Write Multiple Registers

In S7 nothing must be programmed. All the data will be processed from the operating system in background synchronous to the control point.

S7 active connection to Partner-PLCs (RFC1006)

Connections must be configured in ConfigStage and downloaded to local PLC.

Maximal 16 connections can be configured. During the configuration, connection parameters such as connection type, partner address, port number etc., are assigned.

The configured ID number of connection must be given to communication SFB's ID parameter.

INSEVIS PLCs provide the following system function blocks (SFB) for exchanging data through the user program with other Ethernet-capable communication partners.

- SFB 120 "GET" Read data from a Remote PLC
- SFB 121 "PUT" Write data to a Remote PLC

Read data from a Remote PLC with SFB 120 "GET"

You can read data from a remote PLC (e.g INSEVIS, SIEMENS, VIPA etc. RFC1006-capable PLC) by using SFB 120 "GET". This program controls reading of variables and does not need additional communication functions in the user program of the communication partner.

The parameters ID, ADDR, RD are transferred and data exchange starts on rising edge at REQ.

The new job can only be accepted again after the last job is completed and on rising edge at REQ.

Job completion is signaled by NDR or ERROR parameter.

Ensure that areas defined with parameters ADDR and RD match in terms of number, length and data type.



Hint for Get and Put in one connection

Each connection has a job buffer. If a job (SFB 120 „Get“ or SFB 121 „Put“) is in process, any other job is not accepted.

If you call the SFB 120 „Get“ and SFB 121 „Put“ in one connection, the SFB 121 „Put“ will not be accepted, rejected with an error code W#16#8003 and terminated.

Here you have to wait the finishing of the first job, before you start the second job, or you work with 2 connections, if the partner device is supporting 2 connections.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|--|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | Request the data exchange at a rising edge |
| ID | INPUT | INT | Connection ID number, which configured in ConfigStage |
| NDR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job completed successfully, FALSE=job is in process or failed. |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job failed |
| STATUS | OUTPUT | WORD | Job status code |
| ADDR | IN_OUT | ANY | ANY- pointer to the area on the partner PLC that is to be read |
| RD | IN_OUT | ANY | ANY- pointer to the area on the local PLC in which the read data are entered |

Communication - Ethernet

NDR, ERROR and STATUS parameters meaning

| NDR | ERROR | STATUS W#16#.. | Description |
|-----|-------|-------------------|---|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | Job has successfully completed. |
| 0 | 0 | 7000 | Job has not been accepted, because: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • this is the first call with REQ=0 or because • another job (Get) is still active |
| 0 | 0 | 7001 | First call with REQ=1. Job has been accepted and is in process |
| 0 | 0 | 7002 | Interim call (REQ irrelevant). Job is in process |
| 0 | 0 | 7003 | Job assignment is processing in a priority class with lower priority (Nesting call) |
| 0 | 1 | 8001 | Parameter ID is invalid |
| 0 | 1 | 8002 | Connection with ID is not configured or Invalid Connection type |
| 0 | 1 | 8003 | Job cannot be assigned since previous job is not yet completed |
| 0 | 1 | 8004 | Parameter RD is invalid |
| 0 | 1 | 8005 | Could not connect to Remote PLC |
| 0 | 1 | 8006 | Job cannot be assigned, due to connection state. |
| 0 | 1 | 8007 | Job failed due to Communication problem (cable disconnected, connection is rejected by partner) |
| 0 | 1 | 8008 | Job failed due to Negative response from partner |
| 0 | 1 | 8009 | Job failed due to access error on partner area |
| 0 | 1 | 800A | Job failed due to access error on local area |
| 0 | 1 | 800B | Parameter ADDR is invalid |

S7-program sample for using the SFB 120

Purpose: Read 20 bytes data starting MB500 from Partner S7-CPU and write into MB200 in local S7-CPU

e.g

```

CALL SFB120, DB120
REQ :=M600.0           // TRUE = Read data from partner S7-CPU
ID  :=1               // Connection ID number, which is configured in ConfigStage
NDR :=M600.1         // TRUE = New data available
ERROR :=M600.2       // TRUE = Error occurred
STATUS:=MW602        // Result / return code
ADDR :=P#M 500.0 BYTE 20 // 20 bytes read from partner S7-CPU
RD   :=P#M 200.0 BYTE 20 // write into flag memory starting 200 in local CPU

O    M    600.1       // if successful read from
O    M    600.2       // or error occurred, then
R    M    600.0       // reset the request signal

```

Write data to a Remote PLC with SFB 121 "PUT"

You can write data to a remote PLC (e.g INSEVIS, SIEMENS, VIPA etc. RFC1006-capable PLC) by using SFB 121 "PUT". This program controls writing of variables and does not need additional communication functions in the user program of the communication partner.

The parameters ID, ADDR, SD are transferred and data exchange starts on rising edge at REQ.

The new job can only be accepted again after the last job is completed and on rising edge at REQ.

Job completion is signaled by DONE or ERROR parameter.

Ensure that areas defined with parameters ADDR and SD match in terms of number, length and data type.



Hint for Get and Put in one connection

Each connection has a job buffer. If a job (SFB 120 „Get“ or SFB 121 „Put“) is in process, any other job is not accepted.

If you call the SFB 120 „Get“ and SFB 121 „Put“ in one connection, the SFB 121 „Put“ will not be accepted, rejected with an error code W#16#8003 and terminated.

Here you have to wait the finishing of the first job, before you start the second job, or you work with 2 connections, if the partner device is supporting 2 connections.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|--|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | Request the data exchange at a rising edge |
| ID | INPUT | INT | Connection ID number, which configured in ConfigStage |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job completed successfully, FALSE=job is in process or failed. |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job failed |
| STATUS | OUTPUT | WORD | Job status code |
| ADDR | IN_OUT | ANY | ANY- pointer to the area on the partner PLC in which the data is to be written |
| SD | IN_OUT | ANY | ANY- pointer to the area on the local PLC which contain the data to be sent |

Communication - Ethernet

DONE, ERROR and STATUS parameters meaning

| DONE | ERROR | STATUS W#16#.. | Description |
|------|-------|----------------|---|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | Job has successfully completed. |
| 0 | 0 | 7000 | Job has not been accepted, because: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • this is the first call with REQ=0 or because • another job (Put) is still active |
| 0 | 0 | 7001 | First call with REQ=1. Job has assigned and is in process |
| 0 | 0 | 7002 | Interim call (REQ irrelevant). Job is in process |
| 0 | 0 | 7003 | Job assignment is processing in a priority class with lower priority (Nesting call) |
| 0 | 1 | 8001 | Parameter ID is invalid |
| 0 | 1 | 8002 | Connection with ID is not configured or Invalid Connection type |
| 0 | 1 | 8003 | Job cannot be assigned since previous job is not yet completed |
| 0 | 1 | 8004 | Parameter SD is invalid |
| 0 | 1 | 8005 | Could not connect to Remote PLC |
| 0 | 1 | 8006 | Job cannot be assigned, due to connection state. |
| 0 | 1 | 8007 | Job failed due to Communication problem (cable disconnected, connection is rejected by partner) |
| 0 | 1 | 8008 | Job failed due to Negative response from partner |
| 0 | 1 | 8009 | Job failed due to access error on partner area |
| 0 | 1 | 800A | Job failed due to access error on local area |
| 0 | 1 | 800B | Parameter ADDR is invalid |

S7-program sample for using the SFB 121

Purpose: Write 20 bytes data starting MB200 in local CPU to Partner CPU starting MB500.

```

CALL SFB121, DB121
REQ  :=M600.0           // TRUE = Write data to partner S7-CPU
ID    :=1               // Connection ID number, which is configured in ConfigStage
DONE  :=M600.1         // TRUE = Successful written
ERROR :=M600.2         // TRUE = error occurred
STATUS:=MW602          // Result / return code
ADDR  :=P#M 500.0 BYTE 20 // 20 bytes write to partner S7-CPU
SD    :=P#M 200.0 BYTE 20 // 20 bytes data starting from MB200 in local CPU

O     M     600.1       // if successful written to
O     M     600.2       // or error occurred, then
R     M     600.0       // reset the request signal

```

Communication - Ethernet

Read in IP configuration with SFB 131 "IP_GET" (CPU-T)

SFB131 "IP_GET" is used to get Ethernet port settings and mode. This function block is available on PLC with CPU-T.



Hint:

This function is for CPU-T-devices, for CPU-V/P-devices use SFB 129 "IP_CFG".

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|---------------------|---|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Get the Ethernet settings |
| PORT | INPUT | INT | Port number. 1=Ethernet 1; 2=Ethernet 2 |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Successfully done |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Failed |
| STATUS | OUTPUT | WORD | Status code |
| IP_ADDR | OUTPUT | DWORD | IP address of Ethernet port e.g 192.168.80.50 => DW#16#C0A85032 |
| NETMASK | OUTPUT | DWORD | Netmask of Ethernet port e.g 255.255.255.0 => DW#16#FFFFFF00 |
| ROUTER | OUTPUT | DWORD | IP address of Router. DW#16#0 - No Router |
| MAC | OUTPUT | ARRAY[1..6] OF BYTE | MAC address of Ethernet port |
| PHYMODE | OUTPUT | BYTE | Ethernet port mode Bit 7: 1 = Mode is valid, 0 = Mode is not valid Bit 3: 1 = Auto Negotiation is enabled, 0 = Manual mode Bit 2: Link status 1 = Link, 0 = No link Bit 1: Speed 1 = 100M, 0 = 10M Bit 0: Duplex mode 1 = Full, 0 = Half |

Status code meaning

| STATUS | DONE | ERROR | Description |
|-----------|------|-------|---|
| W#16#0000 | 1 | 0 | Successfully got the settings |
| W#16#7000 | 0 | 0 | REQ is FALSE |
| W#16#8000 | 0 | 1 | Invalid port number. Port must be 1 or 2. |

S7-User program: Get the IP settings and mode of Ethernet port 1

```

CALL SFB 131 , DB131
  REQ      :=M1502.5
  PORT     :=1
  DONE     :=M1002.0
  ERROR    :=M1002.1
  STATUS   :=MW1000
  IP_ADDR :=MD2030
  NETMASK :=MD2034
  ROUTER   :=MD2038
  MAC      :=#MacAddr
  PHYMODE :=MB1800

CLR
=   M   1502.5
U   M   1002.0           // if successful done
BEB                               // end the function
L   MW  1000           // error occurred
// error evaluation
// ...
BEA                               // end of function

```

Communication - Ethernet

Set IP-configuration with SFB 132 "IP_SET" (CPU-T)

SFB132 "IP_SET" is used to set IP settings to Ethernet port. This function block is available on PLC with CPU-T.



Hint:

This function is for CPU-T-devices, for CPU-V/P-devices use SFB 129 "IP_CFG".

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|--|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Request to set the IP settings |
| PORT | INPUT | INT | Port number. 1=Ethernet 1; 2=Ethernet 2 |
| IP_ADDR | OUTPUT | DWORD | IP address of Ethernet port e.g 192.168.80.50 => DW#16#C0A85032 |
| NETMASK | OUTPUT | DWORD | Netmask of Ethernet port e.g 255.255.255.0 => DW#16#FFFFFF00 |
| ROUTER | OUTPUT | DWORD | IP address of Router. DW#16#0 - No Router |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Successfully done |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Failed |
| STATUS | OUTPUT | WORD | Status code |

Status code meaning

| STATUS | DONE | ERROR | Description |
|-----------|------|-------|---|
| W#16#0000 | 1 | 0 | Successfully set the settings |
| W#16#7000 | 0 | 0 | REQ is FALSE |
| W#16#8000 | 0 | 1 | Invalid port number. Port must be 1 or 2. |

S7-User program: Set the IP Settings of Ethernet port 1

```

CALL SFB 132 , DB132
REQ    :=M1502.6
PORT   :=1
IP_ADDR:=MD2030
NETMASK:=MD2034
ROUTER :=MD2038
DONE   :=M1002.0
ERROR  :=M1002.1
STATUS :=MW1000

CLR
=      M    1502.6
U      M    1002.0           // if successful done
BEB                               // end the function
L      MW 1000              // error occurred
// error evaluation
// ...
BEA                               // end of function

```

TCP Send/Receive Connection (RFC 793)

INSEVIS PLC provides the following system function blocks (SFB) for exchanging data through the user program with other Ethernet-capable communications partner.

- SFB 122 "TSEND" Send data via TCP Send/Receive connection
- SFB 123 "TREC" Receiving data via TCP Send/Receive connection
- SFB 124 "TDISCON" Terminate the TCP Send/Receive connection
- SFB 125 "TCONFIG" Configure the Partner parameter of TCP Send/Receive connection
- SFB 126 "TSTATUS" Query the status of TCP Send/Receive connection

The connection must be configured in ConfigStage and downloaded to PLC.

In configuration, connection establishment type (Active or Passive) must assigned.

Connection with active establishment, initiates the connection establishment, whereas with Passive, waits the partner requests.

In active establishment, partner parameters should be assigned but in Runtime the partner parameter can be changed by using SFB 125 "TCONFIG".



ATTENTION:

Connection with passive establishment: the local port number must be assigned and unique.

Send data via TCP with SFB 122 "TSEND"

You can send data to a remote Partner by using SFB 122 "TSEND" via TCP (RFC 793). It works asynchronously, in other words, its processing extends over several SFB calls.

The parameters ID, LEN, DATA are transferred and data transfer starts on rising edge at REQ.
The new job can only be accepted again after the last job is completed and on rising edge at REQ.
Job completion is signaled by DONE or ERROR parameter.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|---|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | Request the data exchange at a rising edge |
| ID | INPUT | INT | Connection ID number, which configured in ConfigStage |
| LEN | INPUT | INT | Number of bytes to send |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job completed successfully, FALSE=job is in process or failed. |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job is in Process |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job failed |
| STATUS | OUTPUT | WORD | Job status code |
| DATA | IN_OUT | ANY | ANY- pointer to the send area. Only Input image (I), Output image (Q), Bit Memory (M), Data Block (DB) area allowed. |

Communication - Ethernet

DONE, BUSY, ERROR and STATUS parameters meaning

| DONE | BUSY | ERROR | STATUS W#16#.. | Description |
|------|------|-------|----------------|---|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Job has successfully completed. |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 7000 | First call with REQ=0. Job has not assigned |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 7001 | First call with REQ=1. Job has assigned and is in process |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 7002 | Interim call (REQ irrelevant). Job is in process |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 7003 | Job assignment is processing in a priority class with lower priority (Nesting call) |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8001 | Parameter ID is invalid |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8002 | Connection with ID is not configured or Invalid Connection type |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8003 | Parameter DATA is invalid. Only I, Q, M, DB area allowed |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8004 | Parameter DATA is invalid. e.g DB not loaded. |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8005 | Parameter LEN is 0 or larger than specified in Parameter DATA |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8006 | Could not connect to Partner |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8007 | Job failed due to Communication problem (cable disconnected, connection is rejected by partner) |

S7-program sample for using the SFB 122

Purpose: Send 20 bytes data, starting MB200, to a partner.

```

CALL SFB122, DB122
REQ  :=M600.0           // TRUE = Send data to partner
ID   :=1               // Connection ID number, which is configured in ConfigStage
LEN  :=20              // 20 bytes data to send
DONE :=M600.1         // TRUE = Successfully sent
BUSY :=M600.2         // TRUE = In process
ERROR:=M600.3         // TRUE = Error occurred
STATUS:=MW602         // Result / return code
DATA :=P#M 200.0 BYTE 20 // 20 byte data starting from MB200 in local CPU

O    M    600.1        // if successful sent to
O    M    600.3        // or error occurred, then
R    M    600.0        // reset the request signal

```

Communication - Ethernet

Receiving data via TCP with SFB 123 "TREC"V"

The SFB 123 "TREC"V" works asynchronously, which means the job processing extends over several SFB calls.

The parameters ID, LEN, DATA are evaluated and starts the receiving on EN_R = TRUE.
The new job can only be accepted again after the last job is completed and EN_R = TRUE.
Job completion is signaled by NDR or ERROR parameter.

If the length of the data to be received (LEN parameter) is larger than the actually received data, then SFB will copy the received data into the receiver area (DATA parameter) and NDR become TRUE only after the length specified by the LEN parameter has been reached.

If the length of the data to be received (LEN parameter) is less than actually received data, SFB will copy as many bytes into the receiver area (DATA parameter) as specified in the LEN parameter and sets TRUE to NDR and writes to LEN_R the length of data which has written. With each additional call, you will receive rest of data.

If the LEN parameter is 0, then SFB will copy the received data into receiver area (DATA parameter) and immediately sets NDR as TRUE.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|--|
| EN_R | INPUT | BOOL | Enable the receiving data |
| ID | INPUT | INT | Connection ID number, which configured in ConfigStage |
| LEN | INPUT | INT | Expected receiving data size in bytes |
| NDR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job completed successfully, FALSE=job is in process or failed. |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job is in process |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job failed |
| STATUS | OUTPUT | WORD | Job status code |
| LEN_R | OUTPUT | INT | Number of bytes actually received |
| DATA | IN_OUT | ANY | ANY- pointer to the receiving area. Only Input image (I), Output image (Q), Bit Memory (M), Data Block (DB) area allowed. |

DONE, BUSY, ERROR and STATUS parameters meaning

| DONE | BUSY | ERROR | STATUS W#16#.. | Description |
|------|------|-------|----------------|---|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Job has successfully completed. |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 7000 | First call with EN_R=0. Job has not assigned |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 7001 | First call with EN_R=1. Job has assigned and is in process |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 7002 | Interim call (EN_R irrelevant). Job is in process |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 7003 | Job assignment is processing in a priority class with lower priority (Nesting call) |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8001 | Parameter ID is invalid |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8002 | Connection with ID is not configured or Invalid Connection type |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8003 | Parameter DATA is invalid. Only I, Q, M, DB area allowed |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8004 | Parameter DATA is invalid. e.g., DB not loaded. |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8005 | Parameter LEN is larger than specified in Parameter DATA |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8006 | Could not connect to Partner |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8007 | Job failed due to Communication problem (cable disconnected, connection is rejected by partner) |

Communication - Ethernet

S7-program sample for using the SFB 123

Purpose: Receive data from a partner and write into buffer starting MB200 and 200 bytes large.

```
CALL SFB123, DB123
EN_R  :=M600.0           // TRUE = Enable to receive data
ID    :=1               // Connection ID number, which is
                        // configured in ConfigStage
LEN   :=0               // 0 = When data received, then
                        // immediately set NDR and copy to DATA
NDR   :=M600.1         // TRUE = New data available
BUSY  :=M600.2         // TRUE = In process
ERROR :=M600.3         // TRUE = Error occurred
STATUS:=MW602          // Result / return code
LEN_R :=MW604          // Number of bytes copied to DATA
DATA  :=P#M 200.0 BYTE 200 // Receive buffer area

O     M     600.1       // if successful received
O     M     600.3       // or error occurred, then
R     M     600.0       // reset the request signal
```

Communication - Ethernet

Terminate the TCP connection with SFB 124 "TDISCON"

The SFB 124 "TDISCON" terminates a communications of connection (TCP, S7 Client Connection). It works asynchronously, which means the job processing extends over several SFB calls.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|---|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | Request to start the terminating the connection on TRUE |
| ID | INPUT | INT | Connection ID number, which configured in ConfigStage |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job completed successfully, FALSE=job is in process or failed. |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job is in process |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job failed |
| STATUS | OUTPUT | WORD | Job status code |

DONE, BUSY, ERROR and STATUS parameters meaning

| DONE | BUSY | ERROR | STATUS W#16#.. | Description |
|------|------|-------|----------------|---|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Job has successfully completed. |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 7000 | First call with REQ=0. Job has not assigned |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 7001 | First call with REQ=1. Job has assigned and is in process |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 7002 | Interim call (REQ irrelevant). Job is in process |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8001 | Parameter ID is invalid |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8002 | Connection with ID is not configured or Invalid Connection type |

S7-program sample for using the SFB 124

Purpose: Disconnect connection

```

CALL SFB124, DB124
REQ   :=M600.0           // TRUE = Disconnect the connection
ID    :=1                // Connection ID number, which is configured in ConfigStage
DONE  :=M600.1           // TRUE = Successful
BUSY  :=M600.2           // TRUE = In process
ERROR :=M600.3           // TRUE = Error occurred
STATUS:=MW602            // Result / return code

O     M     600.1         // if successful
O     M     600.3         // or error occurred, then
R     M     600.0         // reset the request signal

```

Communication - Ethernet

Configure the partner parameter by TCP with SFB 125 "TCONFIG"

With SFB 125 "TCONFIG", you can specify the Partner parameter (Port number and IP Address, in case of S7 Client connection, the TSAP number).

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|---|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | Request to start the terminating the connection on TRUE |
| ID | INPUT | INT | Connection ID number, which configured in ConfigStage |
| PORT | INPUT | WORD | Partner Port/TSAP number e.g: port 2000 _{dec} , enter as W#16#7D0 |
| IPADDR | INPUT | DWORD | Partner IP Address e.g: Address 192.168.80.50, enter as DW#16#C0A85032 |
| TCONN | INPUT | WORD | Reserved, must be 0 |
| TRESP | INPUT | WORD | Reserved, must be 0 |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job completed successfully, FALSE=job is in process or failed. |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job is in process |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job failed |
| STATUS | OUTPUT | WORD | Job status code |

DONE, BUSY, ERROR and STATUS parameters meaning

| DONE | BUSY | ERROR | STATUS W#16#.. | Description |
|------|------|-------|-------------------|---|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Job has successfully completed. |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 7000 | First call with REQ=0. Job has not assigned |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 7001 | First call with REQ=1. Job has assigned and is in process |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 7002 | Interim call (REQ irrelevant). Job is in process |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8001 | Parameter ID is invalid |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8002 | Connection with ID is not configured or Invalid Connection type |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8003 | Parameter IPADDR is invalid (e.g., 0 by Active establishment) |

S7-program sample for using the SFB 125

Purpose: Change Partner configuration to IP address 192.168.80.52 and port number 2000.

```

CALL SFB125, DB125
REQ :=M600.0 // TRUE = Change partner configuration
ID :=1 // Connection ID number, which is configured in ConfigStage
PORT :=W#16#7D0 // Partner Port number e.g 2000 (dez)
IPADDR:=DW#16#C0A85034 // Partner IP address e.g 192.168.80.52
TCONN :=W#16#0 // Reserved, must be 0
TRESP :=W#16#0 // Reserved, must be 0
DONE :=M600.1 // TRUE = Successful
BUSY :=M600.2 // TRUE = In process
ERROR :=M600.3 // TRUE = Error occurred
STATUS:=MW602 // Result / return code

O M 600.1 // if successful
O M 600.3 // or error occurred, then
R M 600.0 // reset the request signal

```

Communication - Ethernet

Query the Status of TCP connection with SFB 126 "TSTATUS"

With SFB 126 "TSTATUS", you can query the current status of the connection (TCP, S7 Client connection).

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|--|
| ID | INPUT | INT | Connection ID number, which configured in ConfigStage |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job completed successfully, FALSE=job is in process or failed. |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job failed |
| STATUS | OUTPUT | WORD | Job status code |
| PORT | OUTPUT | WORD | Partner Port/TSAP number e.g: port 2000 _{dec} , output as W#16#7D0 |
| IPADDR | OUTPUT | DWORD | Partner IP Address e.g: Address 192.168.80.50, output as DW#16#C0A85032 |

DONE, ERROR and STATUS parameters meaning

| DONE | ERROR | STATUS W#16#.. | Description |
|------|-------|----------------|--|
| 1 | 0 | 0XYZ | <p>Job has successfully completed.</p> <p>Bit 0-3: Send job status Bit 0: 1=Connection accepts Send job Bit 1: 1=Send job is in Process Bit 2: 1=Send job has completed successfully Bit 3: 1=Send job has failed</p> <p>Bit 4-7: Receive job status Bit 4: 1=Connection accepts Receive job Bit 5: 1=Receive job is in Process Bit 6: 1=Receive job has completed successfully Bit 7: 1=Receive job has failed</p> <p>Bit 8-12: Connection status 1 Active establishment is in process 2 Connection terminating 3 Connection established/Connected with Partner</p> <p>Parameter PORT, IPADDR contains partner port number and IP address.</p> |
| 0 | 0 | 7000 | First call with REQ=0. Job has not assigned |
| 0 | 0 | 7001 | First call with REQ=1. Job has assigned and is in process |
| 0 | 0 | 7002 | Interim call (REQ irrelevant). Job is in process |
| 0 | 1 | 8001 | Parameter ID is invalid |
| 0 | 1 | 8002 | Connection with ID is not configured or Invalid Connection type |
| 0 | 1 | 8003 | Connection is not yet established |

Communication - Ethernet

S7-program sample for using the SFB 126

Purpose: Query connection status

```

UN    M    600.0      // TRUE = Request to query connection status
BEB                                     // otherwise end the function

CALL  #TSTATUS
ID    :=1           // Connection ID number, which is configured in ConfigStage
DONE  :=M600.1     // TRUE = Successful
ERROR :=M600.3     // TRUE = Error occurred
STATUS:=MW602      // Result / return code
PORT  :=MW604      // Partner port number
IPADDR:=MD606      // Partner IP address

O     M     600.1     // if successful
O     M     600.3     // or error occurred, then
R     M     600.0     // reset the request signal

```

UDP Send/Receive Connection (RFC 768)

INSEVIS PLC provides the following system function blocks (SFB) for exchanging data through the user program with other Ethernet-capable communications partner via UDP (RFC 768) protocol.

- SFB 127 "USEND" Send data via UDP Send/Receive connection
- SFB 128 "URECV" Receiving data via UDP Send/Receive connection

The connection must be configured in ConfigStage and downloaded to PLC.



ATTENTION:

In configuration of passive connections the local port number must assigned and unique and unequal to 0.

Communication - Ethernet

Send data via UDP with SFB 127 "USEND"

You can send data to a remote Partner by using SFB 127 "USEND" via UDP (RFC 768) protocol. It works asynchronously, in other words, its processing extends over several SFB calls. It can send until 1472 bytes.

The parameters ID, LEN, R_PORT, R_ADDR, DATA are transferred and data transfer starts on rising edge at REQ. The new job can only be accepted again after the last job is completed and on rising edge at REQ. Job completion is signaled by DONE or ERROR parameter.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|---|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | Request the data exchange at a rising edge |
| ID | INPUT | INT | Connection ID number, which configured in ConfigStage |
| LEN | INPUT | INT | Number of bytes to send |
| R_PORT | INPUT | WORD | Partner Port/TSAP number e.g: port 2000 _{dec} , enter as W#16#7D0 |
| R_ADDR | INPUT | DWORD | Partner IP Address e.g: Address 192.168.80.50, enter as DW#16#C0A85032 |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job completed successfully, FALSE=job is in process or failed. |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job is in Process |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job failed |
| STATUS | OUTPUT | WORD | Job status code |
| DATA | IN_OUT | ANY | ANY- pointer to the send area. Only Input image (I), Output image (Q), Bit Memory (M), Data Block (DB) area allowed. |

DONE, BUSY, ERROR and STATUS parameters meaning

| DONE | BUSY | ERROR | STATUS W#16#.. | Description |
|------|------|-------|----------------|---|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Job has successfully completed. |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 7000 | First call with REQ=0. Job has not assigned |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 7001 | First call with REQ=1. Job has assigned and is in process |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 7002 | Interim call (REQ irrelevant). Job is in process |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 7003 | Job assignment is processing in a priority class with lower priority (Nesting call) |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8001 | Parameter ID is invalid |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8002 | Connection with ID is not configured or Invalid Connection type |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8003 | Parameter DATA is invalid. Only I, Q, M, DB area allowed |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8004 | Parameter DATA is invalid. e.g DB not loaded. |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8005 | Parameter LEN is 0 or larger than specified in Parameter DATA or larger than 1472 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8006 | Parameter R_PORT or R_IPADDR is invalid. |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8007 | Job failed due to Communication problem (cable disconnected) |

Communication - Ethernet

S7-program sample for using the SFB 127

Purpose: Send 20 bytes starting MB200 via UDP to Partner with IP address 192.168.80.52 and UDP port number 2000.

```

CALL SFB127, DB127
REQ  :=M600.0           // TRUE = Send data to partner
ID   :=1               // Connection ID number, which is configured in ConfigStage
LEN  :=20              // 20 bytes data to send
R_PORT:=W#16#7D0       // Partner UDP port number e.g 2000 (dez)
R_ADDR:=DW#16#C0A85034 // Partner IP address e.g 192.168.80.52
DONE :=M600.1         // TRUE = Successful
BUSY :=M600.2         // TRUE = In process
ERROR :=M600.3        // TRUE = Error occurred
STATUS:=MW602         // Result / return code
DATA :=P#M 200.0 BYTE 20 // 20 byte data starting from MB200 in local CPU

O    M    600.1        // if successful sent to
O    M    600.3        // or error occurred, then
R    M    600.0        // reset the request signal

```

Receiving data via UDP with SFB 128 "URECV"

You can receive data from a remote Partner by using SFB 128 "URECV" via UDP (RFC 768) protocol. It works asynchronously, which means the job processing extends over several SFB calls.

You can specify the remote partner by assigning specific address and port number of the remote partner in R_ADDR and/or R_PORT parameter with EN_R = TRUE. E.g, if you want to receive data only from the partner with IP address 192.168.80.60 and any port number, then you can set

```

L    DW#16#C0A8503C    // partner IP address
T    MD 54
L    0                 // port number: 0=Any port
T    MW 52
SET
=    M0.0             // start receive

...

```

```

CALL SFB128, DB128
EN_R  := M0.0
ID    := 1
LEN   := 0
NDR   := M0.1
ERROR := M0.2
STATUS := MW2
LEN_R := MW4
R_PORT := MW52
R_ADDR := MD54
DATA  := P#DB100.DBX0.0 BYTE 100

```

If you assign DW#16#0 to R_ADDR parameter, it receives UDP packets from any remote partner whereas assigned 0 to R_PORT, from any port number.

Please note, that R_PORT and R_ADDR parameters are input and output parameters. After receiving data, it overwrites the parameters with actual remote address which was sent, and sets NDR parameter to TRUE.

The parameters ID, LEN, R_PORT, R_ADDR, DATA are evaluated and starts the receiving on EN_R = TRUE. The new job can only be accepted again after the last job is completed and EN_R = TRUE. Job completion is signaled by NDR or ERROR parameter.

Communication - Ethernet

If the length of the data to be received (LEN parameter) is larger than the actually received data, then SFB will copy the received data into the receiver area (DATA parameter) and NDR become TRUE only after the length specified by the LEN parameter has been reached.

If the length of the data to be received (LEN parameter) is less than actually received data, SFB will copy as many bytes into the receiver area (DATA parameter) as specified in the LEN parameter and sets TRUE to NDR and writes to LEN_R the length of data which has written. With each additional call, you will receive rest of data.

If the LEN parameter is 0, then SFB will copy the received data into receiver area (DATA parameter) and immediately sets NDR as TRUE.

You can specify the partner by assigning R_PORT and/or R_ADDR unequal to 0 and by call the SFB with EN_R = TRUE. If you assign 0 to R_PORT and/or R_ADDR, it receives data from partner with any Port number and/or any IP address.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|--|
| EN_R | INPUT | BOOL | Enable the receiving data |
| ID | INPUT | INT | Connection ID number, which configured in ConfigStage |
| LEN | INPUT | INT | Expected receiving data size in bytes |
| NDR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job completed successfully, FALSE=job is in process or failed. |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job is in process |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job failed |
| STATUS | OUTPUT | WORD | Job status code |
| LEN_R | OUTPUT | INT | Number of bytes actually received |
| R_PORT | IN_OUT | WORD | Partner Port/TSAP number e.g: port 2000 _{dec} , enter or receive as W#16#7D0 |
| R_ADDR | IN_OUT | DWORD | Partner IP Address e.g: Address 192.168.80.50, enter or receive as DW#16#C0A85032 |
| DATA | IN_OUT | ANY | ANY- pointer to the receiving area. Only Input image (I), Output image (Q), Bit Memory (M), Data Block (DB) area allowed. |

DONE, BUSY, ERROR and STATUS parameters meaning

| DONE | BUSY | ERROR | STATUS W#16#.. | Description |
|------|------|-------|----------------|---|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Job has successfully completed. |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 7000 | First call with EN_R=0. Job has not assigned |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 7001 | First call with EN_R=1. Job has assigned and is in process |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 7002 | Interim call (EN_R irrelevant). Job is in process |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 7003 | Job assignment is processing in a priority class with lower priority (Nesting call) |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8001 | Parameter ID is invalid |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8002 | Connection with ID is not configured or Invalid Connection type |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8003 | Parameter DATA is invalid. Only I, Q, M, DB area allowed |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8004 | Parameter DATA is invalid. e.g., DB not loaded. |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 8005 | Parameter LEN is larger than specified in Parameter DATA or 1472 bytes |

Communication - Ethernet

S7-program sample for using the SFB 128

Purpose: Receive receive via UDP from any host (unspecified partner) and write into data block DB200 with 2000 bytes large.

```

L      0                                // Receive data
T      MW   606                          // from any Partner UDP port
L      0                                // Receive from
T      MD   608                          // from any Partner

CALL   SFB128, DB128
EN_R   :=M600.0                          // TRUE = Enable to receive data
ID     :=1                                // Connection ID number,
                                           // which is configured in ConfigStage
LEN    :=0                                // 0 = When data received,
                                           // then immediately set NDR and copy to DATA
NDR    :=M600.1                          // TRUE = New data available
BUSY   :=M600.2                          // TRUE = In process
ERROR  :=M600.3                          // TRUE = Error occurred
STATUS:=MW602                            // Result / return code
LEN_R  :=MW604                            // Number of bytes copied to DATA
R_PORT:=MW606                            // Partner UDP port number
R_ADDR:=MD608                            // Partner IP address
DATA   :=P#DB200.DBX 0.0 BYTE 2000      // Receive buffer area

O      M    600.1                          // if successful received to
O      M    600.3                          // or error occurred, then
R      M    600.0                          // reset the request signal

UN     M    600.1                          // if data not received
BEB                                         // end the function
L      MD   608                            // Data received from Partner with IP address
L      MW   606                            // and UDP port number

```

Communication - Profinet IO Controller

Profinet IO Controller

INSEVIS- PLCs with CPU-T can be equipped with Profinet IO Controller optionally.



Hint: The CPU configuration can be made either in the Simatic® Manager or in the ConfigStage. The download of the Simatic® Manager overwrites all SDBs completely. Please do config Profinet and CPU **FIRST** with the Siemens-tools and download it into the PLC. Than configure all the other configurations (Ethernet, RS232/485, Modbus, CAN and (de)-central periphery and alternatively the CPU) with the ConfigStage and download it **LATER**. This download does overwrite only the configured SDBs and keeps the Profinet configuration.

Connecting

When Profinet-option is included, there are 2 additional RJ45-interfaces (Profinet 1 and 2) visible. These plugs can be used as switch with common IP-address.

Configuration

Profinet is available as an additional option to the CPU-T. To realize this option while configuring in the SimaticManager / TIA-Portal, it is necessary to offer the Profinet as an option as well and this is made with an CP 343-1 (Siemens-order-no. 6GK7 343-1EX30-0XE0 with version V2.4).

The configuration of the Profinet in INSEVIS-projects is simple:

- Select CPU 315-2 PN/DP (Siemens-order-no. 6ES7 315-2EH14-0AB0) and place it on slot 2
- Select CP 343-1 (Siemens-order-no. 6GK7 343-1EX30-0XE0 with Version V2.4) and place it on slot 4.

The screenshot shows the HW Config window for a SIMATIC 300(1) system. The rack configuration is as follows:

| Slot | Module | Order number | Firmware | M... | I address | Q address | C... |
|---------|----------------|---------------------|----------|------|-----------|-----------|------|
| 1 | | | | | | | |
| 2 | CPU 315-2PN/DP | 6ES7 315-2EH14-0AB0 | V3.1 | | | | |
| X1 | MPI/DP | | | | 2047* | | |
| X2 | PN-IQ | | | | 2046* | | |
| X2 P1 | Port 1 | | | | 2045* | | |
| X2 P2 | Port 2 | | | | 2044* | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | |
| 4 | CP 343-1 | 6GK7 343-1EX30-0XE0 | V2.4 | | 259...274 | 259...274 | |
| X1 | PN-IQ-1 | | | | 1023* | | |
| X1 P1 A | Port 1 | | | | 1022* | | |
| X1 P2 A | Port 2 | | | | 1021* | | |
| 5 | | | | | | | |

The CP 343-1 module is configured with two Ethernet interfaces for the Profinet IO system:

- Ethernet(1): PROFINET IO system (100)
- Ethernet(1): PROFINET IO system (101)

The right-hand pane shows the project tree structure for SIMATIC 300, including the CP 343-1 module and its various options (AS-Interface, Industrial Ethernet, CP 343-1 IS1, CP 343-1 PN, CP 343-1 Advan, CP 343-1 ERPC).

Communication - Profinet Controller

Then you can select your Profinet-devices and add it by drag'n drop as you are used to it.

| Slot | Module | Order number | I address | Q address | Diagn... | C... | A... |
|---------|-------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|------|------|
| 0 | IM153-4PN | 6ES7 153-4AA01-0XB0 | | | 1017* | | Full |
| X1 | PN-IO | | | | 1016* | | Full |
| X1 P1 R | Port 1 | | | | 1019* | | Full |
| X1 P2 R | Port 2 | | | | 1018* | | Full |
| 1 | DD32xDC24V/ | 6ES7 322-1BL00-0AA0 | | 0...3 | | | Full |
| 2 | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | |

Despite of INSEVIS-Profinet-interface is configured like an additional CP343-1, the handling for S7-programming is like the onboard-Profinet on the S7-315-2 PN/DP.

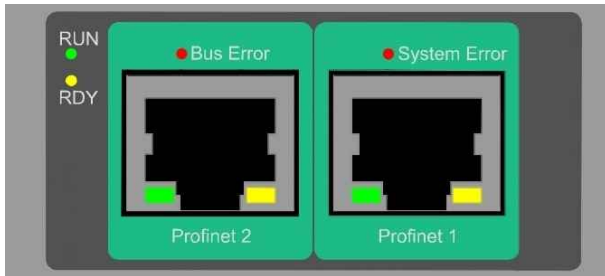
This means in detail, that:

- It is not necessary to configure a process data exchange between CPU and CP
- The alarm-OBs will be called by CPU by itself

Communication - Profinet IO Controller

Status-LEDs

Below the description of the Status-LEDs:



| LED | Color | LED-Status | Description |
|--------------------------|----------------|------------|--|
| RUN | green | on | Profinet system running |
| | | off | Profinet system down (e.g. no Profinet configuration loaded) |
| RDY | yellow | blinking | Profinet system error: Boot Error |
| | | on | Profinet system error: Boot Loader Waiting |
| | | off | Profinet system lown (Boot Error) |
| RUN + RDY | green + yellow | off | Power fail / damaged (if BOTH LEDs are off) |
| Bus Error | red | blinking | Profinet configuration error (e.g. not all IO-devices connected) |
| | | on | Profinet connection error No Link (z. B. no cable inserted) |
| | | off | No bus errors |
| System Error | red | blinking | Profinet system error (e.g. invalid configuration, watchdog) |
| | | on | Profinet diagonstic alarm reported (from min. one IO-device) |
| | | off | No bus errors |
| Bus Error + System Error | red + red | on | Non or invalid Profinet-Master license in the device |

Communication - Profibus DP-Master

Profibus DP

INSEVIS- PLCs with CPU-V and -P can be equipped with Profibus DP optionally. Therewith only the version DP-V0 is supported.



Hint: The CPU configuration can be made either in the Simatic® Manager or in the ConfigStage. The download of the Simatic® Manager overwrites all SDBs completely. Please do config Profibus and CPU **FIRST** and download it into the PLC. Than configure all the other configurations (Ethernet, RS232/485, Modbus, CAN and (de-)central periphery and alternatively the CPU) with the ConfigStage and download it **LATER**. This download does overwrite only the configured SDBs and keeps the Profibus configuration.

Connecting

| INSEVIS | description, other references |
|---------|--|
| VP | 5V-supply for repeater (only connect on demand) |
| Ctrl | Control signal for repeater (only connect on demand) |
| P | Signal RxD/TxD-P; PROFIBUS data line B; Siemens color code: red |
| N | Signal RxD/TxD-N; PROFIBUS data line A; Siemens color code: green |
| GND | potential separated Profibus-ground |

Profibus DP-Master

INSEVIS PLC offers the DPV0 Master as an optional module to be configured with the Siemens-Simatic Manager.

Configure the DP-Master

The Hardware configurator of Simatic is used to configure the DP Master as same as configuring the integrated DP interface of CPU315-2PN/DP as DP Master.

Specifics

The only deviations to the S7-315-2PN/DP- target PLC while using of Profibus are mentioned below:

- The Profibus-DP- master starts parameterization and configuration the Profibus-DP- slaves slaves first at NewStart after configuration download or PowerOn.
- Profibus Master diagnose address is fix 2047 (W#16#7FF)
- The specific deviations at OB 86 and SFC 11 are described in Chapter „System functions“.



VIDEO-tutorial available

There is available a link to the corresponding YouTube®-video at the INSEVIS-download website for use under Simatic®-Manager.

Communication - Profibus DP-Slave

Profibus DP-Slave

INSEVIS PLC offers the DP V0 Slave as an optional module to be configured with the Siemens-Simatic Manager.

Feature: max. 244 bytes of cyclic input data
 max. 244 bytes of cyclic output data
 max. 24 configurable slots
 GSD (device database file) "HIL0C0F.GSD" for DP-Master configuration
 DP V0

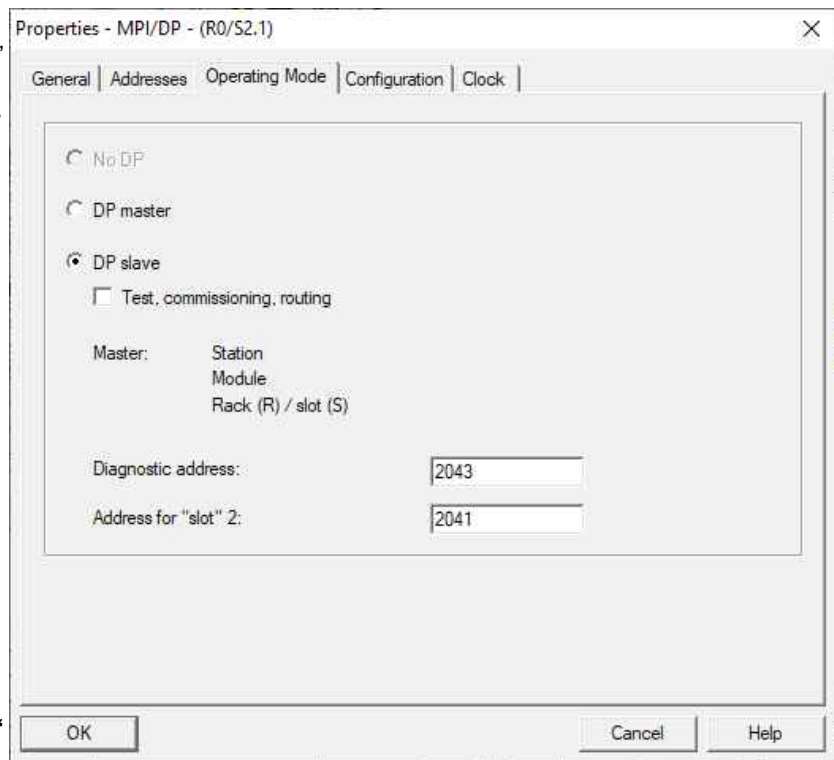
Differences compare to CPU315-2PN/DP:

- No active service (Testing, Routing)
- No direct data exchange (DX) service

Configure the DP-Slave

The Simatic hardware configurator is used to configure the DP-slave as same as configuring the integrated DP interface of CPU315-2PN/DP as DP-slave.

- Set integrated MPI/DP interface type as **PROFIBUS** under Properties->"General" tab
- Set DP-Slave-address under „Properties Profibus interface“ tab (opens automatically, otherwise press „Properties“)
 - Tab „Parameter“
 - Set the DP-Slave-Address (Hint Address 2 is often reserved for PG!) and
 - Set up the subnet as „not networked“ to prevent address conflicts
- confirm with the „OK“ button
- Set the interface as "DP-slave" under Properties
 - "Operating Mode" tab



Note:

- **Do not select "Test, commissioning, routing"!**
- **Do only use „Subnet / not networked“ to prevent address conflicts!**
- Via the "Diagnostic address" the DP-slave diagnoses the failure or return of the DP Master. In case of DP master failure / return, (or connector unplugged/ plugged), operating system calls OB86 as station failure (event W#16#39C4) / return (event W#16#38C4). If OB86 is not loaded, PLC goes into STOP mode.
- In case of DP-slave optional module is not placed but DP interface configured via hardware configurator, operating system does not make any entries in diagnostic buffer.
- In case of DP-slave module is placed, but DP interface configured as master via hardware configurator, operating system makes the following entry in diagnostic buffer:

| | |
|----------------------------|--------------------|
| Event: | 16# BF02 |
| OB: | 16# 00 |
| PK: | 16# FF |
| DatID 1/2: | 16# 00 01 |
| Additional info 1 / 2 / 3: | 16# 0000 0000 0000 |
- In case of CPU of DP-Slave mode changes (RUN ↔ STOP), the slave sends diagnose telegram to DP-Master (structure is described later on)



VIDEO-tutorial available

There is available a link to the corresponding YouTube®-video at the INSEVIS-download website for use under Simatic®-Manager.

Communication - Profibus DP-Slave

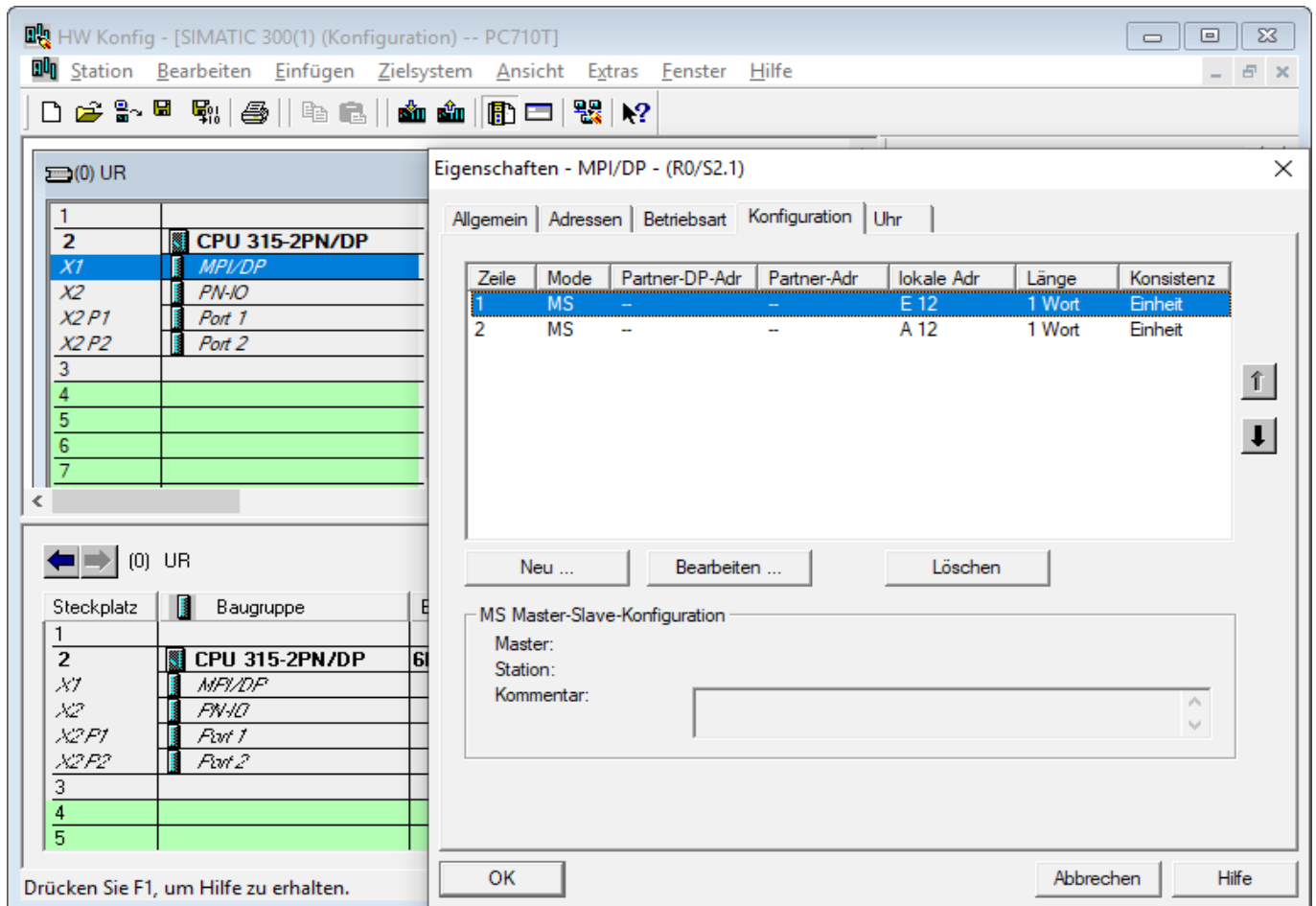
Configure the input / output slots of DP-slave

The DP Master does not access the connected inputs/ outputs of the INSEVIS PLC with integrated DP-Slave, but accesses a transitional area (slots) in the input/ output address space of the INSEVIS PLC - CPU. The user program for the INSEVIS PLC must take care of data exchange between the address area and the inputs/outputs.

Note:

- The configured input/output areas for data exchange between master and slaves must not be "occupied" by I/O modules.

The input / output virtual slots under Properties->"Configuration" tab in Hardware configurator.



Note:

- Maximum 21 virtual slots (rows) can be configured
- "Direct data exchange" (DX) mode is not supported, only Master-Slave configuration (MS) is supported
- In case of DP Master failure (or cable disconnected), and periphery direct access (e.g L PEW 2) to the configured slots causes the periphery access error OB122. If OB122 is not programmed, PLC goes to STOP.

