

OPTIDRIVETM (E³

Single Phase Output

IP20 & IP66 (NEMA 4X)

0.37 - 1.1 kW (0.5 - 1.5 HP)110 - 230V

Quick Start Up

General Information and Ratings

Mechanical Installation

Power & Control Wiring

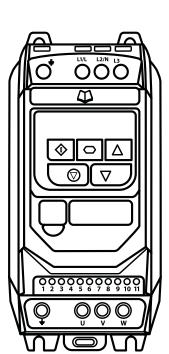
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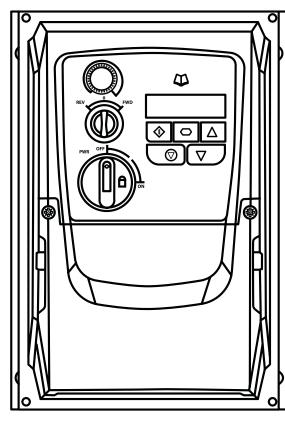
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Declaration of Conformity

Invertek Drives Ltd hereby states that the Optidrive ODE-3 product range conforms to the relevant safety provisions of the following council directives:

2014/30/EU (EMC) and 2014/35/EU (LVD)

Designed and manufacture is in accordance with the following harmonised European standards:

| EN 61800-5-1: 2007 | Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Safety requirements. Electrical, thermal and energy. |
|---------------------------|--|
| EN 61800-3: 2004 /A1 2012 | Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. EMC requirements and specific test methods |
| EN 55011: 2007 | Limits and Methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment (EMC) |
| EN60529: 1992 | Specifications for degrees of protection provided by enclosures |

Electromagnetic Compatibility

All Optidrives are designed with high standards of EMC in mind. All versions suitable for operation on Single Phase 230 volt and Three Phase 400 volt supplies and intended for use within the European Union are fitted with an internal EMC filter. This EMC filter is designed to reduce the conducted emissions back into the mains supply via the power cables for compliance with the above harmonised European standards.

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the EMC legislation of the country of use, and the relevant category. Within the European Union, equipment into which this product is incorporated must comply with the EMC Directive 2004/108/EC. This User Guide provides guidance to ensure that the applicable standards may be achieved.

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2 Year Warranty

All Invertek Optidrive units carry a 2 year warranty against manufacturing defects from the date of manufacture. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any damage caused during or resulting from transport, receipt of delivery, installation or commissioning. The manufacturer also accepts no liability for damage or consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation, incorrect adjustment of the operating parameters of the drive, incorrect matching of the drive to the motor, incorrect installation, unacceptable dust, moisture, corrosive substances, excessive vibration or ambient temperatures outside of the design specification. The local distributor may offer different terms and conditions at their discretion, and in all cases concerning warranty, the local distributor should be contacted first.

This user guide is the "original instructions" document. All non-English versions are translations of the "original instructions".

The contents of this User Guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interest of a commitment to a policy of continuous improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance or the contents of the User Guide without notice.

This User Guide is for use with version 3.04 Firmware

User Guide Revision 2.00

Invertek Drives Ltd adopts a policy of continuous improvement and whilst every effort has been made to provide accurate and up to date information, the information contained in this User Guide should be used for guidance purposes only and does not form the part of any contract.



When installing the drive on any power supply where the phase-ground voltage may exceed the phase-phase voltage (typically IT supply networks or Marine vessels) it is essential that the internal EMC filter ground and surge protection varistor ground (where fitted) are disconnected. If in doubt, refer to your Sales Partner for further information.



This manual is intended as a guide for proper installation. Invertek Drives Ltd cannot assume responsibility for the compliance or the non-compliance to any code, national, local or otherwise, for the proper installation of this drive or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.



This Optidrive contains high voltage capacitors that take time to discharge after removal of the main supply. Before working on the drive, ensure isolation of the main supply from line inputs. Wait ten (10) minutes for the capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.



Only qualified electrical personnel familiar with the construction and operation of this equipment and the hazards involved should install, adjust, operate, or service this equipment. Read and understand this manual and other applicable manuals in their entirety before proceeding. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

1. Quick Start Up