Communication - Profibus DP-Slave

DP Master configuration for INSEVIS Profibus DP-slave

Please note that, in DP Master configuration to configure the INSEVIS PLC with DP-slave interface, use device database (GSD) file "HIL0C0F.GSD". **Do not use "CONFIGURED STATIONS → CPU 31X" in Hardware configurator.**

- Drag "COMX DP/DPS" modul from "Hardware Catalog" → PROFIBUS DP → "Additional Field Devices" → "General"
- Drop in DP Master system

HW Config - [SIMATIC 300(1) (Configuration) -- PC710T]

Station Edit Insert PLC View Options Window Help

PROFIBUS(1): DP-Mastersystem (1)

(3) COMX DP/DPS

| Slot | DP ID ... | Order Number / Designation | I Address | Q Address | Comment |
|------|-----------|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| 1 | 0 | blank space | | | |
| 2 | 0 | blank space | | | |
| 3 | 0 | blank space | | | |
| 4 | 160 | 1 Byte Out | | 256 | |
| 5 | 224 | 1 Word Out | | 257...258 | |
| 6 | 208 | 1 Word In | 256...257 | | |
| 7 | 144 | 1 Byte In | 258 | | |
| 8 | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | |

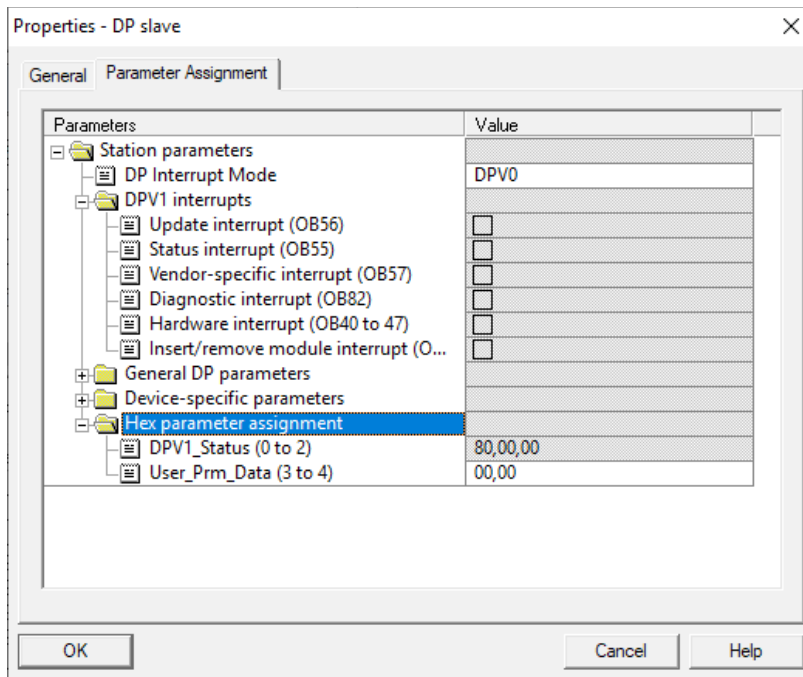
Field devices defined via device database files as DP slaves

Note:

- First 3 slots must be occupied blank space modul
- From 4th slot, the virtual input/outputs can be configured by **drag'n drop** (Alternatively the Universal module can be moved to a free slot and be parameterized completely, what is more complicated)
- Maximum 21 slots can be configured (exclusive first 3 blank space)

Communication - Profibus DP-Slave

Set DP-Slave parameter in properties → "Parameter Assignment" tab



Note:

- Uncheck all DPV1 interrupts
- Set "DP Interrupt mode" as DPV0
- Set "User_Prm_Data (3 to 4)" as "00, 00"

Structure of DP-Slave diagnostic data

DP-Slave diagnostic data consists of Standard diagnostic data (first 6 byte), Module diagnostic (Identification related diagnostics) and Modul status (Device related diagnostics).

| | |
|------------|---|
| Byte 0 | Station status byte 1 |
| Byte 1 | Station status byte 2 |
| Byte 2 | Station status byte 3 |
| Byte 3 | Master Profibus address |
| Byte 4 | Manufacturer ID (High byte) 0C |
| Byte 5 | Manufacturer ID (Low byte) 0F |
| Byte 6 | Module diagnostic (Identification related diagnostics) |
| ... | |
| Byte x - 1 | (length depends on the number of the configured slots) |
| Byte x | Module status (Device related diagnostics) |
| ... | |
| Byte y | (length depends on the number of the configured slots) |

Communication - Profibus DP-Slave

Station status byte 1

| Bit | Description | Remedy |
|-----|--|--|
| 0 | 1: Station does not exist | Check the Slave Address Check the bus connector |
| 1 | 1: Not ready for data exchange | |
| 2 | 1: Configuration data sent by DP-Master inconsistent | Check the configuration |
| 3 | Diagnostic interrupt 0: DP-Slave CPU in RUN 1: DP-Slave CPU is in STOP | Analyse Slave CPU's Diagnose buffer |
| 4 | 1: Function is not supported | Check the configuration |
| 5 | Always 0 | |
| 6 | 1: DP-Slave type inconsistent | Check parameter assignment |
| 7 | 1: DP-Slave configured by other DP-Master | |

Station status byte 2

| Bit | Description |
|-----|---|
| 0 | 1: DP-Slave requires new parameters and configuration |
| 1 | 1: A diagnostic message was received. The DP-Slave cannot resume operation until the error has been cleared (static diagnostic message). |
| 2 | Always 1 |
| 3 | 1: The watchdog monitor is enabled on DP-Slave. |
| 4 | 1: DP-Slave has received control command "FREEZE". |
| 5 | 1: DP-Slave has received control command "SYNC". |
| 6 | Always 0 |
| 7 | 1: DP-Slave is disabled, it has been excluded from cyclic processing. |

Station status byte 3

| Bit | Description |
|------|---|
| 0..6 | Always 0 |
| 7 | 1: The incoming diagnostic messages (sent by DP-slave) exceed the memory capacity of the DP-master. The DP master cannot write all diagnostic messages sent by the DP-Slave to its diagnostic buffer |

Master PROFIBUS address

| Bit | Description |
|------|---|
| 0..7 | DP Master address, which has configured the DP-Slave |
| | FF: DP-Slave was not configured by a DP-Master |

Manufacturer ID

| Byte 4 | Byte 5 |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 0C_H | 0F_H |

Communication - Profibus DP-Slave

Module diagnostics (Identification related diagnostics)

| | |
|--------|---|
| Byte 6 | Bit 6..7 = 01 : Code for module diagnostics Bit 0..5 = Length of module diagnostics inclusive byte 6. (dependent on the number of configured slots up to 4 byte) |
| Byte 7 | Bit 0 = Always 0 Bit 1 = 1 : Slave CPU in STOP 0 : Slave CPU in RUN Bit 2 = Always 0 Bit 3 = Entry for slot 4 Bit 4 = Entry for slot 5 Bit 5 = Entry for slot 6 Bit 6 = Entry for slot 7 Bit 7 = Entry for slot 8 |
| Byte 8 | Bit 0 .. 7 = Entry for slot 9 to 16 |
| Byte 9 | Bit 0 .. 7 = Entry for slot 17 to 24 |

Module status (Device related diagnostics)

The module status indicates the status of configured slots.

| | |
|------------|---|
| Byte x | Bit 6..7 = 00 Code for module status Bit 0..5 = Length of module status inclusive byte x. (dependent on the number of configured slots up to 10 byte) |
| Byte x + 1 | 82_h : Code for module status |
| Byte x + 2 | Always 0 |
| Byte x + 3 | Always 0 |
| Byte x + 4 | Bit 0..1 = Always 0 Bit 2..3 = CPU status, 00 : Ok, 01 : Fault Bit 4..5 = Always 0 Bit 6..7 = Slot 4 status, 00 : Ok, 01 : Fault |
| Byte x + 5 | Bit 0..1 = Slot 5 status ... Bit 6..7 = Slot 8 status |
| ... | ... |
| Byte y | Bit 0..1 = Slot 21 status Bit 2..3 = Slot 22 status Bit 4..5 = Slot 23 status Bit 6..7 = Slot 24 status |

Communication - Profibus DP-Slave

DP-Slave address assign with SFC 75 „SET_ADDR“

INSEVIS PLC provides the SFC 75 „SET_ADDR“ to change the DP-Slave address at runtime.

General Hints:

- It works asynchronously, in other words, its processing extends over several SFC calls
- It does not update the newly assigned address into system configuration (SDB).
- By STOP and next NEWSTART, the new address is preserved
- By next POWERON, DP- Slave assigned with the originally configured DP- address.

Hints for DP- Master:

- DP-Slave with old address diagnosed as station failure
- DP-Slave with new address diagnosed as station return

Hints for DP- Slave CPU (INSEVIS PLC):

- DP- Master diagnosed as failure und return with diagnose address (configured in DP- Slave). DP- Slave CPU calls OB86. If OB86 is not programmed, CPU goes into STOP.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|--|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Start the address assignment |
| LADDR | INPUT | WORD | DP-Slave interface address, fixed W#16#7FF |
| ADDR | INPUT | BYTE | New DP-Address |
| RET_VAL | OUTPUT | INT | Error code 0000 _H No error 7000 _H First call with REQ=FALSE, No assignment 7001 _H First call with REQ=TRUE, Assignment is in process 7002 _H Intermediate call, Parameters are evaluated 8090 _H LADDR parameter invalid, must be fixed W#16#7FF 8091 _H ADDR parameter invalid 809b _H Interface is not configured as DP-Slave 80C3 _H SFC called in lower priority level |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job is in process |

Communication - Profibus DP-Slave

DP-Slave address and baud rate assign with SFC 76 „SET_DPS“

INSEVIS PLC provides the SFC 76 „SET_DPS“ to change the DP-Slave address and baud rate at runtime.

- It works asynchronously, in other words, its processing extends over several SFC calls
- It does not update the newly assigned address into system configuration (SDB).
- By STOP and next NEWSTART, the new address and baud rate is preserved.
- By next POWERON, DP-Slave assigned with the originally configured DP-Address and baud rate.

In DP-Master:

- DP-Slave with old address diagnosed as Station failure
- DP-Slave with new address diagnosed as Station return

In DP-Slave CPU:

- DP-Master diagnosed as Failure and Return with Diagnose address (configured in DP-Slave). DP-Slave CPU calls OB86. If OB86 is not programmed, CPU goes to STOP.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|--|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Start the address assignment |
| LADDR | INPUT | WORD | DP-Slave interface address, fixed W#16#7FF |
| ADDR | INPUT | BYTE | New DP-Address |
| BAUD | INPUT | BYTE | New DP baud rate B#16#00 9.6 kbit/s B#16#01 19.2 kbit/s B#16#02 93.75 kbit/s B#16#03 187.5 kbit/s B#16#04 500 kbit/s B#16#06 1.5 Mbit/s B#16#07 3 Mbit/s B#16#08 6 Mbit/s B#16#09 12 Mbit/s B#16#0a 31.25 kbit/s B#16#0b 45.45 kbit/s B#16#0f Auto |
| RET_VAL | OUTPUT | INT | Error code 0000 _H No error 7000 _H First call with REQ=FALSE, No assignment 7001 _H First call with REQ=TRUE, Assignment is in process 7002 _H Intermediate call, Parameters are evaluated 8090 _H LADDR parameter invalid, must be fixed W#16#7FF 8091 _H ADDR parameter invalid 8092 _H BAUD parameter invalid 809b _H Interface is not configured as DP-Slave 80C3 _H SFC called in lower priority level |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job is in process |

UART

The INSEVIS UART interface allows a free programmable serial communication with STEP[®]7 as well as a comfortable communication in the background of standard protocols, to be configured with the Software tool „ConfigStage“. Common parameters (Baudrate, data format) have to be assigned in the „ConfigStage“ anyway. The operating system handles send and receive and buffers data. The following system functions allow access to these data buffers. Send and receive runs independent from S7, e.g. in stop-state too.



VIDEO-tutorial available

There are available samples how to assign a serial interface by ConfigStage and a link to the corresponding YouTube[®]-video at the INSEVIS-download website.

Sending data with SFB 60 "SEND_PTP", free ASCII

Data from a data block will be transferred with SFB 60.

The activation of the sending procedure starts after calling the data block and a positive edge on the control input REQ.

The range of data to send will be assigned by DB-no. and start address in DATA. Type- and length information of the ANY-pointer will be ignored.

LEN determines the length of the data block to send at the initiating call and returns always the current transmitted length. To enable the SFB to process the job it has to be called with R = FALSE.

At a positive edge on control input R the current transfer is aborted and the SFB is reset back into its basic state. A aborted job is terminated with an error message (STATUS- output).

With UART the interface will be selected.

The return value signalizes, if the data are entered complete into the send buffer or if the call needs to be repeated.

Either DONE will be set to TRUE, if the task was finished without any error, or ERROR will be set to TRUE, if the task was finished with any error. If the task has passed with DONE=TRUE it means, that data were sent to the communication partner. It is not sure, that these data were received from the communication partner as well.

In case of any error or warning the CPU shows in STATUS the corresponding event-no. DONE or ERROR/STATUS will be given at RESET of the SFB (R=TRUE) as well.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Offset | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|--------|--|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | 0.0 | "Request": Activates data transfer on a rising edge |
| R | INPUT | BOOL | 0.1 | "Reset": Job is aborted. Transmission is locked. |
| LADDR | INPUT | WORD | 2 | UART-index 0 = RS232, 1 = RS485 |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | 4.0 | FALSE: inactive or sending is still executed. TRUE: task is executed faultless The parameter is only set for one call. |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | 4.1 | Status parameter The parameter is only set for one call. |
| STATUS | OUTPUT | WORD | 6 | 0303hex = ANY- pointer to data area not valid 051Dhex = reset by input R |
| SD_1 | INOUT | ANY | 8 | ANY- pointer in data area of send data |
| LEN | INOUT | INT | 18 | Length in bytes |

The length of data to send is only limited by the parametrized data area. Consistent data will be transferred with variable length (max. 256 byte). The first consistent block has a length of 256 byte.

Communication - UART

Receive data with SFB 61 "RCV_PTP", free ASCII

Received data will be transferred with SFB 61 into a data block.

The data block is ready to receive after a call with value TRUE on input EN_R.

A running transfer can be canceled with signal state FALSE on parameter EN_R. A canceled task will be finished with an error message (STATUS- output).

The area of data to receive will be assigned by DB-no. and start address in RD_1. Type- and length information of the ANY-pointers will be ignored.

LEN determines the length of the data block to receive at the initiating call and returns always the current transmitted length. An initiating call is the next call following a call with R = TRUE or if LEN bytes are reached with returning NDR = TRUE.

Therewith the SFB can execute the task, it has to be called with R = FALSE.

At a positive edge on control input R the current transfer is aborted and the SFB is reset back into its basic state. An aborted job is terminated with an error message (STATUS- output).

The parameter UART selects the interface.

If the task was finished without any error NDR will be set to TRUE, if the task was finished with any error ERROR will be set to TRUE.

In case of any error or warning the CPU shows in STATUS the corresponding event-no. NDR or ERROR/STATUS will be given at RESET of the SFB (R=TRUE) as well.

Mode of operation:

The operating systems receive buffer is a ring buffer and has a size of 2 kByte and will be used with its whole length for user data. The SFB61 fetches data and copies this data linear into the specified S7 data area.

Using parameter LEN and NDR assumes to receive a known number of bytes (LEN). Receiving the last byte (byte[LEN-1]) NDR will be set TRUE and the next call starts again to write data into RD_1 from start position RD_1[0].

The Parameter EN_R is static and enables/disables the SFB, it does not disturb the receive and does not clear any buffer.

The Parameter R resets the internal state of SFB only and does not clear any buffer as well.

i.e.: Expecting disturbing data in the buffer, the SFB should be called to receive these data until LEN =0 will be returned.

Example: To receive data telegrams with unknown length set LEN to the maximum length. The SFB61 returns in LEN meanwhile the number of current received bytes. Now the user program can interpret the valid bytes in RD_1. Detecting the end of data, the task must be stopped by a call with R = TRUE.

Alternatively all bytes can be read separate using LEN = 1.

Hint: LEN must not be greater then the data area RD_1

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Offset | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|--------|--|
| EN_R | INPUT | BOOL | 0.0 | "Enable receive": enables receiving |
| R | INPUT | BOOL | 0.1 | "Reset": Job is aborted. |
| LADDR | INPUT | WORD | 2 | UART-Index 0 = RS232, 1 = RS485 |
| NDR | OUTPUT | BOOL | 4.0 | FALSE: Job has not been started or is still being executed TRUE: Job was completed successfully, data accepted The parameter is only set for one call. |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | 4.1 | Job completed with error. The parameter is only set for one call. |
| STATUS | OUTPUT | WORD | 6 | 0303hex = ANY- pointer to data area not valid 051Dhex = reset by input R |
| RD_1 | INOUT | ANY | 8 | ANY- pointer in data area of receive data |
| LEN | INOUT | INT | 18 | Length in bytes |

Communication - UART

Sending data with SFB 60 "SEND_PTP", Modbus RTU (Client)

To use the protocol Modbus RTU as Client (Master) it is necessary to config it all in the ConfigStage:

- protocol RS485 → to "RTU"
- no Modbus-RTU-Server enabled

A Modbus-RTU PDU from a data block will be transferred with SFB 60.

The activation of the sending procedure starts after calling the data block and a TRUE on the control input REQ.

The range of data to send will be assigned by DB-no. and start address in SD_1. Type- and length information of the ANY-pointer will be ignored.

In LEN the length of the data block to send will be assigned and the length of the actual transferred data will be given back. (This should be always the same lengths, because of Modbus-telegrams need to be transferred as a single, not interrupted block!) The length value refers to the Modbus user data (UID + RTU) without checksum. The operating system writes the checksum 2 bytes longer than the assigned length is. That's why the data area must be 2 bytes longer than the assigned sending length is.

To enable the SFB to process the job it has to be called with R = FALSE.

The return value signalizes, if the data are entered complete into the send buffer or if the call needs to be repeated.

Either DONE will be set to TRUE, if the task was finished without any error, or ERROR will be set to TRUE, if the task was finished with any error. If the task has passed with DONE=TRUE it means, that data were sent to the communication partner. It is not sure, that these data were received from the communication partner as well.

In case of any error or warning the CPU shows in STATUS the corresponding event-no. DONE or ERROR/STATUS will be given at RESET of the SFB (R=TRUE) as well.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Offset | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|--------|---|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | 0.0 | "Request": Activates data transfer while TRUE |
| R | INPUT | BOOL | 0.1 | "Reset": sending is disabled (Not necessary because of compatibility reasons) |
| LADDR | INPUT | WORD | 2 | only 1 = RS485 |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | 4.0 | FALSE: inactive or sending is still executed. (not conform to Modbus timing rules) TRUE: task is executed faultless The parameter is only set for one call. |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | 4.1 | „Error“ failure state in STATUS The parameter is only set for one call. |
| STATUS | OUTPUT | WORD | 6 | 0303hex = ANY- pointer to data area not valid 051Dhex = reset by input R |
| SD_1 | INOUT | ANY | 8 | ANY- pointer in data area of send data - UID (1 byte target address) - PDU: Modbus-command (1 Byte) ... Modbus-address, number ... (specific for each commando) -CRC (reserving 2 byte space in data area) |
| LEN | INOUT | INT | 18 | Length of user data (without checksum) in bytes |

Communication - UART

Receive data with SFB 61 "RCV_PTP", Modbus RTU (Client)

To use the protocol Modbus RTU as Client (Master) it is necessary to config it all in the ConfigStage (see SFB60)
 Received data will be transferred with SFB 61 into a data block.

The activation of the sending procedure starts after calling the data block and a TRUE on the control input REQ.
 The range of data to send will be assigned by DB-no. and start address in RD_1. Type- and length information of the ANY-pointer will be ignored.

In LEN the length of the data block to receive will be assigned and the length of the actual transferred data will be given back.
 The length value refers to the Modbus user data (UID + RTU) without checksum. The operating system writes the checksum 2 bytes longer than the assigned length is. That's why the data area must be 2 bytes longer than the assigned sending length is.

To enable the SFB to process the job it has to be called with R = FALSE.

Either NDR will be set to TRUE, if the task was finished without any error, or ERROR will be set to TRUE, if the task was finished with any error.

In case of any error or warning the CPU shows in STATUS the corresponding event-no. NDR or ERROR/STATUS will be given at RESET of the SFB (R=TRUE) as well.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Offset | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|--------|--|
| EN_R | INPUT | BOOL | 0.0 | "Enable receive": release of receive |
| R | INPUT | BOOL | 0.1 | "Reset": sending is disabled (Not necessary because of compatibility reasons) |
| LADDR | INPUT | WORD | 2 | UART-index only 1 = RS485 |
| NDR | OUTPUT | BOOL | 4.0 | TRUE: task is executed faultless, Data assumed FALSE = still receiving |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | 4.1 | „Error“ failure state in STATUS The parameter is only set for one call. |
| STATUS | OUTPUT | WORD | 6 | 0303hex = ANY- pointer to data area not valid 051Dhex = reset by input R 0000hex = ok 0001hex = blocked by an other job 0002hex = nothing received 0003hex = received < 2 bytes 0004hex = CRC Error, data ignored 0005hex = Parity error 0006hex = receiving in progress |
| RD_1 | INOUT | ANY | 8 | ANY- pointer in data area of receive data - UID (1 byte target address) - PDU: Modbus-command (1 Byte) ... Modbus-address, number ... (specific for each commando) -CRC (reserving 2 byte space in data area) |
| LEN | INOUT | INT | 18 | Length of user data (without checksum) in bytes |

It is not allowed to use SFC60/61 similar in multiple processing layers (OB1, OB35).

Modbus RTU (Server)

To use the protocol Modbus RTU as server (slave) it is necessary to config it all in the ConfigStage:

- RS485 baud rate max. 19200
- Data format 8E1 (=Modbus-recommendation)
- Protocol RS485 to "RTU"
- Modbus-RTU-Server enable
- Define mapping on (existing!) S7-operators

following commands will be supported

- 01 (0x01) Read Coils
- 02 (0x02) Read Discrete Inputs
- 03 (0x03) Read Holding Registers
- 04 (0x04) Read Input Registers
- 05 (0x05) Write Single Coil
- 06 (0x06) Write Single Register
- 15 (0x0F) Write Multiple Coils
- 16 (0x10) Write Multiple Registers

In S7 nothing must be programmed. All the data will be processed from the operating system in background synchronous to the control point.



VIDEO-tutorial available

There are available samples how to assign a Modbus RTU interface by ConfigStage and a link to the corresponding YouTube[®]-video at the INSEVIS-download website.

Communication - UART

Receive data via RS232 with defined End Code

To use the protocol "Receive with defined End Code" it is necessary to config it all in the Config Stage

Mode "On Expiry of Character Delay Time"

SFB61 must be called with the maximum length of a expected receive message (in parameter LEN).

NDR will be returned true, if the maximum length is reached or no data are received for longer than defined Delay Time since last receive by SFB61.

Due to the protocol is completely handled in runtime of SFB61 it is necessary that 2 consecutive messages are separated by a time gap longer then twice SFB61-cycle time. Elsewise these messages are merged.

Mode "On Receipt of End Character"

SFB61 must be called with the maximum length of a expected receive message (in parameter LEN).

NDR will be returned true, if the maximum length is reached or the specified end character(s) are detected. LEN and received message are returned inclusive end character(s).

Due to the protocol is completely handled in runtime of SFB61 it is necessary that no characters are sent after the end key character(s). Elsewise characters received between end key character(s) and SFB61-call get lost.

Change the UART-configuration by SFB 130 "CFG_PTP"

INSEVIS-PLCs offer a SFB 130 "CFG_PTP", to query ore to write the parameters of the UART-interface of the PLC. Therewith the valid configuration, will be overwritten to the next new start (warm start).

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Offset | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|--------|---|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | 0.0 | TRUE = Overwriting the UART-configuration, FALSE = Query the UART-configuration, |
| UART | INPUT | WORD | 2 | 0 = RS232, 1 = RS485 |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | 4.0 | TRUE = configured successfully FALSE = configuration failed |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | 4.1 | TRUE = configuration failed |
| STATUS | OUTPUT | WORD | 6 | Statuscode: 10hex = Index UART not valid 20hex = Baud rate BAUD not valid 30hex = Data format DATA_FMRT not valid 40hex = Modbus-Server Unit-Identifier UID not valid |
| BAUD | INOUT | DINT | 8 | Baud rate in bit/s, e.g. "9600" Value must be > 0 |
| DATA_FMRT | INOUT | BYTE | 12 | CPU-V/P: 0 = 8 data bit, no parity 1 = 8 data bit, even parity 2 = 8 data bit, odd parity CPU-T (above OS 2.5.1): bit .3 - .0 0 = no parity 1 = even parity 2 = odd parity 3 = mark parity (1) 4 = space parity (0) bit .5 - .4 0 = 1 stop bit 1 = 1,5 stop bits (5 data bits only) 2 = 2 stop bits (except 5 data bits) bit .7 - .6 0 = 8 data bits 1 = 7 data bits 2 = 6 data bits 3 = 5 data bits |
| UID | INOUT | BYTE | 13 | 0 = configuration ASCII or Modbus-RTU client 1..247 = Modbus-RTU Server Unit-Identifier (RS485 only) |

It is not allowed to use SFB130 at the same time in multiple process layers (OB1, OB35).

CAN

All INSEVIS-PLCs contain a CAN-Master.

The INSEVIS CAN-interface allows

- a **comfortable configuration -conform to CANopen-** with the cost free software tool „ConfigStage“
 - a) of decentral INSEVIS-periphery (completely without CAN-knowledge) and
 - b) of decentral external periphery (easily with automatic importable EDS-file).
- as well as a **free programming of the CAN-communication with STEP7.**

As global parameter a **baudrate** is to be determined.
 For physical reasons the maximum baudrate of a CAN bus depends on the maximum line length. In case of inserted repeater or isolators an additional reduction of baudrate may be required.

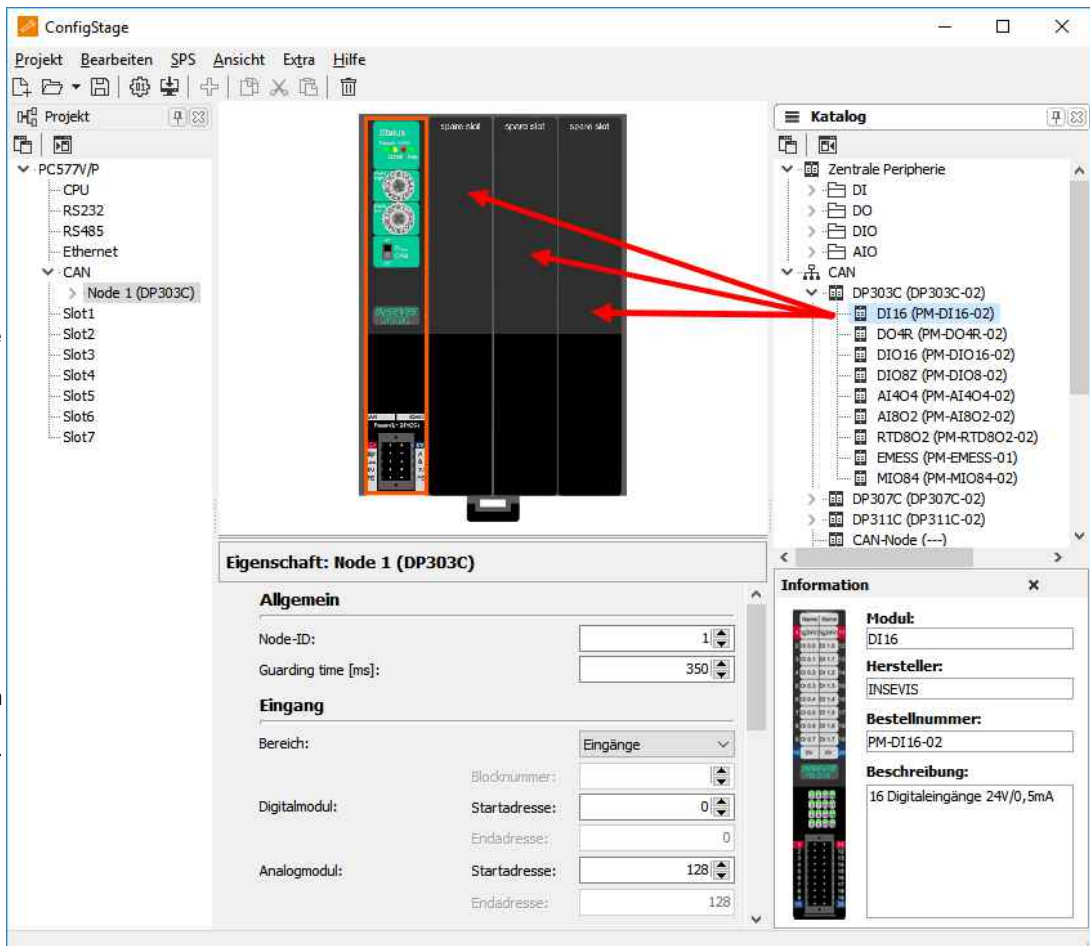
| Baudrate (kbit) | maximum busline length (m) |
|-----------------|----------------------------|
| 1000 | 20 ... 50 |
| 500 | 100 |
| 250 | 250 |
| 125 | 500 |
| 50 | 1000 |

CANopen® Configuration with the ConfigStage

The settings are easy to do in the configuration software ConfigStage and → explained in the chapter „ConfigStage“ below the issue „CAN-settings“ in detail.

- a) **With INSEVIS-periphery as decentral periphery there is no CANopen® knowledge necessary.**
 Only these little assignments are needed:

- Type in the node-ID (what are to be set up on hardware hexadecimal turn-switches on INSEVIS CAN-head station)
- Assign the guarding time you want. (Within this time the PLC requests the state of the CAN-node and forwards error messages by the SFB114 (CAN-state request) to the OB186.
- The start address of the decentral I/O addressing can not be assigned to the single decentral periphery modules, only once to the head station. Than these addresses can be used like INSEVIS-onboard periphery.



Communication - CAN

b) To link external slaves conform to CANopen® there is an easy configuration as well by:

The screenshot displays two windows from the ConfigStage software. The left window, 'RxPDO Configuration', is set for PDO Number 1. Under 'COB ID', the 'According to CIA DS301' option is selected. The 'Node ID' is set to 203. Under 'Communication parameter', 'Download' is checked, and 'Transmission type' is set to 254. The 'S7 Mapping' section shows 'Area' as 'Data block', 'Block number' as 10, and 'Byte offset' as 0. The 'Mapping' section shows a table with 8 rows, where the first three rows are populated with data types and indices: Word (6040, 00) for Controlword, Word (6060, 00) for Modes of Operation, and DWord (607A, 00) for Target Position. A 'Show CAN objects' button is highlighted in blue. The right window, 'CAN Objects', shows a list of objects with columns: Description, Index, Sub index, Data type, Low..., Default..., and High limit. The first three objects are: Controlword (Index 6040, Sub index 00, Data type UINT16), Modes of Operation (Index 6060, Sub index 00, Data type INT16), and Target Position (Index 607A, Sub index 00, Data type INT32). Three red arrows point from the 'Show CAN objects' button to these three entries.

- Import of the vendor specific EDS-file
- and
- configuration of the CAN-objects by the ConfigStage software.

Communication - CAN

Send CAN telegrams with SFB105

Any CAN telegrams can be sent with SFB 105. Although the CAN telegrams will be entered into the send buffer and the further cycle does not need to be considered.

The return value signals the buffer overflow, which normally only occurs at physical damages or heavy program errors.

| Parameter | Declaration | Type of data | Offset | Description |
|-----------|-------------|------------------------|--------|---|
| COB-ID | INPUT | DWORD | 0 | CAN telegram identifier (11 or 29 bit, right justified) |
| RTR | INPUT | BOOL | 4.0 | „Remote Transmit Request“ Requests the sending of the CAN telegram of the proper identifier. Useful without data only, it means DLC = 0. |
| IDE | INPUT | BOOL | 4.1 | Identifier format 0: 11 bit 1: 29 bit |
| DLC | INPUT | BYTE | 5 | „Data Length Code“ Number of bytes to send in data field (0..8) |
| DATA | INPUT | ARRAY[1..8] of BYTE | 6 | User data |
| Status | OUTPUT | WORD | 14 | Return value with state bits: Bit 0: Buffer overflow e.g. - due to „flood“ of transmit buffer by user program - caused by wiring error no telegrams can be sent Bit 1: Parameter error COB-ID Bit 2: Parameter error DLC |

Receive CAN telegrams with SFB106

All received CAN telegrams, which could not be dedicated to any service, will be kept in a receive buffer and can be read with SFB106.

The return value signals the buffer content and buffer overflow.

| Parameter | Declaration | Type of data | Offset | Description |
|-----------|-------------|------------------------|--------|---|
| COB-ID | OUTPUT | DWORD | 0 | CAN telegram identifier (11 or 29 bit, right justified) |
| RTR | OUTPUT | BOOL | 4.0 | „Remote Transmit Request“ Requests the sending of the CAN telegram of the proper identifier. Useful without data only, it means DLC = 0. |
| IDE | OUTPUT | BOOL | 4.1 | Identifier format 0: 11 bit 1: 29 bit |
| DLC | OUTPUT | BYTE | 5 | „Data Length Code“ Number of bytes to send in data field (0..8) |
| DATA | OUTPUT | ARRAY[1..8] of BYTE | 6 | User data |
| Status | OUTPUT | WORD | 14 | Return value .0 Buffer empty: no data received .1 Buffer overflow: received too much telegrams since last call |

Receive event OB106

Every entry in the user receive buffer will be signaled by an OB106 call.

Thereby can be realized an event-controlled communication. Also buffer overflows at cycle time exceedings and high data volumes can be prevented.

Communication - CAN

SDO transfer SFB107

With the SFC107 it is possible to have a comfortable access to variables of CAN-nodes compatible to CANopen®. The FB107-113 in the sample are useful as interface to ease parameter handling.

On the beginning of a SDO transfer it is necessary to set the request bit. It will be ignored while running communication.

Because of the SDO communication will be receipted always, the interface needs to be called multiple times, until the return bits „Done“ ore „error“ are set. On segmented transfer will be communicated up to 7 bytes an every call.

| Parameter | Declaration | Type of data | Offset | Description |
|-----------|-------------|--|--------|--|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | 0.0 | Request |
| ULD | INPUT | BOOL | 0.1 | Upload 0: SDO download, write CANopen variable 1: SDO upload, read CANopen variable |
| SEG | INPUT | BOOL | 0.2 | Segmented SDO transfer for objects > 4 byte 0: expedited SDO (1..4 byte) 1: segmented SDO transfer |
| NODE | INPUT | BYTE | 1 | Node ID |
| OBJ | INPUT | WORD | 2 | CANopen-object index |
| SUB | INPUT | BYTE | 4 | CANopen-object subindex |
| CNT | INPUT | BYTE | 5 | Number of bytes of variable [1,2,4] |
| TIMEOUT | INPUT | WORD | 6 | Timeout in ms [1..32767], 0 = endless |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | 8.0 | Finished without failures |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | 8.1 | Finished with failures |
| STATE | OUTPUT | BYTE | 9 | Return value 0: OK 1: Parameter error 2: no SDO channel available 3: overflow of send buffer 4: received SDO error response 5: Error object index / subindex 6: Unexpected answer 7: Faulty length at seg. SDO 8: Faulty length at exp. SDO 9: Timeout |
| DATA | INOUT | ARRAY[1..6] of BYTE Area pointer | 10 | Expedited SDO: User data 1..4 byte Segmented SDO: array pointer for user data |
| LEN | INOUT | WORD | 16 | Number of communicated bytes (relevant only for segmented SDO) |
| INTERN | STATIC | ARRAY[1..7] of BYTE | 18..24 | internal variables |

Next follow the samples of user FBs;:

| FB107 SDO upload variable byte | FB108 SDO download variable byte | FB109 SDO upload variable word |
|--|--|--|
| Request Node: node-ID Object Subindex Data byte Return values: Done, Error, Error code | Request Node: node-ID Object Subindex Data byte Return values: Done, Error, Error code | Request Node: node-ID Object Subindex Data word Return values: Done, Error, Error code |

Communication - CAN

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| FB110 SDO download variable word Request Node: node-ID Object Subindex Data word Return values: Done, Error, Error code | FB111 SDO upload variable double word Request Node: node-ID Object Subindex Data double word Return values: Done, Error, Error code | FB112 SDO download variable double word Request Node: node-ID Object Subindex Data double word Return values: Done, Error, Error code |
| FB113 SDO transfer string Request Upload-Control Flag (0=download, 1=upload) Node: node-ID Object Subindex S7-Area pointer in data Length of data field / of data to be sent / of received data in byte Return values: Done, Error, Error code | | |

Alternative function of SFB107

The configuration software „ConfigStage“ assigns for each CAN-node a list of SDO-downloads to configure the CAN-node, what will be processed while PLC is booting.

SDO-object index 0 is ref. to CANopen not allowed as a variable. If SFB107 is called with SDO-object index 0, the complete internal structure of the respective CAN-node will be written.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Offset | Description |
|-----------|-------------|---------------------|--------|--|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | 0.0 | Request |
| ULD | INPUT | BOOL | 0.1 | Upload 0: SDO download, writing CANopen-variable |
| SEG | INPUT | BOOL | 0.2 | Segmented SDO transfer for objects > 4 Byte 0: expedited SDO (1..4 Byte) |
| NODE | INPUT | BYTE | 1 | Node ID |
| OBJ | INPUT | WORD | 2 | CANopen-object-index (must be 0 here) |
| SUB | INPUT | BYTE | 4 | CANopen-object-sub-index (must be 0 here) |
| CNT | INPUT | BYTE | 5 | Not used |
| TIMEOUT | INPUT | WORD | 6 | Timeout in ms [1..32767], 0 = infinity Timeout valid for each single transfer |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | 8.0 | Complete liste processed |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | 8.1 | Single-transfer finished with error; If the SFB107 is still called, the processing of the list goes on |
| STATE | OUTPUT | BYTE | 9 | Return value 0: OK 1: Parameter error 2: no SDO chanal available 3: Send buffer overflow 4: SDO-error received response 5: Error object-index/ -subindex 6: Unexpected answer 9: Timeout |
| DATA | INOUT | ARRAY[1..6] of BYTE | 10 | Internal used, Watching of actual user data possible, Return of SDO-error code when abort |
| LEN | INOUT | WORD | 16 | Index of the actual processed list entry (via all nodes) Done: Total number of processed entries (all nodes) |
| INTERN | STATIC | ARRAY[1..7] of BYTE | 18..24 | Internal variables |

Communication - CAN

CAN status request SFB114

SFB114 delivers the instance data block a status word and a list with actual status information from nodes compatible to CANopen.

| Parameter | Declaration | Type of data | Offset | Description |
|-----------|-------------|------------------------------|--------|--|
| TXOFL | OUTPUT | BOOL | 0.0 | CAN transmit buffer overflow |
| RXOFL | OUTPUT | BOOL | 0.1 | CAN receive buffer overflow |
| L2BUFOFL | OUTPUT | BOOL | 0.2 | CAN unser receive buffer overflow |
| NMT_ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | 0.3 | CANopen [®] NMT error (Node-Guarding, Heartbeat) |
| OP_ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | 0.4 | CANopen [®] node not OPERATIONAL |
| HW_ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | 0.5 | CAN-hardware error |
| SDO_ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | 0.6 | CANopen [®] initializing of node by SDO faulty |
| NODESTATE | OUTPUT | ARRAY [1..128] of BYTE | 2 | Status value of CANopen node list 00 hex BOOTUP = at last received bootup telegram from node 01 hex UNKNOWN = configured but no response from node 02 hex MISSED = no more answer from node 03 hex UNAVAILABLE = no Guarding because of communication errors 04 hex STOPPED 05 hex OPERATIONAL 7F hex PREOPERATIONAL 80 hex node not configured - unused |

CAN error event OB186

The OB106 signalizes a device failure of configured CAN-devices.

| Parameter | Declaration | Type of data | Offset | Description |
|-----------|-------------|--------------|--------|---|
| EVENT | OUTPUT | BYTE | 0 | 39 hex error comes 38 hex error goes = node is working again |
| | OUTPUT | BYTE | 1 | C4 hex |
| | OUTPUT | BYTE | 2 | |
| | OUTPUT | BYTE | 3 | |
| | OUTPUT | DWORD | 4 | |
| | OUTPUT | BYTE | 8 | Node ID |

Automatic return

At CANopen the nodes will be configured in a preparation (PREOPERATIONAL) and transfer user data autonomous at run-time (OPERATIONAL). Although there is a controlling, if all nodes still do communicate (Node-Guarding or Heartbeat).

If the communication to a CAN-node temporary fails during the operation, the node is during return in PREOPERATIONAL mode. The error handling and a new integration of the node is due to the application program (to the S7-programmer).

Failed nodes will be recognized by SFB114.

The node state values of SFB114 are results of Node-Guarding or Heartbeat.

Communication - CAN

If a node is in PREOPERATIONAL mode, it is ready to take part in communication again. But it is probable, that the node has lost its configuration (e.g. by to less voltage).

For the new configuration the SFB107 (with OBJ = 0) can be used, the command „goto OPEATIONAL“ will be sent by SFB105. Wait until a new nodestate is available afterwards.

```
// call SFB114 (via local instance)
CALL #CAN_State
TXOFL :=
RXOFL :=
L2BUFOFL :=
NMT_ERROR:=
OP_ERROR :=
HW_ERROR :=
SDO_ERROR:=
NODESTATE:=

...
// test all critical nodes for state == PREOPERATIONAL or BOOTUP
U(
L #CAN_State.NODESTATE[2] // Node 2
L B#16#7F // 7F = PREOPERATIONAL
<>I
)
U(
L #CAN_State.NODESTATE[2] // Node 2
L B#16#00 // 00 = BOOTUP
<>I
)
SPB end // exit or test next node

// call SFB107 with OBJ = 0
CALL #SFB107i
REQ :=TRUE
ULD :=FALSE
SEG :=FALSE
Node :=B#16#2// current Node
OBJ :=W#16#0
SUB :=B#16#0
CNT :=
TIMEOUT:=W#16#64 // 100ms
DONE :=
ERROR :=
STATE :=
DATA :=
LEN :=
...
U #SFB107i.ERROR
... // Error handling

U #SFB107i.DONE
... // finished: goto „send NMT command“
SPA end

// send NMT command „goto OPERATIONAL“
L B#16#1 // CMD goto operational
T #Data[1]
L B#16#2 // Node 2
T #Data[2]

CALL #CAN_Send
COBID :=DW#16#0
RTR :=FALSE
IDE :=FALSE
DLC :=B#16#2 // 2 Bytes
DATA :=#Data
STATUS:=

// wait > Guarding/Heartbeat-Time before use return value of SFB114 again
```

Configuration with the Software „ConfigStage“

It is very easy to configure and parametrize all INSEVIS- PLCs and internal or external CAN-Periphery with the free software tool „ConfigStage“. First you select your device from the list of offered devices. After having selected your device there opens up a window with some areas.

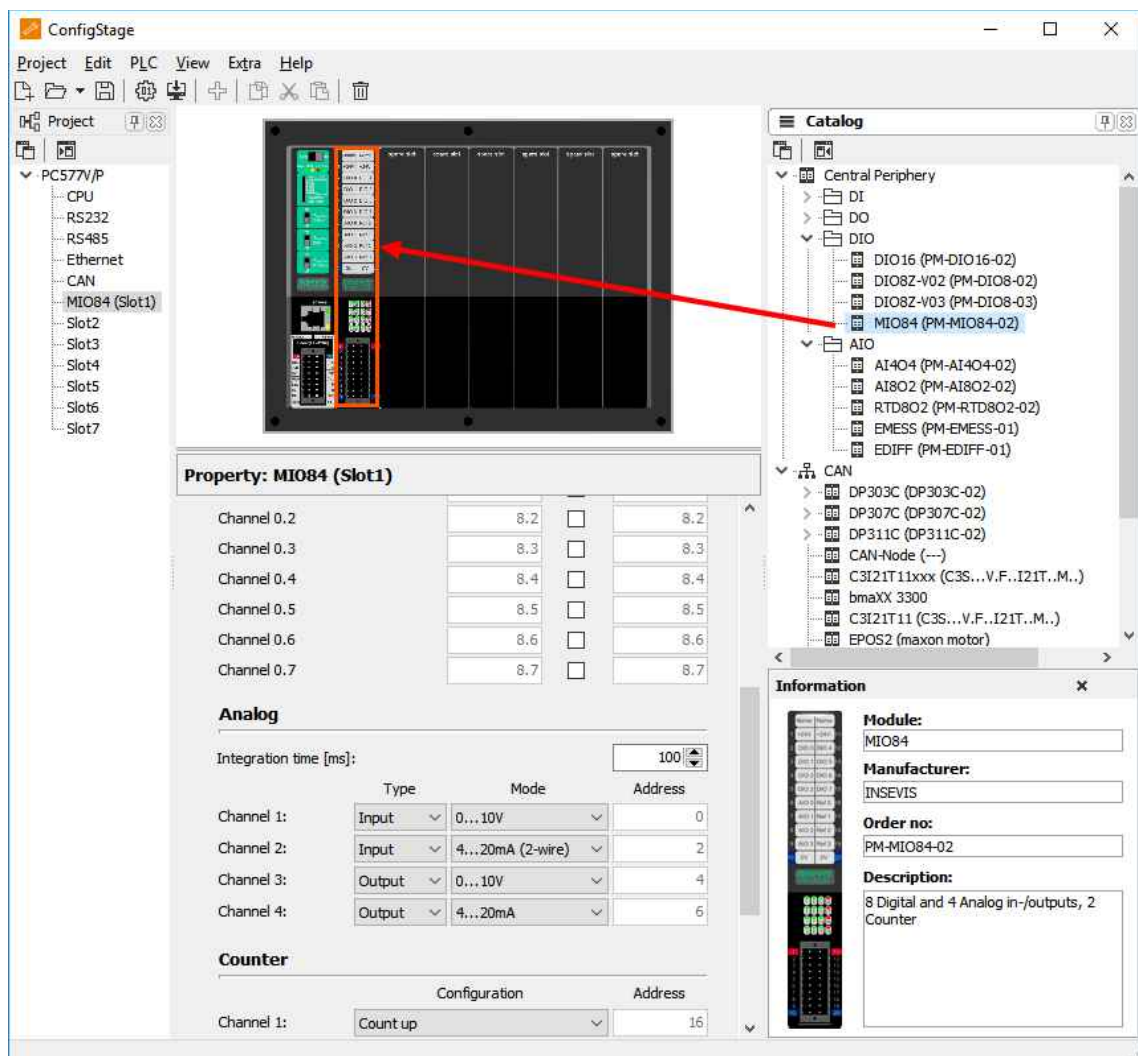


VIDEO-tutorials available

There are available different video tutorial in the ConfigStage play list at INSEVIS Simatic®-channel INSEVIS EN. Sample programs are ready to download from INSEVIS web site.

Basic settings

- Middle PLC you selected (from rear side) without any periphery
- Left self constructing project tree with the configurable functions of the CPU, free slots and the periphery already configured
- Right catalog area with all periphery modules and decentral CAN-peripheries available
 - periphery modules will be moved by drag`n drop to the preferred slot
 - CAN-head stations will be also moved by drag`n drop to the green area in the CPUs image or to the CAN-pins in the connectors image
- Bottom Configuration area, where the properties will be configured
- Bottom right Information area of the selected module



Hint: The Profibus- and CPU-configuration (without INSEVIS-specific settings for Ethernet, serial and CAN) can be made in the Simatic® Manager. The download of the Simatic® Manager overwrites all SDBs completely. Please do config Profibus and CPU **FIRST** and download it into the PLC. Than configure all the other configurations (CPU with Ethernet, RS232/485, Modbus, CAN and (de-)central periphery and) with the ConfigStage and download it **LATER**. This download does overwrite only the configured SDBs and keeps the Profibus- and CPU-settings off the Simatic®- Manager.

Configuration with the Software „ConfigStage“

Assign the IP-address

ConfigStage can change the IP-address of the target device.

Either

- Click on „Ethernet“ in the project tree
- Enter the IP-address, netmask and router-address (if checked)

IP Protocol

IP Address:

Netmask:

Router address:

or:

- enter the download-dialog box (F12). (There will be used the service "Accessible devices" like in other INSEVIS-Stages)

In this sample a IP-address 192.168.80.50 was assigned in the configuration, see below.

This new configuration must be downloaded to the old IP-address 192.168.80.67 once before it is active. This target-IP-address is to be

- entered manually
- or
- selected from a list of accessible devices (press „Refresh“)

For the download the PLC will be switched to STOP mode and restarts later.

ConfigStage

Target device IP address
Enter target device IP address or select the device from accessible device list.

Target device IP address:

Accessible devices

Interface:

| Name | MAC address | IP Address | Netmask | Router address |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| INSEVIS PC57xV | 00-50-C2-DF-3E-3D | 192.168.80.67 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.80.67 |

Change target device

If an existing configuration should be transferred to another INSEVIS-S7-PLC, it can be done at the „Project“-menu. It helps saving time and prevents errors.

Addressing of the onboard periphery

Standard addressing ind the INSEVIS- PLCs

Without using software tool „ConfigStage“ the following address area will be set up in a standard way:

digital module: 4 byte inputs, 4 byte outputs
 analog module: 16 byte inputs, 16 byte outputs

| start address \ slot | slot 1 | slot 2 | slot 3 | slot n |
|----------------------|----------|----------|----------|--------------------|
| digital inputs | byte 0 | byte 4 | byte 8 | byte (n-1)x4 |
| digitale outputs | byte 0 | byte 4 | byte 8 | byte (n-1)x4 |
| analog inputs | byte 128 | byte 144 | byte 160 | byte (n-1)x16 +128 |
| analog outputs | byte 128 | byte 144 | byte 160 | byte (n-1)x16 +128 |



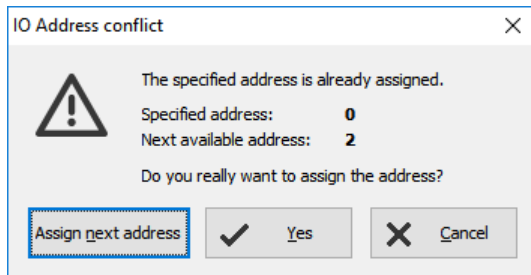
If a functional module FM DIO8-Z is placed, all following digital address areas will be moved for 8 byte more.

Configuration with the Software „ConfigStage“

Different addressing in PLCs and addressing of decentral periphery

If decentral periphery is used and/or other should be used other address areas in the PLCs, it will be configured with the software tool „ConfigStage“ and the set up date will be stored in the system data blocks (SDBs).

The used periphery address area can be displayed in an own window. The pull down menu „View“ → „Address overview“ creates this window with all periphery addresses used.



When addresses will be assigned there is an plausibility check already and only if you skip the warning an address conflict is possible. This conflict is shown in the address overview in red.

| Type | Address | Module | Node | Slot |
|--------|----------|--------------|------|------|
| Input | 0 .. 1 | DI16 | | 1 |
| Input | 1 .. 2 | DI16 | | 2 |
| Input | 8 .. 9 | DIO16 | | 3 |
| Output | 8 .. 9 | DIO16 | | 3 |
| Input | 12 .. 23 | DIO8Z-V03 | | 4 |
| Output | 12 .. 23 | DIO8Z-V03 | | 4 |
| Output | 24 .. 24 | DO4R | | 7 |
| Input | 24 .. 25 | DP303C.DIO16 | 1 | 1 |
| Output | 25 .. 26 | DP303C.DIO16 | 1 | 1 |

CPU settings

The CPU settings are compatible to the Siemens-CPU S7-315-2PNDP in the Simatic®-Manager. Either via project tree or by clicking directly on the image all different CPU properties can be set up easily in the ConfigStage.

General

Insert plant- and location designation

Startup

Box checked: CPU shall start, if the present configuration mismatches to actual configuration
 Timeout: multiply this value with 100 milliseconds, the maximal value is limited to 1000 seconds

Diagnostic

Box checked: Reports the cause for STOP-condition to the connected devices (PG, host system,...) to be entered in diagnostic buffer too.

Know-how protection

The write or read/write protection. Password protection from Simatic®- Manager is not affected of it and to activate there.

Communication

INSEVIS-CPU's contain as well as the Siemens CPU 315-2PN/DP system internal **16 passive S7-connections**. 1

Additionally there can be parameterized **up to 16 active S7-connections** by the ConfigStage and numbered by an own ID-number.

General
 Plant designation: Extruder line 1
 Location designation: Area 1

Startup
 Startup if present configuration does not match actual configuration
 Timeout for transferring of parameter to modules [100ms]: 100

Diagnostic
 Report cause of STOP
 Number of messages in diagnostic buffer: 10

Protection
 No protection
 Write-Protection
 Write-/Read Protection
 Password: []
 Reenter password: []

Communication
 Reserved connection resources for:
 PG Communication: 1
 OP Communication: 1
 Maximum number of connection resources: 16

More at **Information about TSAPs**

Configuration with the Software „ConfigStage“

Cycle

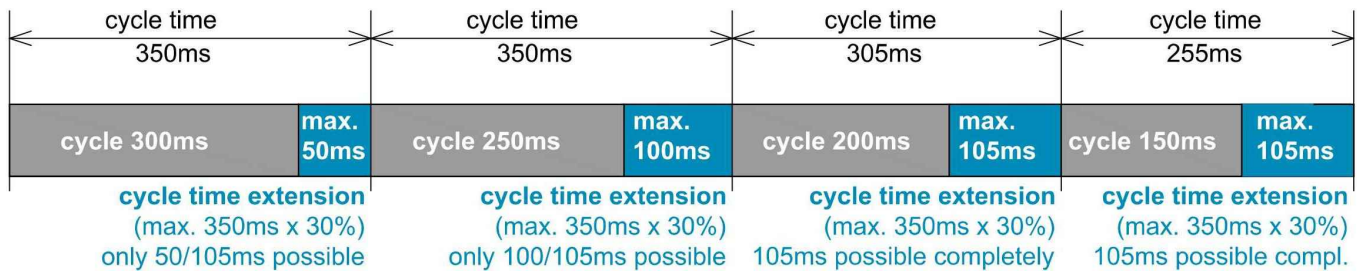
Cycle monitoring time:
(Insert it in ms, max. 6000ms = 6 seconds):

Cycle load from communication
(cycle time extension, min. 10% , max. 50%)
for communication (Ethernet, field bus, PG), visualization, file system of Micro-SD®-card)

| Cycle | |
|---|-----|
| Scan cycle monitoring time [ms]: | 320 |
| Scan cycle load from communication [%]: | 20 |
| Process input image area size: | 128 |
| Process output image area size: | 128 |

The declaration of the cycle time in the PG is carried out from control point to control point. This contains communication and visualization. Independent from the S7-program an unsteady cycle time can occur.

For that case it is possible to declare a limit value in relation to the cycle monitoring time, what is used for filling out the „free time“ with time for communication (or visualization, etc).



In this sample the cycle time can be extended max. by 30% of 350ms (= 105ms). If this time is not needed for communication (visualization, etc), it is available for other tasks.

Clock

check memory byte and insert its number from value 0

Retentive memory

Merkerbytes:
total 2.048 (thereof 0..15 preset)
Timer and counter:
total 256 (no preset)

Time-Of-Day interrupt

Box checked: Time-Of-Day interrupt activated
Insert interval areas, starting date and starting time

Cyclic interrupt

CPUs -V/P support the OB35 only Value in milliseconds (ms), maximal value is 1 minute (60,000 ms)
CPU -T supports the OB32...OB34 too Value in milliseconds (ms), maximal value is 1 minute (60,000 ms)

| Clock | |
|--|------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Clock memory byte | 0 |
| Retentive memory | |
| Number of memory bytes starting MB0: | 16 |
| Number of S7 timers starting with T0: | 0 |
| Number of S7 counters starting with C0: | 8 |
| Time-Of-Day interrupt | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> OB10 (Priority 2) | Execution: None |
| | Start date: 01.01.1994 |
| | Start time: 00:00:00 |
| Cyclic interrupt | |
| OB35 (Priority 12) | Execution [ms]: 100 |

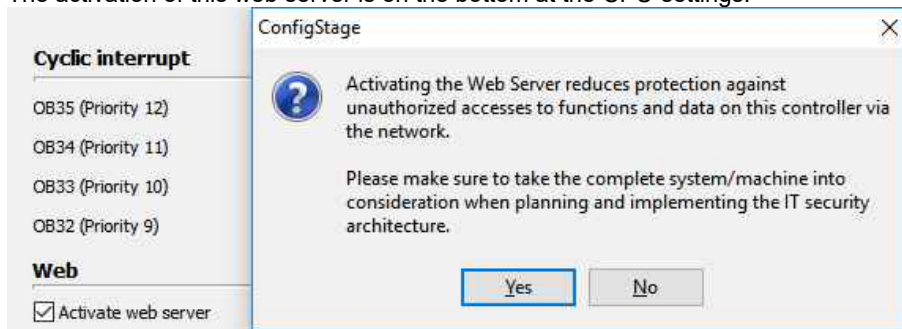
Configuration with the Software „ConfigStage“

WebServer

The PLCs with CPU-T inside contain a static web server, what provides

- general data (serial no., etc.),
- actual entries of diagnostic buffer,
- addresses of I/Os and,
- an field to require the actual value of a variable.

The activation of this web server is on the bottom at the CPU-settings.



By connecting to the internet it is possible that unauthorized get access to the PLC and they could manipulate it and cause harms. The programmer and final user are responsible for installing and running suitable security actions to provide this unauthorized access. INSEVIS is not responsible and does not take over responsibility for damages caused by unauthorized access.

Configuration with the Software „ConfigStage“

Communication settings

RS232 and RS485

The assign of RS232 and RS485 is self-explanatory. If you select at the RS485 the protocol „Modbus-RTU“, you will be asked to assign the node-ID as well as to map your S7-operands to input-bits and -words and to output-bits and -words.

If „Modbus Server is deactivated, Modbus RTU-telegrams will be received and send by SFB60/61

Ethernet

If you want to use the Ethernet-interface, there are to assign up to 16 connections, to select the communication protocol and to parameterize it. Each Ethernet-connection gets a connection-ID to be assigned in the S7-program

CPU-VI-P: There is ONE Ethernet-interface available (RJ45) (right)

CPU-T: There are TWO Ethernet-interfaces available (RJ45), what can be used either
 - as switch with common IP-address (left image) or
 - as separated Ports with different IP- (and MAC-) addresses and net masks. (right image).

| ID | Type | Active | Local | Partner | Partner IP |
|----|---------------|--------|-------|---------|------------|
| 1 | S7 connection | Yes | 10.02 | 10.02 | 0.0.0.0 |

| ID | Type | Active | Local | Partner | Partner IP |
|----|---------------|--------|-------|---------|------------|
| 1 | S7 connection | Yes | 10.02 | 10.02 | 0.0.0.0 |

Both ports can be used

| ID | Type | Active | Local | Partner | Partner IP |
|----|---------------|--------|-------|---------|------------|
| 1 | S7 connection | Yes | 10.02 | 10.02 | 0.0.0.0 |

Port 2 can not more communicate by S7 (protection)

Configuration with the Software „ConfigStage“



Hint:

To prevent unauthorized access by the „classic“ S7-communication, the ConfigStage allows to switch off this communication at one port. This prevents an unauthorized manipulation of PLC-data.

Every connection gets a connection-ID to assign it to the S7-program. Referring to the connection type the selected connection will be parameterized in separate boxes with these parameters:

parameters at S7-connection (Active)

- Local TSAP,
- Partner-TSAP,
- Partner-IP-address

parameters at INSEVIS-Panel-HMI

- Local TSAP
(only necessary, if PLC shall change language/pages in HMI)

parameters at TCP Send/Receive

- Local port (fix or variable),
- Partner-port,
- Partner-IP-address

parameters at UDP Send/Receive

- Local port

parameters at Modbus-TCP (Server)

Assign of S7-operand areas for Modbus-

- Input bits
- Input words
- Output bits
- Output words

(As sample the „mapping“ at Modbus-TCP-Server)

Modbus-TCP-Client will be programmed by S7, a sample is available at the INSEVIS web sites)

Property: Ethernet

IP Protocol

IP Address:

Netmask:

Router address:

Connections

| ID | Type | Active | Local | Partner | Partner IP |
|----|-------------------|--------|-------|---------|---------------|
| 1 | S7 connection | Yes | 10.02 | 10.02 | 192.168.80.10 |
| 2 | INSEVIS Panel-HMI | | FF.02 | | |
| 3 | TCP Send/Receive | No | 2000 | 0 | 0.0.0.0 |
| 4 | UDP Send/Receive | | 2000 | | |
| 5 | ModBus TCP Server | | 502 | | |

Properties - ModBus TCP Server connection

Discrete Inputs (Bits)

Area:

Block number:

Byte offset:

Length in bytes:

Coils (Output bits)

Area:

Block number:

Byte offset:

Length in bytes:

Input Registers

Area:

Block number:

Byte offset:

Length in bytes:

Holding (Output) Registers

Area:

Block number:

Byte offset:

Length in bytes:

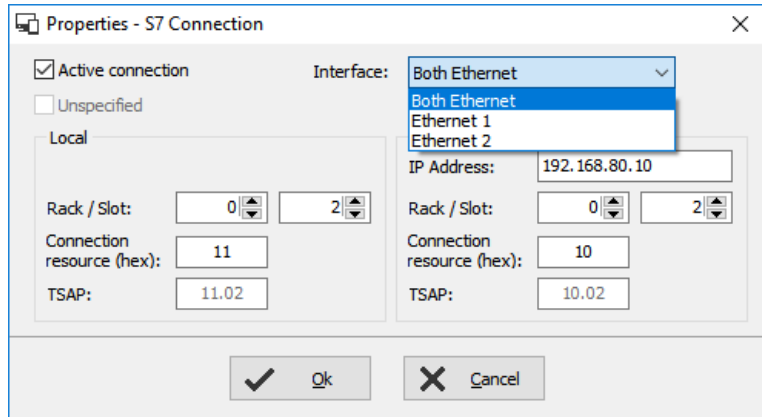
Configuration with the Software „ConfigStage“

Communication / Information about TSAPs

INSEVIS-CPU's contain as well as the Siemens CPU 315-2PN/DP system internal **16 passive S7-connections**. Their local TSAPs are defined by Siemens-definition xx.yy as follows:

- for PG= 01.02,
- for OP= 02.02,
- for WinCC etc.= 03.01
- xx=01 (for PG),
- xx=02 (for OP) and
- xx=03 (for WINCC etc.)
- yy for all 02 (= Slot2 for CPU)

CPU-T: Assigning properties to one or both of the single Ethernet interfaces (see image right)



Additionally there can be parameterized **up to 16 active or passive S7-connections** by the ConfigStage and numbered by an own ID-number. Here the Siemens-definition is not valid but it is **necessary**

1. to keep the TSAPs unique and
2. to not even use the TSAPs from the system internal passive connections.

Profinet

Profinet settings will be assigned by Simatic®-Manager or TIA®-Portal (like as Profibus settings)

CAN configuration

Decentral INSEVIS periphery

There is **no need to have CAN-knowledge** to include decentral INSEVIS- periphery to the INSEVIS-S7-CPU's.

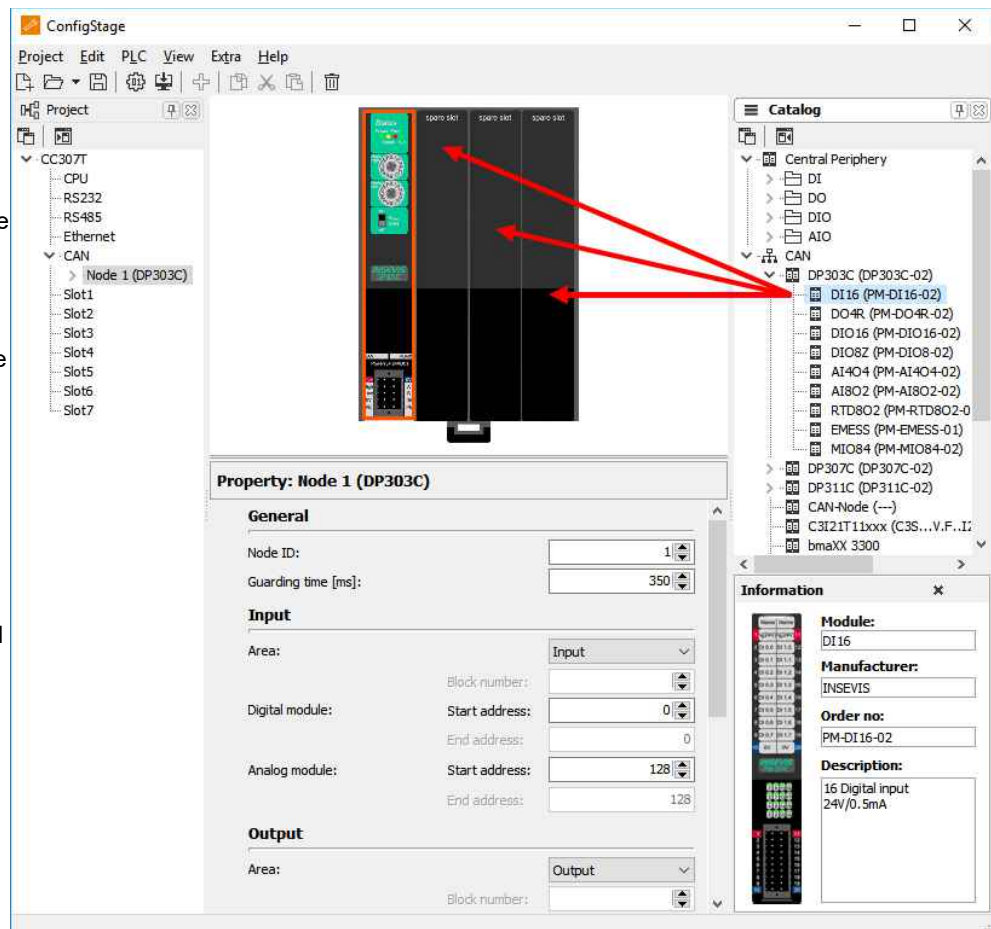
After having placed your INSEVIS head station on the CPU, this module appears in the project tree and in the display.

Now you can insert general start addresses for the head station for in-/outputs (no more possible at the single modules).

The periphery modules will be added per drag'n drop from a special sub area of the catalog tree below the CAN-title.

You type in the node-ID-number you have set up before at the INSEVIS- head stations hardware with the hexadecimal turn-switches.

Also you insert the guarding time you want. Than all i/os will be used in Step®7 like onboard I/Os of an INSEVIS-PLC.



Configuration with the Software „ConfigStage“

Configure decentral external periphery manually

Instead of an INSEVIS- head station you drag'n drop a neutral CAN-node onto your CPU. Then all common settings of for the **node-ID** and the **guarding parameters** will be done.

If the field **"NMT Control"** is activated, the node will be started and stopped together with the PLC. Therefore the NMT-messages "goto OPERATIONAL" with change to RUN (after OB100, before first OB1) and "goto PREOPERATIONAL" with change to STOP will be sent to the node.

Is the node not ready while PLC starts, the "goto OPERATIONAL"-message will be ignored. The must be considered in the user program with a state request. Eventually the NMT-commands need to be programmed in the S7-program.

With the check box **„NMT-Download“** will be assigned, if the communication parameters „Guarding-Time“ / „Lifetime“ / Heartbeat-Time“ should be downloaded to the node during the start up or not. This is useful only, if these parameters are not implemented in the node itself or assigned by other tools

For the process data are available each **32 Tx- and Rx-PDOs**. If more as **4 PDOs** of it will be used, PDO-identifiers of other node-IDs will be used for it.

These node-IDs should not be assigned again. (Only CiA-conform TxPDO-identifier are valid.)

Received Tx-PDOs will be buffered and transferred synchronous to the control point to the process image,

RxPDOs will be send event- and time-controlled in the control point always.

An 8-byte-data field on a selectable S7-operand is to assign to every PDO.

The Tx-PDO communication parameters define the sending behavior of the node, the Rx-PDO define the sending behavior of the master.

The image shows a physical CAN node labeled "externer CAN-Slave" and three software configuration windows from the ConfigStage software. A red arrow points from the "TxPDOs" tab in the "Property: Node 1 (CAN-Node)" window to the "Tx PDO Configuration" window. Another red arrow points from the "SDOs" tab in the "Property: Node 1 (CAN-Node)" window to the "SDO Configuration" window.

Property: Node 1 (CAN-Node)

General

Node ID: 1

Device monitoring:

- Off
- Heartbeat
- Nodeguard

Consumer time [ms]: 350

Producer time [ms]: 350

Guarding time [ms]:

Lifetime factor:

NMT control:

NMT download:

TxPDOs | RxPDOs | SDOs

Device information

Name: CAN-Node

Order number: ---

Description: General CAN-Node

Tx PDO Configuration

PDO Number: 1

Description:

COB ID:

- Constant
- "Node ID"
- According
- PDO Disabl

Index (hex): 1

ID (hex): 181

RTR-not-allowed-flag

Communication parameter

Download

Inhibit time [1/10 ms]: 100

Event time [ms]: 500

Transmission type: 255

S7 Mapping

Area: Input

Block number: 1

Byte offset: 0

Mapping

Download

Data length (bytes): 0

Show CAN objects

Data type

Description

1: [dropdown] [input]

2: [dropdown] [input]

3: [dropdown] [input]

4: [dropdown] [input]

5: [dropdown] [input]

6: [dropdown] [input]

7: [dropdown] [input]

8: [dropdown] [input]

Buttons: Add, Apply, Reset, Delete

SDO Configuration

Show CAN objects

Description:

Index (hex):

Sub index (hex):

Data type:

Data:

Buttons: Add, Apply, Reset, Delete

Configuration with the Software „ConfigStage“

The inhibit-time prevents a too excessive sending, when data are changing permanently; the event-time forces the sending, even if there is no data change.

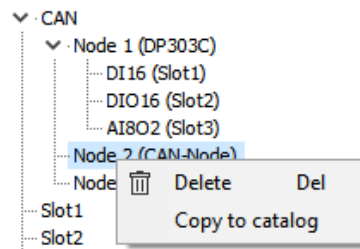
Entering of single CAN-objects (Index, Subindex) in the mapping field is optional, as long the download of the mapping is not activated. Always assign the data type to define the telegrams length and to allow a real byte swapping.
With activated download of complete mapping-parameter the PLC configures the content of the PDS during start up.

To assign more configurations in the start up, **SDOs** can be defined (e.g. for operational modi or metering ranges, etc.).

Create library elements of your CAN-slaves

Optional: If this „mapping“ is made, the new configured CAN-node (CAN-slave) can be stored locally in the ConfigStage to use this part as a library element with pre-defined values.

Therefore click with the right mouse key on the just configured CAN-node.



Then a new mask opens. Insert all information (and image) and acknowledge with „OK“.

So you will get an own CAN-slave, pre-defined for further use and with your internal information.

ConfigStage

Create a new CAN-Node
Set the CAN-Node descriptions

Library file name:

Device information

Name:

Manufacturer:

Order no:

Description:

Module image:
This image is shown in module viewer window when the module is selected.

Catalog image:
This image is shown in Catalog viewer window when the module is selected.

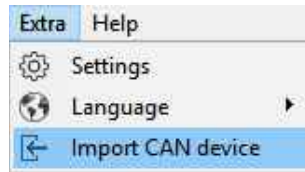


The nomenclature **TX** (Transmit) and **RX** (Receive) are at CANopen®-PDOs always from the CAN-nodes view (slave). It means, with a TX-PDO a node sends its input data to the PLC and with a RX-PDO it receives its output data.

Configuration with the Software „ConfigStage“

Configure decentral external peripherie by EDS-file

You need a EDS-file of the external CAN-slave you want to configure. Import it like shown here:



Then a new window opens like described above (Create library elements of your CAN-slave). After having assigned texts, order information and images there is an „empty“ library element, what must be configured like described in following items.

PDO configuration

By „Show CAN objects“ an object browser opens up with all CAN-objects available. These were filtered from the EDS-file automatically. Move single or multiple CAN-objects by Drag’n Drop into your configuration.

Tx PDO Configuration

PDO Number: 1 Description: []

COB ID
 Constant
 "Node ID" + Offset (hex) ID (hex): 181
 According to CiA DS301

PDO Disable-Flag RTR-not-allowed-flag

Communication parameter
 Download
 Inhibit time [1/10 ms]: 100
 Event time [ms]: 500
 Transmission type: 255

S7 Mapping
 Area: Input
 Block number: []
 Byte offset: 0

Mapping
 Download
 Data length (bytes): 8 **Show CAN objects**

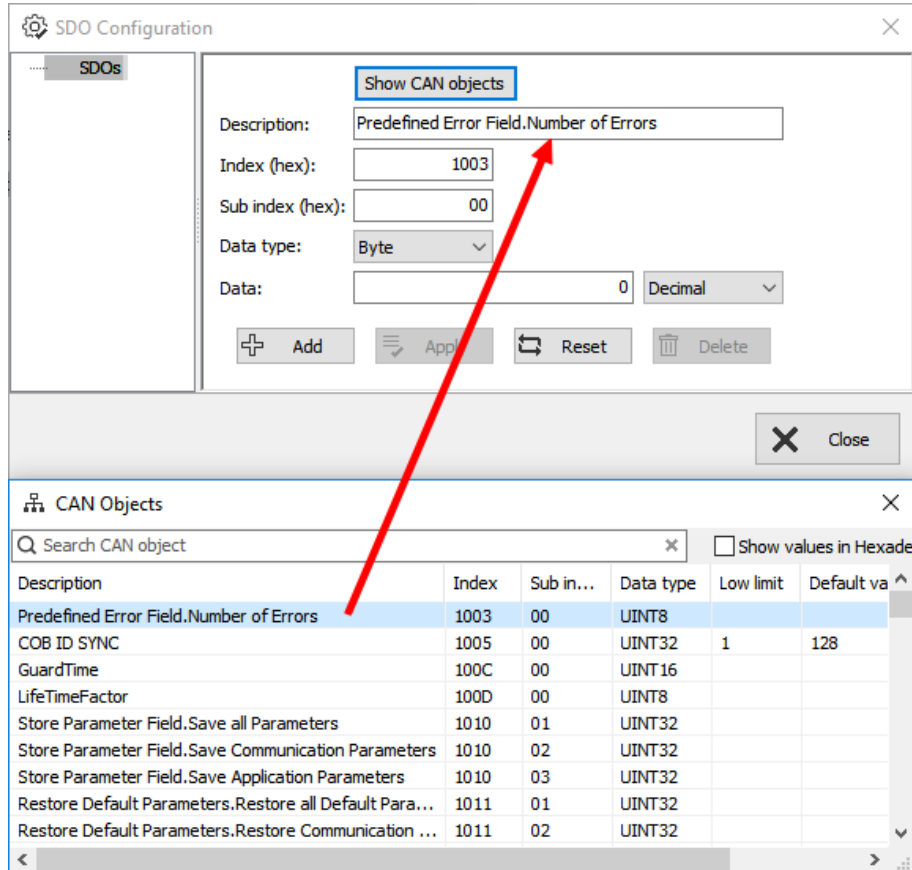
| Index | Sub index | Data type |
|-------|-----------|-----------|
| 6000 | 01 | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 02 | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 03 | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 04 | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 05 | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 06 | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 07 | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 08 | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 09 | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 0A | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 0B | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 0C | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 0D | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 0E | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 0F | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 10 | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 11 | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 12 | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 13 | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 14 | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 15 | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 16 | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 17 | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 18 | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 19 | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 1A | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 1B | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 1C | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 1D | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 1E | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 1F | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 20 | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 21 | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 22 | UINT8 |
| 6000 | 23 | UINT8 |

Configuration with the Software „ConfigStage“

SDO- configuration

By „Show CAN objects“ an object browser opens up with all CAN-objects available. These were filtered from the EDS-file automatically.

Move single or multiple CAN-objects by Drag'n Drop into your configuration. In the „Data“ field assign your parameter value.



Decentral external periphery / motion controller pre defined

Pre-defined CAN-devices, especially motion controller, allow the S7-user an immediately access to these devices. Because this configuration data is open to change, it could be adapted to customers needs or extended easily.

INSEVIS offers on its website free of charge various DataBlocks to drive complex motion controllers as e.g. Parker C3, Maxon EPOS2. With these DBs it is possible to control different complex systems with one S7-program

The special advantage is the architecture with different small DBs für each function (jog, acc, dec, home,...). This allows to swap these motion engines with only a few efforts to adapt the S7-program. Normally you can re-write your program, when you replace one drive-specific large DB of one motion vendor to another large DB of another motion vendor.

The complete description with demonstration program and data blocks is available at our website

Configuration with the Software „ConfigStage“

Samples for external CANopen devices

Sample for decentral CANopen periphery ref. to DS401

If a device with digital and analog In- and outputs is used referring to CANopen-Profile DS401, the in/outs are

- digital inputs in TxPDO1, e.g. 32 bit

- digital outputs in RxPDO1, e.g. 16 bit

- analog inputs in TxPDO2 to 4

- analog outputs in RxPDO2 to 4

(Images in German language but self explaining)

Therewith the in- and outputs can be used on the configured S7-address (in this sample from EB0, AB0) as usually.



The PDO-number 1 is reserved for digital I/Os only.
The analog I/Os can be mapped starting from PDO-number 2

Configuration with the Software „ConfigStage“

To transfer parameters (e.g. metering ranges for analog modules), SDOs need to be configured specific referring to the vendor.

SDO Configuration

Show CAN objects

Description: Module Parameter data Slot 1.Parameter Byte 1

Index (hex): 3001

Sub index (hex): 01

Data type: Byte

Data: 255 Decimal

Buttons: Add, Apply, Reset, Delete

Close

Sample configuration CANopen-drive controller ref. to DS402

If a CANopen-drive controller ref. to profile DS402 is used, at least the controller-internal state machine must be managed by

- a 16-bit control word and

Rx PDO Konfiguration

PDO-Nummer: 1 Beschreibung:

Setting: PDO Disable-Flag RTR-not-allowed-flag 29-bit-enable-flag

COB ID: Konstant "Node ID" + Offset (hex) ID (hex): 202 gemäß CIA DS301

Kommunikationsparameter: Download Inhibit time [1/10 ms]: 100 Bereich: Datenblock Event time [ms]: 500 Blocknummer: 101 Übertragungstyp: 255

S7 Mapping: Bereich: Datenblock Blocknummer: 101 Byte-Offset: 0

| Datentyp | Index (hex) | Sub index (hex) | Beschreibung |
|----------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| Word | 6040 | 00 | Controlword |
| Word | 6060 | 00 | Modes of Operation |
| Word | 607A | 00 | Target Position |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Buttons: Hinzufügen, Übernehmen, Reset, Löschen

Schließen

- 16-bit status word

Tx PDO Konfiguration

PDO-Nummer: 1 Beschreibung:

Setting: PDO Disable-Flag RTR-not-allowed-flag 29-bit-enable-flag

COB ID: Konstant "Node ID" + Offset (hex) ID (hex): 182 gemäß CIA DS301

Kommunikationsparameter: Download Inhibit time [1/10 ms]: 100 Bereich: Datenblock Event time [ms]: 500 Blocknummer: 100 Übertragungstyp: 255

S7 Mapping: Bereich: Datenblock Blocknummer: 100 Byte-Offset: 0

| Datentyp | Index (hex) | Sub index (hex) | Beschreibung |
|----------|-------------|-----------------|----------------------------|
| Word | 6041 | 00 | Statusword |
| Word | 6061 | 00 | Modes of Operation Display |
| Word | 6100 | 01 | DigitalInput |
| Word | 603F | 00 | Error code |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Buttons: Hinzufügen, Übernehmen, Reset, Löschen

Schließen

(Images in German language but self explaining)

Assign these both words to S7-operands by the PDO-mapping and than the controller can be driven by the S7-program.

System functions

INSEVIS offers OBs, SFBs and SFCs, who are compatible to STEP®7 from Siemens. But INSEVIS offers more: There are lots of OBs, SFBs and SFCs with special functions available in a free S7-library at the website.

Compared to Siemens-CPU S7-315-2PN DP with Firmware 3.2.7 (6ES7 315-2EH14-0AB0) at INSEVIS-CPU type V and type P these OB, SFB and SFC are available.

Organisation blocks (OB)

Organisation blocks (OB) - compatible to STEP®7 from Siemens

| OB | Function |
|---------------|--|
| OB 1 | Cycle-OB |
| OB 10 | Time alert |
| OB 32, 33, 34 | Cyclic interrupt (CPU-T only) |
| OB 35 | Cyclic interrupt |
| OB 80 | Time error |
| OB 82 | Diagnostic Alert |
| OB 85 | Program sequence error |
| OB 86 | Device failure (at INSEVIS failure of external periphery) <i>Local data „OB86_MDL_ADDR“ (LW6) has a fix value 2047 (W#16#7FF)</i> |
| OB 100 | Restart |
| OB 121 | Programming error |
| OB 122 | Periphery access error |

Organisation blocks (OB) - in addition to STEP®7 from Siemens

| OB | Function <i>(more information at single OB-chapters)</i> |
|--------|--|
| OB 106 | CAN- receive event (see „Communication / CAN“) |
| OB 186 | CAN- error event |

System function blocks (SFB)

System function blocks (SFB) - compatible to STEP®7 from Siemens

| SFB | Function |
|------------|---|
| SFB 0 CTU | Forward counter |
| SFB 1 CTD | Backward counter |
| SFB 2 CTUD | Forward- and backward counter |
| SFB 3 TP | Pulse generation |
| SFB 4 TON | Switch on delay |
| SFB 5 TOF | Switch off delay |
| SFB 60 | Send data with ASCII- driver (from CPU S7-314, order-no. 6ES7314-1AG14-0AB0) |
| SFB 61 | Receive data with ASCII- drive (from CPU S7-314, order-no. 6ES7314-1AG14-0AB0) |

System function blocks (SFB) - what are not available at INSEVIS-CPU yet or available on request

| SFB | Function |
|-----------------------|---|
| SFB 32 DRUM | Realization of a step switching systems |
| SFB 52 / 53 / 54 / 81 | These functions are not available because on different CPU-hardware |
| SFB 73 / 74 | Profibus DP → internal Siemens block, not necessary for INSEVIS |
| SFB 75 SALRM | These functions are out of the INSEVIS-Profibus functionality DP V0 |
| SFB 104 IP_CONF | Configure IP-addresses → use SFB 129 IP_CFG instead |

System functions

System function blocks (SFB) - in addition to STEP®7 from Siemens

| SFB | Function (more information at single SFB-chapters) |
|-----------------|--|
| SFB 105 | CAN-sending |
| SFB 106 | CAN-receiving |
| SFB 107 | CAN-SDO-transfer |
| SFB 114 | CAN-status request |
| SFB 120 GET | Read data from a Remote PLC |
| SFB 121 PUT | Write data to a Remote PLC |
| SFB 122 TSEND | Send data over TCP |
| SFB 123 TRECVC | Receive Data over TCP |
| SFB 124 TDISCON | terminate TCP-connection |
| SFB 125 TCONFIG | Configure partner parameter at TCP |
| SFB 126 TSTATUS | State query at TCP |
| SFB 127 USEND | Send data over UDP |
| SFB 128 URECV | Receive data over UDP |
| SFB 129 IP_CFG | IP-configuration of the PLC |
| SFB 130 CFG_PTP | Change UART-configuration |
| SFB 131 IP_GET | Read IP-configuration (CPU-T only) |
| SFB 132 IP_SET | Set IP-configuration (CPU-T only) |

System functions (SFC)

System functions (SFC) - compatible to STEP®7 from Siemens

| SFC | Function |
|-----------------|---|
| SFC 0 SET_CLK | Set system clock |
| SFC 1 READ_CLK | Read system clock |
| SFC 6 RD_SINFO | Read OB start information |
| SFC 11 DPSYC_FR | Synchronize Groups of DP slaves <i>Parameter „LADDR“ must be 2047 (W#16#7FF)</i> |
| SFC 12 D_ACT_DP | Deactivation and activation of DP slaves |
| SFC 13 DPNRM_DG | Read diagnostic data of a DP slave (Slave Diagnostics) |
| SFC 14 DPRD_DAT | Read consistent data of a standard DP Slave |
| SFC 15 DPWR_DAT | Write consistent data to a DP standard Slave |
| SFC 20 BLKMOV | Copy Variables |
| SFC 21 FILL | Initialize a memory area |
| SFC 24 TEST_DB | Testing Datablock |
| SFC 28 SET_TINT | Set time-of-day interrupt |
| SFC 29 CAN_TINT | Cancel time-of-day interrupt |
| SFC 30 ACT_TINT | Activate time-of-day interrupt |
| SFC 31 QRY_TINT | Query time-of-day interrupt |
| SFC 43 RE_TRIGR | Retrigger cycle time monitoring |
| SFC 46 STP | Change the CPU to STOP |
| SFC 51 RDSYSST | Reading a System Status List <i>(only supported the SSL_ID W#16#0092, W#16#0292, W#16#0692 for Profibus DP master system)</i> |
| SFC 64 TIME_TCK | Read the system time |
| SFC 101 RTM | Handling runtime meters |

System functions

System functions (SFC) - what are not available at INSEVIS-CPU's yet or only available on request

| SFC | Function |
|---|--|
| SFC 2 / 3 / 4 | Use SFC101 (32bit counter for operating hours instead) |
| SFC 5 / 50 / 70 / 71 | These functions are not available because on different CPU-hardware |
| SFC 7 / 55 / 56 / 57 / 102 | These functions are out of the INSEVIS-Profibus functionality DP V0 |
| SFC 17 / 18 / 19 / 107 / 108 | Use alarm / event management in the VisuStage instead |
| SFC 22 CREAT_DB | Create a data block |
| SFC 23 DEL_DB | Delete a data block |
| SFC 32 / 33 / 34 / 47 | INSEVIS does not support time delay interrupts |
| SFC 36 | Mask synchronuos error events |
| SFC 37 | Demask synchronuos error events |
| SFC 38 | Read event state register |
| SFC 39 | at CPU-T only / not available for CPU-V/P Block processing of new alarm- and asynchronous error events |
| SFC 40 | at CPU-T only / not available for CPU-V/P Release processing of new alarm- and asynchronous error events |
| SFC 41 | at CPU-T only / not available for CPU-V/P Retard processing of new alarm- and asynchronous error events with higher priority |
| SFC 42 | at CPU-T only / not available for CPU-V/P Release processing of new alarm- and asynchronous error events with higher priority |
| SFC 44 | Carry over default value into AKKU 1 |
| SFC 58 | Write record |
| SFC 59 | Read record |
| SFC 65 / 66 / 67 / 68 / 69 / 72 / 73 / 74 | INSEVIS does not support MPI- communication |
| SFC 81 UBLKMOV | Copy variable in-interruptable |
| SFC 82 CREA_DBL | Create a data block in load memory, not necessary for INSEVIS |
| SFC 83 READ_DBL | Read from data block in load memory, not necessary for INSEVIS |
| SFC 84 WRIT_DBL | Write into data block in load memory, not necessary for INSEVIS |
| SFC 99 WWW | internal Siemens block, not necessary for INSEVIS |

System functions (SFC) - in addition to STEP®7 from Siemens

| SFC | Function <i>(more information at single SFC-chapters)</i> |
|-------------------|---|
| SFC 75 SET_ADDR | Assign a Profibus DP slave address |
| SFC 76 SET_DPS | Assign a Profibus DP slave address and baud rate |
| SFC 200 SCR_GET | Query the current the screen ID number |
| SFC 201 SCR_SET | Changing the screen |
| SFC 202 TRENDSRT | Starting the trend sampling |
| SFC 203 TRENDSSTP | Stopping the trend sampling |
| SFC 204 TRENDCNT | Continue the trend sampling |
| SFC 205 TRENDSSTA | Query the trend status |
| SFC 206 RECIPE | Handling with recipe records |
| SFC 207 ARCHIVE | Archiving data to / create file on Micro-SD-Card |
| SFC 208 BACKUP | Backup |
| SFC 209 READFILE | Read data from archive file on Micro-SD-Card |
| SFC 210 COPY_DBL | Copy selected DBs from RAM to ROM |

System functions

System functions (SFC) - in addition to STEP®7 from Siemens

| SFC | Function (more information at single SFC-chapters) |
|------------------|--|
| SFC 211 COPY_DBW | Copy selected DBs from ROM to RAM |
| SFC 213 READ_CSV | Read data from CSV-formatted file on Micro-SD-Card |
| SFC 214 LCD_BRIG | Change LCD-backlight brightness |
| SFC 215 LOGIN | Change user level at runtime |
| SFC 220 RENAME | Rename files/folders on Micro-SD-Card |
| SFC 221 DELETE | Delete files/folders on Micro-SD-Card |
| SFC 222 COPY | Copy files on Micro-SD-Card |
| SFC 223 CREATE | Create folders on Micro-SD-Card |
| SFC 224 INFO | Inform about files/folders on Micro-SD-Card |
| SFC 225 FILEINFO | Inform about file names and sizes on Micro-SD-Card |
| SFC 254 RAM2ROM | Copy RAM to ROM |

Import of INSEVIS-blocks into the S7-Project

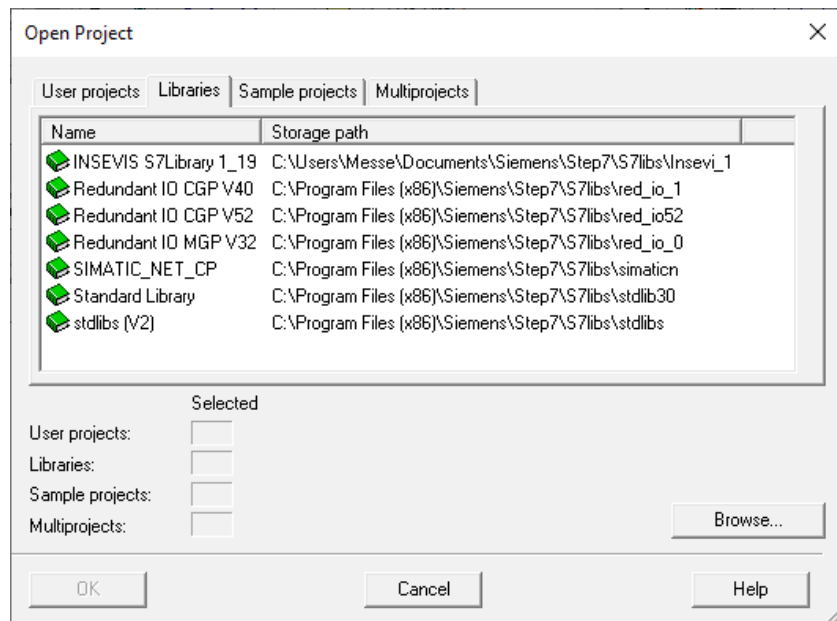


ATTENTION:

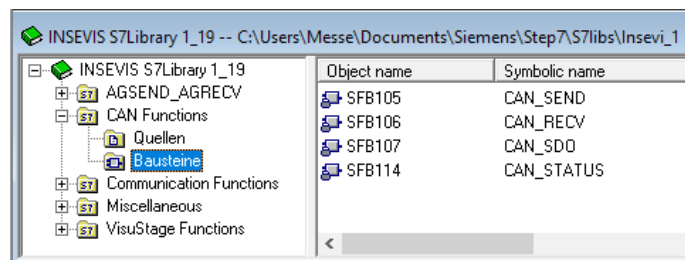
All additional INSEVIS- blocks are available as **S7-Library** for free download at the INSEVIS-web sites in the download area. It will be offered always the newest library with the most functions, what needs the referring firmware in the PLC. (e.g. Insevis_S7-library_from_2_1_5.zip - works from firmware 2.1.5 and higher).

Installation of the INSEVIS-S7-library in the Simatic®-manager

1. File → dearchive → choose the INSEVIS S7-library.zip file
2. Store → (choose your folder „S7-Libs“) → press „OK“
3. Open the library project
→ go to „Libraries“
→ choose „INSEVIS S7-Library“
→ press „OK“



4. Copy the selected SFB's by drag'n drop into your project

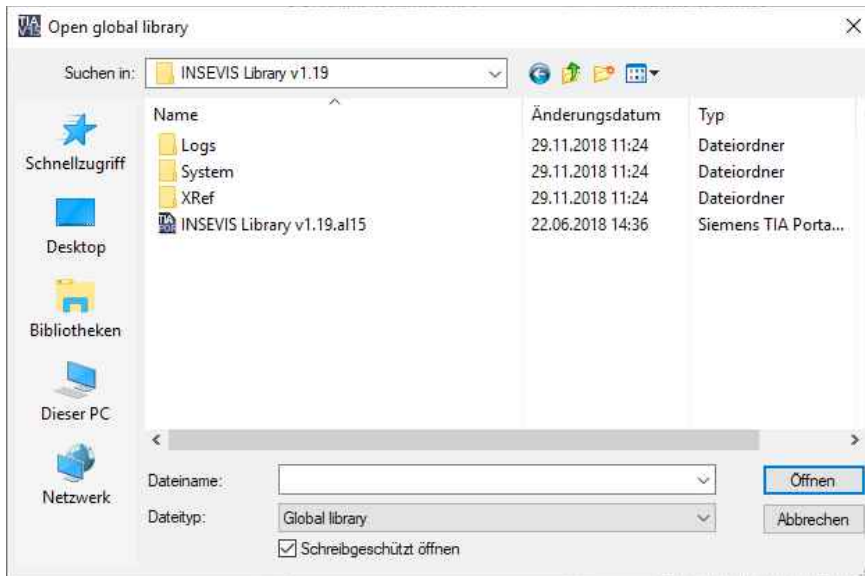


VIDEO-tutorial available

There is available a link to the corresponding YouTube®-video at the INSEVIS-download website for use under Simatic®-Manager.

System functions

Installation of the INSEVIS-S7-library in the TIA-Portal

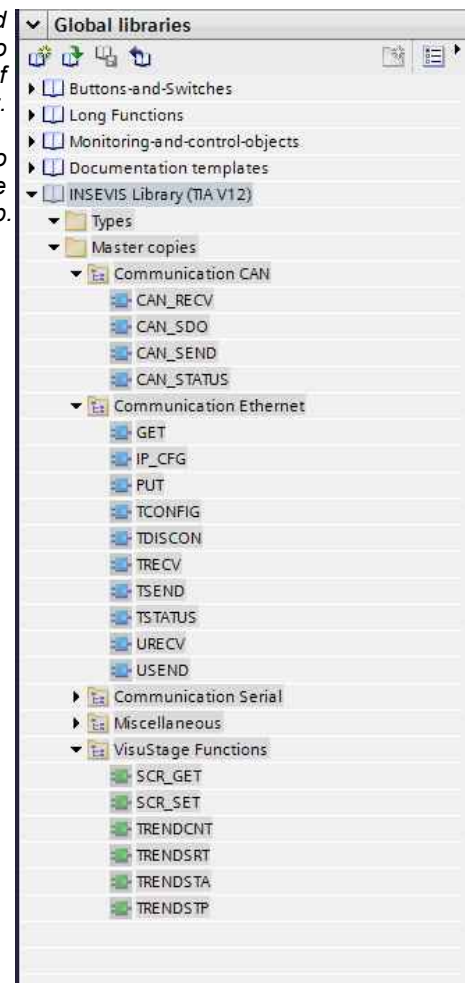


1. Download latest version of INSEVIS library for TIA-portal
2. store it and extract it in any folders
3. Open library **"INSEVIS Library v1.19a115"** from the referring folder in TIA-Portal as "global library".→

→ For more details to „open a library“ use TIA-Portal online help.

4. Drag'n drop the desired library elements into the program blocks of your project.

→ For more details to „open a library“ use TIA-Portal online help.



VIDEO-tutorial available

There is available a link to the corresponding YouTube®-video at the INSEVIS-download website for use under TIA-Portal.

System functions

Overview about SFCs for data backup and restore

Here you find a selection of possibilities to save or backup and restore your data manually or by System-SFCs.

Please note: The S7-Program itself is always kept in the load memory (Flash) at INSEVIS.

Save data blocks to ROM/ into flash memory

With the **SFC 254** RAM2ROM all DBs will be copied from battery buffered work memory (RAM) to the load memory (ROM), so they are stored permanently.

SFC 210 COPY_DBL copies only selected DBs from battery buffered work memory (RAM) to the load memory (ROM).

SFC 211 COPY_DBW work in opposite direction and copies selected DBs from load memory (ROM) to battery buffered work memory (RAM).

→ sample 1: putting serial devices in operation

- After program download (see below) the device-specific process data will be assigned manually and are kept in battery buffered work memory (RAM)
- before shipping this device these data will be saved to load memory (ROM) and are protected against low battery voltage

→ sample 2: save process data at operation by end user

- If process data are modified by end user, he can save it by access limited button or key switch with RAM2ROM function.

Life-backup for a change/ spare device

With the **SFC 208** BACKUP all data (S7-Program, visualization, process data) will be combined to a binary (encryptable) and written to the Micro-SD-card. For that process the CPU will be switched into STOP mode and return, when it is ready.

With this file the end user can create a spare device with similar data (need a similar hardware) without any PC-programs. To secure data a password file can be activated.

→ sample: Create a spare machine

- A customer must have a 1:1 spare machine to go on producing while maintaining the main machine. It is necessary to keep process data of last production lot of the main machine.
- On every change of production lots in the main machine a backup process is started
- Inserting the Micro-SD-Card from the main machine to the spare machine, it will go on with their last data.

Manual program-backup for manufacturers

There is a chance to create a backup manually and without any SFCs for programmers with access to the source code:

- Create a folder „backups“ on the Micro-SD-card on the PC,
- Create a S7-Memory-Card-file with the name „s7programs.wld“ with menu: File→ ”Memory Card File“ → New
- Copy S7-Programs, data blocks **and system data** (contain ConfigStage-configuration) into S7-Memory-Card-file by Drag’n Drop, store and close this file and copy it into the directory „backups“ on the Micro-SD-card.
- Create a visualization binary by compiling it in the VisuStage, rename it in „visudata.vsbin“ and copy this file into the directory „backups“ on the Micro-SD-card too.
- From ServiceStage 1.0.1.7 this all can be done by the new function “Create online backup” automatically

→ Sample: Easy creating multiple devices with the same program data

- A programmer sends this Micro-SD-card with all the program data to his customer
- After hardware reset every PLC loads the same program data from this card - complete without PC-programs

S7-Program-restore for both kinds of backup

Regardless how a backup was created, it is restored from the Micro-SD-card always in the same way:

- Power OFF, insert Micro-SD-card with the backup into the PLC
- Power ON, do a hardware-reset and wait, until RUN- and BAT-LEDs do no more blink together
(If the backup was created by SFC208, add the password-file „backup.psw“ to the Micro-SD-card data)

System functions

Archive/ dearchive (write back) data

Free definable data can be copied (archived) to a file (**binary or csv-format**) by **SFC 207 ARCHIVE**.

Binary data can be copied back (dearchived) by the **SFC 209 READFILE**. Also a read in the RemoteStage-PC by Ethernet from Micro-SD-card is possible.

→ sample: **Save process data while S7-Update**

- A customer created lots of process data by his S7-program.
- Now he should get an S7 update/upgrade with new functions.
- All process data are lost normally if the new S7-program is downloaded to the PLC.
- With the **SFC 207 ARCHIVE** and **SFC 209 READFILE** these data can be „evacuated“ to the Micro-SD-card during the S7-update and „brought back“ after it.
- So the customer can go on with a new S7-program and old process data.

Read in data from PC-edited CSV-archive file

If you created a csv-file by **SFC 207 ARCHIVE** to the Micro-SD-card, it can be modified on the PC with an editor, stored and downloaded into the PLC by **SFC 213 READ_CSV**.

→sample: **Customized configuration by an operator csv-file**

- Your S7-program is always the same, but the pre-settings are different for each of your customer and must be assigned before it can be shipped.
- A csv-file (saved as data archive) can be used as project configuration file and can be edited on the PC by the team, who assigns customer settings.
- With the **SFC 213 READ_CSV** you can read in the csv-file from the Micro-SD-card back to the PLC and your serial program is assigned with customized values.

Archiving DBs with SFC 207 "ARCHIVE"

With this SFC207 „ARCHIVE“ S7-(Process or data block) data can be archived in SD card as binary or text (CSV) format.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|------------|-------------|-----------|--|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | TRUE= Assign and start job |
| FILENAME | INPUT | STRING | File name (must be in 8.3 format) |
| APPEND | INPUT | BOOL | TRUE= Append to existing file FALSE= Overwrite existing file |
| CSV | INPUT | BOOL | TRUE= Convert data into text and write as text record (CSV) format. FALSE= Write data as binary to file |
| CSV_STRUCT | INPUT | ANY | CSV record structure. This parameter is ignored if CSV is FALSE. |
| DATA | INPUT | ANY | Pointer to S7-Process data |
| RET_VAL | OUTPUT | WORD | Status code of job |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE = Job running, FALSE = Job done |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE= Job successfully done |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE= Job failed |

Notes (CSV formatted text file; CSV=TRUE):

- Field delimiter character is “;“ semicolon, ASCII code 59)
- Decimal point is “.“ (point, ASCII code 46)
- Record separated by carriage return line feed character (CRLF ASCII code 13, 10)
- Please take care about SIMATIC S7-(Process or Data block) data offset alignments in data block. (Data in data block always starts from even offset expect BYTE, CHAR and BOOL data type)
- CSV_STRUCT points to record structure of text CSV file.
Each field of record in CSV file consists 2 Byte in CSV_STRUCT.
 - First byte indicates data type where as
 - second byte indicates how to convert data to text.

System functions



ATTENTION:

The structure of a data archive is assigned by S7-program only. The RemoteStage can read in, display an store it, but does not know the structure and that's why it can not edit or modify theses data archives. This can be done by customer with his PC tools only.

Meaning of CSV_STRUCT

| First byte | Second byte | Format |
|------------|---------------|--|
| 1 | Data is BOOL | |
| | 0 | As integer 0 or 1 |
| | 1 | As text: FALSE or TRUE |
| 2 | Data is BYTE | |
| | 0 | As decimal integer 0 .. 255 |
| | 1 | As hexadecimal B#16#0 .. B#16#FF |
| | 2 | As hexadecimal 0x00 .. 0xFF |
| 3 | Data is CHAR | |
| | 0 | As character if value is between B#16#20 .. B#16#80. e.g A |
| | 1 | As hexadecimal B#16#0 .. B#16#FF |
| | 2 | As hexadecimal 0x00 .. 0xFF |
| | 3 | As decimal integer -128 ... 127 |
| 4 | Data is WORD | |
| | 0 | As decimal integer 0 ... 65535 |
| | 1 | As hexadecimal W#16#0 .. W#16#FFFF |
| | 2 | As hexadecimal 0x0000 .. 0xFFFF |
| 5 | Data is INT | |
| | 0 | As decimal integer -32768 ... 32767 |
| | 1 | As hexadecimal W#16#0 .. W#16#FFFF |
| | 2 | As hexadecimal 0x0000 .. 0xFFFF |
| 6 | Data is DWORD | |
| | 0 | As decimal integer 0 ... 4294967295 |
| | 1 | As hexadecimal DW#16#00000000 .. DW#16#FFFFFFFF |
| | 2 | As hexadecimal 0x00000000 .. 0xFFFFFFFF |
| 7 | Data is DINT | |
| | 0 | As decimal integer -2147483648 ... 2147483647 |
| | 1 | As hexadecimal DW#16#00000000 .. DW#16#FFFFFFFF |
| | 2 | As hexadecimal 0x00000000 .. 0xFFFFFFFF |
| 8 | Data is REAL | |
| | 0..4 | Number of digits after decimal point (e.g 12.456) |
| | Otherwise | 2 digits after decimal point |
| | | Note: Displays NaN (Not A Number) if data is not REAL format |

System functions

| First byte | Second byte | Format |
|------------|---------------------------|--|
| 9 | Data is DATE | |
| | 0 | D#YYYY-MM-DD (e.g D#2013-07-24) |
| | 1 | As decimal integer, 0..65535 = number of days since 1990.01.01 |
| | 2 | As hexadecimal W#16#0 .. W#16#FFFF |
| | 3 | As hexadecimal 0x0000 .. 0xFFFF |
| 10 | Data is TIME_OF_DAY (TOD) | |
| | 0 | TOD#HH:MM:SD.MS (e.g TOD#12:45:23.102) if hour value is larger than 23 then, as decimal integer 0 ... 4294967295 |
| | 1 | As decimal integer 0 ... 4294967295 |
| | 2 | As hexadecimal DW#16#00000000 .. DW#16#FFFFFFFF |
| | 3 | As hexadecimal 0x00000000 .. 0xFFFFFFFF |
| 11 | Data is TIME | |
| | 0 | T#dhmsMS (T#24d20h31m23s647ms) d=day h=hour m=minute s=second MS=millisecond if one of time unit is 0, then its not displayed. e.g T#20d2h10s130ms |
| | 1 | As decimal integer -2147483648 ... 2147483647 |
| | 2 | As hexadecimal DW#16#00000000 .. DW#16#FFFFFFFF |
| | 3 | As hexadecimal 0x00000000 .. 0xFFFFFFFF |
| 12 | Data is S5TIME | |
| | 0 | S5T#hmsMS (S5T#2h46m30s) h=hour m=minute s=second MS=millisecond |
| | 1 | As decimal integer 0 ... 65535 |
| | 2 | As hexadecimal W#16#0 .. W#16#FFFF |
| | 3 | As hexadecimal 0x0000 .. 0xFFFF |
| 13 | Data is STRING | |
| | <ignored> | Only actual length characters are copied |
| 14 | Data is DT | |
| | 0 | DT#YYYY-MM-DD-HH:MI:SS:MS YYYY – year 1990 – 2089 MM – month DD – day HH – hour MI – minute SS – second MS – millisecond e.g. DT#2013-07-24-13:05:12.340 |
| | 1 | 8 byte stream e.g 1307241305123404 |

System functions

Status code meaning

| RET_VAL | BUSY | DONE | ERROR | Description |
|-----------|------|------|-------|--|
| W#16#0000 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Job is successfully done |
| W#16#7000 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Job is process |
| W#16#7001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Job resource is temporary locked |
| W#16#7002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | REQ Parameter is FALSE |
| W#16#7003 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Job is not accepted, due to previous job is still in process |
| W#16#8000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | File system is not ready (e.g SD card not inserted) |
| W#16#8001 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Could not write to file |
| W#16#8002 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Invalid data type ID number in CSV_STRUCT |
| W#16#8003 | 0 | 0 | 1 | CSV_STRUCT – size is must be even number |
| W#16#822A | 0 | 0 | 1 | Invalid format in FILENAME parameter |
| W#16#8xyy | 0 | 0 | 1 | General error code (S7 compatible) |

S7-program sample for using the SFC207

Purpose: Write data (DB207) to archive file in SD card. File name is in DB207.

```

CALL SFC 207
REQ      :=M1501.3           // TRUE = Request to archive data
FILENAME :=DB207.ARCHIVE_NAME // Archive file name
APPEND   :=TRUE             // Appends to the end of file
CSV      :=FALSE           // as binary data
CSV_STRUCT:=DB207.ARCHIVE_CSV_FORMAT // CSV field format
DATA     :=DB207.ARCHIVE_DATA // Data to archive
RET_VAL  :=MW1000          // Return / result code
BUSY     :=M1701.3         // TRUE = Request is in process
DONE     :=M1002.0        // TRUE = Successfully archived
ERROR    :=M1002.1        // TRUE = Error occurred

U      M  1701.3           // IF Archive data is in process; then
BEB
R      M  1501.3           // reset request signal

O      M  1002.0           // If successful done,
ON     M  1002.1          // or no error, then
BEB
// end the function

L      MW  1000            // error occurred
// error evaluation
// ...

BEA
// end of function

```

System functions

Backup & Restore with the SFC 208 "BACKUP"

With the SFC208 „BACKUP“ you can backup the PLC data including user S7-program, process-data, runtime remanent data, visualization binary and visualization runtime remanent data to SD card and restore it from this Micro-SD card into a PLC with the same hardware configuration.

This procedure can only be processed in STOP condition. A password prevents an unauthorized backup. All protection levels will be kept in the backed up data as well.

Procedure

- Implement backup function by SFC208 into S7-program and start it (e.g. by a button with special access rights or a key switch).
→ Backup-file *backup.bin* will be created on Micro-SD-card in the folder „Backups“.
- Pull off Micro-SD-card and insert it into a PLC with the same hardware configuration.
- Optional:*
- Store a password defined in S7-program as *backup.psw* in the same folder like backup file on the Micro-SD-card (see picture on next page).
- Proceed the [general reset by hardware](#) during PLC is booting.
All data will be transferred from Micro-SD-card into the PLC and written as restore into the device.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|--|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | Request: TRUE assign and start job |
| LADDR | INPUT | WORD | Logical base address = 0 (for all Panel-PLCs) Logical base address = 1...16 (connection-ID-No. to the Panel-HMI) |
| ATTRIBUTE | INPUT | BYTE | Attributes Bit0: 1= Backup WITH actual data of Retain-DBs 0= Backup WITHOUT actual data of Retain-DBs Bit1: 1= Backup WITH remanent S7-memory 0= Backup WITHOUT remanent S7-memory (remanent merker, S7-Timer, counter, operating hours) Bit2: 1= Backup WITH VisuStage RunTime memory 0= Backup WITHOUT VisuStage RunTime memory (Message, trend actual buffer, user PINs) Bit3: 1= Newstart PLC after backup end 0= NO newstart, PLC stays in STOP mode Bit7: 1= Decrypt backup file WITH password 0= Decrypt backup file WITHOUT password |
| PASSWORD | INPUT | ANY | Pointer to Keyword for encryption. Data type must be BYTE or CHAR. Keyword must be min. 5 and max. 16 characters long. |
| RETVAL | OUTPUT | WORD | Status code of job W#16#... 7000 = Backup is requested, and in process 7001 = HMI- connection is in invalid state (e.g not connected) 7002 = Job is not accepted, due to previous job is in process 7003 = Connection resource is temporary locked 7004 = REQ parameter is FALSE (Backup is not accepted) 8001 = Invalid connection ID number 8003 = SD card not inserted 842A = PASSWORD parameter is not BYTE or CHAR type 842B = PASSWORD parameter length is invalid 8xyy = General error code (S7 compatible) |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE= Job is failed, error code in RETVAL |



ATTENTION:

S7 programmer must take care about process stability and security **before** calling SFC208. Calling SFC208 stops the PLC immediately and starts backup procedure. During this procedure PLC stays in STOP mode and will only return to RUN, when assigned in ATTRIBUTE BIT3 = 1

System functions

Note:

- The call SFC208 "BACKUP" causes the device (HMI, or PLC) to change to STOP mode and immediately writes data to Micro SD card.
- Backup process takes normally up to 5 seconds.
- The STOP event is indicated by diagnose buffer entry with EVENT ID W#16#497C "STOP triggered by integrated technology".
- Backup result is indicated by diagnose buffer entry with

| | |
|----------|-------------------------|
| EVENT ID | 16#BF00 |
| OB | 16#00 |
| PK | 16#FF |
| DatID1/2 | Result |
| | 16#0002 = Successful |
| | 16#0001 = Backup failed |
- Backup result is indicated by OB100_STRT_INFO parameter of OB100 by next NEWSTART.

| | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| OB100_STRT_INFO (bit 16..23) | |
| 16#30 | = Backup successful done |
| 16#31 | = Backup failed |
- If Bit 3 of ATTRIBUTE parameter is set (TRUE), then PLC is changes again to NEWSTART (RUN) after Backup process end. Otherwise PLC left in STOP mode.

S7-program sample for using the SFC208

Purpose: Create a S7- User program and remanent data backup in SD card with encrypted.

```

U      M      1501.5          // backup request is set
FP     M      1601.5          // only start at rising edge of
                                // REQ_BACKUP_PROGRAM

SPBN   n000

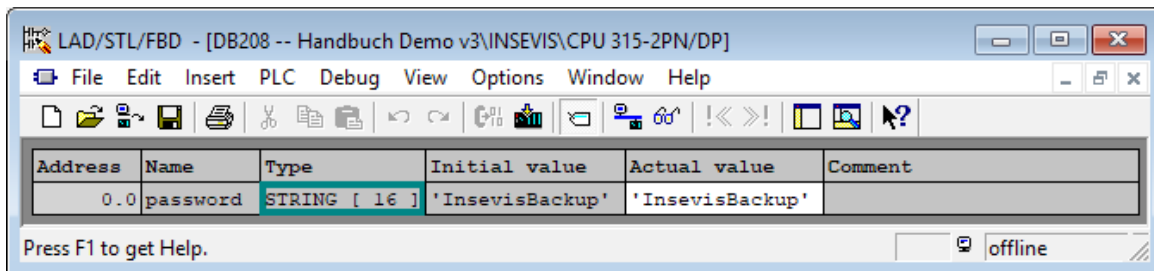
CALL   SFC   208
REQ    :=TRUE                // TRUE = Start the backup
LADDR  :=MW2000              // VisuStage connection ID number.
                                // In Panel-PLC (e.g PC700P) must be W#16#0.

ATTRIBUTE:=B#16#8F          // Encode with password, backup all data
PASSWORD :=P#DB208.DBX2.0 BYTE 13 // password
RET_VAL  :=MW1000           // Result / return code
ERROR    :=M1002.1         // TRUE = Error occurred

UN     M      1002.1          // if no error, then
BEB                                         // end the function
R      M      1501.5          // otherwise, reset the request signal

L      MW     1000            // error occurred
                                // error evaluation
                                // ...

BEA                                         // end of function
  
```



ATTENTION:

To BACKUP successfully, store the password defined in S7-program as backup.psw in the same folder on the Micro-SD-card like the backup file itself.

System functions

Read data from archive file (SD) with SFC 209 "READFILE"

This function is used to copy data from archive file (SD) to S7 data area (e.g Data block).

- Note:**
- This SFC is asynchronous, it means its processing extends over several SFC calls.
 - This function should not interrupted (e.g., Power OFF)

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|--|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | REQ = TRUE: Request to read from the file |
| FILENAME | INPUT | STRING | File name, Length must be smaller than 60 characters |
| OFFSET | INPUT | DWORD | Starting offset to read from file beginning |
| LEN | INPUT | WORD | Data size to read in bytes, LEN = 0: Read available data starting OFFSET |
| RET_VAL | OUTPUT | WORD | Status code |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE : File reading is in process |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE : File reading is ended successful |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE : File reading is ended with error |
| DSTBLK | OUTPUT | ANY | Destination block area to write data |
| LEN_R | OUTPUT | WORD | Number of actually written data to DSTBLK in bytes |

| RET_VAL | BUSY | DONE | ERROR | Description |
|-----------|------|------|-------|--|
| W#16#0000 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Successful read |
| W#16#0080 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Read done, Available data is smaller than requested. |
| W#16#0081 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Destination area (DSTBLK) is larger than requested data (LEN), only requested data copied. |
| W#16#8081 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Requested (LEN) data is larger than destination area (DSTBLK), only data copied which can fit to destination area. |
| W#16#7000 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Reading is in in process |
| W#16#7001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Internal resource temporary occupied |
| W#16#7002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | REQ = FALSE, No reading started |
| W#16#7003 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Internal resource occupied by other request, (multiple request) |
| W#16#8000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | SD card is not inserted |
| W#16#8001 | 0 | 0 | 1 | File is not found, or could not read file |
| W#16#8002 | 0 | 0 | 1 | File is empty |
| W#16#8003 | 0 | 0 | 1 | OFFSET parameter is larger than file size |
| W#16#822A | 0 | 0 | 1 | FILENAME parameter is invalid. |
| W#16#8xyz | 0 | 0 | 1 | General error code (S7 compatible) |

System functions

S7-program sample for using the SFC209

Purpose: Read data from file in SD card into S7-data area

```

CALL SFC 209
REQ      :=M1501.6           // TRUE = Request to read file
FILENAME:=DB209.ARCHIVE_NAME // File name
OFFSET   :=DW#16#0          // From beginning of file
LEN      :=W#16#0           // Read all data which fits to DST_BLK
RET_VAL  :=MW1000           // Return / result code
BUSY     :=M1701.6          // TRUE = Request is in process
DONE     :=M1002.0          // TRUE = Successfully read
ERROR    :=M1002.1          // TRUE = Error occurred
DSTBLK   :=DB209.ARCHIVE_DATA // Destination data area which data be written
LEN_R    :=MW1004           // Number of bytes to written into DSTBLK

U      M  1701.6           // Archive data is in process
BEB
R      M  1501.6           // reset request signal

O      M  1002.0           // If successful done,
ON     M  1002.1           // or no error, then
BEB                                         // end the function

L      MW  1000            // error occurred
                                         // error evaluation
                                         // ...

BEA                                         // end this function

```



The FAT16/32 Filesystem on the Micro-SD-Karte does not allow some signs in the file- or directory name

These are: \ / : * ? " < > |

These signs will be ignored.

System functions

Copy data blocks from work memory to load memory with SFC 210 "COPY_DBL"

This function is used to copy data block(s) from work memory to load memory.

- Note:**
- This SFC is asynchronous, it means its processing extends over several SFC calls.
 - This function should not be interrupted (e.g., Power OFF, or PG memory related functions, such as Clear all, Block delete, ...).
 - Data blocks which are marked as "Non-Retain", are also copied (actual data) to load memory.
 - If parameter LOW_NR = HIGH_NR, then only one data block with LOW_NR will be copied.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|---|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | REQ = TRUE : Request to copy the data blocks from work to load memory |
| LOW_NR | INPUT | WORD | Lowest data block number. Must be larger than 0. |
| HIGH_NR | INPUT | WORD | Highest data block number. Must be larger than 0. |
| RET_VAL | OUTPUT | WORD | Status code |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE : Copying is in process |

| RET_VAL | BUSY | Description |
|-----------|------|---|
| W#16#0000 | 0 | Successfully copied |
| W#16#7000 | 0 | First call with REQ=0, Copying is not started |
| W#16#7001 | 1 | First call with REQ=1, Copying is started |
| W#16#7002 | 1 | Intermediate call (REQ irrelevant): Copying is in process |
| W#16#8001 | 0 | Other memory manipulation function is active. (e.g PG Block download, delete etc..) Copying is not started. |
| W#16#8002 | 0 | Invalid data block number (HIGH_NR is smaller than LOW_NR) |
| W#16#822A | 0 | LOW_NR is invalid. |
| W#16#832A | 0 | HIGH_NR is invalid. |
| W#16#8xyz | 0 | General error code (S7 compatible) |

S7-program sample for using the SFC210

Purpose: Copy data block DB209 to load memory. Actual values are overwritten in load memory.

```

UN   M   1502.0      // If request is not set, then
BEB                               // end the function

CALL SFC 210
REQ   :=M1502.0      // TRUE = Request to copy data block(s) to load memory
LOW_NR :=W#16#D1     // Data block number 209 (dec)
HIGH_NR:=W#16#D1    // only one data block
RET_VAL:=MW1000     // Return / result code
BUSY   :=M1702.0    // TRUE = Request is in process

U     M   1702.0      // if Copy request is in process, then
BEB                               // end the function
R     M   1502.0      // reset the request signal

L     MW  1000        // return / result code
L     0               // if no error, then
==I
BEB                               // end the function

L     MW  1000        // error occurred
                               // error evaluation
                               // ...
BEA                               // end the function

```

System functions

Copy data blocks from load memory to work memory with SFC 211 "COPY_DBW"

This function is used to copy data block(s) from load memory to work memory.

- Note:**
- This SFC is asynchronous, it means its processing extends over several SFC calls.
 - This function should not interrupted (e.g., Power OFF, or PG memory related functions, such as Clear all, Block delete, ...).
 - If parameter LOW_NR = HIGH_NR, than only one data block with LOW_NR will be copied.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|--|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | REQ = TRUE: Request to copy the data blocks from load to work memory |
| LOW_NR | INPUT | WORD | Lowest data block number. Must be larger than 0. |
| HIGH_NR | INPUT | WORD | Highest data block number. Must be larger than 0. |
| RET_VAL | OUTPUT | WORD | Status code |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE : Copying is in process |

| RET_VAL | BUSY | Description |
|-----------|------|---|
| W#16#0000 | 0 | Successfully copied |
| W#16#7000 | 0 | First call with REQ=0, Copying is not started |
| W#16#7001 | 1 | First call with REQ=1, Copying is started |
| W#16#7002 | 1 | Intermediate call (REQ irrelevant): Copying is in process |
| W#16#8001 | 0 | Other memory manipulation function is active. (e.g PG Block download, delete etc..) Copying is not started. |
| W#16#8002 | 0 | Invalid data block number (HIGH_NR is smaller than LOW_NR) |
| W#16#822A | 0 | LOW_NR is invalid. |
| W#16#832A | 0 | HIGH_NR is invalid. |
| W#16#8xyz | 0 | General error code (S7 compatible) |

S7-program sample for using the SFC211

Purpose: Copy data block (DB209) to work memory. Actual values which are last saved with SFB210 or SFC25 or downloaded from PG, are overwritten in work memory.

```

UN   M   1502.1           // If request is not set, then
BEB                               // end the function

CALL SFC 211
REQ   :=M1502.1           // TRUE = Request to copy data block(s) to work memory
LOW_NR :=W#16#D1          // Data block number 209 (dez)
HIGH_NR:=W#16#D1          // only one data block
RET_VAL:=MW1000           // Return / result code
BUSY   :=M1702.1          // TRUE = Request is in process

U     M   1702.1           // if Copy request is in process, then
BEB                               // end the function
R     M   1502.1           // reset request signal

L     MW  1000             // return / result code
L     0                    // no error, then
==I
BEB                               // end the function

L     MW  1000             // error occurred
                               // error evaluation
                               // ...

BEA                               // end the function

```

System functions

Read data from CSV-formatted archive file (SD)with SFC 213 „Read_CSV“

This function is used to copy data from CSV formatted archive file (SD) to S7 data area (e.g Data block). This SFC is asynchronous, it means its processing extends over several SFC calls. Only one job is queued at the time for processing.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|------------|-------------|-----------|---|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | REQ = TRUE: Request to read from the file |
| FILENAME | INPUT | STRING | File name, Length must be smaller than 60 characters |
| CSV_STRUCT | INPUT | ANY | CSV record structure. See SFC 207 "ARCHIVE" documentation |
| RET_VAL | OUTPUT | WORD | Status code |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE : File reading is in process |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE : File reading is ended successful |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE : File reading is ended with error |
| LINE | OUTPUT | INT | By ERROR=TRUE: Line number which causes converting error |
| FIELD | OUTPUT | INT | By ERROR=TRUE: Field number which causes converting error |
| DATA | INPUT | ANY | Pointer to S7-Process area |

| RET_VAL | BUSY | DONE | ERROR | Description |
|-----------|------|------|-------|--|
| W#16#0000 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Successful read |
| W#16#7000 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Reading is in process |
| W#16#7001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Internal resource temporarily occupied |
| W#16#7002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | REQ = FALSE, No reading started |
| W#16#7003 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Internal resource occupied other Request (e.g. SFC207 "ARCHIVE" ...) |
| W#16#8000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | SD card is not inserted |
| W#16#8001 | 0 | 0 | 1 | File is not exist in SD |
| W#16#8002 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Invalid data type in CSV_STRUCT parameter |
| W#16#8003 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Invalid length in CSV_STRUCT parameter |
| W#16#8004 | 0 | 0 | 1 | S7-Process data area should start from even offset (DATA parameter) |
| W#16#8005 | 0 | 0 | 1 | File is empty |
| W#16#8006 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Error occurred on reading the file |
| W#16#8007 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Invalid line / record separator. It should be CRLF. |
| W#16#8008 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Invalid character. It should be only ASCII characters. |
| W#16#8009 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Could not convert the field data. (e.g syntax error ...) |
| W#16#800A | 0 | 0 | 1 | Too big file. Not enough system resource to read file. |
| W#16#822A | 0 | 0 | 1 | FILENAME parameter is invalid. |
| W#16#8xyz | 0 | 0 | 1 | General error code (S7 compatible) |



The FAT16/32 Filesystem on their Micro-SD-Karte does not allow some signs in the file- or directory name

These are: \ / : * ? " < > |

These signs will be ignored.

System functions

- Note:**
- Field delimiter character is “;” (semicolon, ASCII code 59).
 - Decimal point is “.” (point, ASCII code 46).
 - Record separated by carriage return line feed character (CRLF, ASCII code 13, 10)
 - Process data (DATA parameter) offset should start from even address
 - One record data size in bytes should be even.
 - In case of empty field (;), corresponding process data area is not written (no data).
 - If a field in a record is smaller than in CSV_STRUCT “field count” assigned, converting is continued with the next record (like a line break) and data is written to next record data area.
 - If there are more fields in a record than in CSV_STRUCT “field count” assigned, the surplus data fields are ignored
 - If the process data area size (DATA) is smaller than the converted archive data size, converted data will be filled until reaching the assigned data size and the rest will be ignored.
 - If the process data area size (DATA) is larger than converted archive data size, all converted data will be written by field by field and the rest of the data area size is not overwritten.

S7-Program sample to use the SFC213

Purpose: Read in and convert data from csv-file into DB213

```

CALL SFC 213
  REQ      :=M1501.7           // TRUE = Request to read CSV file
  FILENAME :=DB207.ARCHIVE_NAME_CSV // CSV archive name
  CSV_STRUCT :=DB207.ARCHIVE_CSV_FORMAT // CSV field format
  RET_VAL   :=MW1000           // Return / result code
  BUSY      :=M1701.7         // TRUE = Request is in process
  DONE      :=M1002.0         // TRUE = Successfully read
  ERROR     :=M1002.1         // TRUE = Error occurred
  LINE      :=MW1006           // In error case, Line number which
                                // causes converting error
  FIELD     :=MW1008           // In error case, Field number which
                                // causes converting error
  DATA     :=DB213.ARCHIVE_DATA // Destination data area which data
                                // be written
  U M      1701.7             // Data read is in process
  BEB
  R M      1501.7             // reset request signal

  O M      1002.0             // If successful done,
  ON M     1002.1             // or no error, then
  BEB                                             // end the function

  L      MW 1000              // error occurred
  // error evaluation
  // ...
  BEA                                             // end of function

```

System functions

Overview about SFCs for a File Management System

INSEVIS offers SFCs to handle files and directories on the Micro-SD-Karte just like a file management system: creating, copying, renaming, informing about and deleting files and directories there.



The directories and files are kept always in the folder UserData\ and all (hierarchic) levels below.

Creating of directories and files

Directory: SFC 223 „CREATE“ creates a directory
File: SFC 207 „ARCHIVE“ creates a file

Reading of directories and files

Directory: can not be read in
File: SFC 209 „READFILE“ writes back file content into PLC
 SFC 213 „READ_CSV“ writes back csv-file content into PLC

Copying of directories and files

Directory: can not be copied
File: SFC 222 „COPY“ copies a file

Renaming of directories and files

Directory: SFC 220 „RENAME“ renames a directory
File: SFC 220 „RENAME“ renames a file too

Informing about directories and files

Directory: SFC 224 „INFO“ shows all entries into an directory
File: SFC 224 „INFO“ informs about the file size

Informing about directories and files

Directory: SFC 224 „INFO“ shows all entries into an directory
File: SFC 224 „INFO“ informs about the file size

Informing about files

Directory: SFC 225 „FILEINFO“ shows all entries into an directory
File: SFC 225 „FILEINFO“ informs about the file name and size

Deleting of directories and files

Directory: SFC 221 „DELETE“ deletes an directory
File: SFC 221 „DELETE“ deletes a file too

System functions

Create folders on Micro-SD-Card with SFC 223 „CREATE“

SFC222 "CREATE" is used to create a folder on Micro-SD card referred to the folder UserData\ (it contains all (hierarchical) level below). This SFC is asynchronous, it means its processing extends over several SFC calls.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Assign and start job |
| DIRNAME | INPUT | STRING | Folder name to be created |
| RET_VAL | OUTPUT | WORD | Status/Error code |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Job is in processing |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Job successfully done |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Job failed |

Status code meaning

| RET_VAL | BUSY | DONE | ERROR | Description |
|-----------|------|------|-------|----------------------------------|
| W#16#0000 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Job is successfully done |
| W#16#7000 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Job is process |
| W#16#7001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Job resource is temporary locked |

Status code meaning

| RET_VAL | BUSY | DONE | ERROR | Description |
|-----------|------|------|-------|--|
| W#16#7002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | REQ Parameter is FALSE |
| W#16#7003 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Job is not accepted, due to previous job is still in process |
| W#16#8000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | File system is not ready (e.g SD card not inserted) |
| W#16#8001 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Name is invalid (DIRNAME parameter) |
| W#16#8002 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Name is too long (DIRNAME parameter) |
| W#16#8003 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Entry with a name already exists (DIRNAME parameter) |
| W#16#8004 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Could not create folder |
| W#16#822A | 0 | 0 | 1 | Invalid format in DIRNAME parameter |
| W#16#8xyy | 0 | 0 | 1 | General error code (S7 compatible) |

S7-User program example to create a folder

```

CALL SFC 223
  REQ      :=M1800.0
  DIRNAME:=DB223.DIRNAME
  RET_VAL:=MW1000
  BUSY     :=M1800.1
  DONE    :=M1800.2
  ERROR   :=M1800.3

O   M   1800.2           // Job done
O   M   1800.3           // or failed
R   M   1800.0           // reset request signal

UN  M   1800.3
BEB                                // No error occurred

L   MW  1000              // error occurred
// error evaluation
// ...
BEA                                // end of function

```

System functions

Copy files on Micro-SD-Card with SFC 222 „COPY“

The SFC222 "COPY" is used to copy the file on Micro-SD card referred to the folder UserData\ (it contains all (hierarchical) level below). This SFC is asynchronous, it means its processing extends over several SFC calls.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|---|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Assign and start job |
| OVERWR | INPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Copy the file even DSTNAME exists |
| SRCNAME | INPUT | STRING | Name of the file to be copied |
| DSTNAME | INPUT | STRING | Destination name (path) |
| RET_VAL | OUTPUT | WORD | Status/Error code |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Job is in processing |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Job successfully done |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Job failed |

Status code meaning

| RET_VAL | BUSY | DONE | ERROR | Description |
|-----------|------|------|-------|---|
| W#16#0000 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Job is successfully done |
| W#16#7000 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Job is process |
| W#16#7001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Job resource is temporary locked |
| W#16#7002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | REQ Parameter is FALSE |
| W#16#7003 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Job is not accepted, due to previous job is still in process |
| W#16#8000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | File system is not ready (e.g SD card not inserted) |
| W#16#8001 | 0 | 0 | 1 | File with destination name already exists (DSTNAME parameter) |
| W#16#8002 | 0 | 0 | 1 | File with source name is not found (SRCNAME parameter) |
| W#16#8003 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Name is too long (SRCNAME, DSTNAME parameter) |
| W#16#8004 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Name is invalid (SRCNAME, DSTNAME parameter) |
| W#16#8005 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Not a file (SRCNAME parameter) |
| W#16#8006 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Could not copy the file |
| W#16#832A | 0 | 0 | 1 | Invalid format in SRCNAME parameter |
| W#16#842A | 0 | 0 | 1 | Invalid format in DSTNAME parameter |
| W#16#8xyy | 0 | 0 | 1 | General error code (S7 compatible) |

S7-User program example to copy a file

```

CALL SFC 222
  REQ      :=M1800.0
  OVERWR  :=TRUE           // overwrite the file if exists
  SRCNAME :=DB222.SRCNAME
  DSTNAME :=DB222.DSTNAME
  RET_VAL :=MW1000
  BUSY    :=M1800.1
  DONE    :=M1800.2
  ERROR   :=M1800.3

O      M      1800.2      // Job done
O      M      1800.3      // or failed
R      M      1800.0      // reset request signal

UN     M      1800.3
BEB                                         // No error occurred

L      MW 1000      // error occurred
// error evaluation
// ...
BEA                                         // end of function

```

System functions

Rename files / folders on Micro-SD-Card with SFC 220 „RENAME“

SFC220 "RENAME" used to rename the file / folder on Micro-SD card referred to the folder UserData\ (it contains all (hierarchical) level below). This SFC is asynchronous, it means its processing extends over several SFC calls.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|---|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Assign and start job |
| OLDNAME | INPUT | STRING | Name of the file / folder to be renamed |
| NEWNAME | INPUT | STRING | A new name |
| RET_VAL | OUTPUT | WORD | Status/Error code |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Job is in processing |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Job successfully done |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Job failed |

Status code meaning

| RET_VAL | BUSY | DONE | ERROR | Description |
|-----------|------|------|-------|--|
| W#16#0000 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Job is successfully done |
| W#16#7000 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Job is process |
| W#16#7001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Job resource is temporary locked |
| W#16#7002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | REQ Parameter is FALSE |
| W#16#7003 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Job is not accepted, due to previous job is still in process |
| W#16#8000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | File system is not ready (e.g SD card not inserted) |
| W#16#8001 | 0 | 0 | 1 | File / folder with a new name already exists (NEWNAME parameter) |
| W#16#8002 | 0 | 0 | 1 | File / folder with a old name is not found (OLDNAME parameter) |
| W#16#8003 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Name is too long (OLDNAME, NEWNAME parameter) |
| W#16#8004 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Name is invalid (OLDNAME, NEWNAME parameter) |
| W#16#8005 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Could not rename a file / folder |
| W#16#822A | 0 | 0 | 1 | Invalid format in OLDNAME parameter |
| W#16#832A | 0 | 0 | 1 | Invalid format in NEWNAME parameter |
| W#16#8xyy | 0 | 0 | 1 | General error code (S7 compatible) |

S7-User program example to rename a file

```

CALL SFC 220
REQ      :=M1800.0
OLDNAME :=DB220.OLDNAME
NEWNAME :=DB220.NEWNAME
RET_VAL :=MW1000           // Status code
BUSY    :=M1800.1
DONE    :=M1800.2
ERROR   :=M1800.3

O      M      1800.2           // Job done
O      M      1800.3           // or failed
R      M      1800.0           // reset request signal

UN     M      1800.3
BEB                               // No error occurred

L      MW 1000                 // error occurred
// error evaluation
// ...

BEA                               // end of function

```

System functions

Inform about files / folders on Micro-SD-Card with SFC 224 „INFO“

SFC224 "INFO" is used to query the file size or number entries in the folder on Micro-SD card referred to the folder UserData\ (it contains all (hierarchic) level below). This SFC is asynchronous, it means its processing extends over several SFC calls.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|---|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Assign and start job |
| DIRECTORY | INPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Query folder |
| ENTRYNAME | INPUT | STRING | Name of the file / folder |
| RET_VAL | OUTPUT | WORD | Status/Error code |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Job is in processing |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Job successfully done |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Job failed |
| SIZE | OUTPUT | DWORD | File size / Number of entries in the folder |

Status code meaning

| RET_VAL | BUSY | DONE | ERROR | Description |
|-----------|------|------|-------|--|
| W#16#0000 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Job is successfully done |
| W#16#7000 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Job is process |
| W#16#7001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Job resource is temporary locked |
| W#16#7002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | REQ Parameter is FALSE |
| W#16#7003 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Job is not accepted, due to previous job is still in process |
| W#16#8000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | File system is not ready (e.g SD card not inserted) |
| W#16#8001 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Name is invalid (ENTRYNAME parameter) |
| W#16#8002 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Name is too long (ENTRYNAME parameter) |
| W#16#8003 | 0 | 0 | 1 | File / folder is not found |
| W#16#8004 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Could not read information of entry |
| W#16#832A | 0 | 0 | 1 | Invalid format in ENTRYNAME parameter |
| W#16#8xyy | 0 | 0 | 1 | General error code (S7 compatible) |

S7-User program get the file size

```

CALL SFC 224
  REQ      :=M1800.0
  DIRECTORY:=FALSE           // Get file size
  ENTRYNAME:=DB224.FILENAME
  RET_VAL  :=MW1000
  BUSY     :=M1800.1
  DONE     :=M1800.2
  ERROR    :=M1800.3
  SIZE     :=MD1004         // file size in bytes

O   M   1800.2             // Job done
O   M   1800.3             // or failed
R   M   1800.0             // reset request signal

UN  M   1800.3
BEB                                 // No error occurred

L   MW 1000                 // error occurred
// error evaluation
// ...
BEA                                 // end of function

```

System functions

Inform about file size and name on Micro-SD-Card with SFC 225 „FILEINFO“

SFC225 "FILEINFO" is used to query the file name and file size by zero based index in the folder on Micro-SD card referred to the folder UserData\. This SFC is asynchronous, it means its processing extends over several SFC calls.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|--|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Assign parameter and start job |
| DIRECTORY | INPUT | STRING | (Sub-) Directory name to search the file |
| INDEX | INPUT | WORD | Zero based file index in the DIRECTORY |
| RET_VAL | OUTPUT | WORD | Status/Error code |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Job is in processing |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Job successfully done |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Job failed |
| FILE_NAME | OUTPUT | STRING | Name of the file |
| FILE_SIZE | OUTPUT | DWORD | File size |

Status code meaning

| RET_VAL | BUSY | DONE | ERROR | Description |
|-----------|------|------|-------|---|
| W#16#0000 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Job is successfully done |
| W#16#7000 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Job is process |
| W#16#7001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Job resource is temporary locked |
| W#16#7002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | REQ Parameter is FALSE |
| W#16#7003 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Job is not accepted, due to previous job is still in process |
| W#16#8000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | File system is not ready (e.g Micro-SD card not inserted) |
| W#16#8001 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Could not open directory (e.g directory does not exist) |
| W#16#8002 | 0 | 0 | 1 | INDEX parameter is greater than or equal to number of available files |
| W#16#8003 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Could not read directory |
| W#16#812A | 0 | 0 | 1 | Invalid format in DIRECTORY parameter |
| W#16#882A | 0 | 0 | 1 | Invalid format in FILE_NAME parameter |
| W#16#8xyy | 0 | 0 | 1 | General error code (S7 compatible) |

S7-User program get the file info

```

UN   M   1900.0
BEB                                     // Job is not requested

CALL SFC 225
REQ   :=M1900.0
DIRECTORY:=DB225.DIRECTORY           // Directory to be searched in
INDEX  :=MW1902                       // File index in directory (zero based)
RET_VAL :=MW1000
BUSY   :=M1900.1
DONE   :=M1900.2
ERROR  :=M1900.3
FILE_NAME:=DB225.FILENAME           // file name
FILE_SIZE:=MD1904                   // file size in bytes

O     M   1900.2                       // Job done
O     M   1900.3                       // or failed
R     M   1900.0                       // reset request signal

UN   M   1900.3
BEB                                     // No error occurred

L     MW 1000                           // error occurred
// error evaluation
BEA                                     // end of function

```

System functions

Delete files / folders on Micro-SD-Card with SFC 221 „DELETE“

SFC221 "DELETE" used to delete the file / folder on Micro-SD card referred to the folder UserData\ (it contains all (hierarchic) level below). This SFC is asynchronous, it means its processing extends over several SFC calls.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|---|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Assign and start job |
| FILENAME | INPUT | STRING | Name of the file / folder to be deleted |
| RET_VAL | OUTPUT | WORD | Status/Error code |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Job is in processing |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Job successfully done |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Job failed |

Status code meaning

| RET_VAL | BUSY | DONE | ERROR | Description |
|-----------|------|------|-------|--|
| W#16#0000 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Job is successfully done |
| W#16#7000 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Job is process |
| W#16#7001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Job resource is temporary locked |
| W#16#7002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | REQ Parameter is FALSE |
| W#16#7003 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Job is not accepted, due to previous job is still in process |
| W#16#8000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | File system is not ready (e.g SD card not inserted) |
| W#16#8001 | 0 | 0 | 1 | File / folder is currently used |
| W#16#8002 | 0 | 0 | 1 | File / folder is not found (FILENAME parameter) |
| W#16#8003 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Name is too long (FILENAME parameter) |
| W#16#8004 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Folder is not empty |
| W#16#8005 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Could not delete a file / folder |
| W#16#822A | 0 | 0 | 1 | Invalid format in FILENAME parameter |
| W#16#8xyy | 0 | 0 | 1 | General error code (S7 compatible) |

S7-User program example to delete a file

```

CALL SFC 221
  REQ      :=M1800.0
  FILENAME:=DB221.FILENAME
  RET_VAL  :=MW1000
  BUSY     :=M1800.1
  DONE     :=M1800.2
  ERROR    :=M1800.3

O   M   1800.2           // Job done
O   M   1800.3           // or failed
R   M   1800.0           // reset request signal

UN  M   1800.3
BEB                                // No error occurred

L   MW 1000                // error occurred
// error evaluation
// ...

BEA                                // end of function

```

System functions

Adjust LCD brightness with SFC 214 "LCD_BRIG"

This function is used to change LCD brightness of Panel-PLC.

This SFC is asynchronous, it means its processing extends over several SFC calls.

Only one job is queued at the time for processing.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|----------------|-------------|-----------|---|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | REQ = TRUE: Request to set/get LCD brightness |
| SET | INPUT | BOOL | TRUE= Set brightness, FALSE= Get brightness |
| LADDR | INPUT | WORD | Logical base address 0 Panel-PLC (intern LCD) 1...16 Panel-HMI connection-ID number |
| BRIGHTNESS | INPUT | INT | LCD brightness value in percent 0..100% |
| RET_VAL | OUTPUT | WORD | Status code |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job is done |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job is in process |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE=Job failed, error code in RETVAL |
| BACKLIGHT | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE= LCD backlight is ON, FALSE= LCD back light is OFF (by key with VisuStage -system function) |
| BRIGHTNESS_CUR | OUTPUT | INT | Current LCD brightness value |

| RET_VAL | BUSY | DONE | ERROR | Description |
|-----------|------|------|-------|--|
| W#16#0000 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Successful read |
| W#16#7000 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Job is in process |
| W#16#7001 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Connection is in invalid state (e.g not connected) |
| W#16#7002 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Job not accepted, due to previous job is in still in process |
| W#16#7003 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Connection resource occupied (temporarily locked) |
| W#16#7004 | 0 | 0 | 0 | REQ parameter is FALSE, Job is not started |
| W#16#8001 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Invalid connection ID number in LADDR parameter |
| W#16#8002 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Visualization is not running (on Panel-HMI) |
| W#16#8004 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Invalid LCD brightness value in BRIGHTNESS parameter. |
| W#16#8xyz | 0 | 0 | 1 | General error codes (compatible to STEP@7) |

S7-Program sample to use the SFC214

Purpose: Change backlight brightness value by MW2024

```
CALL SFC 214
  REQ          :=M1502.3
  SET          :=TRUE          // TRUE= Change the LCD brightness
  LADDR       :=MW2000        // VisuStage connection ID number.
                               // In Panel-PLC (e.g PC700P) must be W#16#0.
  BRIGHTNESS  :=MW2024        // LCD Brightness value to change
                               // (in present, 0..100)
  RET_VAL     :=MW1000        // Result / return code
  DONE        :=M1002.0      // TRUE = Successful created
  BUSY        :=M1002.1      // TRUE = Request is in process
  ERROR       :=M1002.2      // TRUE = Error occurred
  BACKLIGHT   :=M2026.0      // LCD Back light status
  BRIGHTNESS_CUR :=MW2028    // Current LCD brightness value in present
```


System functions

```

O    M    1002.0           // successful done
O    M    1002.2           // or failed
R    M    1502.3           // reset request signal

UN   M    1002.2           // if not failed, then
BEB                                     // end the function

L     MW   1000 // error occurred
// error evaluation
// ...
BEA                                     // end of function

```

Copy RAM to ROM with SFC 254 "RAM2ROM"

INSEVIS PLC provides the SFC 254 "RAM2ROM" to copy the data blocks from work (battery buffered) memory to load memory (in the flash memory).

- Note:**
- This SFC is asynchronous, it means its processing extends over several SFC calls.
 - This function should not interrupted (e.g., Power OFF, or PG memory related functions, such as Clear all, Block delete, ...).
 - Data blocks which marked as "Non-Retain", also copied (actual data) to load memory.

Sample long time storage of the PLC with actual process data:

Use SFC254 before switching off and when battery is empty and the RAM-content (process data) will be lost, all will be red from flash after re-starting the PLC. Only time/date data has to be entered new.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|--|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | TRUE = Start the processing |
| RET_VAL | OUTPUT | WORD | Status code W#16#0000 Copying is in process, if BUSY=TRUE Copying is done, if BUSY=FALSE W#16#7000 No copying in process, if REQ = FALSE W#16#8001 Copy is not allowed, other memory manipulating operation is active. |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE = Copying is in process |

S7-program sample for using the SFC254

Purpose: Copy all data blocks to load memory. Actual values are overwritten in load memory.

```

UN   M    1502.2           // If request is not set, then
BEB                                     // end the function

CALL SFC 254
  REQ    :=M1502.2           // TRUE = Request to start RAM 2 ROM
  RET_VAL:=MW1000           // Return / result code
  BUSY   :=M1702.2           // TRUE = Request is in process

U     M    1702.2           // If Copy request is in process, then
BEB                                     // end the function
R     M    1502.2           // reset the request signal

L     MW   1000           // return / result code
L     0                                     // no error, then
==I
BEB                                     // end the function

L     MW   1000           // error occurred
// error evaluation
// ...

BEA                                     // end the function

```

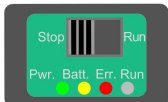
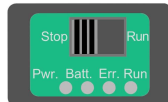
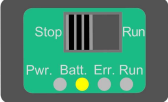
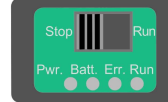

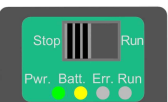






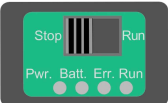
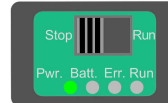
System functions

Update operation system in the PLC

It is possible to update the PLC's operation system, **without having any influence on the S7-user program** kept in the PLC.

The operation is described below; you need a Micro-SD-Card with **operation system binary data in the ROOT folder**, (e.g. PC35Vx.bin, PC57Px.bin, etc), your PLC, and its power supply 24V

→ Devices with CPU-T can get its new firmware via Ethernet by ServiceStage software too.

| Procedure of OS-update | | Display in LCD (if LCD is available) |
|---|--|--|
| Preparation - switch Run/Stop into STOP - switch device power OFF - plug in the micro-SD-card - switch device power ON | 1)  Stop Power off SD-Card in Power on  | |
| Internal check (depends on existing software version) LED Batt. (yellow) blinks while internal CPU check runs | 2)  <i>internes Prüfen internal check</i> <i>abwechselnd alternatively</i>  |  Checking ... |
| Loading process in operation (Do not switch off the device, no interrupt in power supply!!) „Power“-LED shines permanently LEDs „Batt.“ (yellow) and „Run“ (green) blink <u>alternatively</u> | 3)  <i>Ladevorgang... Loading process (ca. 1min)</i> <i>abwechselnd alternatively</i>  | a)  Updating ... b)  Checking ... |
| Loading process finished „Power“-LED shines permanently LEDs „Batt.“ (yellow) and „Run“ (green) blink <u>together</u> | 4)  <i>Laden beendet Loading finished</i> <i>gleichzeitig synchronously</i>  |  Update done |
| initialize the new OS - switch device power OFF - pull out the micro-SD-card - switch device power ON | 5)  Power off SD-Card out Power on  Run | |

System functions

General reset by hardware

General resetting is possible in 2 ways:

- by software (with the SIMATIC® Manager/TIA from Siemens or by ServiceStage (belongs to basic knowledge and is not explained again)
- by hardware (Run/Stop- switch) directly on the PLC) explained hereby

After a hardware reset only IP-address and time remain in the battery buffered memory (like at Siemens).

Procedure for general reset by hardware:

Run/Stop-switch into Stop
switch device power OFF
switch device power ON

During the first 3 seconds*, when the LEDs „Power“, „Batt.“, „Error“ glow,

- 1 Run/Stop-switch into Run
red „Error“-LED now is off
green „Run“-LED now glows

Within the next second

- 2 Run/Stop-switch into Stop
red „Error“-LED now glows
green „Run“-LED now is off

Within the next second

- 3 Run/Stop-switch in Run
red „Error“-LED now is off
green „Run“-LED now glows

Within the next second

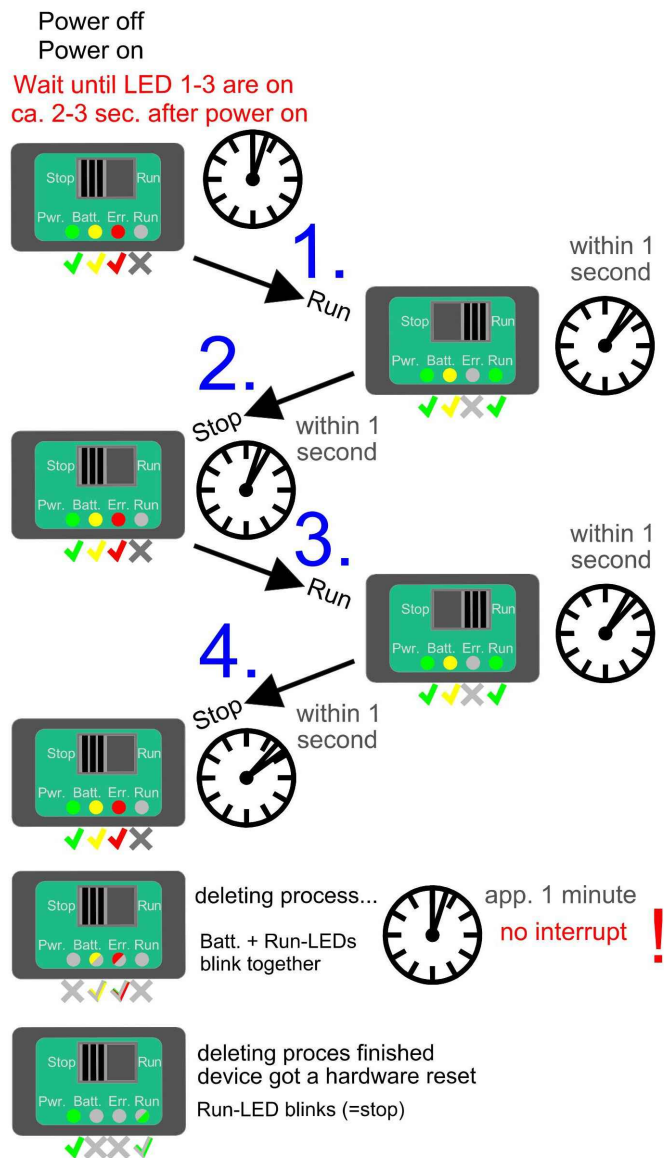
- 4 Run/Stop-switch into Stop
red „Error“-LED now glows
green „Run“-LED now is off

Deleting in operation

DO NOT power off device
LEDs „Batt“ (yellow) and
„Err.“ (red) blink together

Deleting finished

„Run“-LED blinks
(device is in Stop mode)



Hint for RESTORE after Hardware-Reset:

After this operation the PLC tries to read data from the micro-SD-card. RUN- and BATT-LEDs are blinking together during this time.

If there is no or an empty micro-SD-card plugged in, the user data and the process data will be written over with „0“ (general reset).

During the first 3 seconds* is a value for the CPU-V/-P. The larger CPU-T needs longer for booting process, than the red LEDs start after the progress bar has finished (if you have a display, ~ 6-8 seconds), please be patient – you will catch this moment surely.

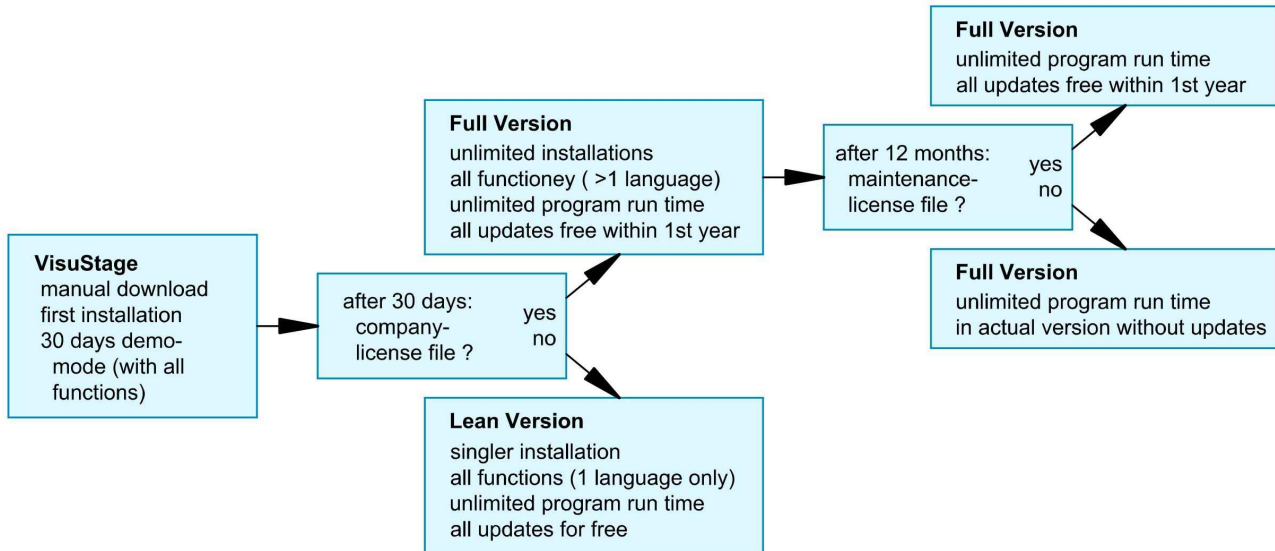
Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Download and licensing

The actual version of VisuStage is free to download at INSEVIS websites in the download area. INSEVIS-programs do not check the internet for new versions, so please visit INSEVIS websites for new features by yourself.

At the first installation VisuStage asks for the license file. If not typed in, the software runs for 30 days with all functions as demo version and asks later again for that file. At the folders “Help” → “Info” can be added the path to a license file always to upgrade a lean version into a full version.

This company license can be multiple times used within one company for multiple installations. (Open visustage.exe once as administrator in Windows 7. So you have to enter the license path only once).



System functions

The S7 Operating system provides the system functions (SFC) to control the visualization by your S7 program. These SFCs are described in the referring PLC-manual (Compact or Panel-PLC) at the chapter “System functions”. To use these SFCs you need the **S7-Library** from INSEVIS. It can be downloaded at download-area of INSEVIS websites for free.

Communication between PLC and external Panel-HMI

In a Panel-PLC these SFCs will be used from a common CPU for PLC- and HMI-functions as well. If you use PLCs with external HMI please note followig:



ATTENTION:

Only single SFC-jobs can be processed.

If the parameter "BUSY" of the corresponding SFC returns the value FALSE, the job is finished and a new SFC can be processed,

The configuration of connection parameters of INSEVIS-Panel to INSEVIS-PLC or external PLC is explained at the chapter “Resource Partner-PLC-device” in this manual

Use these data in the S7-program (e.g. LADDR := W#16#1 for the panel-connection with ID-No. 1)

Here the PLC can change the screens in an external panel (e.g. with the connection-ID-No. 1

```

CALL „SFC 201
LADDR      := W#16#1
SCREEN     := MW1006
RET VAL    := MW1008
BUSY       := #busy
  
```

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

General settings of the program shell

Top: **Standard functions bar** (self explaining or explained by tool-tips)

Alignment functions (2 and more objects)

FIRST mark the Master-element,
THAN mark the others, what shall be aligned to the master
than choose the alignment property you want (left, horizontal centered, right, top, bottom centered, bottom)



Size functions

FIRST mark the Master-element,
THAN mark the others, what shall be aligned to the master
than choose the size item (width, height)
or assign multiple dimension properties to different selected objects (right)
with key-combination of CTRL+arrow-keys size of marked objects can be changed pixelwise



Alignment functions (1 or 3 and more objects)

FIRST mark the Master-element,
THAN mark the others, what shall be aligned to the master
FINALLY the element, what should mark the outer border of the grid
than choose the alignment property you want (same horizontal distance, center a single object, same vertical distance)



Grid-/ Snap functions (self explaining)

At Extra / Settings assign grid size
(de-) activate grid and snap by mouse click



General settings (without figure, self explaining)

It is recommended to hide the panels bezel to save window-space on your VisuStage-PC.
Grid and snap functions make it easier to design new screens

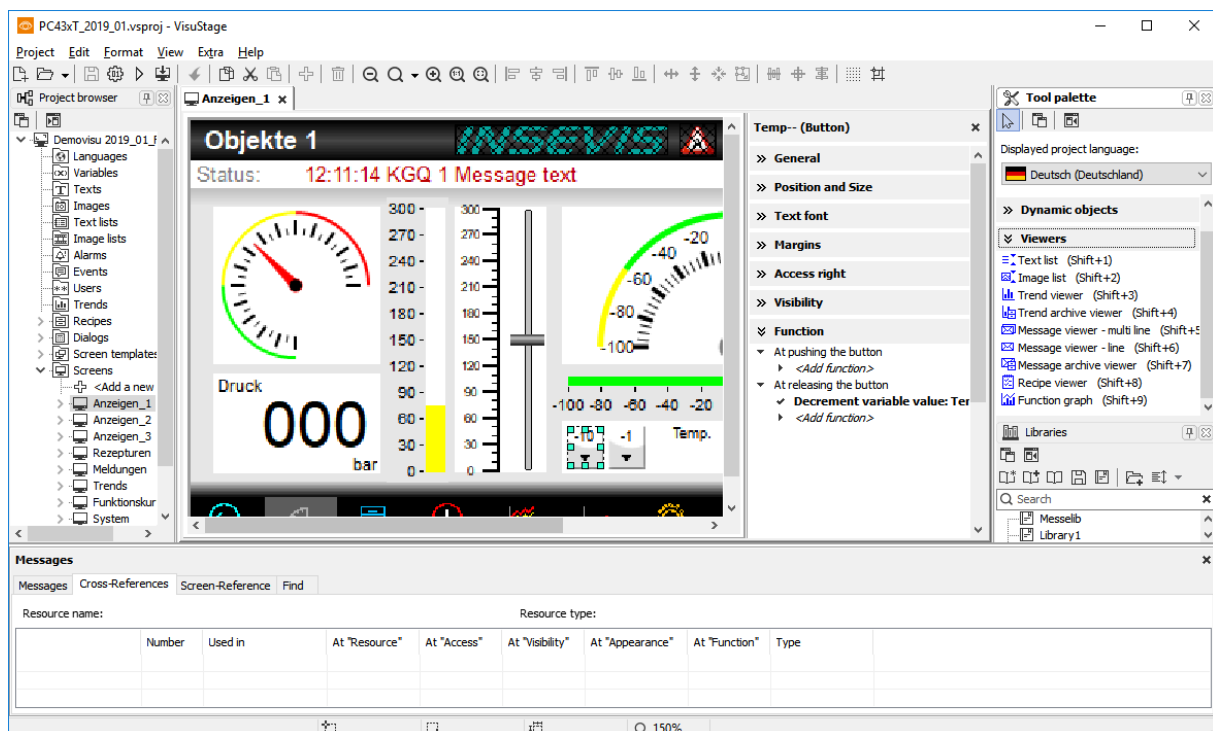
Top: General functions and drop down menus,

Left: Project browser with resource settings (here the resources will be set up and parametrized) and screens

Middle: Window of the projected screen, display of the objects parameters of the the selected object

Right: Tool bar with project language, function catalog with all objects what are available, Library catalog

Bottom: Message window (for messages, references, queries and filter results), to be switched on/off by F6-key



Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

General functionality

VisuStage imports S7-PLC-variables from Simatic®-Manager or TIA® Portal and uses it in different visualization objects in different screens. It can synchronize these S7-variables to the S7-project automatically.

The visualization source file will be compiled into a binary, what will be transferred to the Panel-HMI or Panel-PLC by Ethernet. The firmware in the Panel-HMI/-PLC creates the images and touch fields at the touch display there. No source data can be read back from the Panel-HMI/-PLC.

There is possible to get a free remote visualization of all S7-PLCs on a PC-screen by RemoteStage, what requires the visualization binary.

The following descriptions refer to the actual sample project what is available at the download area at INSEVIS websites. It requires the newest VisuStage-version and the newest operating systems at the devices. It is hardly recommended to use this project together with this documentation to understand it better.

Recommended procedures

A systematic working procedure reduces errors and decreases the programming efforts



- Import your S7-variables from the S7-symbol table or directly from your S7-DBs including symbols and synchronize it with your S7-project
- Assign objects for multiple screen use in different template screens, what you can use in every single screen.
- If you have finished entering all texts in your project language, you may export them into a *.csv-file and forward it to a translator into any other language you need. It is only necessary to keep the *.csv structure then you can re-import this file again - and you have your next language texts.
- Collect all special pictures for your visualization theme before you start. (We strongly recommend the file format "png", because it works with a good compression and it allows definition of transparency by an alpha-channel. This is very important, if you want to see your background color on rounded corners and not any image colors.)
- Use the grid- and snap-function.

Save your resources

It is very important to have an eye on the memory size, required by the visualization. In general it is better to tune your visualization with some easy hints, before you decrease the PLC performance with an unsuitable visualization.



- Multiple use of buttons
(if you use exactly the same buttons (resolution, image) you save lots of memory size because they will stored only one time as 1 object. It does not matter, if symbols or texts belonging to this items or not.)
- Do not overlap dynamic objects
(This function is not allowed by program cycle. You better navigate your images by dialog boxes with coords.)
- Better to have less screens with more common objects than to have lots of nearly empty screens.
(Every new screen is stored as image and requires memory space.)

Keep the overview

You need to know, what resources are „active“ and what are „blind passengers“.



- Filters reduce the number of displayed resources to get a better overview.
- With „cross reference“-function (right mouse button in the resource-menu) the use of variables, texts, images, text lists, image lists and trends can be displayed. Delete resources you do not use.
- Delete unused resources with the „CleanUp“-function at the rider „Edit“

Transfer your work to other projects

When you invested much time to create a very special head- or bottom line or navigation:



- Use the library function to export often used groups to your PC for a further use in other projects.
- Use the screen template function for Headlines or footes, etc.



VIDEO-Tutorials available You find detailed explanations in the VisuStage-Playlist at the INSEVIS YouTube®-channel „INSEVIS EN“. This manual refers to the referential visualization, what is available for free download at the download area at INSEVIS- web sites.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Project settings

At the menu „Project“ basic settings will be made.

Version counter

- Manual assignment of a compile-no. or automatic counter (can be displayed by text field)

Assign the target IP-address

- The connection between the PLC and the PC with visualization software „VisuStage“ is done by Ethernet TCP/IP. That’s why it is necessary to enter the IP-address of the target Panel-PLC/HMI to identify the device whereto the visualization should be send.
- **(here you do not change the IP-address data of the Panel-PLC / HMI !)**
- Double click on „Project“
- Enter the data
- Acknowledge

File formats

VisuStage creates 3 file formats:

- ***.vsproj** contains the source code of the visualization
- ***.res** contains the resources of the visualization
- ***.bin** contains the compiled binaries to be downloaded into the panel

Data protection at binary upload

- Request a PIN-code, when RemoteStage shall be able to upload the binary of your visualization.
- Requested from RemoteStage before uploading visualization binary
- Must be activated when using “Online backup” function in ServiceStage

VNC-Server (CPU-T devices only)

- Select to start the VNC-Server always or controlled by variable
- Static / dynamic port number (default port 5900 recommended!)
- Password settings (Needed in VNC-Client/Viewer)
- Content in VNC-Client/Viewer
 - passive (1:1 display only)
 - active (controls the HMI)
 - changeable by variable (e.g. key switch)

General

| | | | |
|-------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---|
| Name: | Demovisu 2017_03_Full | | |
| Author: | INSEVIS | | |
| Created on: | 30.07.2011 12:13:41 | | |
| Created version: | 2.0.2.0 | | |
| Modified on: | 01.08.2017 11:55:07 | | |
| Modified version: | 2.1.0.8 | | |
| Project version: | Major: <input type="text" value="1"/> | Minor: <input type="text" value="2"/> | Compile: <input type="text" value="3"/> |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> Auto increment compile number | | |
| Comment: | Demo-Visualisierung ab VisuStage 2.1.0.8, SPS: ab BS 2.5.4, HMI ab BS 1.4.4 mit Referenz im Handbuch ab Juli 2017 --> Tips in den Kommentarzeilen beachten | | |

Device information

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Target IP Address: | 192.168.80.55 |
| Description: | HMI430T 4.3" 480x272 px, 16bit Color, TFT, 48MByte load memory for visualization |

RemoteStage

Enable for uploading the visualization binary via RemoteStage
PIN:

LCD screen rotation

0°
 90°
 180°
 270°

Remote control (VNC Server)

Enable remote control (VNC Server)

Start behaviour
 Start automatically
 Controlled by variable (not assigned)

TCP Port number
 Port number (static)
 From variable (not assigned)

Server name
 Name (static):
 From variable (not assigned)

Authentication
 No authentication
 With password
 Password from variable (not assigned)

Operation mode control
 Monitoring mode (view only)
 Controlling mode
 Controlled by variable (not assigned)



ATTENTION:

Using a VNC-Client/Viewer as app makes possible a mobile application. The settings of operational and security functions depend on each app.

Every user is responsible for data security by itself! Do not use VNC-Server without authentication and care for access of identified and known devices by yourself

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

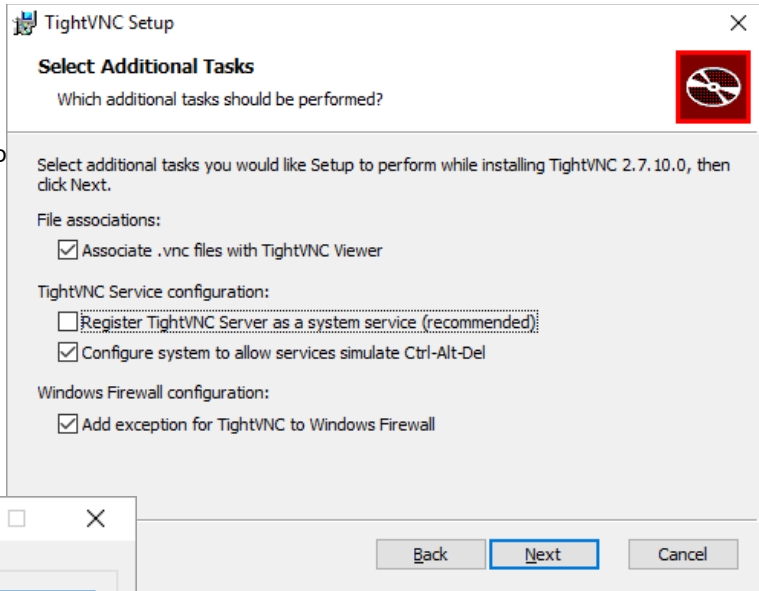
Configure a VNC-Viewer/-Client


When select a VNC-Viewer/-Client care for following issues:

- Supporting RFB V 3.8 with encryption ZRLE, RAW-protocol
- Deselecting of „Clipboard transfer“ (copy & paste for texts)

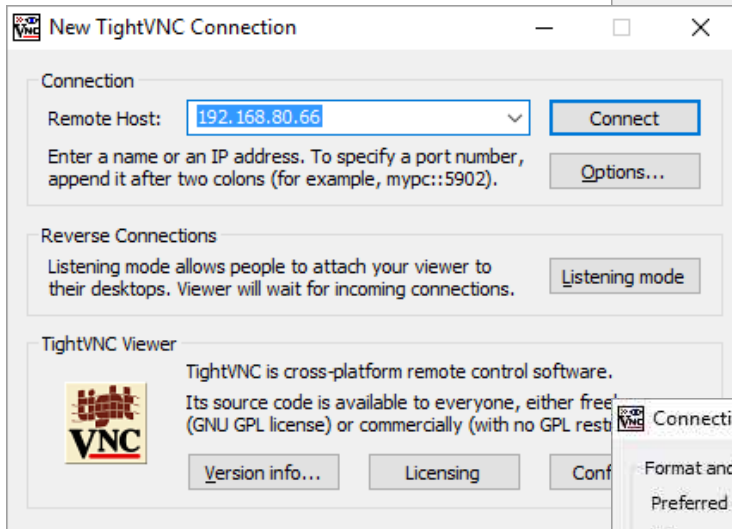
See a setup and configuration sample for the free **Tight VNC-Viewer** to get the most important settings from installation to remote visualization

Deselect server function during program setup



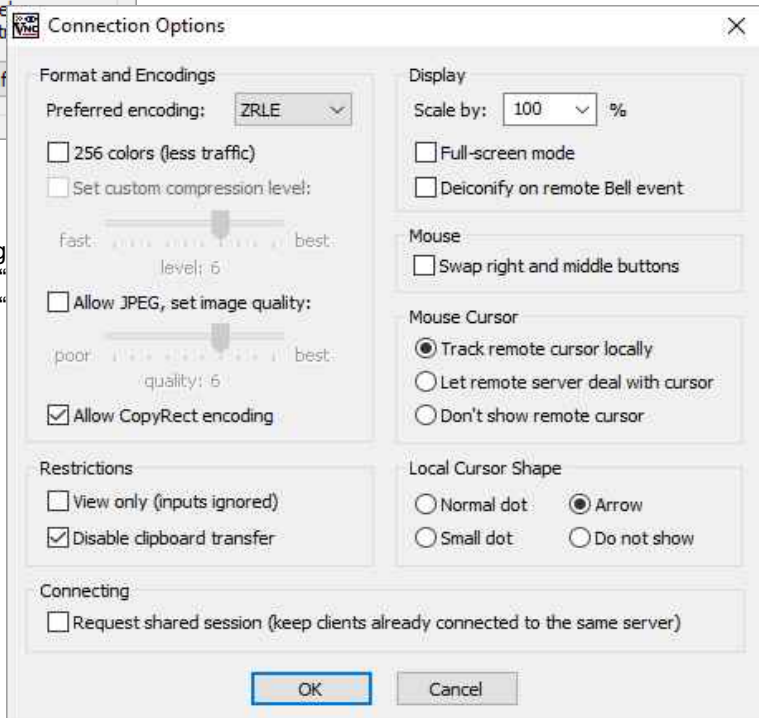


Hint: Images are made at installation of Tight VNC-Viewer. This is a free software easy to install and configure, so that we can recommend it.

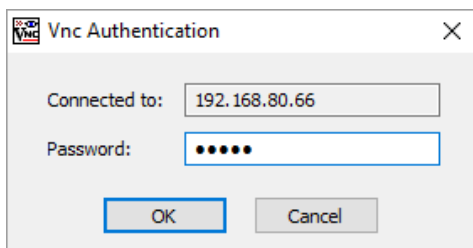


Assign IP-address of the remote device and go to „Options“

assign ZLRE-Encoding
deselect „Clipboard Transfer“
deselect „Shared Session“



Insert password what was assigned in VisuStage



Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

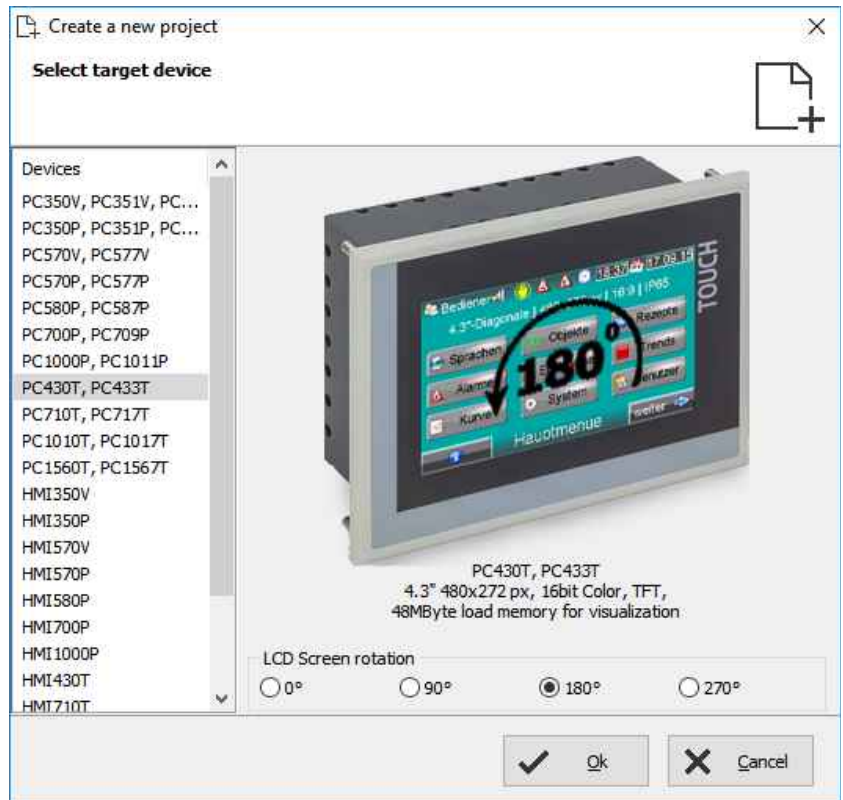
Change screen orientation or resolution

At the menu „Project/change target device“ it is possible to adapt the project to another target system.

This could be:

- other Panel-PLCs or Panel-HMIs from INSEVIS)
- a free resolution for using PC-monitors as remote panel
- other orientations of the same device (in 90-degree-steps for CPU-P-versions only)

This procedure is only made arithmetical and needs manual reconditioning to get an attractive visualization and to reduce the binaries memory size (e.g. font sizes, bottom sizes, etc.).

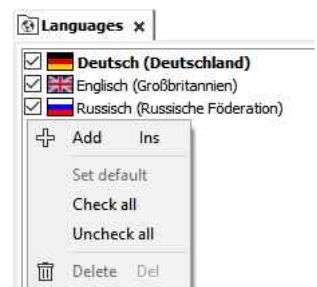


Create and administrate resources

Resource languages

All languages installed on your PC are available for VisuStage-projects. These will be stored as bmp. If an other PC without these installed languages will be used to compile and download to the Panel-PLC/HMI, the missing languages can not not be displayed correctly.

- Add / delete a language: → by right mouse key
- Select the project language: → by right mouse key opens up a pull down menu
- Select a reference: language (marked bright) → by right mouse key „Set default“



Hint:

Text- and image resources are connected to the language, where they were assigned/imported. If this language is deleted, all (text- and image) resources will be deleted after confirming it in a confirmation window.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Resource variables

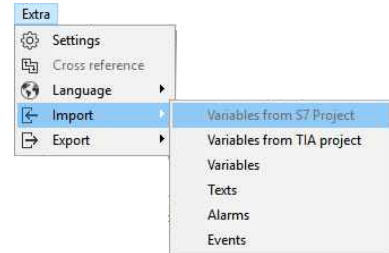
Beside the manually input of variables there are 2 better opportunities to import S7-variables from the S7-program

1) Import the variables by the system data file (*.sdf) of Simatic®-Manager (without symbols)

- Create a S7- symbol table by the Simatic®-Manager
- Import it as a variables list (importable in sdf-file format) by:
 - Extra
 - Import
 - Variables

2.) Import the variables directly from the DBs of the S7-project (including symbols)

- Start it by
 - Extra
 - Import
 - Variables from S7-Project
- (Simatic®-Manager must be installed on this PC)**
- Mark and open the corresponding project



| Name | Path | Author | Created | Modified |
|---------------------|--|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Beispiel | C:\Users\Messe\Documents\Siemens\Step7\S7... | | 28.07.2011 13:37:29 | 15.10.2012 16:40:15 |
| Handbuch Demo v3 | C:\Users\Messe\Documents\Insevis\Messe201... | INSEVIS GmbH | 04.03.2014 16:14:22 | 06.04.2016 11:05:46 |
| Messe2018-TB20 | C:\Users\Messe\Documents\Insevis\Messe201... | | 20.11.2015 12:07:12 | 20.11.2018 18:17:29 |
| PC710T | C:\Users\Messe\Documents\Siemens\Step7\s7... | | 21.12.2018 14:05:07 | 21.12.2018 15:03:12 |
| PROJECT-ETHERNE... | C:\Program Files (x86)\Siemens\Step7\Exempl... | | 26.10.1998 09:33:06 | 14.06.2005 12:58:26 |
| PROJECT-PROFIBU... | C:\Program Files (x86)\Siemens\Step7\Exempl... | | 27.10.1998 09:44:37 | 14.06.2005 13:14:01 |
| Test Function Graph | C:\Users\Messe\Documents\Siemens\Step7\S7... | | 24.01.2014 10:34:48 | 27.01.2014 17:37:01 |
| VariableImport | C:\Users\Messe\Documents\Siemens\Step7\s7... | | 27.11.2018 09:45:46 | 27.11.2018 09:47:07 |
| ZDt01_01_STEP7_... | C:\Program Files (x86)\Siemens\Step7\Exempl... | Siemens AG | 04.08.1998 13:02:37 | 01.02.1999 09:35:36 |

Choose the required data blocks from the S7-program list (no instance data blocks).

| Block name | Symbolic name | Created | Mo... |
|------------|---------------|---------------------|-------|
| DB10 | MyVariables | 27.11.2018 09:51:48 | 27... |
| DB131 | | 29.11.2018 11:12:13 | 29... |
| Symbole | | 27.11.2018 09:46:50 | 27... |

- Mark the required variables (also multiple) and import it.



VIDEO-Tutorials available Therefore is a **VIDEO** available in the VisuStage-Playlist at the INSEVIS YouTube®-channel „INSEVIS EN“.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

3.) Import the variables directly from the TIA®-project (including symbols)

3.1) Import the variables directly from S7-3xx-CPU's from TIA®-project

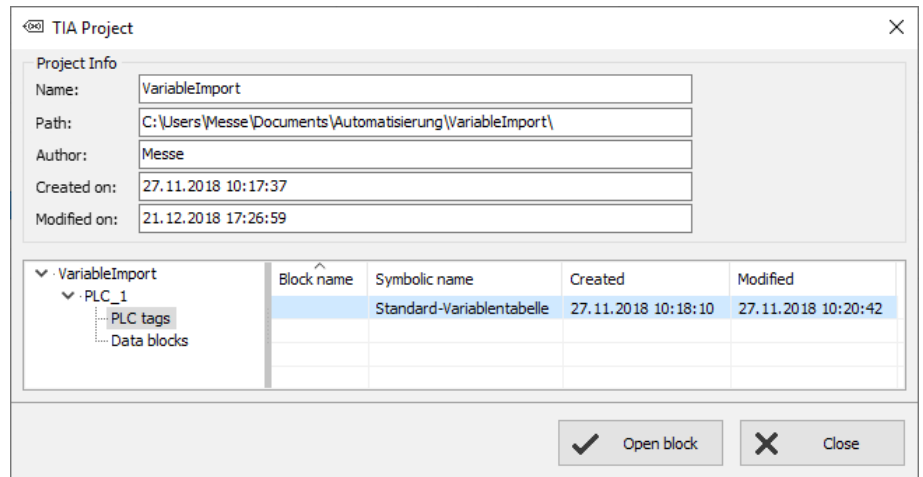
TIA®-Portal does not need to be installed on this PC, just only TIA®-project must be closed while importing.

- Start it by
→ Extra
→ Import from TIA®-project

Then a window opens to select the TIA®-project.

SELECTION

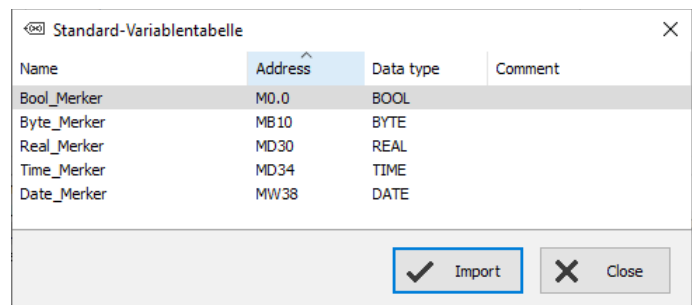
→ of the **Station** (here INSEVIS SPS)
→ and then of the **CPU** (here PLC_1)
and then



EITHER

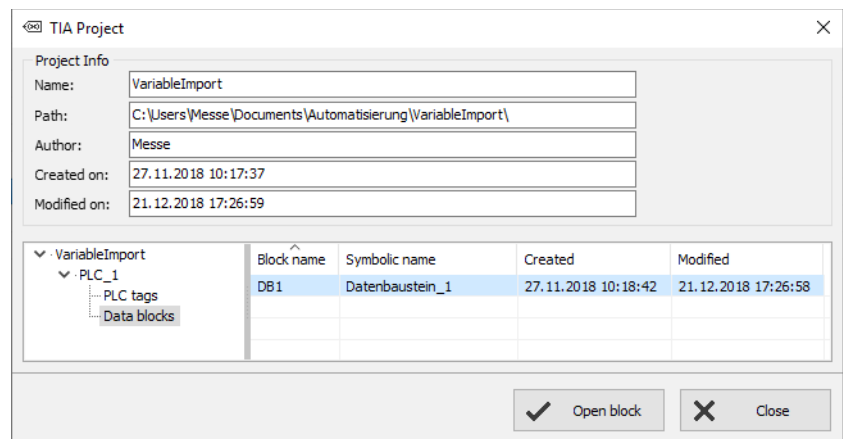
of the **symbol table** (here SPS-Tags)

1. In the right window all variable tables will be displayed
2. Open up a variable table and see all existing variable lists.
3. Selection of the variable lists by marking (multiple marking by Shift or Ctrl)
4. Import the selected variable lists

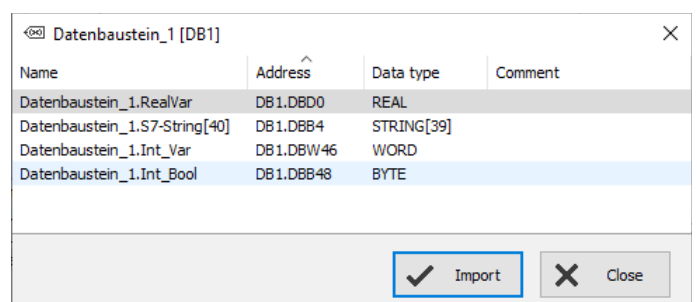


OR

of the **data blocks** (here Data Blocks)



1. In the right window all data blocks will be displayed
2. Selection of the data block by marking (only single blocks)
3. Open a data block
4. Selection of variable from a data block by marking (multiple marking by Shift or Ctrl)
5. Import the selected variables from the data blocks



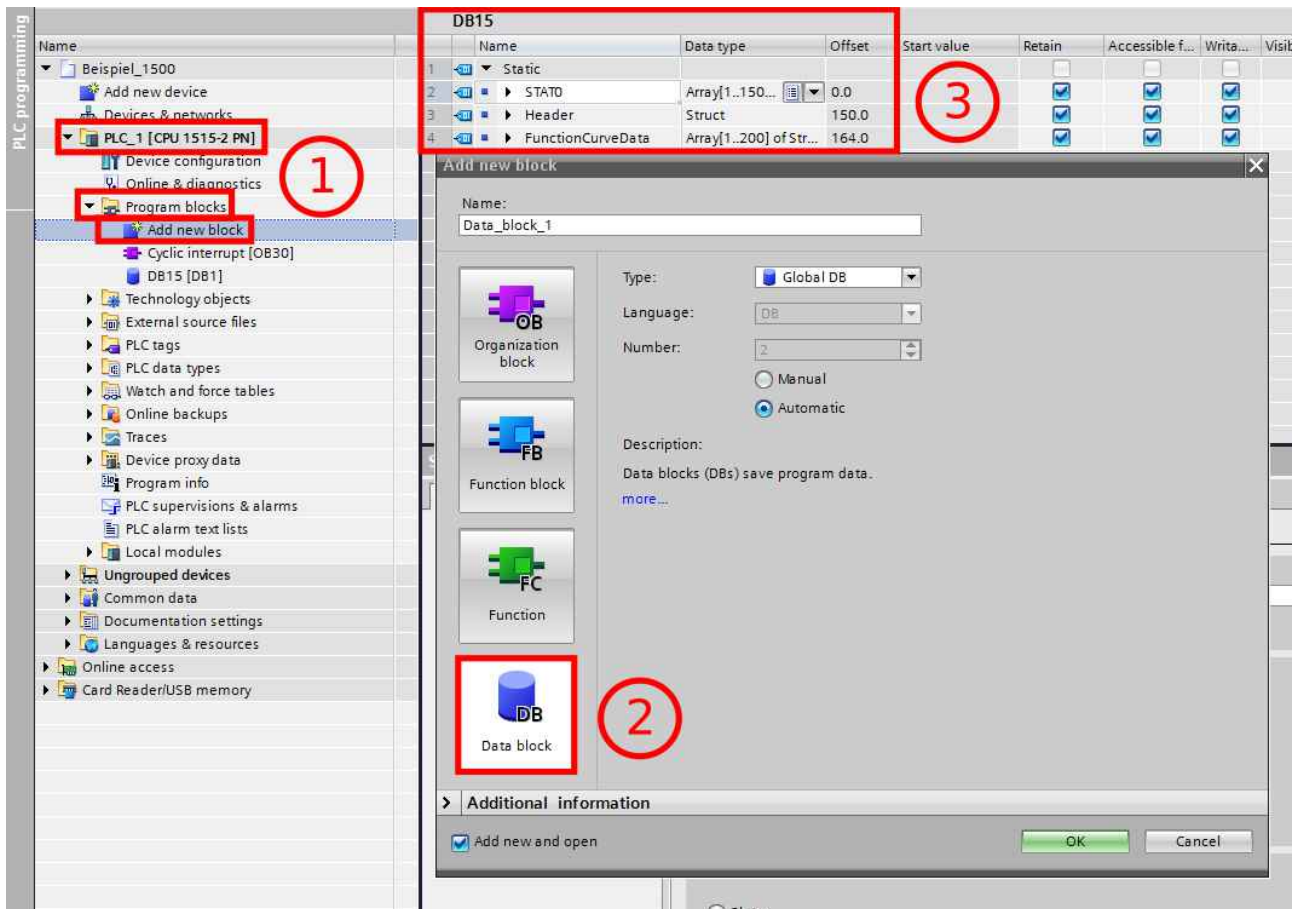
Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

3.2) Import the variables directly from S7-12xx and 15xx CPUs from TIA®-project

To import variables from projects which are based on CPUs from the 1200 and 1500 series they have to be stored inside a data block.

To achieve this execute the following steps in your TIA project:

1. Select your CPU -> Program blocks -> Add new block
2. Select in the opened menu the type "Data block" and enter a name. Press OK to create the data block
3. In this new data block you can now create variables with name, data type and offset which can later be imported into the VisuStage.

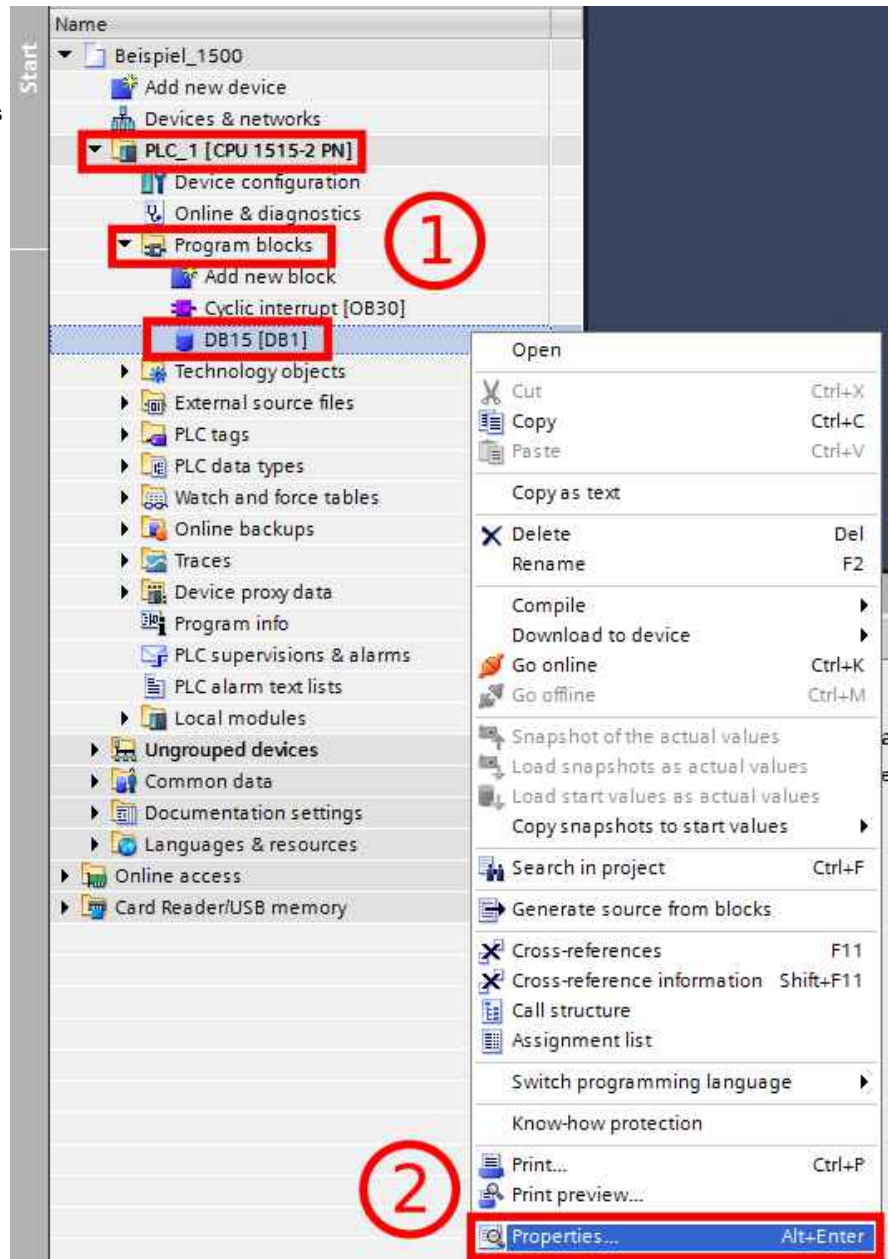


Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

To ensure a flawless communication between RemoteStage and S7-CPU 12xx / 15xx, the block access must not be optimized. (only for S7-12xx and 15xx)

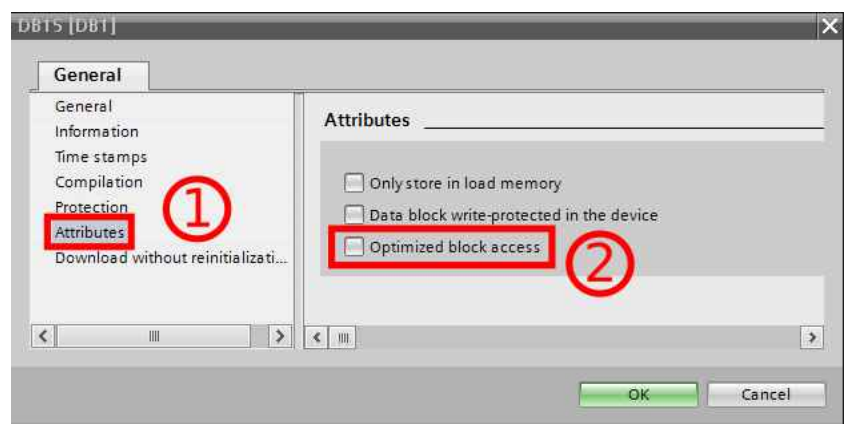
To achieve this execute the following steps in your TIA project:

1. Select your CPU -> Program blocks
2. Do a right click on the concerning block and select "Properties..."



Execute the following steps in the opened window:

1. Select "Attributes"
2. Deactivate the option "Optimized block access"



Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

In following cases VisuStage wants a confirmation before it starts a variable import:

- A variable with the same name exists already, but with another address or data type
- A variable with the same address exists already, but with another name or data type
- A variable with the same name and address exists already, but with another data type



ATTENTION:

When VisuStage overwrites the variables, the connections between variables and its objects will be kept. When deleting the variables manually these connections will be deleted as well.

The **Export** of the variables is done in the same formats as well:

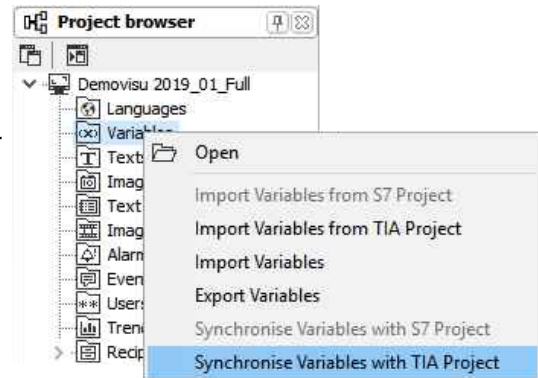
- sdf- file format (System data format, variables only), or in
- sym- file format (Symbol table format with variables and data blocks)

Synchronization of variables with TIA®-Portal/ Simatic®-Manager

By inserting, deleting and other manipulating of S7-variables in programming systems TIA®-Portal and SimaticManager the absolute addresses in referring S7-programs change. To synchronize these changes easily with the variables in the VisuStage-project as function „Synchronize with S7 /TIA® Project “ is available.

Go to resource „Variables“ or directly into table of variables

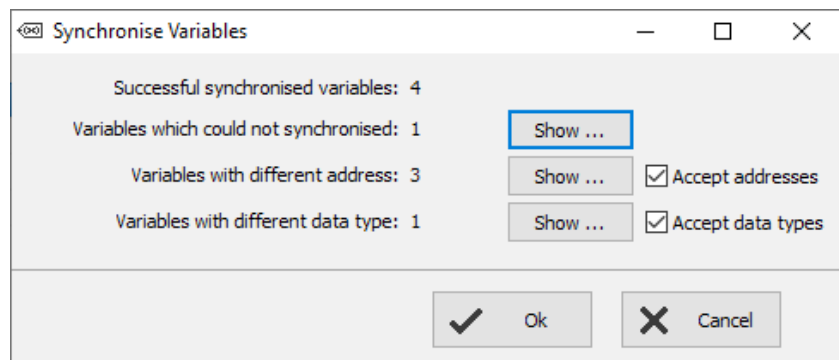
- right mouse key opens Pull-Down menu
- if Simatic.®Manager is installed on this PC, synchronization with S7-Projects is possible
- to synchronize with TIA® projects insert the path to this project (It must be compiled and closed before)
- all variables of the VisuStage project will be detected and synchronized with S7/TIA now



As result a synchronization table will be displayed, where

In the 1st line

- Successfully synchronized variables (without differences – where nothing was changed) are mentioned/displayed only.
- There is nothing to do for that variables, just for your information.



Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

In the 2nd line:

- Not synchronized variables (where the symbolic variables name was not available in the S7-/TIA®-project) are mentioned/displayed only.
- These must be **deleted manually**, to keep the overview (First delete the connection in the visualization, otherwise you will earn compile errors)

| Variables which could not synchronised | | |
|--|------------|-----------|
| Name | Address | Data type |
| Datenbaustein_1.Bool_Var | DB1.DBX0.0 | BOOL |

✓ Ok

In the 3rd line:

- variables where at least the absolute address (or also the data type) was changed in the S7-/TIA®-project will be displayed.
- This is a proposal for modification only and **must be accepted** by checking a hook in the check box, than all these variables will be synchronized with referring variables in VisuStage-project automatically.

| Variables with different address | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Name | Address in VisuStage project | Address in S7 project |
| Datenbaustein_1.RealVar | DB1.DBD2 | DB1.DBD0 |
| Datenbaustein_1.S7-String[40] | DB1.DBB6 | DB1.DBB4 |
| Datenbaustein_1.Int_Var | DB1.DBW48 | DB1.DBW46 |

✓ Ok

In the 4th line:

- variables where only the data type was changed in the S7-/TIA®-project will be displayed.
- This is a proposal for modification only and **must be accepted** by checking a hook in the check box, than all these variables will be synchronized with referring variables in VisuStage-project automatically.

| Variables with different data type | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Name | Address | Data type in VisuStage project | Data type in S7 project |
| Datenbaustein_1.Int_Bool | DB1.DBX48.0 | BOOL | BYTE |

✓ Ok

If there was created new variables in S7-/TIA®-project, import them or add it manually new.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Multiplex variables (variables list)

With multiplex variables it is possible to use one I/O-field multiple times. Depending on the value of the index variable only the pre-assigned and referring the multiplex variables will be showed at run time.

At the resource “Variable”, at the rider “Multiplex variables” can be created (see sample right beside). It work similar to text- and image lists, but only with variables.

Only whole-number variables will be accepted as index variable, the variables in the variable list are free (STRNG-types are not to mix with other types). It also can be DBs, Merkers, inputs or outputs.

| Index | Variable |
|-------|----------------------------|
| 0 | Variable (DB1.DBW0, INT) |
| 1 | Variable1 (DB4.DBW10, INT) |
| 2 | Variable2 (DB10.DBW0, INT) |

Indirect variables

Alternatively to the Multiplex variables (quasi the list of variables) the number of variables can be reduced by far, if the address range can be manipulated individually at run time by one or more variables.

The indirect variables allow by help of one or more variables a multitude of memory cells in the address range of the PLC. These variable memory areas can be written or read out, without defining a fixed variable for each before.

Sample with data type BOOL

Fix addressed
(512 variables)

DB 0 DBX 0 . 0
DB 0 DBX 0 . 1
...
DB 0 DBX 0 . 0
DB 0 DBX 0 . 7
...
DB 0 DBX 1 . 0...7
DB 0 DBX 2 . 0...7
...
DB 0 DBX 6 . 0...7
DB 0 DBX 7 . 0...7
...
DB 0 DBX 0...7 . 0...7
DB 1 DBX 0...7 . 0...7
...
DB 6 DBX 0...7 . 0...7
DB 7 DBX 0...7 . 0...7

indirectly addressed
(4 variables)

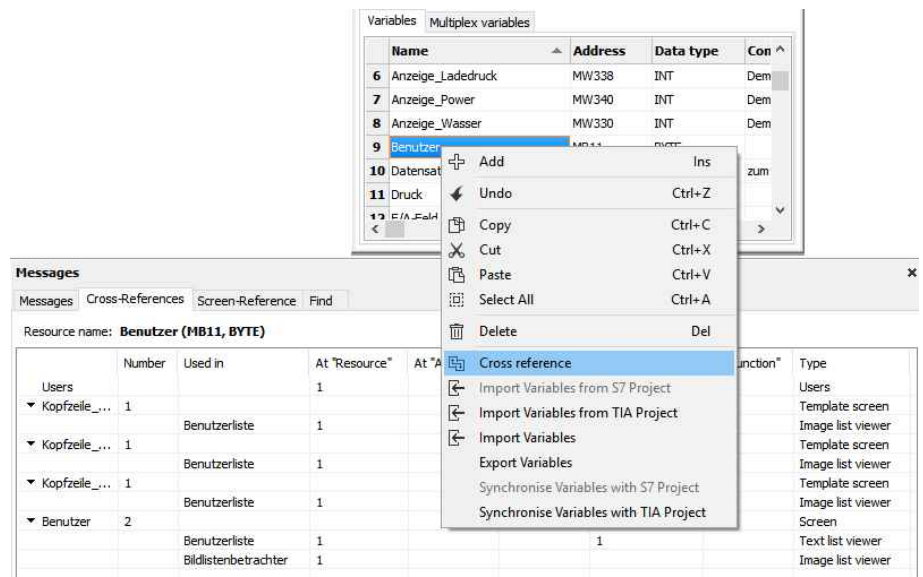
DB X1 DBX X2 . X3
X1 = 0...7
X2 = 0...7
X3 = 0...7

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Cross references for variables

To keep the overview about the variables used in the project, there is a function „Cross reference“ (mark a variable and use right mouse button). All variables will be displayed referring to their usage in resources or in menu objects.

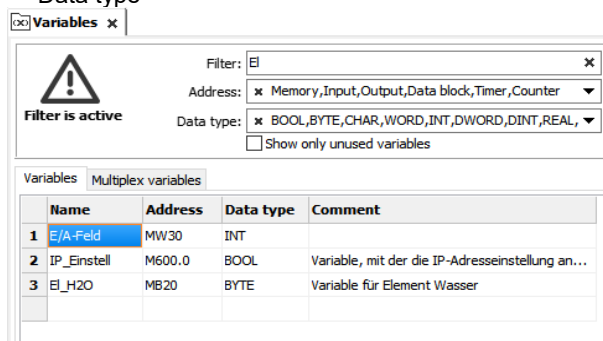
By a double click on an item you get automatically into the menu, where it is used. For sample the “Benutzer” variable was used. Close/open the message window by key „F6“.



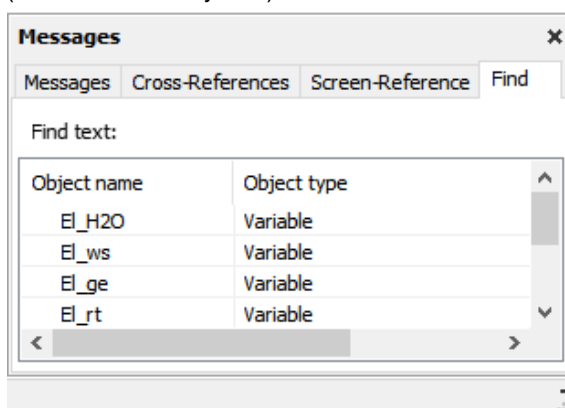
Set filter or find variables

Variables can be filtered for:

- Name
- Address- and
- Data type

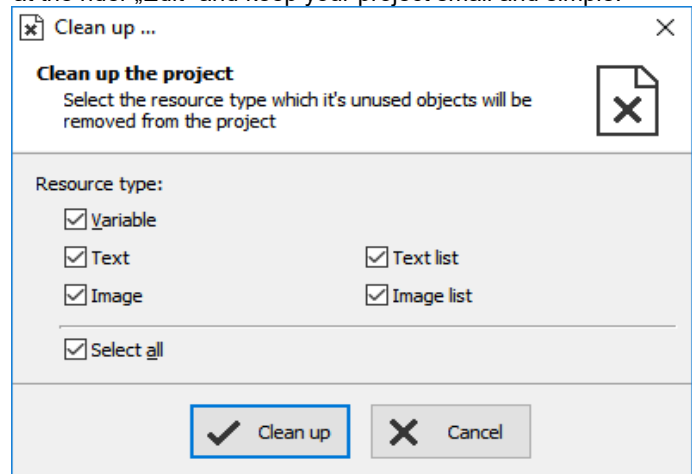


The result is shown in the message window (show/hide with key „F6“)



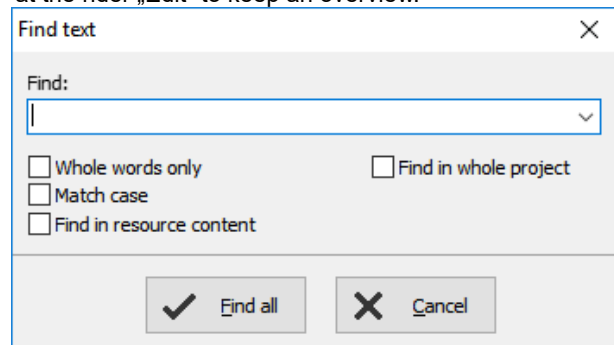
Clean up unused variables

Delete unused resources with the „CleanUp“-function at the rider „Edit“ and keep your project small and simple.



Find variables by text phrases

Find resources with the „Find“-function <CTRL+F> at the rider „Edit“ to keep an overview.



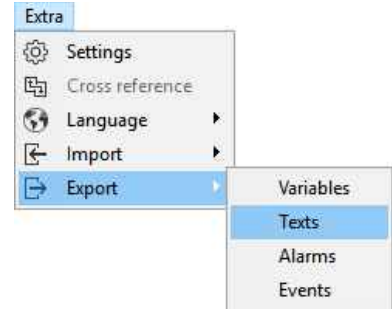
Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Resources Texts and Text lists

Texts

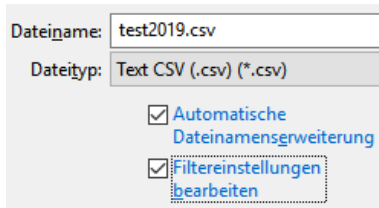
Will be created in the project language and can be imported or exported as a csv-file
(This helps for external translation.)

- Export by:→ Extra → Export → Texts
- Choose the languages to be exported
- select your csv-format and save the csv-file.
- Open/import it with a table calculation program (csv-settings must be the same!)
- Edit the text while keep the structure as it is (no cells may be removed or added!)
- Import by → Extra → Import → Texts



In the first lines there are system texts. Is a text created in the project language only and not in another language, it will be displayed in all other language as it was created in the project language (see line 5).

Hint: If import is failed, your table calculating program removed the field delimiters or text separators. To prevent this, do „Save as“ and activate the „Assign filter settings“ function.



Hint: at some Windows7 installations it is necessary to check “Quote / Set All text cells”

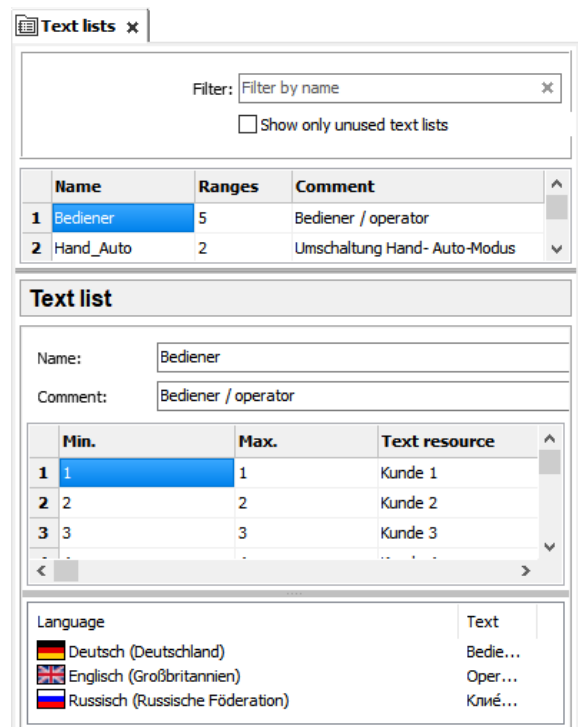


Text lists

(when different texts should be displayed depending on a variable, e.g. in the user administration - operator, master etc.)

Will be created manually

- first define the list,
- than add existing text resources or create new ones
- than add limiting values (**Min/Max**) for each element of the text list



ATTENTION: If there is active another value as these what are assigned in line 1...n, than ALWAYS this text resource will be displayed, what is assigned FIRST (in first line / line 1).

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Cross references for texts / text lists

To keep the overview about the texts/ text lists used in the project, there is a function „Cross reference“ in the resource pool. (Go to resources Text/ text list, mark a text/ text list and use right mouse button). All texts / text lists will be displayed referring to their usage in resources or in menu objects.

By a double click on an item you get automatically into the menu, where it is used. Close/open the message window by „F6“.

The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Messages" with tabs for "Messages", "Cross-References", "Screen-Reference", and "Find". The "Cross-References" tab is active. It displays "Resource name: Auto_Hand" and "Resource type: Text list". Below is a table with columns: Number, Used in, At "Resource", At "Access", At "Visibility", At "Appearance", At "Function", and Type.

| Number | Used in | At "Resource" | At "Access" | At "Visibility" | At "Appearance" | At "Function" | Type |
|--------|-------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | Dynamische Taste1 | 1 | | | | | Screen Dynamic but... |

Find texts / text lists by text phrases

Find resources with the „Find“-function <CTRL+F> at the rider „Edit“ to keep an overview.

The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Find text" with a search input field and several checkboxes: "Whole words only", "Match case", "Find in resource content", and "Find in whole project". There are "Find all" and "Cancel" buttons at the bottom.

Clean up unused texts / text lists

Delete unused resources with the „CleanUp“-function at the rider „Edit“ and keep your project small and simple.

The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Clean up ..." with a sub-header "Clean up the project" and the instruction "Select the resource type which it's unused objects will be removed from the project". It lists resource types with checkboxes: "Variable", "Text", "Image", "Text list", and "Image list". There is also a "Select all" checkbox. "Clean up" and "Cancel" buttons are at the bottom.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Resources Images and Image lists

Images

INSEVIS delivers some sample images with the VisuStage.
Creating own images is a child's play by any free software.

- Recommended file format: PNG because of the transparent alpha-channel.
Substitute a color by transparency and save the image as PNG (Interlaced / Automatic recommended).
- Images of the project-language will be used for all other languages as well
→ shown half transparency
- It is possible to use other images in other languages instead the image of the project language
→ by right mouse key assign a new one and it will be shown with full color

Image lists

These lists are the best tool for color changes of an object or toggling images caused by changing variable values.

Will be created manually

- right mouse key in the field **Name**,
(add the new name of the image list)
- Add limiting values for each element of the image list
- Assign an existing image resource,
(or add a new one in this field directly)

Filter:
 Show only unused image lists

| # | Name | Ranges | Comment |
|---|-----------|--------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | Pipe_hori | 5 | horizontaler Rohrabschnitt |
| 2 | Pipe_vert | 5 | vertikaler Rohrabschnitt |
| 3 | Angle_1 | 5 | Eckverbinder |
| 4 | Hand_Auto | 2 | Umschaltung Hand- und Auto-... |
| 5 | Auto_Hand | 2 | Umschaltung Auto- und Hand-... |

Image list

Name:

Comment:

| # | Min. | Max. | Image resource |
|---|------|------|----------------|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | wink_re_gr |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | wink_re_gn |
| 3 | 2 | 2 | wink_re_ge |
| 4 | 3 | 3 | wink_re_re |

Deutsch (Deuts...



ATTENTION:

If there is active another value as these what are assigned in line 1...n, than ALWAYS this text resource will be displayed, what is assigned FIRST (in first line / line 1).

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Cross references for images / image lists

To keep the overview about the images / image lists used in the project, there is a function „Cross reference“ (mark a image / image list and use right mouse button). All images / image lists will be displayed referring to their usage in resources or in menu objects.

By a double click on an item you get automatically into the menu, where it is used.
Close/open the message window by key „F6“.

| Messages | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|-------------|---------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Messages Cross-References Screen-Reference Find | | | | | | | | |
| Resource name: Angle_1 | | | | Resource type: Image list | | | | |
| | Number | Used in | At "Resource" | At "Access" | At "Visibility" | At "Appearance" | At "Function" | Type |
| ▼ Anzeigen_3 | 1 | | | | | | | Screen |
| | | Seg_re_wink | 1 | | | | | Image list viewer |

Find images/image lists by text phrases

Find resources with the „Find“-function <CTRL+F> at the rider „Edit“ to keep an overview.

Find text ✕

Find:

Whole words only Find in whole project
 Match case
 Find in resource content

Find all Cancel

Clean up unused images/image lists

Delete unused resources with the „CleanUp“-function at the rider „Edit“ and keep your project small and simple.

Clean up ... ✕

Clean up the project

Select the resource type which it's unused objects will be removed from the project

Resource type:

Variable Text list
 Text Image list
 Image
 Select all

Clean up Cancel

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Multiple replacement of resources

If you organize your symbolic stringently you can swap multiple resources

- Variables,
- Texts,
- Text lists,
- Images,
- Image lists.

If they have similar symbolic phrases in their name.

In the sample on the right a „Dynamische Taste re“ is described with different properties by different resources „*** rechts“.

After copying an object like this it is necessary to swap all resources at the new copied object step by step. This needs time while multiple copying.

The function „Find & Replace“ allows a fast swapping.

Click with the right mouse key directly on the screen background (not on an object!), than select “Show references” and the message window opens up (close with F6, refresh by closing and re-opening)

There all resources such as with „rechts“ in their name will be replaced into others like such as with „links“ in their name. (... but only, if you organized you symbolic stringently ...)

The screenshot shows the 'Messages' window with the 'Screen-Reference' tab selected. The screen name is 'Menue'. A table lists resources for two dynamic buttons. A dialog box 'Find & Replace in Screen-Reference' is open, showing 'rechts' in the 'Find in reference' field and 'links' in the 'Replace with' field. The dialog has buttons for 'Find', 'Replace', 'Replace all', and 'Close'.

| Object name | Object type | Property | Resource name | Resource type |
|-----------------------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| ▼ Dynamische Taste re | Dynamic button | Variable | Sichtbarkeit rechts | Variable |
| | | Text label | Unsichtbar rechts | Text list |
| | | Appearance | Farbe_Strang_rechts | Variable |
| | | Function (Invert a bit) | Sichtbarkeit rechts | Variable |
| ▼ Dynamische Taste li | Dynamic button | Variable | Sichtbarkeit links | Variable |
| | | Text label | Unsichtbar links | Text list |
| | | Appearance | Farbe_Strang_links | Variable |
| | | Function (Invert a bit) | Sichtbarkeit links | Variable |

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Resource Messages (Alarms and Events)

Alarms / Events

It can be processed

- with CPU-V 128 alarms and 128 events
 - with CPU-P/T 1024 alarms and 1024 events and archiving 500 (CPU-V/-P) or 50.000 (CPU-P) messages (each: alarms and events).
- (These archives can be deleted from Micro-SD-card by a VisuStage button function)

- Can be imported or exported as a csv-file (This helps for external translation)
- Import by → Extra → Import → Alarms / Events
- A new creation proceeds in project languages set default before.
- To archive it enable message archiving by a check mark and insert a micro-SD-card (Archiving is done in a binary file format.

RemoteStage converts this binaries into csv, all automated in batch files)

- Acoustic signal means a single sound by an internal buzzer
- Alarm siren means an one-second-sound of the internal buzzer, what is played once between 10 and 600 seconds.

Alarm-(Event-) Bit area (Trigger bit address area) is 128 bit at CPU-type V and 1024 bit at CPU-type P and must be in a row without gaps!

Each bit belongs to a message (alarm/ event) (bit 0 to Alarm/Event 1, bit 1 to Alarm/ Event 2, etc...)

The message state can be controlled by the S7-Program by a bit from this area.

With bit=1 this message appears as „coming“.

With bit=0 this message will be interpreted as „going“.

Acknowledge bit area (only for alarms) is 128 bit at CPU-type V and 1024 bit at CPU-type P. too and must be in a row without gaps!.

Each bit belongs to an alarm (bit 0 to alarm 1, bit 1 to alarm 2, etc...)

The alarm state can be controlled by the S7-Program by a bit from this area.

With bit=1 this alarm appears as „acknowledged“.

With bit=0 this message will be interpreted as „not acknowledged“.

Both areas may not overlap each other (error message appears at compiling)



ATTENTION:

The block for Trigger- and Acknowledge areas **MUSST EXIST** in the PLC and must have at least that size 128/1024Bit, otherwise messages will not be displayed!

If the acknowledge bit is **activated**, it must be **reset** in the PLC after a while, otherwise the next of these alarms appears as „acknowledged“.

If it is **not activated** and you create and use a visualization with the RemoteStage there will be set no bit in the PLC when you acknowledge the alarm on the RemoteStage-visualization and on any other panels/HMI this alarm stays **not acknowledged** there.

Alarm/ Event-Message box

| Alarm messages | | | | | | | |
|----------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------|---------------------|-------------------------|----------|
| | Deutsch... | Englisch... | Russisch ... | Group | Trigger bit address | Acknowledge bit address | Variable |
| 1 | Alarm 1 hat a... | Alarm 1 trigg... | тревога 1 нора... | 1 | M1.0 | M17.0 | |
| 2 | Alarm 2 hat a... | Alarm 2 trigg... | тревога 2 нора... | 2 | M1.1 | M17.1 | |
| 3 | | | | | M1.2 | M17.2 | |

- Alarms of the same **Group** are acknowledged together / Alarms of Group 0 are acknowledged **automatically**.
- **Trigger bit / Acknowledge bit areas** are displayed for better information only and are not changeable in this view!
- An additional **variable** (only for Panel-PLCs not for Panel-HMIs) offers to display a dynamic optional error code as decimal number. (e.g. an calculated value of an special factor for customers needs as decimal number) → This is not a trigger variable for the message!
- Events can be displayed ascending or descending in the archive viewer
- By "Variable" a variables value (INT or REAL with (fix) 2 decimal places) can be displayed at the end of the message line.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Resource User administration

There can administrated be up to 9 users with passwords by 8 digit - PIN-codes. Users with level 9 have all access rights, those with level 1 have least access rights.

In the upper mask can be assigned

- the target screens, whereto the project should change after login/ logout or
if there shall be called the PIN-input dialog directly after touching a button with access rights.
and
- an automatic logout time (in minutes).
(With logout time 0 is assigned no automatic logout.)
and
- a variable, what informs the PLC, what user level is active yet
and
- an additional query to identify the user level before PIN input

| Level | Name | PIN code |
|-------|-----------|----------|
| 1 | Operator | 111 |
| 2 | Master | 222 |
| 3 | Chief | 333 |
| 4 | Service | 444 |
| 5 | Superuser | 555 |

In the lower mask can be assigned

- the user names and PIN-codes of each levels (1...9).
- A new user will be added by entering its name and PIN-code

“Query user level by PIN input

Just before entering PIN code it is possible to activate a identification mask, where the user enters his level.

All lines can be displayed single-lingual or -by selecting different text resources- multi lingual in every project language. To be assigned at the resource “Dialogs / user level select”



Hint:

- The target menu screen after successfully log in will be assigned at the dynamic object „**PIN-input field**“
- With the **PIN-Change dialog- function** a PIN can be changed by the operator (his level stays the same). If this PIN is forgotten, a new upload of the visualization binary can set it back to delivery state.
- For a **user-level-referring screen** change use the function „Change screen with PIN input“ on a button.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Change user level by SFC215 "LOGIN"

The SFC215 "LOGIN" enables the user level change by S7-User program at Runtime.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|---|
| LADDR | INPUT | WORD | Logical base address = 0 (for all Panel-PLC) Logical base address = 1..16 (Connection ID number to Panel-HMI) |
| LEVEL | INPUT | BYTE | User level (1..9) 0 = Logout current user level |
| RET_VAL | OUTPUT | WORD | Error code W#16#0000 – No error W#16#8002 – VisuStage is not running W#16#8005 – Level is invalid or not configured W#16#8xyy – General error codes (compatible to STEP 7) only for Panel-HMI: W#16#7000 – Job is in process W#16#7001 – Invalid connection state e.g not connected W#16#7002 – Job is not accepted, because another job is proceeded actually W#16#7003 – Connection resource occupied (temporarily locked) W#16#8001 – Invalid connection ID number or connection is not configured |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Job is in processing |

S7-User program example to change user level 7

Target: Change to user level 7

```

UN    M    1502.4          // if change request is not set, then
BEB                                     // end the function

CALL  SFC  215
      LADDR :=MW2000      // VisuStage connection ID number.
                                     // In Panel-PLC (e.g PC710T) must be W#16#0.
      LEVEL :=B#16#7     // User level, could be 0..9
                                     // 0= Logout current user level
      RET_VAL:=MW1000    // Return / result code
      BUSY  :=M1702.3    // TRUE = Reading is in process

U     M    1702.3          // Job is in process
BEB
R     M    1502.4          // reset request signal

L     MW   1000           // return / result code
L     0                  // no error
==I   // If no error, then
BEB   // end the function

L     MW   1000           // error occurred
                                     // error evaluation
                                     // ...

BEA                                     // end of function

```

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Resource Partner-PLC (for HMI only)

INSEVIS HMIs run with data types of S7-300-family only. They use Ethernet S7-communication (Put/Get) to communicate. The HMI communicates with its partner device via Ethernet S7-communication. In that communication INSEVIS-HMIs are the ACTIVE part. The referring partner-device will be identified by IP-address and TSAP (made of rack-no. / slot-no. of CPU / ID-no. of this connection resource). One HMI can only communicate with ONE partner-device (CPU).

Connection setting in the HMI

- Either assign it in the BIOS of the Panel-HMIs (put out the Ethernet-cable, wait for the logo in the screen and then press left/right/left side of the screen) or
- in VisuStage-project at the resource partner device

Connection settings in the Partner-device

- If the **PLC do not shall change screens or languages in the INSEVIS-HMI**, no connection must be assigned there. The PLC is using connection resource with ID-no 02 (reserved for OP-communication).
- If the **PLC shall change screens and languages at the INSEVIS-HMI**, an Ethernet connection with connection resource ID >03 must be assigned (e.g. in ConfigStage or in Siemens-programming tool)

below: assignment of connection parameter at HMI's view in the VisuStage

Connection parameters

Local (HMI device)

IP address: 192.168.80.55

Rack / Slot: 0 / 0

Connection resource (hex): 02

TSAP: 02.00

Partner (PLC device)

IP address: 192.168.80.60

Rack / Slot: 0 / 2

Connection resource (hex): FF

TSAP: FF.02

Synchronize the HMI time with partner time (Accept the PLC time)

Enable to change partner time in Runtime

below: assignment of connection parameter at PLC's view in the ConfigStage

Property: Ethernet

IP Protocol

IP Address: 192.168.80.60

Netmask: 255.255.255.0

Router:

Protection

Permit access with S7 Communication from remote partner Ethernet 1 (PG, PLC, HMI, OPC, ...) via Ethernet 2

Connections

+ Add - Delete Edit

| ID | Type | Active | Local | Partner |
|----|-------------------|--------|-------|---------|
| 1 | INSEVIS Panel-HMI | | FF.02 | |

For INSEVIS-Panels and Siemens-CPUs

1. Assign the IP-address of the partner-PLC into the field „Partner-PLC“ in VisuStage-project or in HMI-BIOS
2. Configure the TSAP by assigning **rack-no / CPU-slot- no/ ID-no** of the connection resource
 for Siemens-CPUs 300/ 400 it is **0, 2, 02**,
 for Siemens-CPUs 1200/1500 it is **0, 1, 02** → allow “Put/Get” communication
 → do not use optimized DBs

Partner-PLC Synchronization (for HMI only)

When assigning partner device a time synchronization between panel and PLC is highly recommended.

- 1st check box:** The HMI will be synchronized to the PLC-time
- 2nd check box:** The PLC-time can be changed by the panel at runtime



Attention:

If you do not synchronize panel and PLC the difference between both devices may lead to unexpected program behavior.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Resource Dialogs

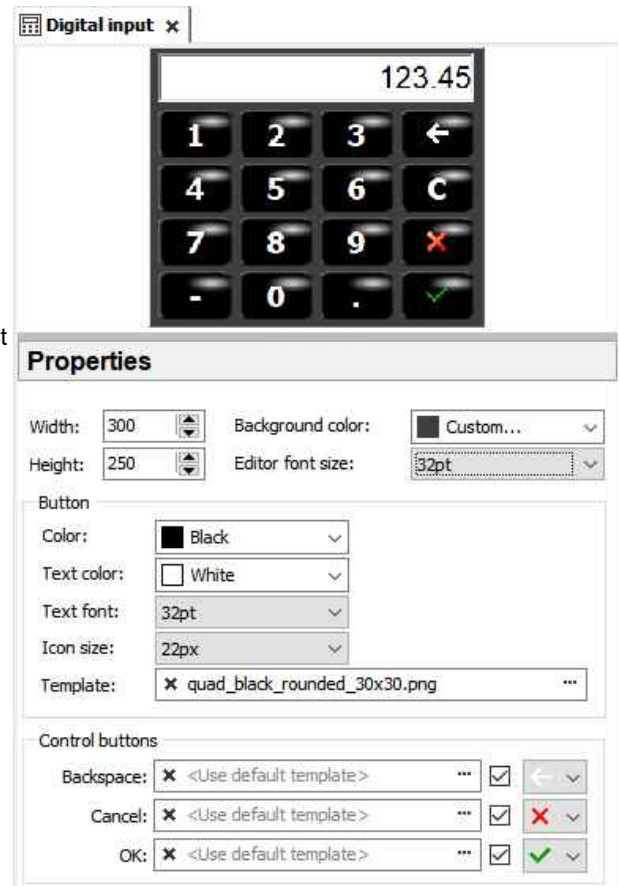
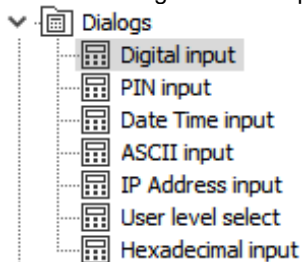
The dimension and the design of the virtual keyboards appearing at

- I/O-field,
- Login field,
- Date-/Time field
- Stringinput field
- IP-address field
- User level select

can be adapted to ones needs in the resource „Dialogs“.

The size of the single keys is generated by the size of the whole object (Do not assign a size larger than the LCD-resolution!)

All other settings are self explaining.

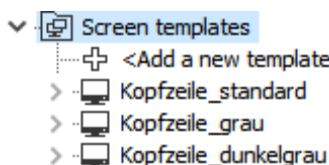


Hints:

At small panel diagonals it is very important benefit for the operator to easy enter his values that there is available a fitting virtual keyboard. This is not available at most other HMIs and a strong benefit for your solution.

At the resource “user level select “ all lines (Header, single user levels and the cancel-button) can be displayed single-lingual or -by selecting different text resources- multi lingual in every project language.

Resource Screen templates

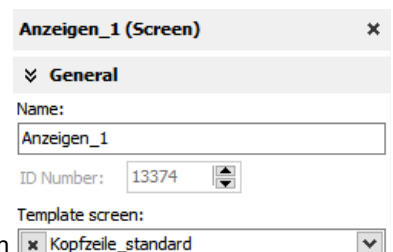


Screen templates (no image) can be created as a special resource and can be uses once in every screen.

Therefore you activate this template screen in the settings of a screen you selected. Than choose one

of the screen templates you made before.

Every modification in the screen templates will be taken over automatically into every screen this template will be used. Use this e.g. for top or bottom menus, headlines and so on.



Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Resources Trends

There can be processed 4 trends with 16 channels each. This represent values by time, smallest time base is 1 sec. All 16 channels of one trend need to have the same data format.

Trends will get a name - here "Druck" (pressure), what will be used for displaying and storing at RemoteStage as file name.

Samples: here you enter the number of samples in the circular buffer in runtime (100...200)

Start behavior: Beside S7-SFCs there are 3 additional ways to start a trending

- manually / by demand by assigning a function "Trend Start" to a button
→ Configuration at the function (limited archiving functionality to stay compatible to old versions)
- with each system start
→ Configuration at the trend resource settings
- depending on a variable
→ Configuration at the trend resource settings

If **Archive** was activated, you can

- enter the number of samples you want to archive in the **Circular archive** (max. 65635 samples per each trend channel) or
- combine up to 10 circular archives on the Micro-SD-card to an **Segmented circular archive** to 656.350 samples per each trend channel to display it in the trend archive viewer.

When number of samples exceed these limits, they will be overwritten in the FIFO system.

To configure the trend channel values, assign min/max values, decimal point, color, style (interpolated – shortest connection between 2 sample values, bars (vertically), stepped) and design of the sample point markers (diverse).

Archives will be archived to the external Micro-SD-card only. Each trend will be saved as own file. This binary will be converted by the software „RemoteStage“ on the PC into a csv- format either manually or in "Planned Tasks" of your Windows-PC. These archives can be deleted from Micro-SD-card by an special SFC, assigned as function to a button.

Cross references for trends

To keep the overview about the trends (started, stopped, continued or displayed) in the project, there is a function „Cross reference“ (mark a trend and use right mouse button). All trend handling will be displayed referring to their usage in resources or in menu objects. By a double click on an item you get automatically into the menu, where it is used. Close/open the message window by key „F6“.

Trends

| Name | Data type | Channels | Comment |
|---------|-----------|----------|---------|
| 1 Druck | WORD | 2 | |
| 2 Luft | BYTE | 0 | |
| 3 Temp. | BYTE | 0 | |

Trend

Name: Druck
 ID number: 6163
 Data type: WORD
 Comment:
 Samples: 200

Start behaviour

By demand (e.g Trend start function)
 By system startup
 By boolean variable change (not assigned)

Sampling interval: 1

By start

Append to existing samples Clear the existing sample

Archive

Enable 10000 samples in archive
 Circular archive
 Segmented circular archive 10 segments

Channels:

| Name | Variable | Min. | Max. | Decimal point | Color | Style | Point |
|-----------|--------------------|------|------|---------------|-------|--------------|----------|
| 1 Kanal 1 | Trend (MW12, WORD) | 0 | 255 | 0 | | Interpolated | Cross |
| 2 Kanal 2 | Trend1 (MW7, WORD) | 0 | 510 | 0 | | Bar | Triangle |

Messages

Messages | Cross-References | Screen-Reference | Find

Resource name: **Druck** Resource type: **Trend**

| | Number | Used in | At "Resource" | At "Access" | At "Visibility" | At "Appearance" | At "Function" | Type |
|----------|--------|----------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------------|
| ▼ Trends | 7 | | | | | | | Screen |
| | | Trend-Viewer | 1 | | | | | Trend viewer |
| | | Kanal_2 | | | | 1 | | Check box |
| | | Trend archive viewer | 1 | | | | | Trend archive viewer |

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Starting the trend sampling with SFC 202 "TRENDSRT"

To start the configured Trend use SFC202 "TRENDSRT". The sampling interval and number of samples are assigned to the trend.

After starting, operating system samples the configured operand values in given interval and stores to Micro-SD card if „ARCHIVE“ parameter set to „TRUE“. If „CYCLIC“ parameter is „FALSE“, the „COUNT“ samples are one time sampled and trend automatically changes to „STOP“ state.

Trends are written to „trend_XXX.bin“ whereas xxx is Trend ID number. This archive file is based on „Ring-Buffer“ mechanism with „COUNT“ samples.

(Trend data can be get out of the PLC by SD-card only. In future versions a download by Ethernet will be possible.)

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|--|
| LADDR | INPUT | WORD | Logical base address = 0 (for all Panel-PLCs) Logical base address = 1...16 (connection-ID-No. to the Panel-HMI) |
| TREND | INPUT | INT | Trend ID number, (from VisuStage configured @ resources) |
| INTERVAL | INPUT | WORD | Sampling interval in seconds. 1..65535 second are allowed. |
| COUNT | INPUT | WORD | Number of samples to sample / to archive. 1..65535 are valid. |
| CYCLIC | INPUT | BOOL | TRUE: It cyclically samples the COUNT samples. FALSE: One time samples the COUNT samples, then stops the sampling |
| ARCHIVE | INPUT | BOOL | TRUE: Sampled values are stored in microSD card FALSE: No archive |
| RET_VAL | OUTPUT | WORD | Error code W#16#0000 – No error W#16#8002 – VisuStage is not running/configured W#16#8003 – Invalid „TREND“ ID number W#16#8004 – Invalid state / Already started. W#16#8005 – Invalid „INTERVAL“ value W#16#8006 – Invalid „COUNT“ value W#16#8xyy – General error codes (compatible to STEP®7) only for Panel-HMI: W#16#7000 – Job is in process W#16#7001 – Invalid connection state, e.g not connected W#16#7002 – Job not accepted, because another job is proceeded actually W#16#7003 – Connection resource occupied (temporarily locked) W#16#8001 – Invalid connection ID number or connection is not configured |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | Busy flag, TRUE Job is in processing |

If a trend is started once and the PLC has got a power OFF, the trend starts after power ON by itself automatically.

→ Here you will find more for parameterizing of the objects Trend viewer and trend archive viewer

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

S7-program sample for using the SFC202

Purpose: Start trend (ID number =6163) with configuration:

- 1s interval,
- cyclically,
- with archiving,
- ring buffer size 65535 samples (set of values)

```

UN    M    1500.2    // if request is not set, then
BEB                                     // end the function

CALL  SFC  202
LADDR :=W#16#0    // VisuStage connection ID number.
                        // In Panel-PLC (e.g PC700P) must be W#16#0.
TREND :=6163      // ID number of trend, which is configured in VisuStage
INTERVAL:=W#16#1 // every 1s samples the values
COUNT :=W#16#FFFF // max. no. of samples (set of values) 65535 (dez) => FFFF (hex)
CYCLIC :=TRUE     // cyclically samples as ring buffer.
                        // Buffer size is given in COUNT parameter
ARCHIVE :=TRUE    // enables the archiving in micro SD card
RET_VAL :=MW1000 // Result / return code
BUSY    :=M1700.2 // TRUE = Request is in process

U     M     1700.2 // If Start the trend is in process, then
BEB                                     // end this function
R     M     1500.2 // reset request signal

L     MW    1000   // return / result code
L     0          // no error
==I                                     // If no error, then
BEB                                     // end the function

L     MW    1000   // error occurred
                        // error evaluation
                        // ...

BEA                                     // end of function

```

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Stopping the trend sampling with SFC 203 "TRENDSTP"

The trend sampling can be stopped by SFC 204 "TRENDSTP" function call.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|---|
| LADDR | INPUT | WORD | Logical base address = 0 (for all Panel-PLCs) Logical base address = 1...16 (connection-ID-No. to the Panel-HMI) |
| TREND | INPUT | INT | Trend ID number, (from VisuStage configured @ resources) |
| RET_VAL | OUTPUT | WORD | Error code W#16#0000 – No error W#16#8002 – VisuStage is not running/configured W#16#8003 – Invalid „TREND“ ID number W#16#8xyy – General error codes (compatible to STEP®7) only for Panel-HMI: W#16#7000 – Job is in process W#16#7001 – Invalid connection state, e.g not connected W#16#7002 – Job not accepted, because another job is proceeded actually W#16#7003 – Connection resource occupied (temporarily locked) W#16#8001 – Invalid connection ID number or connection is not configured |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | Busy flag, TRUE Job is in processing |

S7-program sample for using the SFC202

Purpose: Stop the trend with ID number 6163

```

UN   M   1500.3           // if request is not set, then
BEB                                     // end the function

CALL SFC 203
  LADDR :=W#16#0           // VisuStage connection ID number.
                              // In Panel-PLC (e.g PC700P) must be W#16#0.
  TREND :=6163            // ID number of trend, which is configured in VisuStage
  RET_VAL:=MW1000        // Result / return code
  BUSY  :=M1700.3        // TRUE = Request is in process

U     M   1700.3           // If top the trend is in process, then
BEB                                     // end this function
R     M   1500.3           // reset request signal

L     MW  1000            // return / result code
L     0                   // no error
==I                                     // If no error, then
BEB                                     // end the function

L     MW  1000            // error occurred
                              // error evaluation
                              // ...

BEA                                     // end of function

```

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Continue the trend sampling with SFC 204 "TRENDCNT"

The previously stopped trend sampling could be continued by calling SFC 204 "TRENDCNT".

The sampling interval must be new assigned. The number of samples and sampling mode (cyclical overwriting, archiving) are kept as last assigned.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|---|
| LADDR | INPUT | WORD | Logical base address = 0 (for all Panel-PLCs) Logical base address = 1...16 (connection-ID-No. to the Panel-HMI) |
| TREND | INPUT | INT | Trend ID number, (from VisuStage configured @ resources) |
| INTERVAL | INPUT | WORD | Sampling interval in seconds. 1..65535 second are allowed. |
| RET_VAL | OUTPUT | WORD | Error code W#16#0000 – No error W#16#8002 – VisuStage is not running/configured W#16#8003 – Invalid „TREND“ ID number W#16#8004 – Trend was not started or Sampling count reached to zero. W#16#8xyy – General error codes (compatible to STEP®7) only for Panel-HMI: W#16#7000 – Job is in process W#16#7001 – Invalid connection state, e.g not connected W#16#7002 – Job not accepted, because another job is proceeded actually W#16#7003 – Connection resource occupied (temporarily locked) W#16#8001 – Invalid connection ID number or connection is not configured |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | Busy flag, TRUE Job is in processing |

→ Here you will find more for parameterizing of the objects Trend viewer and trend archive viewer

S7-program sample for using the SFC204

Purpose: Continue / resume the trend with ID number 6163

```

UN   M   1500.4      // if request is not set, then
BEB                                     // end the function

CALL SFC 204
LADDR :=W#16#0          // VisuStage connection ID number.
                          // In Panel-PLC (e.g PC700P) must be W#16#0.
TREND :=6163           // ID number of trend, which is configured in VisuStage
INTERVAL:=W#16#1      // every 1s samples the values
RET_VAL :=MW1000      // Result / return code
BUSY   :=M1700.4      // TRUE = Request is in process

U     M   1700.4      // If Resume the trend is in process, then
BEB                                     // end this function
R     M   1500.4      // reset request signal

L     MW  1000        // return / result code
L     0               // no error
==I                                     // If no error, then
BEB                                     // end the function

L     MW  1000        // error occurred
                          // error evaluation
                          // ...

BEA                                     // end of function

```

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Query the trend status with SFC 205 "TRENDSTA"

To query the trend status use SFC205 "TRENDSTA" function. It reports about trend sampling and/or trend archiving status.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|----------------|-------------|-----------|---|
| LADDR | INPUT | WORD | Logical base address = 0 (for all Panel-PLCs) Logical base address = 1...16 (connection-ID-No. to the Panel-HMI) |
| TREND | INPUT | INT | Trend ID number, (from VisuStage configured @ resources) |
| RET_VAL | OUTPUT | WORD | Error code W#16#0000 – No error W#16#8002 – VisuStage is not running/configured W#16#8003 – Invalid „TREND“ ID number W#16#8xyy – General error codes (compatible to STEP®7) only for Panel-HMI: W#16#7000 – Job is in process W#16#7001 – Invalid connection state, e.g not connected W#16#7002 – Job not accepted, because another job is proceeded actually W#16#7003 – Connection resource occupied (temporarily locked) W#16#8001 – Invalid connection ID number or connection is not configured |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | Busy flag, TRUE Job is in processing |
| TREND_STATUS | OUTPUT | BYTE | Trend status code B#16#00 – Trend sampling is not initiated B#16#01 – Trend sampling is initiated and running B#16#02 – Trend sampling has finished/stopped |
| ARCHIVE_STATUS | OUTPUT | BYTE | Archiving status code B#16#00 – Trend archiving is not initiated B#16#01 – Trend archiving is initiated and running B#16#02 – Trend archiving has finished successfully B#16#03 – SD card is not inserted or not recognized B#16#04 – Trend archiving stopped: Could not create file B#16#05 – Trend archiving stopped: Could not read file B#16#06 – Trend archiving stopped: Could not set file size B#16#07 – Trend archiving stopped: Could not write header to file B#16#08 – Trend archiving stopped: Error on file seek B#16#09 – Trend archiving stopped: Could not write samples to file |

→ Here you will find more for parameterizing of the objects Trend viewer and trend archive viewer

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

S7-program sample for using the SFC205

Purpose: Check the status of trend with ID number 6163

```

UN   M   1500.5      // if request is not set, then
BEB                                     // end the function

CALL SFC 205
LADDR      :=W#16#0 // VisuStage connection ID number.
                                     // In Panel-PLC (e.g PC700P) must be W#16#0.
TREND      :=6163   // ID number of DRUCK trend, which is configured in VisuStage
RET_VAL    :=MW1000 // Result / return code
BUSY       :=M1700.5 // TRUE = Request is in process
TREND_STATUS :=MB2008 // Trend status code
ARCHIVE_STATUS:=MB2009 // Trend archiving status code

U   M   1700.5      // If Start the trend is in process, then
BEB                                     // end this function
R   M   1500.5      // reset request signal

L   MW  1000        // return / result code
L   0               // no error
==I                                     // If no error, then
BEB                                     // end the function

L   MW  1000        // error occurred
                                     // error evaluation
                                     // ...

BEA                                     // end of function

```

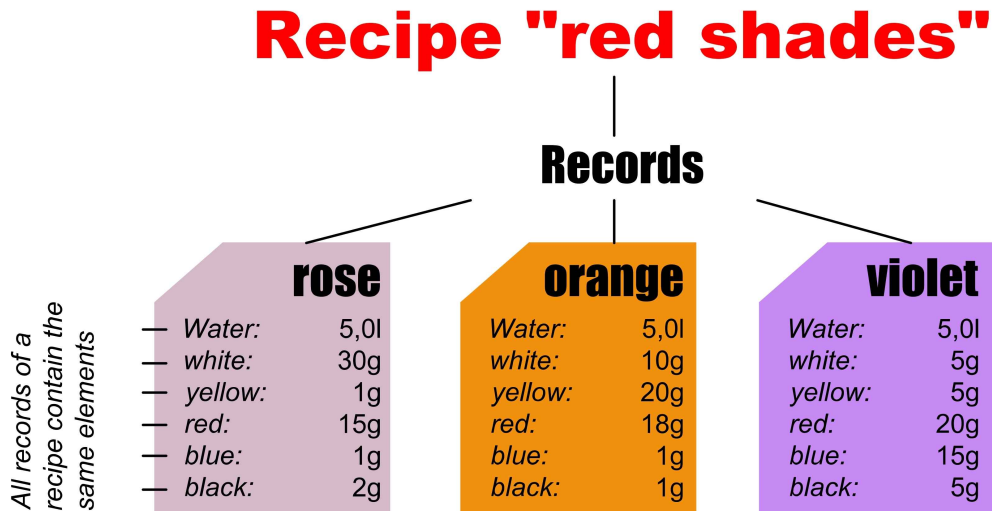
Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Resource recipe administration and recipe viewer

INSEVIS-Panels/HMIs and Panel-PLCs may administrate

- with CPU type V up to 64 recipes with each up to 128 records with each up to 128 elements and
- with CPU type P up to 64 recipes with each up to 256 records with each up to 256 elements.

Structure of a randomized sample for color mixing



The different kinds of color shades (**red shade**, **blue shade**, **green shade**) are **recipes**.

Each recipe contains of always the same **elements** (e.g. **red shades** contains of *water, white, yellow, red, blue, black*).

Depending on the relation of the elements several **records** of the recipe **red shades** are generated (e.g. the colors **rose, orange, violet**).

The user selects a recipe from the **recipe list** first.

(in this sample the recipe **red shade**)

There can not be created new recipes at runtime, because new elements are needed for that. But for those elements some new machine parts must be integrated and wired (e.g. hatches, scales and so on...) first.

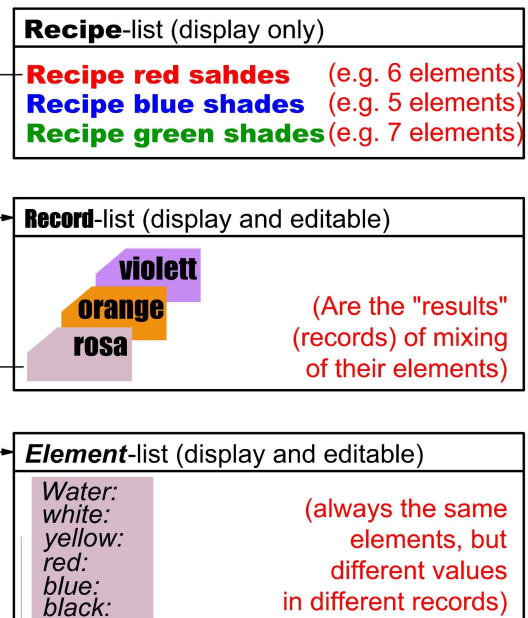
The record list shows existing records. A record can be added, selected for further operation, saved as or deleted here.

(in the sample te records (colors) **rose, orange, violet**)

If you create a recipe in the VisuStage, you assign a value for each element and so the first record is created automatically, buit not named and stored. Save it with a new name and so create your records.

Select a record to change its elements in the element list. The values of all elements (assigned to this recipe in the VisuStage) can be changed and stored here

(in the sample the elements *water, white, yellow, red, blue, black*)



INSEVIS-specific hints for recipe administration

1. INSEVIS- Panel-PLCs store the records in the Micro-SD-Card.
2. There is only one recipe viewer allowed and useful in a screen window.
3. If the visualization is changed and download again, the recipe structure wil overwritten by itself. But the record data on the Micro-SD-Card will be kept. So all stored records of the recipes can be kept while you update your visualization.
4. Because of the data storage on the Micro-SD-card (external memory) there no simulation of the recipe administration with SimuStage is possible.
5. The access administration is made by a button with own access rights, who changes the screen into the menu of the recipe viewer.
6. With SFC206 you can combine e.g. a bar code reader input with a special recipe record. The reference table (what bar code uses what recipe record) is to program in S7.
7. Export of recipe records is available with RemoteStage 1.0.3.7

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Development of recipes in a randomized sample for color mixing

Choose „Add a new recipe“, parameterize it in a new window as written below:

General settings

Recipe name: internal name of the recipe (independ of project language)
 View name: displayed name of the recipe (depends of project language)
 Comment: Insert your additional comments here
 (Number) automatic increased internal number of the recipe (not changeable)

Recipe structure

Element internal name of the element (independ of project language)
 View name: displayed name of the element (depends of project language),
 Here the physical user unit can be displayed too (e.g. kg, sec., cm, etc.)
 Variable Assigning of a variable to this element (if you show user units, than scale this variable to fit with the displayed unit. So the operator can work very comfortable)
 Min. Input of the minimal value of the element (If the operator inserts a lower value, it will replaced by the the minimum value automatically)
 Value Input of the element value (thereby the elements of the first record will be pre-assigned and kept in the memory until the record is first time saved as...)
 Max. Input of the maximal value of the element (If the operator inserts a higher value, it will replaced by the the maximum value automatically)
 Decimal point: Insert the number of decimal places of the value

Rezeptur_Rot

General

Recipe name:

Number:

View name:

Comment:

Demo-Rezeptur für Farben mit roter Tönung.
 Die Elemente werden hier konfiguriert und in ihrer jeweiligen Menge als Datensatz/Record gespeichert durch den Bediener.
 Demo-Recipe for colours with red shape
 The elements will be configured here and stored as a record by the operator himself

Recipe structure

| | Element | View name | Variable | Min. | Val... | Max. | Deci... |
|---|------------------|-----------|---------------------|------|--------|------|---------|
| 1 | Wasser (Liter) | Wasser | El_H2O (MB20, BY... | 0 | 5 | 10 | 1 |
| 2 | Pulver weiss (g) | Pulver ws | El_ws (MB21, BYTE) | 0 | 30 | 100 | 0 |
| 3 | Pulver gelb (g) | Pulver ge | El_ge (MB22, BYTE) | 0 | 1 | 100 | 0 |
| 4 | Pulver rot (g) | Pulver rt | El_rt (MB23, BYTE) | 0 | 15 | 100 | 0 |
| 5 | Pulver schwa... | Pulver sw | El_sw (MB25, BYTE) | 0 | 2 | 100 | 0 |



Hint:

The FAT16/32 file system of the Micro-SD-card does not accept some characters in the file- or folder names

These are: \ / : * ? " < > | This characters will be ignored.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Recipe handling with SFC 206 "RECIPE"

With the SFC206 "RECIPE" recipe records can be

- read in from Micro-SD-card and written to the PLC and
- written from the PLC to the Micro-SD-card.

It means, you can combine e.g. a bar code reader input with a special recipe record. The reference table (what bar code uses what recipe record) is to program in S7.

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|---|
| REQ | INPUT | BOOL | TRUE assign and start job |
| LADDR | INPUT | WORD | Logical address 0 Panel-SPS (intern VisuStage RT) 1..16 HMI- Connection ID number |
| RECIPE | INPUT | INT | Recipe ID number (from VisuStage configured @ resources) |
| REC_NAME | INPUT | STRING | Recipe record name |
| FUNCTION | INPUT | BYTE | Function number 1 Read record from SD and write to PLC (SD → PLC) 2 Read record from PLC and write to SD (PLC → SD) 3 Read record from PLC and overwrite to SD (PLC → SD) 4 Delete record from SD 5 Check record existence in SD 6 Get number of records in SD (Output parameter „RETVAL“ returns number of available records) |
| RETVAL | OUTPUT | WORD | Status code of job |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE= Job is in process |
| DONE | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE= Job is done successful |
| ERROR | OUTPUT | BOOL | TRUE= Job is failed, error code in RETVAL |

Status code meaning

| RETVAL | BUSY | DONE | ERROR | Description |
|-----------|------|------|-------|--|
| W#16#0000 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Job is successfully done |
| W#16#7000 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Job is process |
| W#16#7001 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Connection is in invalid state (e.g. not connected) |
| W#16#7002 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Job is not accepted, due to previous job is still in process |
| W#16#7003 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Connection resource is temporary locked |
| W#16#7004 | 0 | 0 | 0 | REQ Parameter is FALSE |
| W#16#8001 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Invalid connection ID number |
| W#16#8002 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Visualization is not running (on Panel-HMI) or recipe not configured |
| W#16#8003 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Invalid RECIPE ID number |
| W#16#8004 | 0 | 0 | 1 | File system is not ready (eg. SD card is not inserted) |
| W#16#8005 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Could not access to record file in SD card |
| W#16#8006 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Invalid file content |
| W#16#8007 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Record file exists in SD card |
| W#16#8008 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Recipe path not found in SD card |
| W#16#842A | 0 | 0 | 1 | Invalid format in REC_NAME parameter |
| W#16#852B | 0 | 0 | 1 | Invalid function ID number in FUNCTION parameter |
| W#16#8xyy | 0 | 0 | 1 | General error code (S7 compatible) |

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

S7-program sample for using the SFC206

Purpose: Create (overwrite if record file exists) a new recipe record file in micro SD card.

```

CALL SFC 206
REQ      :=M1500.6           // TRUE = Request to create a new recipe record
LADDR    :=W#16#0           // VisuStage connection ID number.
                                // In Panel-PLC (e.g PC700P) must be W#16#0.

RECIPE   :=1                // Recipe number, in VisuStage configured
REC_NAME:=DB205.RECORD_NAME // Recipe record name
FUNCT    :=B#16#3          // Write Record to SD card,
                                // if record exists, overwrite it

RET_VAL  :=MW1000           // Result / return code
BUSY     :=M1700.6         // TRUE = Request is in process
DONE     :=M1002.0         // TRUE = Successful created
ERROR    :=M1002.1         // TRUE = Error occurred

U        M    1700.6        // If Recipe record is in process, then
BEB
R        M    1500.6        // reset request signal

U        M    1002.0        // If successful done, then
BEB

UN       M    1002.1        // if no error occurred, then
BEB

L        MW   1000          // error occurred
                                // error evaluation
                                // ...

BEA                                           // end of function

```



Hint:

The FAT16/32 file system of the Micro-SD-card does not accept some characters in the file- or folder names

These are: \ / : * ? " < > | This characters will be ignored.



Hint to function 6

The input parameter „REC_NAME“ can carry wildcards as:

| | |
|-------------------|--------------------------|
| * | any ASCII character(s) |
| ? | only one ASCII character |
| <ASCII character> | specific ASCII character |

For sample:

- REC_NAME = “**ab***“ returns the number of all records, what start with **ab** (no matter what and how much character follow)
- REC_NAME = “**a?b**“ returns the number of all records with 3 characters (what start with **a** and end with **b** and contain on character in the middle (no matter what))
- REC_NAME = “*“ or an empty S7-String return the number of all records

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Basic functions

Copy/Cut, Paste, Delete, Group/Ungroup

There can be selected any objects by left mouse click and be copied/ cut out/ grouped/ ungrouped by right mouse key. Copied objects will be pasted in the same screen, they will get an X-Y-offset of 5 pixels to keep orientation.

Screens

The item „Screens“ shows an overview of all existing screens of the visualization. Here will be made general settings for

- **Display backlight**
 - Autonomous switch off
 - Alarm message after switch on
- **Screen saver**
 - Autonomous switch on
 - To be switched off by a programmed screen change by S7-program
 - Blinking, when alarm message is active
 - Design of a display of date/time, image or text, what should be displayed during the screen saver timer period
- **Acoustic signals** by an integrated buzzer
- **Watchdog** to control the connections to the PLC with a toggeling (live-) bit (for Panels-HMI only)
- **Control** of screens and languages by variables (writing actual screen/language ID to variable or change screen/language by its ID from variable)
- **Activation** of a log of the last 16 screens visited before (for button function “Change Screen” → <Previous screen>)



Hint:

Make the dimension of the screen saver **much smaller** that the whole resolution is to let the screen saver „walk“.

Background image

There can be used colors or images as background of each screen. Images need much more memory and are recommended only if it is really necessary.

The ID-number of the screen will be used by the PLC, when a screen change is to be ordered by the PLC (of course not available in the HMIs). This ID is not to be changed manually.

A template screen can be selected and assigned.

A background color or a background image can be selected. (Image needs more memory than a simple color.)

This box appears after clicking into an empty (no objects) area of the screen.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Display of used resources in a screen

The function „Screen-reference“ displays all resources used in the marked screen.

- Mark a screen in the left screen tree by left mouse key
- Right mouse key opens up a pull-down menu, select „Screen-reference“
- In the message window all resources of this screen will appear

| Object name | Object type | Property | Resource name | Resource type |
|--------------------------|--------------|------------|---------------|---------------|
| ▶ Hand_Auto1 | State area | | | |
| ▶ Tank | Image | | | |
| ▶ Fortschrittsbalken_ver | Progress bar | | | |
| ▶ Fortschrittsbalken_hor | Progress bar | | | |
| ▼ E-/A-Feld | I/O field | Variable | E/A-Feld | Variable |
| | | Appearance | E/A-Feld | Variable |
| ▼ Info EA Feld | Text | | | |

Clean Screen

The Clean screen will be started with a function (to be chosen by the rider „Function“) and there also the time period will be assigned.

Placing an object

Select the required objects at the catalog tree (right) and add them to the screen in a window by left mouse key.

Make the fine placement by the box „Position and Size“ in pixels or by key-combination SHIFT+arrow-keys (8 pixels each click)

Note that the zero-point (X;Y = 0;0) is the **TOP LEFT CORNER**

Position and Size

X:

Y:

Text font

Here you can assign the font and size as well as the color and the style (Italian, Bride) of text

Font

Border

Assign here the outline and mostly the rear color of your object

- flat = assign frame and background color without 3D-effect
- lowered = assign frame and background color with 3D-effect "low"
- raised = assign frame and background color with 3D-effect "high"
- none = transparent

Border

Lowered

Flat 1Px

Lowered

Raised

Flat 2Px

Flat 0Px

Margins

Assign the distance between texts/labels or symbols on a button to the frame of this object (in pixels).

Margins

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Visibility

The visibility of objects can be controlled by a variable and is to be assigned easily

Visibility
 Variable:

 Hide
 Variable value: Range Bit
 number
 value

In this sample an object is hidden, when the 4th bit (counting from right) will have the binary value 1, in all other cases it is visible

Visibility
 Variable:

 Hide
 Variable value: Range Bit
 from
 to

In this sample an object is hidden, when the variables value is between 4 and 6, in all other cases it is visible

Hint: Depending on type of variables, some inputs can stay empty (e.g. the masking, if a boolean variable was selected).

Access rights

These rights are to be assigned either by user level or by a variable.

Access right
 Level:

 Variable:

 Variable value: Range Bit
 from
 to

In this sample an object is accessible, for every user below the level 2 (Master)

Access right
 Level:

 Variable:

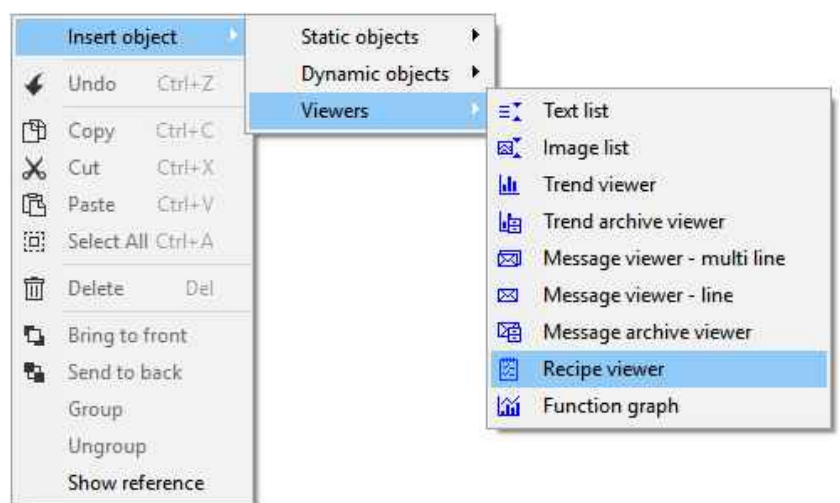
 Variable value: Range Bit
 number
 value

In this sample an object is accessible, when the variables value is 1

Insert objects

Objects can be inserted by

- selecting in the right catalog window and clicking with left mouse key in the menu window
- a key combination without mouse in the menu window (to see right beside the object in the catalog-window)
- by right mouse key in the menu window by a popup window (see image right)



Group / Ungroup objects

Group objects is necessary to fix multiple objects in an preassigned position by the right mouse key. It makes sense e.g. to create library elements. The group can be split by right mouse key again.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

The PLC can request what screen menu is active and can force the VisuStage to change into another screen.

Query the current the screen ID number with SFC 200 "SCR_GET"

The currently shown screen ID number can be retrieved by using SFC 200 "SCR_GET"

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|--|
| LADDR | INPUT | WORD | Logical base address = 0 (for all Panel-PLCs) Logical base address = 1...16 (connection-ID-No. to the Panel-HMI) |
| RET_VAL | OUTPUT | WORD | Error code W#16#0000 – No error W#16#8002 – VisuStage is not running/configured W#16#8xyy – General error codes (compatible to STEP®7) only for Panel-HMI: W#16#7000 – Job is in process W#16#7001 – Invalid connection state, e.g not connected W#16#7002 – Job not accepted, because another job is proceeded actually W#16#7003 – Connection resource occupied (temporarily locked) W#16#8001 – Invalid connection ID number or connection is not configured |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | Busy flag, TRUE Job is in processing |
| SCREEN | OUTPUT | INT | Currently shown screen ID number, (from VisuStage configured @ resources) |
| LANG | OUTPUT | INT | Currently selected language ID number (referring to int'l. codes - you can find it in the csv-file, when using the text export) |

S7-program sample for using the SFC200

Purpose: Query the actual screen

```

UN   M   1500.0           // if read request is not set, then
BEB                                     // end the function

CALL SFC 200
LADDR :=W#16#0           // VisuStage connection ID number.
                                     // In Panel-PLC (e.g PC700P) must be W#16#0.

RET_VAL:=MW1000         // Result / return code
BUSY   :=M1700.0        // TRUE = Reading is in process
SCREEN :=MW2002         // Current screen ID number
LANG   :=MW2004         // Current language ID number

U     M   1700.0         // Reading is in process
BEB

R     M   1500.0         // reset request signal

L     MW  1000           // return / result code
L     0                  // no error
==I   // If no error, then
BEB   // end the function

L     MW  1000           // error occurred
                                     // error evaluation
                                     // ...

BEA                                     // end of function

```


Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Changing the screen with SFC 201 "SCR_SET"

Screen can be changed by using SFC 201 "SCR_SET".

| Parameter | Declaration | Data type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|--|
| LADDR | INPUT | WORD | Logical base address = 0 (for all Panel-PLCs) Logical base address = 1...16 (connection-ID-No. to the Panel-HMI) |
| SCREEN | INPUT | INT | Screen ID number, (from VisuStage configured @ resources) |
| RET_VAL | OUTPUT | WORD | Error code W#16#0000 – No error W#16#8002 – VisuStage is not running/configured W#16#8003 – Invalid Screen ID number W#16#8xyy – General error codes (compatible to STEP®7) only for Panel-HMI: W#16#7000 – Job is in process W#16#7001 – Invalid connection state, e.g not connected W#16#7002 – Job not accepted, because another job is proceeded actually W#16#7003 – Connection resource occupied (temporarily locked) W#16#8001 – Invalid connection ID number or connection is not configured |
| BUSY | OUTPUT | BOOL | Busy flag, TRUE Job is in processing |

S7-program sample for using the SFC201

Purpose: Change to screen with ID number 16917

```

UN    M    1500.1           // if request is not set, then
BEB                                     // end the function

CALL  SFC  201
      LADDR :=W#16#0           // VisuStage connection ID number.
                                // In Panel-PLC (e.g PC700P) must be W#16#0.
      SCREEN :=16917          // Screen ID number to change
      RET_VAL:=MW1000         // Return / result code
      BUSY   :=M1700.1       // TRUE = Request is in process

U     M    1700.1           // request is in process
BEB
R     M    1500.1           // reset request signal

L     MW   1000             // return / result code
L     0                     // no error
==I                                       // if no error, then
BEB                                     // end the function

L     MW   1000             // error occurred
                                // error evaluation
                                // ...

BEA                                     // end of function

```

Creating a visualization screen

Static objects

Lines, rectangles, texts, images

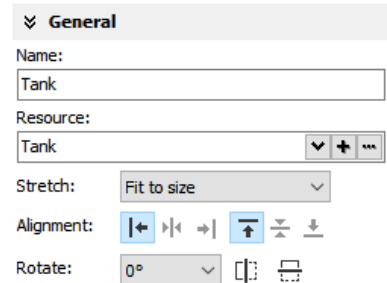
Images

Place an object: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Assign visibility: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Parameterize the object: (register "General")

- use an existing **resource** or create a new one directly here
- in the „Stretch“-box choose „Fit to size“ to see your image in the objects rectangle you did draw
- assign horizontal/vertical **orientation** if object is not stretched
- **rotate** and **mirror** object as you want to



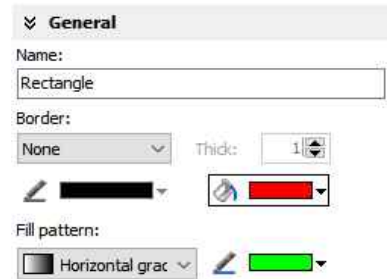
Rectangles

Place an object: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Assign visibility: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Parameterize the object: (register "General")

- this sample shows a rectangle without border, with a horizontal color gradient from red to green
- all other properties are self explaining



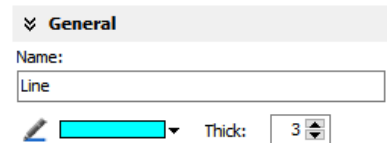
Lines

Place an object: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Assign visibility: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Parameterize the object: (register "General")

- this sample shows a 3px wide line.
- When changing target screens a miss calculation of width can happen what causes overlapping failure (reported in message window)



Texts

Place an object: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Assign visibility: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

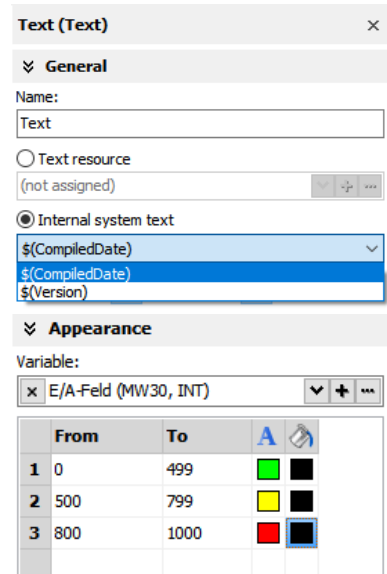
Assign text fonts: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Parameterize the object: (register "General")

- Use an existing **text resource** or create a new one directly here **OR** use the **Internal system text** to display compile-no and -date
- Assign font, bride and italic style
- Assign horizontal/vertical alignment
- Check "Wrap words" if this is a multiline text

Color the object: (register „Appearance“):

- Configure color changes by variables
 - First field is the color of the text font
 - Second field is the background



Hint:
To change the background color, assign a FLAT BORDER for the text object.. If you assign „NONE“, the background will be transparent and this can not be colored

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Dynamic objects

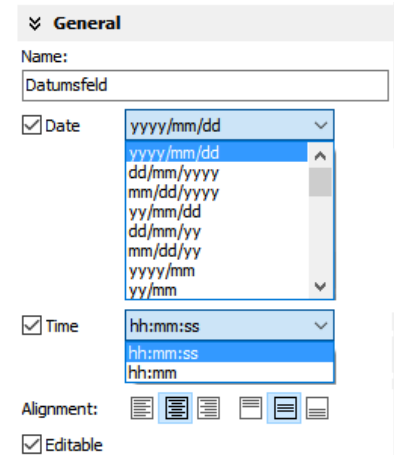
Date/Time fields

Date/Time fields are used to **display** (and, when „Editable“ is checked) to **edit** time and date by an automatic displayed virtual keyboard to type in the values.

- Place an object:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
- Assign visibility:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
- Assign margins:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
- Assign border:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
- Assign font:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
- Assign access rights:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Parameterize the object: (register “General”)

- Assign the **format of Date/Time field:**
 - Time format
 - Date format
- Assign horizontal and vertical alignment
- By checking „**Editable**“ the object’s value is changeable by the operator on the touch panel



Hint:

- If a DateTime field is too narrow, then characters, what can not be displayed completely will not be displayed at all
- At **TOD** (TimeOfDay) the time will be displayed in hh:mm:ss format. Use TOD for longer times.
- At **TIME**, **S5TIME** and **TIMER** time is displayed in ms Milliseconds).
- At **DATE** the date will be displayed in days (since 01.01.1990).



Attention / objects in general:

- Dynamic objects shall **not overlap each other** (Exception: touch area may).
- Simulation with F9 or „►“ creates an error report, click on error and come directly to the failed object.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

I/O fields

I/O fields are used to **display** (and, when „Editable“ is checked) to **edit** values with an automatic displayed virtual keyboard to type in the values.

- Place an object:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
- Assign visibility:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
- Assign margins:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
- Assign border:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
- Assign font:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
- Assign access rights:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Parameterize the object: (register “General”)

- Assign the vertical and horizontal **alignment**
- Assign a (or create a new one) **variable** to be displayed in this field
- Assign the **format of I/O-field**
 - leading zero, „+“-sign, digits, decimal point
 - display format (if comma-key shall be used in keyboard dialog)
 - or use the format of the assigned variable (shown here)
- By checking „**Editable**“ the object’s value is changeable by the operator on the touch panel
- **Limit** the max/min values (always depending on the variables type)

Notification of modification

Assign a bit to get informed, when the operator changes the value of the I/O-field at runtime.

Color the object: (register „Appearance“):

Assign a variable-based color change by entering

- the required colors for foreground (text color) and background (button color)
- the variable, what controls these color changes

General

Name:

Variable:

Alignment: ☰ ☷ ☱ ☲ ☵ ☶

Display format: Format of Variable type

Digits:

Decimal point:

Show plus sign on positive value

Leading zero

Editable

Limit the edited value

Maximum limit:

Constant value

Minimum limit:

Constant value

Notification of edited value by operator:

Message bit I/O (M0.0, BOOL) ▼ + ... ▶

>> Position and Size

Appearance

Variable:

| | From | To | A | ☰ |
|---|------|------|---------------------------------------|---|
| 1 | 0 | 499 | ■ | ■ |
| 2 | 500 | 799 | ■ | ■ |
| 3 | 800 | 1000 | ■ | ■ |
| | | | | |



Hint:

- At **STRNG** notice the S7-definitions (length-values in the first 2 bytes)!
At INSEVIS the maximal length of the STRNG is 60 bytes **BUT** the referring DB **MUST BE** at least 60+2 bytes large!
- **Scaling:** by S7-program with the Siemens-FC105 SCALE (Result: REAL-value, what is not allowed in VisuStage to color the appearance of this fields),
- If this coloring/ appearance is needed, than us S7-commands Rounding (RND) or Cutting (TRUNC) to reach a valid value for this function
- If a DateTime field is to narrow, than characters, what can not be displayed completely will not displayed at all



Attention / objects in general:

- Dynamic objects shall **not overlap each other** (Exception: touch area may).
- Simulation with F9 or „▶“ creates an error report, click on error and come directly to the failed object.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

PIN input fields

In the user administration can be assigned up to 9 levels with an up to 8-digit PIN- number to administrate the access rights.

A login-keyboard appears automatically after touching the PIN input field by the operator.

„**INPUT**“ is to enter your PIN to get into your access rights.

„**CHANGE**“ means, that PIN can be changed by authorized personally. After changing the new PIN is valid.

There are 3 ways to call this dialog:

1.) PIN-INPUT / CHANGE field (object)

The benefit of this way is, that the target screens, whereto it will be changed after successfully login/ logout are defined in the resource „User“

And here can be assigned a special screen change too.

2) Invoke PIN-INPUT / CHANGE dialog (function)

The benefit of this way is, that the login dialog can be assigned to any button or touch field as well. (See first 2 functions right)

The disadvantage is, that the screen is not automatically changeable with this function.

2) Change screen with PIN-input (function)

This is the right way to assign a different screen to change for every single user level.

(See 3rd function right)

With assigning this function you need to design the target screens for every user level.

General

Name:

Mode: PIN input
 PIN change

Change screen by valid PIN input

Function

- Stop the trend
- Clear the alarm buffer
- Clear the event buffer
- Soft-Key
- Invoke PIN-Input dialog
- Invoke PIN-Change dialog
- Log-Out the user
- Backlight Off
- Activate Clean screen
- Change system setting
- Change screen with PIN input
- Delete the alarm archive
- Delete the event archive
- Delete the trend archive

Function: Change screen with PIN input

Assign screen to user level
Select your user level and assign the desired screen

PIN input

Change to the screen which is assigned to current user level (without asking PIN)
 Always ask for PIN input

| Level | Name | Screen |
|-------|-----------|------------|
| 1 | Operator | Anzeigen_1 |
| 2 | Master | Anzeigen_2 |
| 3 | Chief | Rezepturen |
| 4 | Service | Meldungen |
| 5 | Superuser | System |
| 6 | | |
| 7 | | |
| 8 | | |
| 9 | | |

Ok Cancel



Attention / objects in general:

- Dynamic objects shall **not overlap each other** (Exception: touch area may).
- Simulation with F9 or „▶“ creates an error report, click on error and come directly to the failed object.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Diverse kinds of buttons

VisuStage contains standard, dynamic and text buttons.

- **Standard buttons** are available as templates and contain 65000 colors.
- **Dynamic buttons** will be created in the VisuStage, contain 256 colors only but offer symbol change (by image list), multi lingual text change (by text list) and color change functions.
- **Text buttons** can proceed text changes with very large text lists

All buttons contain the dead-man's function (executing the function too, when leave the button sideways).



Attention

If you execute a function when PRESSING and LEAVING the button, it is hardly recommended to check this box! Otherwise it may happen, that the operator leaves the button sideways without executing the assigned function for leaving the button and e.g. an drive does go on instead of stopping.

Standard buttons

- Place an object:** [\(see basic functions\)](#)
- Assign visibility:** [\(see basic functions\)](#)
- Assign margins:** [\(see basic functions\)](#)
- Assign font:** [\(see basic functions\)](#)
- Assign access rights:** [\(see basic functions\)](#)

Parameterize the object: (register "General")

- Check / uncheck the execution when leaving the button sideways
- Select a **Label (Text)** from your resources or import it directly here to place it on the button
- Select a **Symbol** from your resources or import it directly here to place it on the button
- Assign the place, where the image/symbol is displayed referring to the text
- Assign the size of the symbols image

General

Name:

Template:

Execute functions too, when leave the button

Space between symbol and label:

Text label:

Wrap words

Symbol:

Layout:

Use of selfmade buttons

- Copy your 3 buttons (all with the same name) each in one of those 3 directories
 - \inactiv (displayed when no access is allowed),
 - \pressed (displayed when pressed)
 - \unpressed (displayed when access is allowed, but unpressed),
 of the main directory [C:\Programs \(x86\)\INSEVIS\VisuStage\Buttons](#).
- Choose the same color for the area in the middle, where your text and/or symbol will appear.



Attention

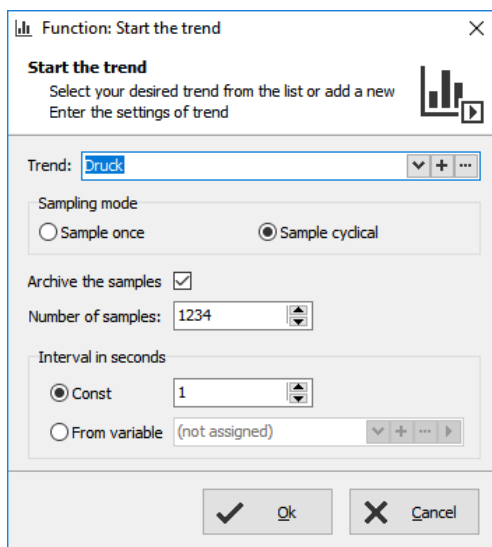
If you forward the source code of this VisuStage project (vsproj + vsbin) you need to add the 3 self made buttons and copy it in the same path like VisuStage is installed there. Otherwise these buttons will not be displayed (and compiled to the binary).

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

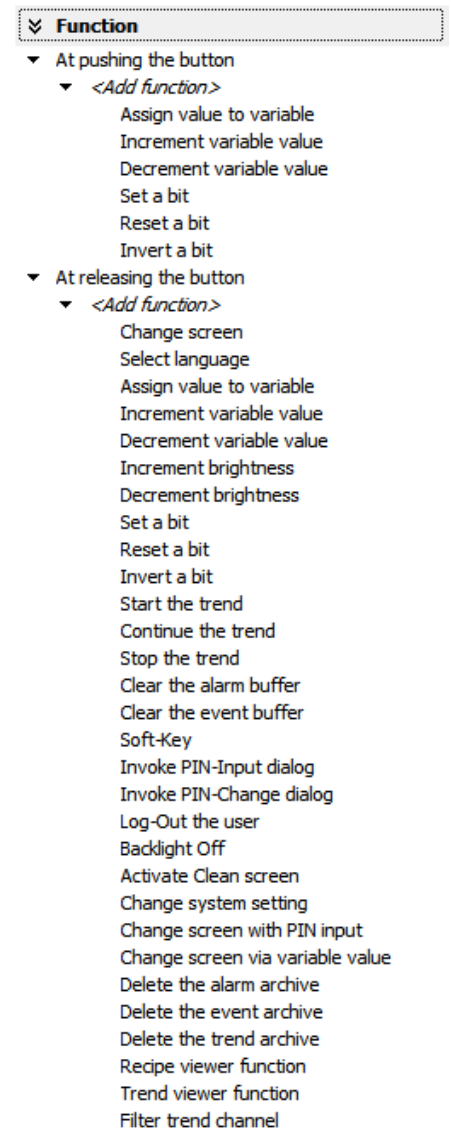
Assign a function (register “Function”)

It is possible to assign multiple functions to one action (press or release).

- Decide, WHEN the function will be proceeded:
 - at PUSHING or
 - at RELEASING the button
- After choosing a function (by double click) opens up another window to enter the required data for the selected function (like shown in sample below at “start Trend” function:)

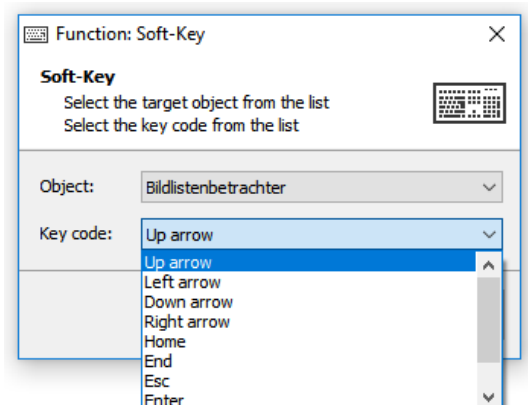


- There can be assigned multiple functions to one object as well
- There can be assigned functions for pushing and releasing the button as well



Use of Soft-Key function

- It is used to create own navigation buttons for viewer object and works in the same screen as the viewer object is.
- If there are more than one object with soft-key opportunities you have to select it first in the upper line.



Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Dynamic buttons

This buttons were used mostly for a mixture as state area, text- and image lists with a function to execute. (e.g. is in run / switch to stop, etc.). For this kind of button it is not possible to create own ones, because they were calculated at runtime.

- Place an object:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
- Assign visibility:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
- Assign margins:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
- Assign font:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
- Assign access rights:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Parameterize the object: (register "General")

- **Assign a variable**, to control symbol- and text changes
- **Text changes:** (in the sample description / state of the buttons) choose (or create a new) a **text list**, what shall be shown on the dynamic button
- **Symbol changes:** (in the sample manually/automatic mode sign) choose (or create a new) an **image list**, what shall be shown on the dynamic button

Color the object: (register „Appearance“):

- **Color changes** for foreground (text color) and background (for button color)
- **Assign a variable** to control color changes

General

Name:

Flat button

Execute functions too, when leave the button

Variable for lists (Text label / Symbol):

Text label: Text Text list

Wrap words

Symbol: Image Image list

Layout:

Appearance

Variable:

| | From | To | A | |
|---|------|----|--|--|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | | |



Attention

If there is active another value as these what are assigned in line 1...n, than ALWAYS this appearance will be displayed, what is assigned FIRST (in first line / line 1).

Use of self-made buttons

- Dynamic buttons are to be created in the VisuStage software.
- There is not possible to add additional (own) button designs.

Text buttons

These objects are used like a dynamic button without symbol change, but can be used to proceed very large text lists. For this kind of button it is not possible to create own ones, because they were calculated at runtime.

Touch areas – invisible buttons

These objects will be placed above an other object (mostly an image) to add a special function by pressing it (like an invisible button over a special part of a machine).

- Place an object:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
 - Assign access right:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
 - Assign a function:** (register "Function")
- like at the simple buttons.



Attention / objects in general:

- Dynamic objects shall **not overlap each other** (Exception: touch area may).
- Simulation with F9 or „▶“ creates an error report, click on error and come directly to the failed object.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

State areas

Place an object: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
 Assign access rights: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
 Assign visibility: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Parameterize the object: (register “General”)

- If you depend the state area on variables
 → use an existing resource or create a new one directly here
- If you use a system setting
 → select one of the system settings of the drop down menue
- In the „Stretch“-box choose
 - „Fit to size“ to see your image in the objects rectangle you did draw
 - “Proportional” to keep the images proportion (rest of the object stays empty)
- Assign an image resource or create a new one to be shown in ON-state and in OFF-state

Hand_Auto1 (State area) ✕

✕ **General**

Name:

State of:

Variable: ▼ + ... ▶

Bit index ▲ ▼

Value of ON:

Value of OFF:

Changeable

Stretch: ▼

Alignment: ◀ ▶

Image of ON: ▼ + ... ▶

Rotate: ◻ ◻

Image of OFF: ▼ + ... ▶

Rotate: ◻ ◻



Attention / objects in general:

- Dynamic objects shall **not overlap each other** (Exception: touch area may).
- use PNG graphic format with a transparent Alpha-channel to let the background shine through the transparent areas of the image (e.g. on rounded corners).
- Simulation with F9 or „▶“ creates an error report, click on error and come directly to the failed object.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Radio boxes and Check boxes

Radio boxes are used to visualize an **either-or-selection** (e.g. at alarms coming and leaving)

- Place an object:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
- Assign visibility:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
- Assign margins:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
- Assign font:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
- Assign access rights:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Parameterize the object: (register "General")

- Assign (or create a new one) a text („Label“) to describe the check item in the box
- Assign the alignment of the text
- Assign the dimension of the box size to click into
- Assign the group information (to what other radio boxes it should belong)
- Assign a variable value for UNCHECKED and one for CHECKED state

Check boxes can be checked and unchecked individually and **multiple** of it (e.g. to filter trend channel or to change a state area).

Also these boxes are used to assign buzzer system functions.

- Place an object:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
- Assign visibility:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
- Assign margins:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
- Assign font:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)
- Assign access rights:** [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Parameterize the object: (register "General")

- Check, if the text shall be left of the check box
- Assign (or create a new one) a text („Label“) to describe the check item in the box
- Assign the alignment of the text to the objects border
- Assign the dimension of the box size to click into
- Assign a variable, where the value is set by activating CHECKED / UNCHECKED (e.g. a bit with 0 / 1)
- Assign (or create a new one) a filter for a trend channel to show or
- Assign the state of a system property like e.g. the internal buzzer



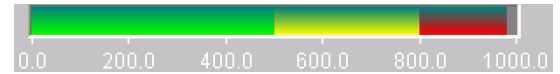
Attention / objects in general:

- Dynamic objects shall **not overlap each other** (Exception: touch area may).
- transparent areas of the image (e.g. on rounded corners).
- Simulation with F9 or „▶“ creates an error report, click on error and come directly to the failed object.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Progress bars

This item is used to display analog values like dimensions, time, etc., where different colors depend on different limits assigned before. The progress bar right was designed with these settings below:



- Place an object:** [\(see basic functions\)](#)
- Assign visibility:** [\(see basic functions\)](#)
- Assign margins:** [\(see basic functions\)](#)
- Assign font:** [\(see basic functions\)](#)
- Assign access rights:** [\(see basic functions\)](#)

Parameterize the object: (register "General")

- Assign a **variable** (or create a new one)
- Assign the **format** (minimal value, maximal value, decimal point)
At INTEGER values type in the value w/o decimal point (here: 10000 = 1000.0)
- Assign a variable or a fixed value for Maxlimit and for Minlimit of the progress bar.
- If you want to color 3 parts of the progress bar, enable limit areas
 - by a fixed value or
 - . By a variable

General

Name: Fortschrittsbalken_hor

Variable: E/A-Feld (MW30, INT)

Decimal point: 1

Max value: Const 10000

Min value: Const 0

Enable limit area

Max limit: Const 7999
 Const Constant value
 Value from variable

Min limit: Const 4999
 Const Constant value
 Value from variable

Color the object: (register „Appearance“)

- Choose a **bar style** (horizontal, vertical, 2D, 3D, color of background and fill color)
- Decide, if the bar is always having ONE actual color ("Solid") or 3 segments with a single color each ("Area")
- If "Area" was selected: Assign direction of the colors in the bar
- Assign colors and of the 3 segments defined by the limits in "General"
- Design the **ruler** (position, color, divisions, capture height)
→ at unfavourable divisions rounding errors are possible!

Appearance

Horizontal bar Vertical bar

3D Bar style

Direction: Right

Coloring: Entire bar Area

Filling: Solid Gradient

Colors:

Border: [Color swatch]

Background: [Color swatch]

Gradient: [Color swatch]

Normal area: [Color swatch]

Low area: [Color swatch]

High area: [Color swatch]

Ruler: Bottom

Divisions: 10

Caption height: 16



Attention / objects in general:

- Dynamic objects shall **not overlap each other** (Exception: touch area may).
- Simulation with F9 or „▶“ creates an error report, click on error and come directly to the failed object.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Sliders

This object is a good solution to display a variables value along a straight line or (if editable is activated) to set up a value roughly by hand.

Place an object: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Assign visibility: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Assign access rights: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Parameterize the object: (register “General”)

- Assign a **Variable** vor the value you want to display/edit
- If “**Changeable**” is activated the slider point is movable and changes the variables value
- It is possible to assign the sliding rail by VisuStage or to import an existing image as **Background image**
- It is possible to assign the sliding point by VisuStage or to import an existing image as **Slider point image**

General

Name:

Variable:

Changeable

Background image:

Rotate:

Show rail Size:

Slider point:

Slider point image:

Parameterize the scale: (register “Ruler”)

- Insert fixed values for the **Minimum / Maximum** of the rulers range
- Activate the display of the **Ruler**
- Select the rulers position referring the slider
- Assign the increments (values between the visible values on the ruler)
- **Position** = The rulers distance between the ruler and the sliding rail.
- **Size** = Width (at vertical) e.g. height (at horizontal) of the ruler
- Activate **Scale sub marks** (between the main marks = rulers increments) (it is better if these sub marks are a devisor of the main mark, e.g. 5 or 10, when the rulers increment is 20)
- Activate **Scale label** (self explaining)

Ruler

Scale value:

Maximum:

Minimum:

Show ruler

Increment:

Position: Size:

Show scale sub mark

Increment:

Size:

Show scale label

A **B** **I**



Hint:

- By the dimension of the objects when putting into the menu by mouse it will be set automatically, if it is a
- vertical (height > width) or an
 - horizontal (width > height) slider.



Attention / objects in general:

- Dynamic objects shall **not overlap each other** (Exception: touch area may).
- Simulation with F9 or „▶“ creates an error report, click on error and come directly to the failed object.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

System data (IP-address field, languages, etc.)

While languages, brightness or screen savers are functions what can be assigned to buttons or touch areas, the IP-address-field is an own object.

Place an object: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Assign visibility: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Assign margins: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Assign font: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Assign access rights: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Parameterize the object: (register “General”)

- Assign a (or create a new one) **variable** to control the system property
- By checking „**Editable**“ the object’s value is changable by the operator on the touch panel
- Assign the alignment of the box
- Assign access rights

⌵ **General**
 Name:
 IP Adresse
 Variable:
 IP-Adresse (MD200, DWORD) ⌵ + ...
 Alignment:
 Editable

⌵ **Access right**
 Level:
 2 : Master ⌵
 Variable:
 Benutzer (MB11, BYTE) ⌵ + ... ▶
 Variable value: Range Bit
 number 0 ⌵
 value 1 ⌵

Color the object: (register „Appearance“)

- If the field and text colors should change by variables value (e.g. „Disabled-Look“ and „Enabled-Look“)

⌵ **Appearance**
 Variable:
 Alarm 1 (M1.0, BOOL) ⌵ + ...

| | From | To | A | |
|---|------|----|---|--|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | | |



Attention / objects in general:

- Dynamic objects shall **not overlap each other** (Exception: touch area may).
- Simulation with F9 or „▶“ creates an error report, click on error and come directly to the failed object.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Gauges

With this object a value can displayed in a gauge form with a pointer like in older meters.

Place an object: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Assign visibility: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Parameterize the object: (register “General”)

- Assign a variable to display their value
- Activate a background image
(If you do not want do create your gauge by VisuStage)

General

Name:

Variable:

Background image:

Parameterize the dial: (register “Dial”)

When round dial is activated, a circle is created by the smaller value ox X and Y

- When “Show dial” is activated this can be colored
 - Assign the background color of the dial
 - Assign the border color and thickness of the dial
- When “Round dial” is deactivated, you can set:
 - **Radius** of the circle segment (angle below „Scale“)
 - **X-Position** of the pointer rotation points (from the left object border)
 - **Y-Position** of the pointer rotation points (from the upper object border)

Dial

Round dial

Center: X: Y:

Radius:

Show dial

Thick:

Scale configuration: (register “Scale”)

- Insert **Minimum / Maximum** of the scale value to be displayed
- Insert the **Angle** of the circle segment for the scale area
 - Start at **Min**, end at **Max**,
 - **Pointer always runs clockwise**
 - Information angle position: $-270^\circ = \text{„6 o'clock“}$ / $-180^\circ = \text{„9 o'clock“}$
 - $-90^\circ = \text{„12 o'clock“}$ / $0^\circ = \text{„3 o'clock“}$ / $90^\circ = \text{„6 o'clock“}$
 - $180^\circ = \text{„9 o'clock“}$ / $270^\circ = \text{„12 o'clock“}$
- Activate **Scale marks** (marks and sub marks)
 - Increments between main marks
 - Color, thickness, position (~Radius form pointer rotation point), size (~length)
- Activate **Scal sub marks**
 - Increments between sub marks
 - Color, thickness, position (~Radius of the pointer rotation point), size (~length)
- Activate **Scale label**
 - Font, size, color, style (bride/italian)
 - Position (~ assign radius of the pointer rotation point)

Scale

Value:

Maximum:

Minimum:

Angle:

Max: Min:

Show scale mark

Increment:

Thick:

Position: Size:

Show scale sub mark

Increment:

Position: Size:

Show scale label

Arial

B I

Label position:

Pointer configuration: (register “Pointer”)

- Assign a **color** for the pointer
- Assign the **length** of the pointer (distance between pointer root to top))
- Assign the **width** of the pointer
- Design the shape of the **pointers tip** (0,01~ flat, >0,01 more and more narrow)
- Assign the distance between pointer root to the rotation point (**tail**)
- Color the **circle at the pointers rotation point**
(The rotation circle always does have a 1 pixel-frame outside in the pointers color))
- Adjust the **size (diameter)** of the rotations points circle

Pointer

Length: Tip:

Width: Tail:

Rotation point:

Size:

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Configure the color ring: (register „Range“)

Limits and areas can be colored by a ring inside/outside the scale.

- Activate **Scale range**
 - Assign the **position** (~ radius of this circle segment)
 - Assign the **thickness** of this ring
- **Coloring**
 - The color area do not have an upper limit.
 - The next color are starts at the lower limit of the next color.
 - the last color limit is the maximum limit of the scale

∨ **Range**

Show scale range

Position: Thick:

| | From | | |
|---|------|--|--|
| 1 | 0 | | |
| 2 | 100 | | |
| 3 | 200 | | |



Attention / objects in general:

- Dynamic objects shall **not overlap each other** (Exception: touch area may).
- Simulation with F9 or „▶“ creates an error report, click on error and come directly to the failed object.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Viewers

Image and text lists

Image list sample

with color change of the pipes. The pipes will be separated into segments. For these segments all colors are available as single images with the requested colors. In the resource „image list“ values will be assigned to these single images. In the object image list these values will be controlled by a variable (what itself is controlled by arrow buttons, what increase/decrease its value by „1“. This value is also shown in a I/O-field).

Place an object: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Assign visibility: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Parameterize the object: (register “General”)

- In the „Stretch“-box choose „Fit to size“ to see your image in the objects rectangle you did draw
- Assign horizontal/vertical **orientation** if object is not stretched
- **Rotate** and **mirror** object as you want to assign an **image list** resource (must be existing - created at the image lists item)
- Assign a **variable**, what controls the image lists value

Text list sample

with displaying the actual logged-in user. There were assigned 3 user (user 1, .._2, .._3).

Place an object: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Assign visibility: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Parameterize the object: (register “General”)

- In the „Stretch“-box choose „Fit to size“ to see your image in the objects rectangle you did draw
- Assign horizontal/vertical **orientation** if object is not stretched
- **Rotate** and **mirror** object as you want to assign an **image list** resource (must be existing - created at the image lists item)
- Assign a **variable**, what controls the image lists value

Color the object: (register „Appearance“):

Additional functions at text lists

- If there is a multiline text list, it is possible to assign **navigation buttons** for scrolling up-/down

Assign the color: (register “Appearance”)

- **Color changes** for foreground (text color) and background (for button color)
- **Assign a variable** to control color changes

| | From | To | A | Background |
|---|------|----|--------|------------|
| 1 | 1 | 1 | Grey | Black |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | Blue | Black |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | Yellow | Black |
| 4 | 4 | 4 | Teal | Black |
| 5 | 5 | 5 | Pink | Black |



Attention / objects in general:

- Dynamic objects shall **not overlap each other** (Exception: touch area may).
- Simulation with F9 or „▶“ creates an error report, click on error and come directly to the failed object.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Trend viewer and trend archive viewer

This object shows the samples of up to 16 values (= 1 trend) by time in a graphic way. At CPU-T-devices there are available grid lines for better orientation, a higher scaled X-axis (more time values) and a movable measurement ruler to show archived values at different times.

Per trend there is shown only ONE vertical scale with the referring trend name above. To see the other scales click on the name and the scale and name of the next trend appears, and so on until the first trend comes again.

Place an object: (see basic funtions)

Assign border settings: (see basic funtions)

Parameterize the object: (register "General")

- Assign a **trend resource** (use existing rersources)
- **Format the text** of the displayed channel name
- Check, if the **channel name** should be displayed
- Activate and color **grid lines**
- Activate and color the **measurement ruler**

Parameterize the object: (register „X/Y-axis“)

- **Activate and color the Y-axis**
- Assign **scale divisions** (Rounding errors can appear!)
- Activate the rulers caption
- Assign caption height

Activate and color the X(time)-axis

- **Assign time format**
 - Time + Date or
 - Time only or
 - Date only or
 - nothing
- Enter the **number of samples** to be displayed
 - max. 200 in viewer, max. 65535 (expect longer displaying time) in archive viewer (values for CPU-T)
- Assign font, size and color of the X-axis

Navigation bar (for trend archive viewer only)

- For CPU-V/-P-devices or for CPU-T-devices, when there shall not be an manual generated navigation, zoom bar
- Activate **navigation bar** for scrolling forward or backward
- Assign buttons and dimension it
- Assign background color for the bar

Information for time axis (X-axis) of CPU-V/-P-devices

Because the displayed time will be calculated in run-time, only 2 time stamps will be displayed:

- the time of the first shown sample (very left) and
- the time of the last shown sample (very right)

and nothing between it because it would overwrite each other.

100 samples will be displayed in the trend window. After the graph reaches the right border, the graph is moved 10 samples (10%) to the left (and the displayed times are changing).

Trend-Viewer (Trend viewer)

General

Name:

Trend: v + ...

Font:

Show channel name

Show grid lines / [color]

Show measurement ruler / [color]

Vertical (Value) axis

Show:

/ [color] Division:

Show ruler caption

Caption height:

Horizontal (Time) axis

Show:

Date format:

Time format:

Samples:

Font: A [color]

Navigation bar

Show

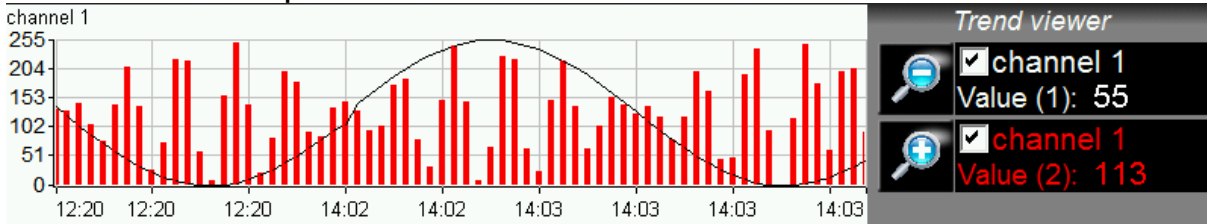
Template: ...

/ [color]

[width] 30 [height] 20

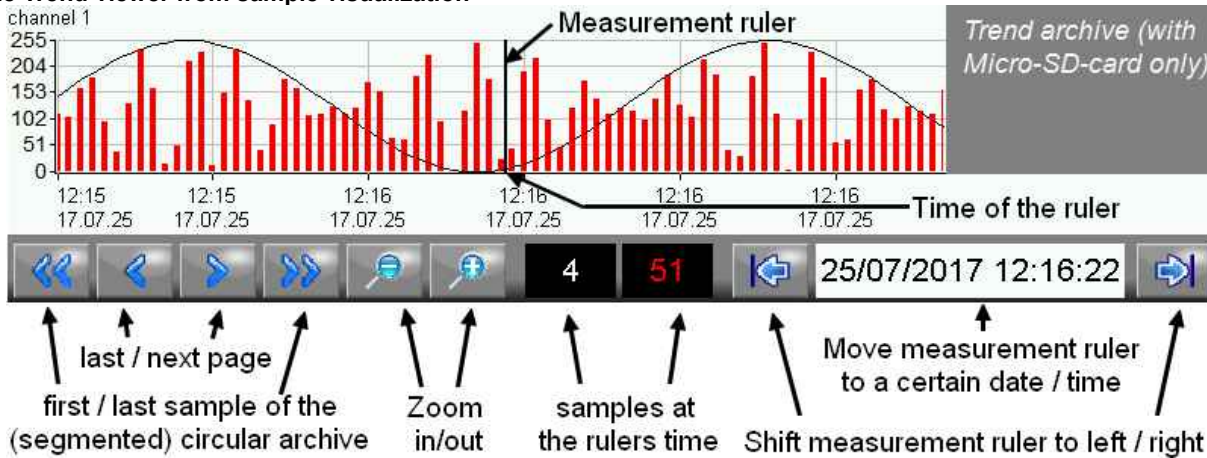
Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Sample Trend viewer from sample visualization



Activating trend channel: by check box (function: Filter trend channel)
Display the actual sample value: by I/O-field (variables value)
Zoom in/out functions: as button function (Trend viewer function, zoom in/out)

Sample Trend viewer from sample visualization



Activating trend channel: by check box (function: filter trend channel)
Zoom in/out functions: as button function (trend archive viewer function, zoom in/out)

Manually designed navigation

First / last (actual) samples as button function (trend viewer function, zoom in/out)
Next sample page / sample page before as button function (trend viewer function, zoom in/out)
Values at the measurement ruler time as I/O-field (with values from trend archive viewer)
Move the m-ruler to a certain time as date/time-field (with source trend archive viewer)
(The measurement ruler can be moved by touching the touch display in the viewer)



Attention / objects in general:

- trends can be archived only, if there is a micro-SD-card inserted
- for CPU-V/-P-devices:
 - trend viewer max. 100 samples will be displayed. When the samples reach the right border, they were shifted 10% to the left
 - trend archive viewer: max. 800 samples can be displayed
- for the CPU-T-devices
 - trend viewer: max 1000 samples can be displayed. When the last sample reaches the right border, the where shifted to left pixel by pixel.
 - Trend archive viewer: max. 655.350 samples can be archived (=10 circular archives)
- there is shown only ONE vertical scale with the referring trend name above. To see the other scales click on the name and the scale and name of the next trend appears... until the first trend comes again.
- Dynamic objects shall **not overlap each other** (Exception: touch area may).
- Simulation with F9 or „►“ creates an error report, click on error and come directly to the failed object.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Message viewing and archiving

There are different objects to display messages:

- blinking symbols (Message indicator)
- blinking text lines (Message indicator - text)
- oldest/youngest message only (Message viewer - line)
- viewer box for all actual messages (Message viewer - multi line)
- viewer for all archived messages (Message archive viewer)

Message indicator symbol and text

This dynamic objects are used to inform the operator about an actual existing message (alarms/events) either with a blinking symbol or a blinking text line.

Indicator at alarms:

Blinking if alarm has come and is not acknowledged
 Display (without blinking) if alarm is acknowledge but still there
 Disappears if alarm is acknowledged and no more there

Indicator at events:

Blinking if event is there
 Disappears if event is no more there

Placing as like at all other objects too, **Parameterization** is self explaining only **Assign** an event type - alarm or message.

Message viewer - line

This message line is made to **show only** the most actual message to be implemented as an information line only, with no opportunity to acknowledge or scroll.

Place an object: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Assign visibility: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Parameterize the object: (register "General")

- Select "events" or "alarms" to display
- Adjust, if oldest or newest message will be displayed
- Activate word wrapping

Formatting the object (register "Message format")

- date
- time
- state
- ID-no. (Group)
- message text

Color the object (register „Appearance“)

All messages in the message viewers all single messages can be changed in color referring to their stat (Coming, Going, Acknowledged).

General

Name:

Message:

Oldest message first
 Wrap words

Message format

Date ID number
 Time Text
 Status

Appearance

| Message state | | A | S |
|---------------|--------------|---|--------------------------|
| 1 | Coming | ■ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2 | Going | ■ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3 | Acknowledged | ■ | <input type="checkbox"/> |



Attention / objects in general:

- Dynamic objects shall **not overlap each other** (Exception: touch area may).
- Simulation with F9 or „►“ creates an error report, click on error and come directly to the failed object.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Message viewer multiline / Message archive viewer

This message viewer is made to show all **active messages**. It contains navigation functions (line **scroll**) and (for alarms) an **acknowledgment** function.

This message viewer is made to show all **archived messages** saved on the Micro-SD-card. It contains navigation functions (line and page scroll). To archive samples activate it by a hook as archivable.

Place an object: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Assign visibility: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Formatting the object: (register "Message format" at the single line message viewer)

Color the object: (register „Appearance“ at the single line message viewer)

Parameterize the object: (register "General")

- Select "events" or "alarms" to display
- Adjust, if oldest or newest message will be displayed
- Activate word wrapping

Formatting navigation bar: (register "Navigation bar")

- **Activate** the bar
- **Color** the background
- Design the **placement** of the buttons
- Configure the **size of the icons** in the buttons
- Select a **button template**
- Design the **button size** width by height
- Adjust the **distance** between the buttons

Designing navigation buttons: (register "Navigation buttons")

- Select a **button template**
- Activate to insert a icon (Up/Down/Acknowledge)
- Select one of the icons from the list
- Scroll navigation (up & down):
 - Message viewer: line by line
 - Message archive viewer: line by line & page by page

Color lines and texts by status: (register "Appearance")

- Depending on message status (such as Coming, Going, Acknowledged) different colors are possible for
 - Foreground (Text)
 - Background (field area)

General

Name:

Message: Alarm 32pt

Oldest message first

Navigation bar

Show

Position: Bottom Alignment: Left/Right

Bar color: Icon size: 32px

Button template: button_gray.png

Width: 36 Height: 30

Space: 6

Navigation buttons

Up button: TRIANGLE_UP_black_Q1.png ↑

Down button: TRIANGLE_DOWN_black_Q1.png ↓

Acknowledge button: ack.png ✓

Appearance

| Message state | Color | Background |
|----------------|--------|--------------------------|
| 1 Coming | Red | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2 Going | Yellow | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3 Acknowledged | Green | <input type="checkbox"/> |



Attention / objects in general:

- Dynamic objects shall **not overlap each other** (Exception: touch area may).
- Simulation with F9 or „▶“ creates an error report, click on error and come directly to the failed object.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Recipe viewer

The resource “recipes” will displayed by this object in 3 different windows:

- Recipe viewer window
- Records viewer window (of each recipe)
- Element configuration window

Place an object: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Assign border settings: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Assign access right: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Parameterize the object: (register “General”)

Name:

- internal name of the recipe viewer (independent of project language)

Show only one recipe:

- reduces the list to only one (selected) recipe (e.g. if this machine is designed for only one recipe but the project contains more recipes for more machines)

Recipe variable: *(to display the actual used receipt name)*

- Assign it, if the internal number of the recipe shall be stored in a S7-variable, what will be linked with the receipt name
- (resource „View Name“ in a text list and can be displayed as active receipt name)

Record variable: *(to display the actual used receipt name)*

- Assign it, if the internal number of the record shall be stored in a S7-variable to be shown in a I/O-field to display the actual record name
- (At first simulation assign any value to this variable in the SimuStage, than you see the active record after press the button „Save to PLC“)

Enable to edit the recipe:

- Allows manipulation by the operator (changing the element values, storing as a new record, deleting records and so on)

Parameterization of the title bar

(general for recipe lists, record lists, element lists)

- It is recommended to use a title bar and to assign a title to the recipe list.
- The titles of the other lists bellow (record list and element list) will be assigned automatically by the inserted data.
- (Title of the record list in the sample „red shades“, element list in the sample Rose“)
- All other settings are self explaining settings to design the title bar

Parameterization of the navigation bar

(general for recipe lists, record lists, element lists)

- This activation is recommended, when more recipes, records or elements are used than fit into the screen window and scrolling is necessary.
- All settings are self explaining settings to design the scroll bar

Hint:

Instead of a navigation bar you can assign own buttons by using “Receipe Viewer Function” at releasing the button.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Parameterization of the operators control elements

(general for recipe lists, record lists, element lists)

By the register „Navigation buttons“ can be selected all function keys you need. Their button design can be substituted by a customized button.

Recipe list:

Select: activates a recipe from the recipe list (will be highlighted), by touching directly too, this list can be hid, when you have 1 recipe only

Record list:

Select: activates a record from the record list (will be highlighted), by touching directly too

New: creates a new record with existing element structure

Save as: saves the record with a new name in the Micro-SD-card (an string input field opens automatically)

Delete: deletes an existing record

Copy: copies an existing record

Back: returns to recipe list

Element list:

Edit: opens up a virtual keyboard to edit the elements value

Save: overwrites (in the Micro-SD-card) an existing value with actual element values

To PLC: transfers the stored values and records into the PLC

From PLC: reads variable for element values from the PLC

Back: returns to record list

Assign a width of the recipe viewers window to the displayed elements name to have a efficient window design.

Different confirmation messages (register “Messages”)

In the 3 different viewing windows (recipe, record- and element-) it is useful to ask the users “Do you really want to...?” BEFORE he is manipulating something wrong. These message texts are system messages and can be activated here

At the text resources you will find these text phrases as system texts always on top of the texts and in the csv-file with the prefix „__SYSTEXT“.

These messages will be displayed BEFORE storing, deleting, data transfer to/from PLC

(These register is shown just for the record-list only, the others work similar to it.)

Navigation buttons

Recipe list:

Select
 ack.png

Record list:

Select

New

Save as

Delete

Copy

Back

Element list:

Edit

Save

To PLC

From PLC

Back

Name width [%]:

Messages

Record list:

Function: "Save as"

Request confirmation in case of existing recipe

Function: "Delete"

Request confirmation

Show notification on successful delete

Show notification on delete failure

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Views of recipe lists, record lists, element lists at runtime

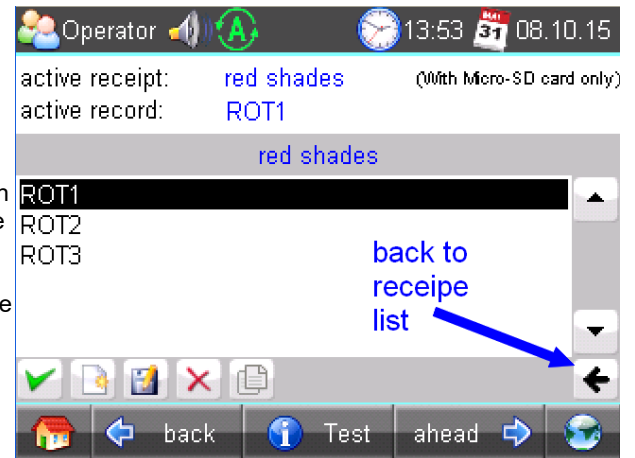
Recipe list

The recipe list contains all recipes, what are pre-assigned in the VisuStage before. It has an clear and an uniform element structure, what was pre-assigned in the software VisuStage before.

The assigned name for all recipes is displayed on the title list.

The choice of the a recipe is done by a touch on the name and a touch on the bottom left symbol to open it. Than the display changes into the next screen with the record list.

To exit the recipe administration, add a common button and assign the function „change screen“ whereto ever you want.



Record list

The record list contains all user-created records of a certain recipe (in this sample of the recipe „red colors“).

The regarding recipe name is displayed on the title list. Select it by touch on the name and press „Edit“ or create a new one. Than it switches directly into the element table to edit values and to store it in an automatically displayed string input field.

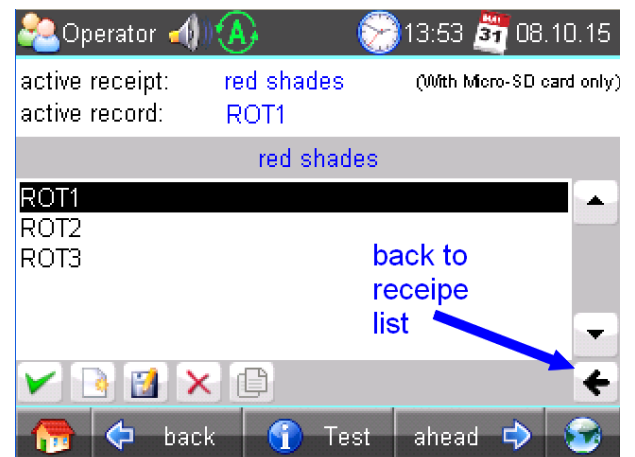
New from VS 2.0.1.5: The actual record will be displayed in the color of the recipes name in the title bar

The function buttons are displayed in the lower left bar:

Edit | New | Save | Delete

With the lower right „←“ this screen changes back to the recipe list.

Note: Because recipe data are kept in the Micro-SD-card there is possible no simulation with these values (your PC has not such a memory extension).



Element list

The element list contains all user-created values of a certain record (in this sample of the record „ROSE_1“)

The regarding record name is displayed on the title list.

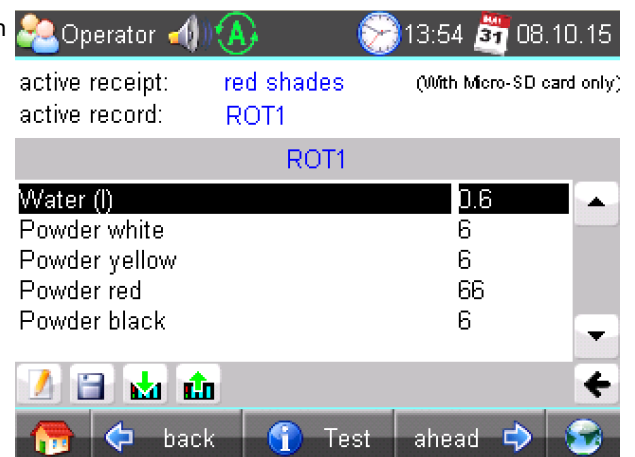
By touching an elements value a numeric keyboard opens up automatically to type in the new value of the selected element.

The function buttons are displayed in the lower left bar:

Edit | Save | Read from PLC | Write to PLC

With the lower right „←“ this screen changes back to the record list.

Note: Because recipe data are kept in the Micro-SD-card there is possible no simulation with these values (your PC has not such a memory extension).



Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Function graph

This viewer is able to display a number of x;y-values from a data block. There could displayed up to 2000 couples of x;y-values each as one pixel.

Place an object: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Assign visibility: [\(see basic funtions\)](#)

Parameterize the object: (register "General")

- **Assign a data block and offset**
This data block contains the values to be displayed

Adapt the navigation bar: (register "Navigation bar")

- **Activate** the bar
- **Color** the background
- Design the **placement/alignment** of the buttons
- Configure the **size of the icons** in the buttons
- Select a **button template**
- Design the **button size** width by height
- Adjust the **distance** between the buttons

Designing navigation buttons: (register "Navigation buttons" / see right)

- Select a **button template**
- Activate to insert a icon into your buttom
- Select one of the icons from the list

Parameterize the object: (register „X/Y-axis“ / see below)

Horizontal (X) axis

Show axis [Color]

Show label [A]

Range

Begin:

End:

Decimal point:

- Activate and color X-axis**
Activate and color the label of the X-axis
Assign scale values
- Start value
 - End value
 - Decimal point

Vertical (Y) axis

Show axis [Left]

Show label [A]

Range

Begin:

End:

Decimal point:

- Activate and color Y-axis**
Activate and color the label of the Y-axis
Assign scale values
- Start value
 - End value
 - Decimal point

Help line

Show help line [Color]

At:

- Activate and assign help line**
- Y-Value
 - Color (one help line possible for an Y-value)

General

Name:

Data block:

Offset:

Navigation bar

Show

Position: Alignment:

Bar color: Icon size:

Button template:

Space: Size:

Navigation buttons

To beginning

Backward

Forward

To end

Zoom in

Zoom out

Update

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

The data block with the x;y-values to display must be divided into two parts:

- Header Information about trend coordinate structure.
- Data Array of [X,Y] pairs. Data type must be defined in Header

Header structure

| Offset | Name | Data type | Value | Notes |
|--------|--------------|-----------|----------------|---|
| 0 | DataID | DWORD | DW#16#46475250 | Constant value |
| 4 | HeadID | INT | 1 | Constant value |
| 6 | Points | INT | | Number of [X,Y] pairs [0 .. 200] |
| 8 | RefreshCount | INT | | Refresh request counter. S7-User program should increment the value, in order to request refreshment in VisuStage. |
| 10 | DataTypeX | BYTE | | Data type of X coordinate value 2 = BYTE 3 = CHAR 4 = WORD 5 = INT 6 = DWORD 7 = DINT 8 = REAL |
| 11 | DataTypeY | BYTE | | Data type of Y coordinate value (see DataTypeX notes) |
| 12 | Color | WORD | | RGB color value, format 565 Bit0..Bit4 Blue component Bit5..Bit10: Green component Bit11..Bit15: Red component |

Data structure

Array of [X,Y] pairs (structure). It's structure completely depending on user demands and must be correctly defined in Header structure.

For example:

The following data block contains trend coordinates with following property

- each coordinate value (16 bit integer, value range -32768 .. 32767)
- 200 coordinate pairs
- Line color is blue

The screenshot shows the SIMATIC Manager interface with a data block structure for 'Messdaten'. The structure is as follows:

| Address | Name | Type | Initial value | Comment |
|---------|--------------|---------------|----------------|------------------------|
| 0.0 | | STRUCT | | |
| +0.0 | SomeData | ARRAY[1..150] | | Dummy data, just for d |
| +1.0 | | BYTE | | |
| +150.0 | Header | STRUCT | | |
| +0.0 | DataID | DWORD | DW#16#46475250 | Data ID number |
| +4.0 | HeadID | INT | 1 | Header version ID |
| +6.0 | Points | INT | 0 | Number of coordinate p |
| +8.0 | RefreshCount | INT | 0 | Refresh counter |
| +10.0 | DataTypeX | BYTE | B#16#5 | X coordinate data type |
| +11.0 | DataTypeY | BYTE | B#16#5 | Y coordinate data type |
| +12.0 | Color | WORD | W#16#F800 | Line color. RGB 565 fo |
| =14.0 | | END_STRUCT | | |
| +164.0 | Messdaten | ARRAY[1..200] | | NOTE: Each coordinate |
| +0.0 | | STRUCT | | |
| +0.0 | X | INT | 0 | X coordinate |
| +2.0 | Y | INT | 0 | Y coordinate |
| =4.0 | | END_STRUCT | | |
| =964.0 | | END_STRUCT | | |

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Working with library elements

Library elements were used to have available pre assigned elements for different projects. This is very useful as base for multiple visualizations and show a corporate design e.g. at navigation bars, state bars and login pages.

Creating libraries and ~ elements

Single or multiple (grouped or ungrouped) objects can be added to a library, consisting of at least one element.

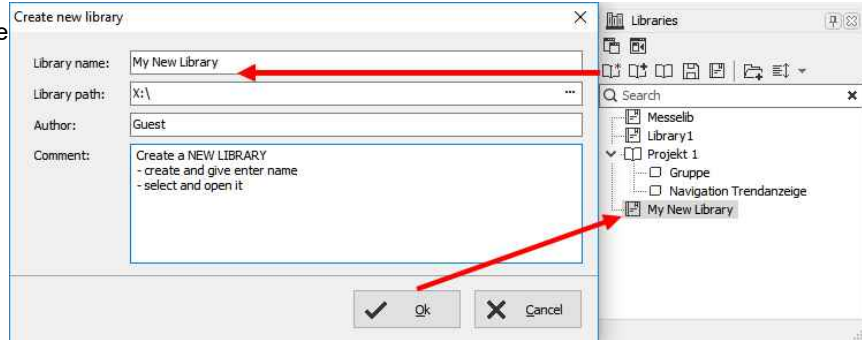
If a library element consists of multiple objects, it is better to group these objects before. So the positions between these objects are fixed.

To create a new library

- 1. select the "new library" button
- 2. assign name, path and comments
- 3. select the new created library and
- 4. open this new library

To add new library elements

- 1. open your library
- 2. move objects or groups directly on the library sign



Using library elements

The Library function is self explaining:

- either **CREATE** a new one,
- or **ADD** another library from any PC-directory (*.vsl) into this library list
- or **OPEN** a library from this list

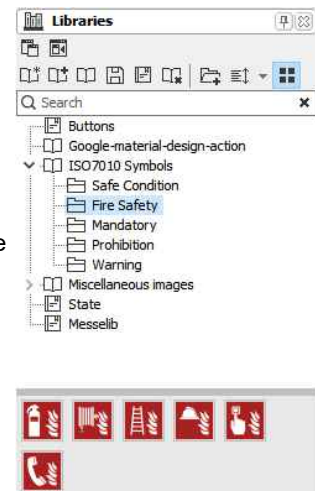
- Group some objects and name the group.
Copy this group by drag'n drop into your open library
or
- Click at a group in your open library and copy it by drag'n drop into your screen.

Variables, texts and images will be taken over 1:1 from the library element into the new screen/project. All other resources must be assigned new.

Library elements will be integrated in the visualization project (*.vsproj).

To send your libraries to others, always zip and send complete libraries (folders on the VisuStage-PC) including your library elements (*.vsl) .

The library offers images, button shapes and state areas in a SVG-format, who will be stored at the image-resorce of the project. To get a preview right in the library window, select the icon as shown in the figure to the right.



Hints:

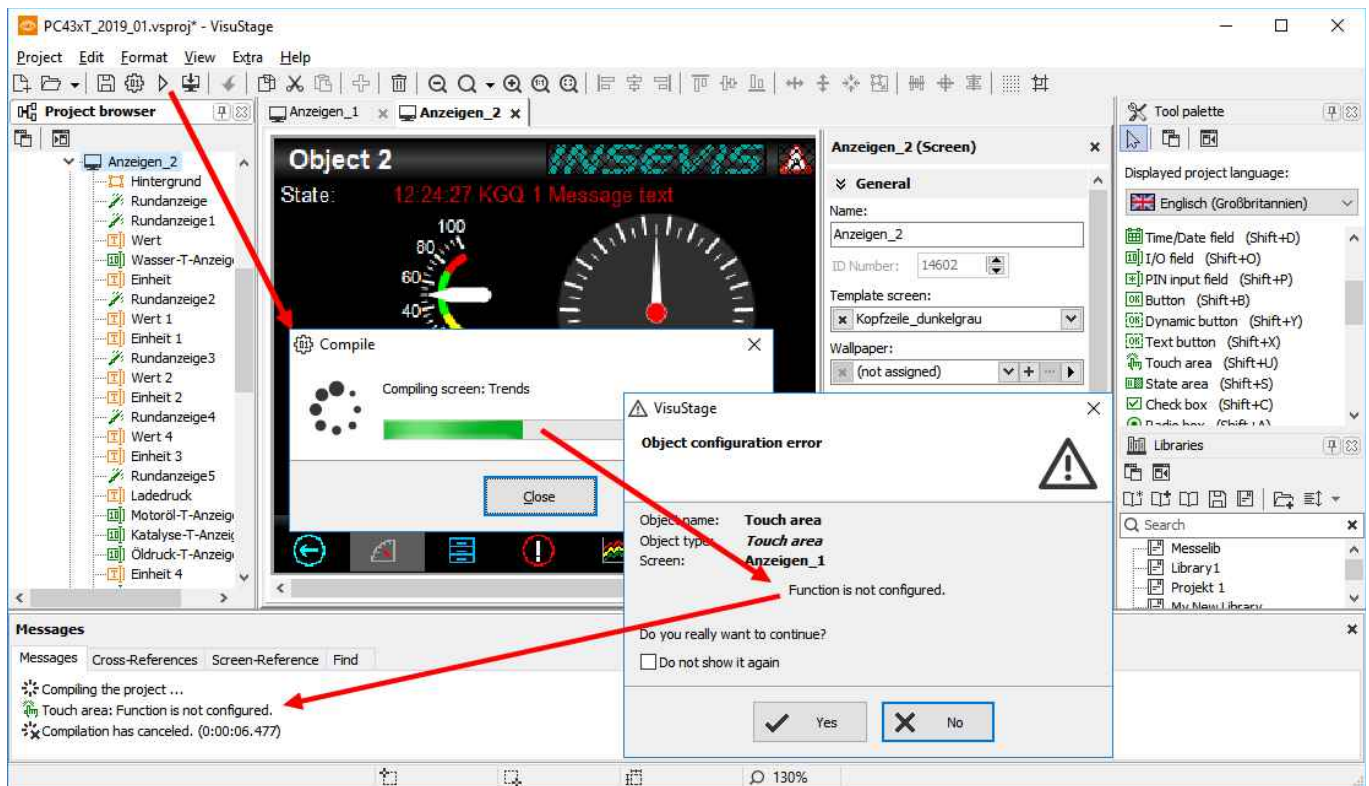
The library objects in SVG-format allow a very simple color-change (at the rider „Appearance“), much easier then with image lists, what will simplify your visualization project by far.

Also when scaling the size of the objects the quality loss is less than at bmp-, jpg- oder png-files.

Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Simulation and download

Error treatment



- After finishing the visualization start the simulation by F9 or „▶“
- If there are errors, the compiler stops and creates a error message (object and error type).
- Double click this message and you will see the failed object.
- Correct the error and restart the simulation by „F9“ or „▶“

If all errors are cleared, the compiler creates a *.bin-file and the simulation tool „SimuStage“ starts automatically.

Simulation and download

There are 2 ways to simulate your visualization:

Manual simulation

Starts the integrated simulation tool SimuStage in a new window.

The operation by the user is by mouse pointer simulated like at the real touch panel.

Automatical simulation

Starts the SimuStage together with the Siemens-software S7-PLCSIM (what must be installed at the same PC).

The process data come from S7-PLCSIM (not from PLCSIM Advanced – this is for 1200/1500CPUs).

Of course, S7-PLCSIM does not simulate INSEVIS-SFCs/SFBs.

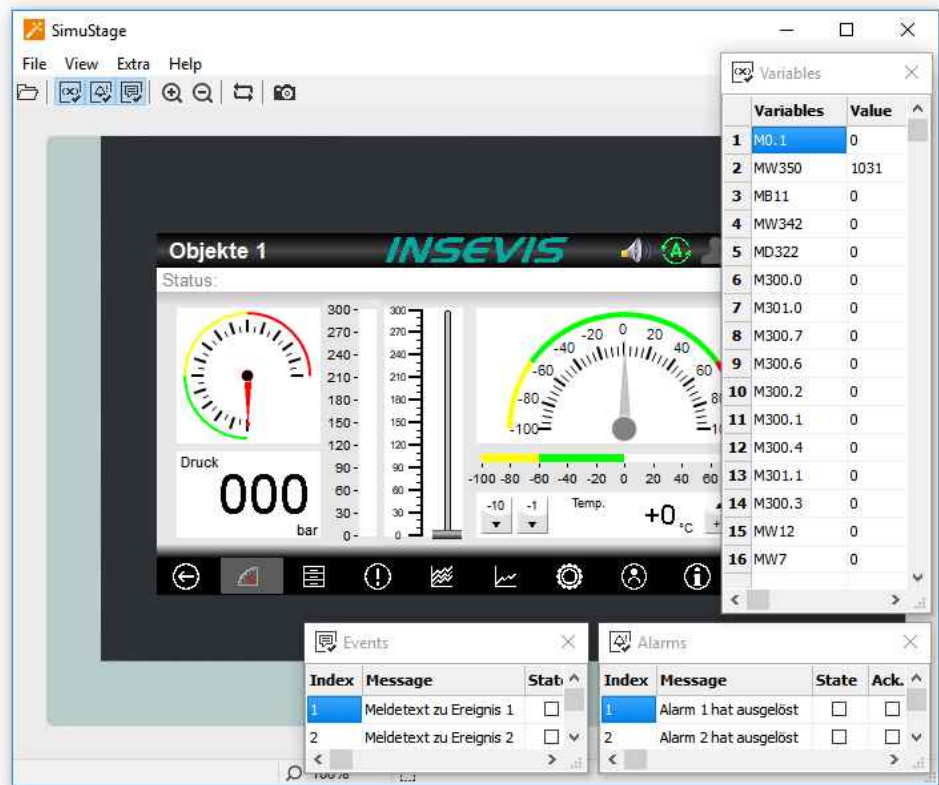
Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Manual simulation

By manipulating variable values in the variable table you can cause changes manually.

Events can be simulated (Coming - Leaving - Acknowledge) by checking/unchecking boxes in the SimuStage.

It is also possible to generate screen shots of the simulated screen for creating any kind of documentation.



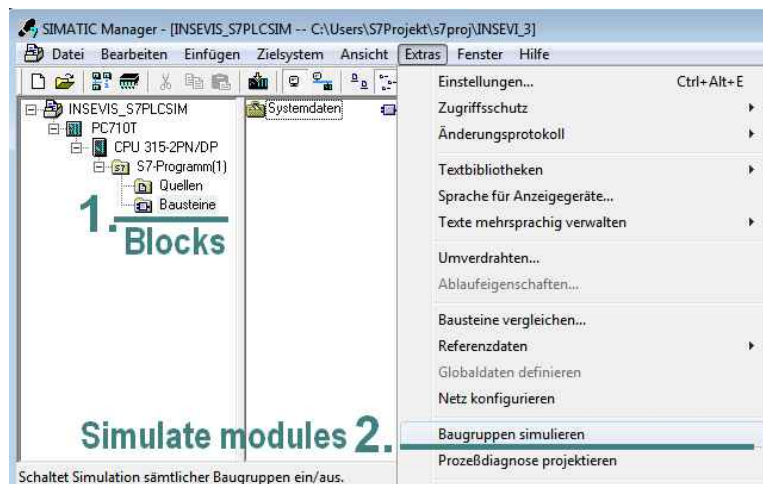
Automatical simulation

Start in the VisuStage by "Project" → "Simulate with S7-PLCSIM"

The (already installed) S7-PLCSIM must be opened from the S7-programming tool.

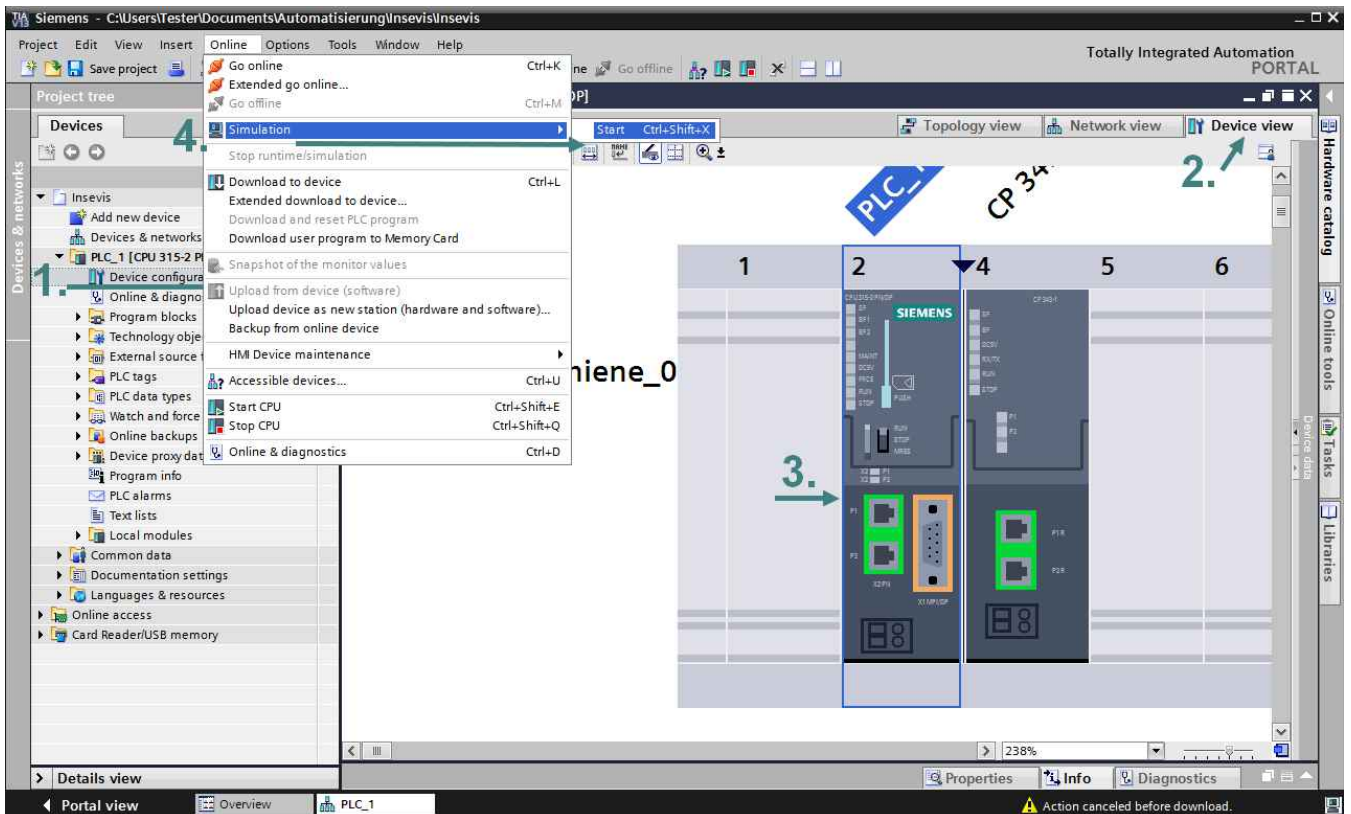
Here you find the call from Simatic®-Manager

1. select "Blocks"
2. click on "Simulate modules"



Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

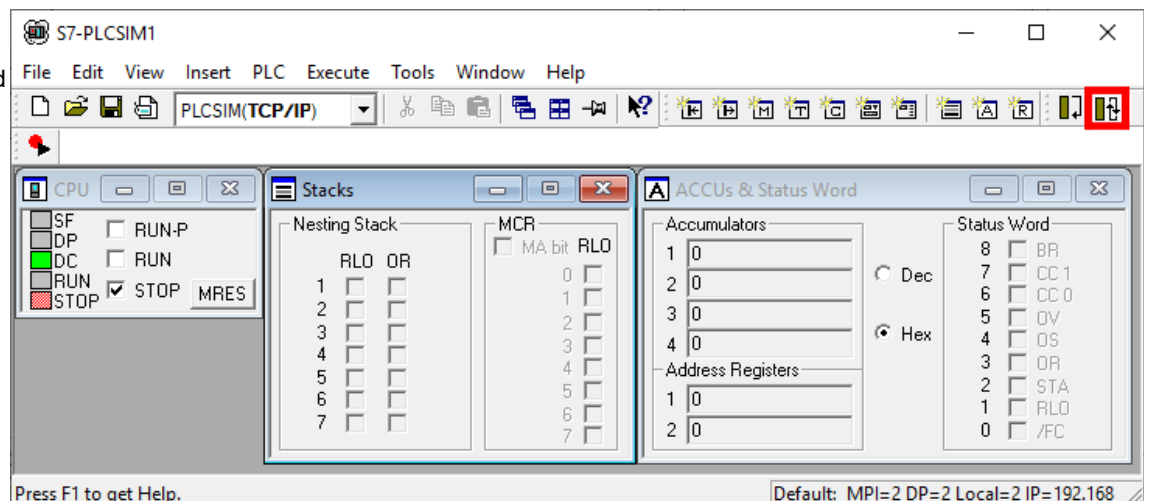
Here you find the call from Simatic®-Manager



1. Goto "Device configuration"
2. Select "Device view"
3. Select the CPU
4. select "Simulation" and "Start"

If the S7-PLCSIM was called, the S7 program is simulated **ONCE** only.

For a **CYCLIC** simulation use the right button (green frame)



Visualization with the software „VisuStage“

Download

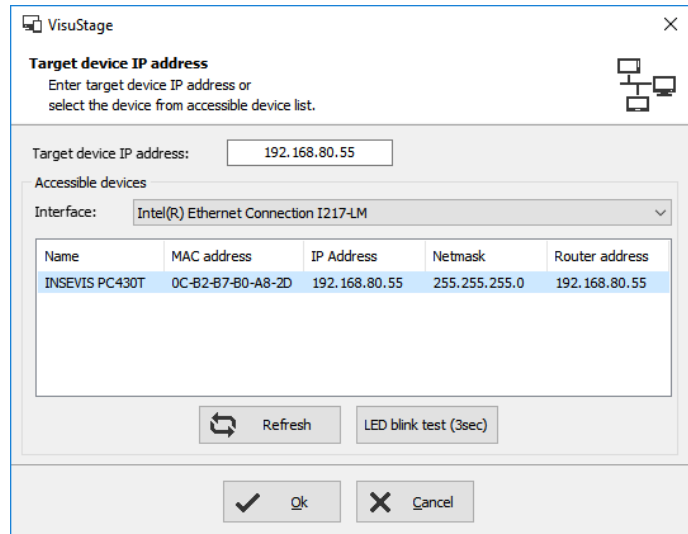
Transfer the visualization binary file to the target device

To transfer the project (start by key F12 or icon) use

- the IP-target-address from the project data or
- the IP-addresses in the network area you are connected to by using the magnifier icon (identification in networks with switches only, not with routers, because they filter the Ethernet-Layer 2, what is necessary for identification)

Alternatively download the compiled project as vsbin-file

- via ServiceStage or
- by a Micro-SD-card (with hard reset and clear all)



Attention

If some devices with **the same IP-address** should be connected, this will be stopped from Windows-OS. To switch off this function, please insert in the **cmd** this command: **arp -d** (this deletes in your PC the old MAC-address from the foregoing device, what was stored in your PC).

Remote access with the software „RemoteStage“

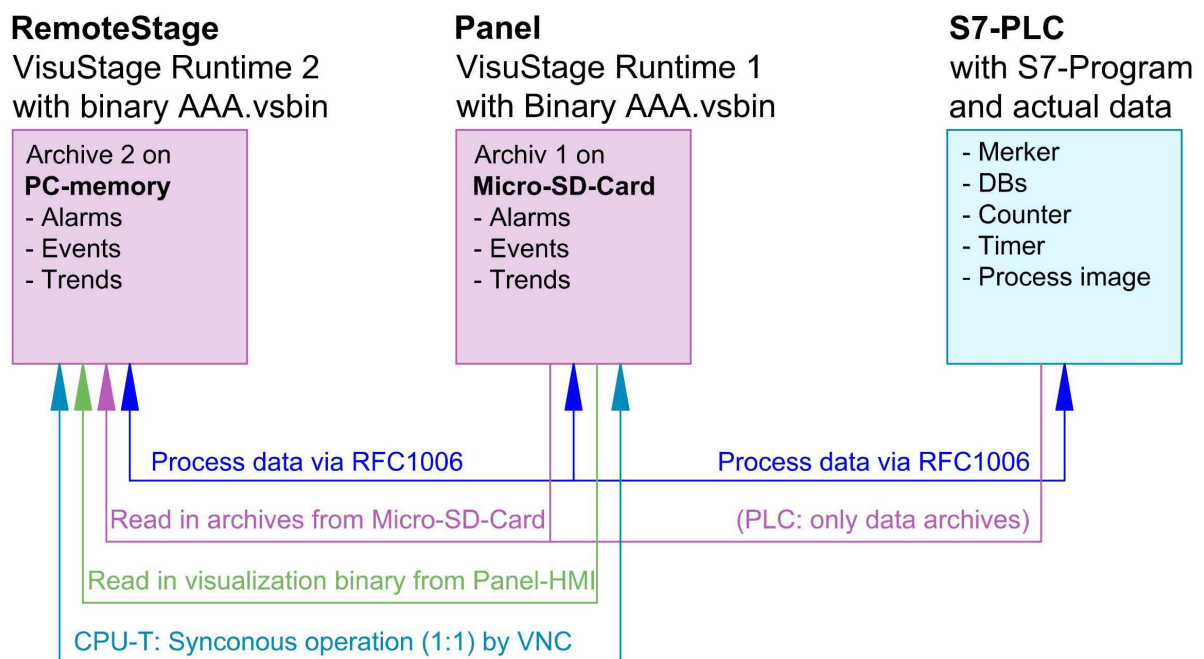
General

The RemoteStage is a multiple instanciable command line software tool, what is not to install. It can be kept in a folder on the remote-PC or on a mobile data carrier as **remotestage.exe** (and if you use German program language with the file **remotestage.deu** as well). As command line tool it can proceed diverse functions in a batch file.

The software RemoteStage uses the binary files (binaries / *.vsbin) of visualization projects, made with „VisuStage“. These binaries are not backreadable, what offers an effective protection of the users know-how and allows to forward these files towards the final user or operator. It is possible to download the visualization binary directly by Ethernet from the Panel-PLC / Panel-HMI to reduce the organization efforts. A PIN-code protects the visualization against unauthorized uploads.

The RemoteStage works **like an additional Panel-HMI** on the remote-PC, what gets the process (actual) data by a TCP/IP-connection straight from the PLC. System data like time and buzzer are related to even this PC of course. This allows a free remote visualization and account to external S7-PLCs by S7-Ethernet (Put/Get).

In a 2nd program instance (Archive mode) the RemoteStage reads in (direct form Micro-SD-card or by Ethernet) from the Micro-SD-card, displays the values, converts into csv-format and saves it to the remote PC.



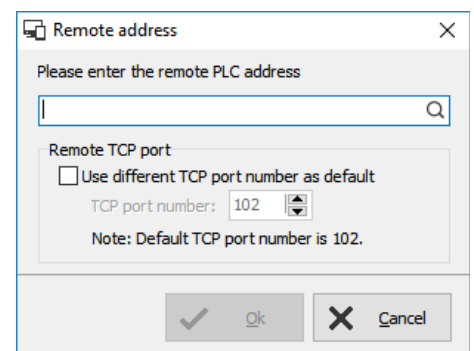
If the RemoteStage should be installed as an batch call on the end user's PC this is all you need to write:

```
[path of RemoteStage]remotestage.exe /r=[IP-address of the remote-PLC in the same sub net]
/V=[path of visualization binary]\complete file name]
/start
```

Selection of the remote-device

With opening of the visualization binary („visualization“.vsbin) the IP-address of the remote PLC will be required (Fig.). (By using the function „accessible devices“ - loupe- you can select one of these directly or type in the IP-address manually.)

This address will be linked with this binary. So it is not necessary to re-type it again.



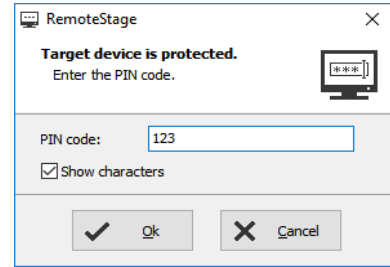
Remote access with the software „RemoteStage“

Insert PIN code

In the VisuStage-project it is possible to allow an upload of the compiled binary to the remote PC. This upload can be protected by a PIN code, what is to be inserted in a new window (right)

This PIN must be inserted at every new upload (also when you use this upload for backup function in ServiceStage). At INSEVIS sample projects this PIN is 123.

After successful upload a black window appears, what changes to the first menu in the VisuStage project after clicking the “connect” button. (Not 1:1 of the original panel, this will be done by VNC)



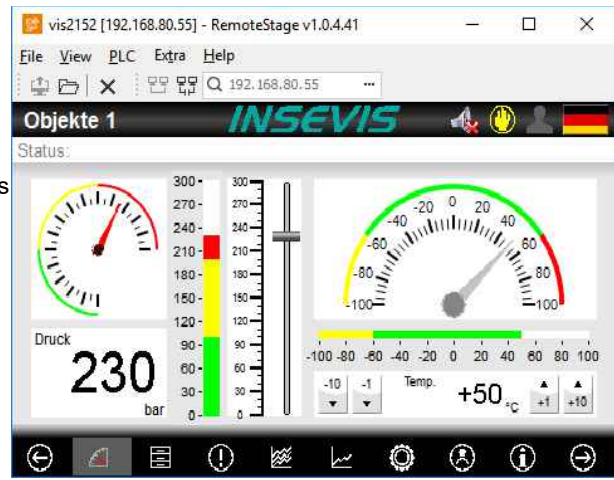
Using and setting up the remote screen

The PopUp-menus are self explaining.

The actual remote state is shown on the bottom of the screen.

The switching between online/offline can be done by the green button beside the IP-address line or by the menu „PLC“.

Hint: Referring the system data (like buzzer, archives and time) always the PC-system data will be used, not these of the remote device.



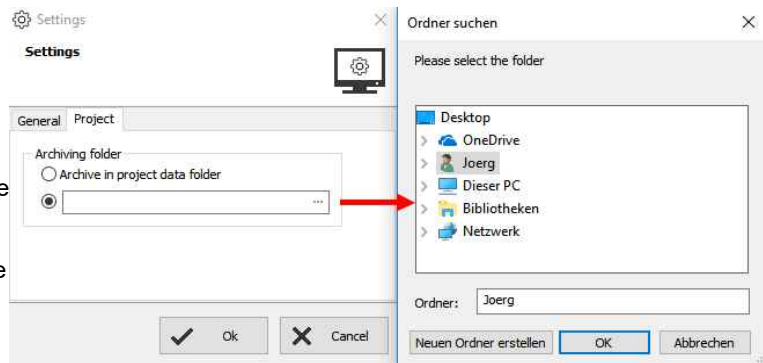
Storing the remote (on the PC) archived data

The archive data, logged during the remote session on the PC, will be stored on the working place in the remote-PC **only**. (not depending from the archive in the PLC in the Micro-SD-card during the same time).

Note: there are 2 archives of each item. If you want to archive a remote-trend, you need to start this trend in the remote visualization.

At the menu „Settings“ will be set up, if these date will be stored

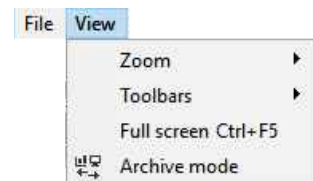
- in the project folder (where the visu binary is kept) or
- at another path.



Hint: If you upload the visualization binary from the remote device (this function will be activated in the VisuStage-project), this file will be kept in the local TEMP-directory of your PC as long you are remote online. There will be stored the archive files as binary too as long the remote session is active. To save and convert these archives into CSV-format please go to archive mode and select “File Open” and select the TEMP-directory.

Most of the archive data are kept on the Micro-SD-card as binaries and can be converted to csv-format by RemoteStage “Archive mode” (a 2nd instance of RemoteStage) only.

Open this 2nd instance in the “View”.menu (see right).



ATTENTION: Use only the binary file what fits to the archives (where these archives were projected)

Remote access with the software „RemoteStage“

Uploading, converting and storing archive data as csv-files

These data can be archived by these products on the Micro-SD-card:

| | |
|---|---|
| Messages (alarms, events) | by all Panel-PLCs and Panel-HMIs → by activating the archive function „archiving“ in the VisuStage-project |
| Trends (with all channels) | by all Panel-PLCs and Panel-HMIs → by activating the archive function „archiving“ in the VisuStage-project |
| Recipes (with all records and elements) | by all Panel-PLCs and Panel-HMIs → will always be stored / archived on the Micro-SD-card |
| Archiv- (data blocks) (as bin or csv) | by all Panel-PLCs and Panel-HMIs → will be configured by SFCs in the S7-program |

In the newly appeared PC-window you may find different groups of icons with different functions:



Reads archive by inserting Micro-SD-card in PC slot from left → right:
- Data(DB-)archive
- Alarm archive
- Event archive
- Trend archive

Read in archives by Ethernet directly into PC from left → right:
- All archives
- Alarm archive
- Event archive
- Recipe archive
- Trend archive
- Data(DB-)archive

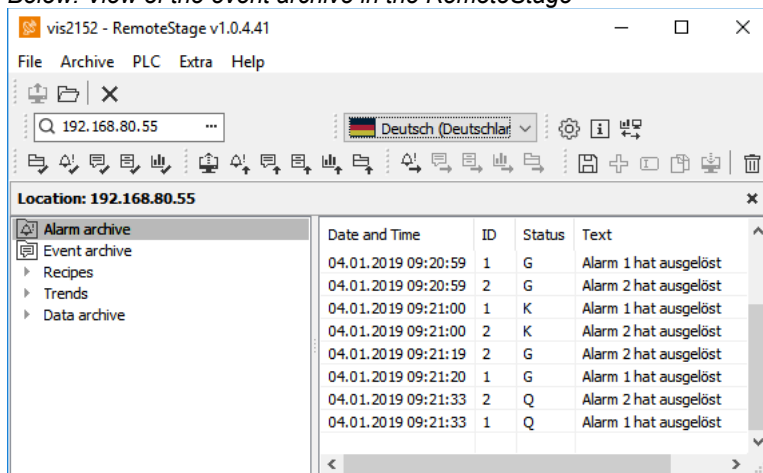
Exports archive data to PC into the PC-network from left → right:
- Alarm archive
- Event archive
- Recipe archive
- Trend archive
- Data(DB-)archive

Editing and downloading of modified archives from left → right:
- Save archive
- Add new archive
- Rename archive
- Copy archive
- Download archive

Display and export event and alarm archives

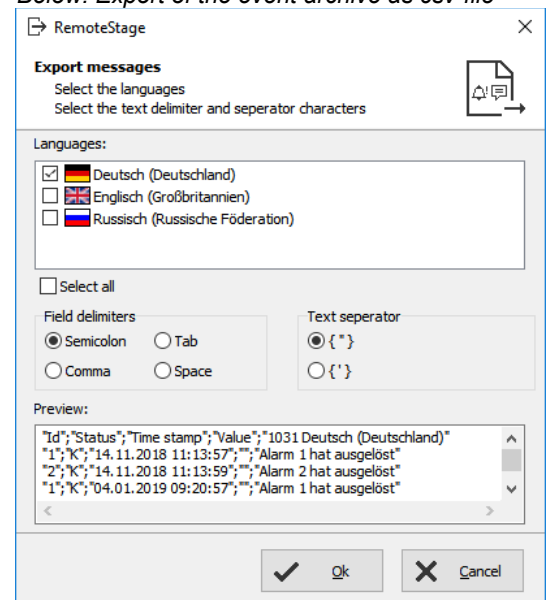
Archive data will be read in from Micro-SD-card, can be displayed and e.g manually saved as csv-file.

Below: View of the event archive in the RemoteStage



(Displays all archived alarm messages of the Panel-PLC with the IP-address 192.168.80.55)

Below: Export of the event archive as csv-file



ATTENTION:

Do not confuse the uploaded (from Micro-SD-card) archive file with the other archive file created during the remote-session in the remote-PC itself. Pay attention to format the csv-file according to your own needs.

Remote access with the software „RemoteStage“

Display and export trend archives

Archive data will be read in from Micro-SD-card, can be displayed and e.g manually saved as csv-file.

Figure right displays all archived trend with name „Druck“ of the Panel-PLC with the IP-address 192.168.80.55.

The time will be displayed in the language format you assigned on your PC (here in German = DE)



ATTENTION:

Do not confuse the uploaded (from Micro-SD-card) archive file with the other archive file created during the remote-session in the remote-PC itself. Pay attention to format the csv-file according to your own needs.

Remote access with the software „RemoteStage“

Recipe handling

Recipe archive data from Micro-SD-card can be

- read in / uploaded (→ You have to select the whole root-folder “recipes” of the Micro-SD-card !),
- displayed and maybe edited in RemoteStage directly what is self explaining and

for FURTHER EDITING stored as csv-file at the PC

- converted into csv and stored, edited and written back / downloaded into the remote PLC or

for COPYING THE WHOLE RECIPE SYSTEM saved as binary at the PC

- stores the whole recipe tree uneditable as binary, to be opened again and downloaded to another remote device (You have to select the whole root-folder “recipes” in the PC!)

below: list of archived recipes and its records

| Record... | Created on | Modified on | Size |
|-----------|----------------|----------------|------|
| TEST3 | 04.01.2019 ... | 04.01.2019 ... | 25 |
| TEST2 | 04.01.2019 ... | 04.01.2019 ... | 25 |
| TEST1 | 04.01.2019 ... | 04.01.2019 ... | 25 |

below: list of records and its elements

| Element name | Element value |
|------------------|---------------|
| 1 Wasser (!) | 0,4 |
| 2 Pulver weiss | 80 |
| 3 Pulver gelb | 1 |
| 4 Pulver rot | 15 |
| 5 Pulver schwarz | 2 |

The record „TEST3“ was modified in the RemoteStage and this is shown by an „!“ . After downloading into the remote device this sign disappears.

The storing of all records (as binary files in an own folder into the network drive for modifying) is done, when “recipes” are marked in the tree view (left).

When recipes are edited in a network drive you can see their path in the address line. When recipes will be uploaded from the remote device you see its IP-address.

The creating of a record can be done when in the tree view (left) a single recipe is marked.



ATTENTION:

The structure of the recipes MUST be kept the same. Records of a recipe can be added or deleted within this recipe.

Remote access with the software „RemoteStage“

Data (DB) archive upload, display, storing and download

Any data can be archived with the **SFC 207 ARCHIVE** onto the Micro-SD-card (binary or csv-data) and read back with the **SFC 209 READFILE** (see system functions).

Data archive display and storing

These data (DB) archived over S7-program to Micro-SD-card, can be read in and displayed and stored to the PC in the assigned format.

The format of the csv-file will be assigned by the S7-program (SFC207) and is not configurable by the RemoteStage. This can be done later on with any table calculation program by customer (because only he knows the format).

below: display of the data archives available on the Micro-SD-card

The screenshot shows the RemoteStage v1.0.4.41 interface. The 'Location' is 192.168.80.55. The left sidebar shows a tree view with 'Data archive' expanded, listing 'dataarchive.bin' and 'dataarchive.csv'. The main pane displays a table of these files:

| Data archive name | Created on | Modified on | Size |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------|
| dataarchive.bin | 07.01.2019 12:10:10 | 07.01.2019 12:06:54 | 230 |
| dataarchive.csv | 07.01.2019 12:10:10 | 07.01.2019 12:06:54 | 770 |

below: display of the data archives in txt-format available on the Micro-SD-card

The screenshot shows the RemoteStage v1.0.4.41 interface. The 'Location' is 192.168.80.55. The left sidebar shows 'Data archive' expanded with 'dataarchive.csv' selected. The main pane displays the text content of the selected file, which consists of multiple lines of comma-separated data points, such as: TRUE;B#16#A8;W#16#4567;A;8901.234;D#2014-03-07;TOD#15:26:34.000;23 d

below: display of the data archives as binaries available on the Micro-SD-card

The screenshot shows the RemoteStage v1.0.4.41 interface. The 'Location' is 192.168.80.55. The left sidebar shows 'Data archive' expanded with 'dataarchive.bin' selected. The main pane displays the binary content of the selected file as a hex dump, showing hexadecimal values and their corresponding ASCII characters, such as: 00000000 01 A8 45 67 41 00 46 0B 14 F0 22 7F 03 50

Remote access with the software „RemoteStage“

Command line of RemoteStage (Viewing mode)

RemoteStage can be inserted in „planned tasks“ of the remote PC. A combination of multiple parameters is possible.

Here are available these special functions.

Automatic connecting to remote panel after starting PC

With his function a binary of the visualization is called and linked with the predefined IP-address of the remote panel (if this is available online only)

Command line

```
remotestage.exe /start /r=<remote> /v=<project binary>
```

Hint: If the binary name contains space-signs it is necessary to write it in “ like „C:\Test 1 2 3.vsbin“)

Automatic full screen after starting PC

With his function a binary of the visualization is called and the RemoteStage changes into full screen at the remote PC after automatic starting (Screen stays dark, because no IP-address was assigned here...)

Command line

```
remotestage.exe /start /full /r=<remote> /v=<project binary>
```

Hint: Use STRG+F5 to switch between full-/ part screen

Set up TCP port number for S7-communication

If there are multiple PLCs to connect by a web enabled router/ gateway with port forwarding service

In this case the RemoteStage starts a communication with a remote device with the IP address 192.168.80.50 via the TCP port with the number 4500.

Command line

```
remotestage.exe /v=d:\visu\process.vsbin /r=192.168.80.50 /p=4500
```

Hint:

The default port number for TCP is port 102 at the PLCs.

Remote access with the software „RemoteStage“

Command line of RemoteStage (Archive mode)

RemoteStage can be used in batch process from command line with command line parameters, to save archives somewhere with a self defined name.

In the PC-OS Windows® batch files can be done **time controlled** in the task manager

Start menue →All Programs →Accessories →System programs →Planned tasks → add a task

In the wizard dialog can be assigned date and time for that job.

Read in (upload) message- and trend archives from remote device

The binaries of the messages and trends (assigned in the VisuStage before and created at runtime) will be read in, converted and stored in a path on the PC.

Command line

```
remotestage.exe /mode=<mode> /r=<remote> /o=<output file> /v=<project binary> /t=<trend number>
```

Parameters

- mode:** Archive file read in
alarm_archive - read in alarm archive from remote device (alarm.bin)
event_archive - read in event archive from remote device (event.bin)
trend_archive - read in trend archive from remote device (trend_<trend number>.bin)
 (trend ID is assigned automatically by VisuStage at ressources / grayed out you can not change it)
- remote:** Remote device IP address
- output file:** File name of archive file to be stored in PC.
 This is optional parameter. If this parameter is not assigned, default archive name is used (e.g alarm.bin) and stored in same folder where remotestage.exe located.
 If file name includes space character, it should be quoted with " (quotation mark).
 Archive converted to CSV format if file name has .csv or .txt extention, otherwise it writes as binary format.
- project binary:** Visualization project binary file name
- trend number:** Trend ID-number which is automatically assigned in VisuStage.
 It is only used at "trend_archive" mode.

Samples

For example to read in alarm archive from INSEVIS PLC with IP address 192.168.80.50 and write to „d:\archive\alarm.csv“ file with CSV format you need this command

Command line

```
C:\>remotestage.exe /mode=alarm_archvie /r=192.168.80.50  
/o=d:\archive\alarm.csv /v=d:\visu\myvisu.vsbin
```

For example to read in the sample-trend with ID6163 (from sample visualization of PC1560T) from Panel-PLC with IP-address 192.168.80.50 and to save it as csv-file to D:\archive\trend6163.csv you need this command

Command line

```
C:\>remotestage.exe /mode=trend_archive /r=192.168.80.50  
/o=D:\archive\trend6163.csv /t=6163 /v=D:\PC156xT_2017_03.vsbin
```

Remote access with the software „RemoteStage“

Read in (upload) recipe archive from remote device

The binaries of the (in VisuStage predefined) recipes and the of the records (created in runtime by the operator or by SFC206 from the S7-program) will be read in, converted and stored in a path on the PC.

Command line

```
remotestage.exe /mode=recipe /r=<remote> /v=<project binary> /recipe=<recipe name>
/record=<record name> /o=<output file> /format=csv
```

Parameters

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| mode | Recipe = read in the recipe data from remote-device |
| remote | Remote device IP address |
| project binary | Visualization binary name |
| recipe name | Recipe name assigned in visualization project (NOT: View name) |
| record name | Name of the record for saving of SPECIAL (single) records. If this parameter is not assigned, RemoteStage reads in ALL records, what belong to the recipe <recipe name> and stores it in a folder assigned by the parameter "/o=" before. → To configure the format of the output file as csv, the parameter "/format=csv" must be set, otherwise all data will be stored a a binary. In the csv-files this format is predefined: ; (Semicolon) as field limiter and " (quotation mark) as text separator. If this parameter is assigned, the format of the output file MUST BE predefined by the extension of the record name. → If the file has an extension .csv or .txt, than it is a csv-format, otherwise the output file format is binary. |
| output file: | Path and file name of the recipe record for the storing in the PC (optional parameter) If the parameter "/o=" is not assigned, a folder "Recipes\<recipe name>" will be created in the project folder (where the visualization binary is kept) automatically and the recipe record stored as <record name>.rec. If file name includes space character, it should be quoted with " (quotation mark). |

Samples

To read in e.g. a single recipe record „Orange“ from the recipe „Rezeptur_Rot“ from the INSEVIS Panel-PLC with the IP-address 192.168.80.50 and to store it as csv-file to „D:\archive\“ this command line is required:

Command line

```
C:\>remotestage.exe /mode=recipe /r=192.168.80.50 /v=d:\visu\myvisu.vsbin
/recipe=Rezeptur_Rot /record=Orange /o=D:\archive\Orange.csv
```

To read in e.g. ALL recipe records from the recipe „Rezeptur_Rot“ from the INSEVIS Panel-PLC with the IP-address 192.168.80.50 and to store it as csv-file to „D:\archive\“ this command line is required:

Command line

```
C:\>remotestage.exe /mode=recipe /r=192.168.80.50 /v=d:\visu\myvisu.vsbin
/recipe=Rezeptur_Rot /o=D:\archive /format=csv
```

Remote access with the software „RemoteStage“

Write back (download) recipe archive into remote device

With this function the uploaded (and maybe modified) recipe data will be written back (downloaded) into the remote device. (from rev. 1.0.4.17 and PLC firmware 2.3.9 (all CPUs) or HMI firmware 1.2.7 CPU-V/-P and 1.2.6 CPU-T)

Attention: The structure of the recipes in the remote device may not be modified between upload and download. (No adding, deleting elements or changing the row of order)

Command line

```
remotestage.exe /mode=recipe_download /v=<project binary>  
/recipe=<recipe name> /record=<record file(s)>
```

Parameters

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| <i>project binary</i> | Binary file of visualization project |
| <i>recipe name</i> | In VisuStage projected recipe name (ATTENTION: not view name!) |
| <i>record file(s)</i> | Recipe data to download into remote device |

Samples

Following command line downloads ONE recipe record „Rot_123.rec“ of the recipe „Recipe_Rot“ from the folder D:\recipes into the remote device with the IP address 192.168.80.50

Command line

```
remotestage.exe /mode=recipe_download /v=d:\visu\process.vsb  
/recipe=Recipe_Rot /record=d:\recipes\Rot_123.rec /r=192.168.80.50
```

Following command line downloads ALL recipe record of the recipe „Recipe_Rot“ from the folder D:\recipes into the remote device with the IP address 192.168.80.50

Command line

```
remotestage.exe /mode=recipe_download /v=d:\visu\process.vsb  
/recipe=Recipe_Rot /record=d:\recipes\*.rec /r=192.168.80.50
```

Remote access with the software „RemoteStage“

Read in (upload) data (DB-) archive from remote device

This function copies the data(DB-) archives created by S7-program with SFC207 to the requested target path into the PC. A modification of the csv-format is not possible.

Command line

```
remotestage.exe /mode=data_archive /r=<remote> /archive=<archive file> /o=<output file>
```

Parameters

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| mode | data_archive = read in the date (DB-) archive from remote-device |
| remote | Remote device IP address |
| archive file: | File name of the data (DB-) archive If there is no archive file assigned to this parameter, the RemoteStage stores all data (DB-) archives in a folder assigned by the parameter "/o=" before. |
| output file: | Path and file name of the data (DB-) archive for the storing in the PC (optional parameter) If nothing is assigned for the parameter "/o=", a folder "UserData" is created in the program folder (where the remotestage.exe is kept. If file name includes space character, it should be quoted with " (quotation mark). |

To read in e.g. a data (DB-) archive „Test-DB“ from the INSEVIS Panel-PLC with the IP-address 192.168.80.50 and to store it as csv-file to „D:\archive\Testdaten.csv“ this command line is required:

Command line

```
C:\>remotestage.exe /mode=data_archive /r=192.168.80.50  
/archive=Test-DB /o=D:\archive\Testdaten.csv
```

Write back (download) data (DB-) archive into remote device

With this function the uploaded (and maybe modified) data (DB-) archives will be written back (downloaded) into the remote device. (from rev. 1.0.4.17 and PLC firmware 2.3.9 (all CPUs))

Attention: The programmer itself is responsible to keep the structure of the data (DB-) archives. If they will be modified, all referring reports must be adapted too!

Command line

```
remotestage.exe /mode=data_download /archive:=<archive file(s)>
```

Parameters

archive file(s) S7 User data archive file(s) to download to remote PLC

Samples

Following command line downloads ONE archive file "default_cfg.csv" from the folder D:\configs into the remote device with the IP address 192.168.80.50

```
remotestage.exe /mode=data_download /archive=d:\configs\default_cfg.csv /r=192.168.80.50
```

Following command line downloads ALL archive files from the folder D:\configs into the remote device with the IP address 192.168.80.50

```
remotestage.exe /mode=data_download /archive=d:\configs\*. * /r=192.168.80.50
```

Remote access with the software „RemoteStage“

Return codes

Return codes of remotestage.exe indicate the result of operation.

| Return code | Meaning |
|-------------|--|
| 0 | Successfully read out and saved. |
| 1 | Invalid parameter or mandatory parameters are missing |
| 2 | Project binary file is invalid or not found |
| 3 | Remote IP address is invalid |
| 4 | Could not connect to remote device |
| 5 | SD card not inserted on remote device |
| 6 | Archive file not found on remote device |
| 7 | Remote device does not support archive file read service |
| 8 | Invalid archive data |
| 9 | Not enough system resource |
| 11 | Not enough system resource on remote device |
| 14 | Could not write to in give <output file> |
| 15 | Connection is broken |

Sample of RemoteStage usage in batch process:

```
@remotestage /mode=alarm_archive /r=192.168.80.50 /o=d:\archive\alarm.csv /v=d:\visu\myvisu.vsbin
@echo.
@goto res%ERRORLEVEL%

:res4
@echo Could not connect to remote device
@goto :EOF

:res0
@echo Successful read out and saved
@goto :EOF
```


Working with the software „ServiceStage“

With the free-of-cost software „ServiceStage“ it is possible to recognize INSEVIS-CPU's online to check their state, backup/update programs, set a know-how protection, etc.



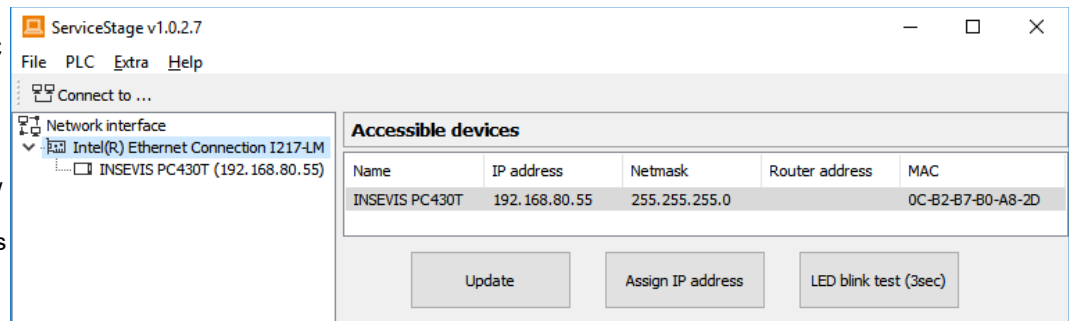
VIDEO-tutorials available

More information are provided in different video tutorials in the ServiceStage play list at INSEVIS YouTube®-channel "INSEVIS EN".

With this program a member of the service-team can do all the main functions for diagnostics and update by his PC/Laptop without other expensive tools.

Therefore you choose the network adapter of your PC (This one, who makes the network access to the CPUs).

Select one of the CPU's displayed in the left window and press „Update“. The „LED blink test“ helps to identify the selected CPU. (yellow battery-LED blinks for 3 seconds).



In this view you can assign a new IP-address of the connected device (Assign IP address).

Function overview

General information

Displays the system data to inform only (like serial number, firmware version, MAC-address).

Shows editable data like

- IP-address,
- Net mask and
- Router-IP-address

as well as a blink test button to identify your CPU again.

Only for CPU-T:

Firmwareupdate possible by Ethernet

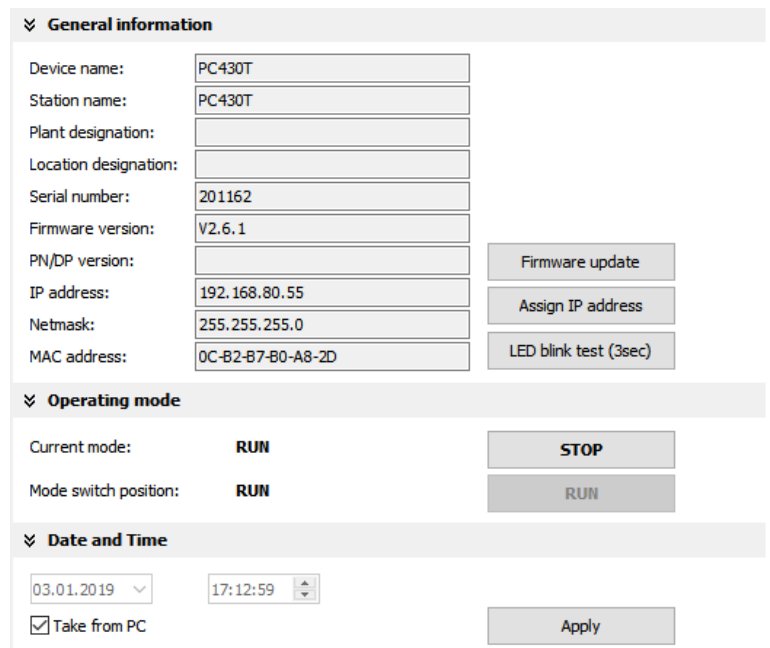
Operating mode

Here you can change the operating mode of you CPU between RUN and STOP (not for Panel-HMI). This change must be confirmed in an extra window.

Date and time

For manual adjustment of system date and time.

By checking the box „Take from PC“ these data will be taken over from your PC after pressing „Apply“.



Working with the software „ServiceStage“

Memory

Shows the workload of the load- and work- memory (not for Panels-HMI).

The function „**Compress memory**“ should be used manually after multiple download of S7-programs to clear the memory.

The function „**Copy RAM to ROM**“ copies the battery buffered load memory content (like process data) to the onboard flash, to prevent a loss of data.

The function „**Clear Memory**“ deletes all user and process data in the CPU, only the firmware (operating system) remains.

Diagnostic buffer

It displays the last 100 entries of the diagnostic buffer listed by date and time (not at Panels-HMI).

By checking the function „**Information in hexadecimal format**“ it is shown in an hexadecimal system.

By pressing „**Update**“ new events will be displayed, what happened meanwhile.

With „**Save as**“ the displayed entries will be saved into a text file (*.txt).

| No. | Time | Date | Event |
|-----|--------------|------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | 16:59:22.229 | 03.01.2019 | Mode transition from STARTUP to RUN |
| 2 | 16:59:22.169 | 03.01.2019 | Request for automatic warm restart |
| 3 | 16:59:22.166 | 03.01.2019 | Mode transition from STOP to STARTUP |
| 4 | 16:59:22.062 | 03.01.2019 | Power on |
| 5 | 14:01:46.031 | 03.01.2019 | Power failure |
| 6 | 13:03:01.228 | 03.01.2019 | Mode transition from STARTUP to RUN |
| 7 | 13:03:01.168 | 03.01.2019 | Request for automatic warm restart |
| 8 | 13:03:01.165 | 03.01.2019 | Mode transition from STOP to STARTUP |

Event ID: 16# **4302** 1 of 10

Information in hexadecimal format

Update

Save as ...

Block

Download blocks:

Memory-card file
(* .wld)

Visualization binary
(* .vsbin)

Configuration binary
(* .csbin)

Block Update

This function makes it possible to download

- the S7-user program as MemoryCard-file ***.wld** * (not for Panel-HMIs)
 - the INSEVIS-binary for visualization file as ***.vsbin** and
 - the INSEVIS-configuration file as ***.csbin** (not for Panel-HMIs)
- separately via the network into the CPU.

If the Hardware configuration block of the target device contains another IP-address than it is assigned to the configuration blocks of the blocks you do download into the device (WLD / VSBIN / CSBIN), it can happen, that you loose the connection after transfer. To avoid this, the ServiceStage from Rev. 1.0.1.9 asks, if the target-IP-configuration shall be replaced or not.



* The **WLD-file** is a binary file with S7-system data (SDBs) and S7-program blocks (OBs, FBs, FCs, DBs). After creating a WLD file in SimaticManager/TIA-Portal (at the menu: „File → Memory Card File → New“) you can copy DIFFERENT DBs with or without their system data into the window of the new S7-Memory-Card-File by drag'n drop.

So it is possible to download WHOLE S7-projects **OR** SINGLE DBs with/without their system data.



ATTENTION: When inserting system data by SimaticManagers/ TIA-Portal,

- they shall be uploaded from a PLC with included ConfigStage-configuration (Menu: „PLC → Upload Station to PG“), because they are „ConfigStage-configured“ already or
- the system data of the Simatic-Manager/TIA-Portal overwrite the ConfigStage-system configuration. In that case the *.csbin-file of the project must be downloaded again after the WLD-file was downloaded.

Working with the software „ServiceStage“

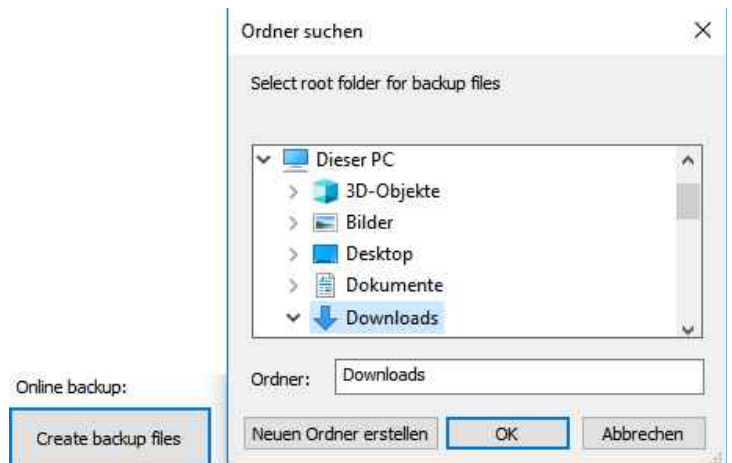
Creating backup files (Online Backup)

This function creates

- an WLD-file „S7programs.wld“ with all the S7-system data and all OB, DB, FB, SFB and SFC and
- a visualization binary file „Visudata.vsbin“ and copies this files into a folder „backups“.

With these function S7-programs and visualizations can be backed up from connected devices and by Block update these devices can be updated either by ServiceStage or by a Micro-SD-card only – complete without any PC.

(more at „System functions“, chapter „Data backup and restore“)



ATTENTION:

- To make a visualization backup, it must be allowed to RemoteStage BEFORE, when doing the visualization in VisuStage (check the upload-function in VisuStage-project-header), if necessary a PIN-input is required. Additional a password for communication must be typed in, when assigned in SimaticManager/ TIA/ ConfigStage.
- If “Read Protection” is assigned to the device an “Online Backup” is not possible any more.



ATTENTION: When using Block Upload for backup / restore

- With firmware 2.3.6 a Restore can only be done by WLD- and VSBIN-file. The CSBIN-file will be ignored. So the WLD-file MUST CONTAIN these system data, who where downloaded with CSBIN before.
- If the WLD-file does not contain system data, program stops after restore because of missing data.

Know-how-protection

There are different levels of to protection of the S7-program against unauthorized reading or writing.

Therefore the PLC will be switched to STOP-mode.

| KNOW-HOW Protection | | |
|---|-------------|--------------|
| Protection level | Read access | Write access |
| <input type="checkbox"/> No protection | ✓ | ✓ |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Read protection | ✗ | ✓ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Write protection | ✓ | ✗ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Read write protection | ✗ | ✗ |

Set protection level

No protection: The S7-program blocks (DBs) can be read and overwritten from everyone. The protection level can be increased by assigning another level in the „ServiceStage“. There will be asked for an authentication by password, if it was configured so in the Simatic-Manager or TiA-Portal. So only authorized personnel can activate higher protection levels.

Read protection: The S7-program blocks (DBs) can still be manipulated from everyone, but not read any more. Only the Panel-HMIs can still read out the process data (DBs) to visualize it. This protection level can be reset by the PG-function „Clear All“ or by ServiceStage. Than the S7-program is deleted in the PLC and the unprotected original program may be downloaded into the PLC again.

Write protection: The S7-program blocks (DBs) can be read from every one, but no more manipulated. This protection level can only be reset by general reset by hardware directly on the device. Than the S7-program is deleted in the PLC and the unprotected original program may be downloaded into the PLC again.

Read/Write protection: The S7-program blocks (DBs) can no more be read or manipulated. Only the Panel-HMIs can still read out the process data to visualize it. This protection level can only be reset by general reset by hardware directly on the device. Than the S7-program is deleted in the PLC and the unprotected original program may be downloaded into the PLC again.

INSEVIS - Gesellschaft für industrielle
Systemelektronik und Visualisierung mbH

Am Weichselgarten 7
D - 91058 Erlangen

Fon: +49(0)9131-691-440
Fax: +49(0)9131-691-444
Web: www.insevis.de
E-Mail: info@insevis.de

Zertifiziert nach DIN EN ISO 9001:2008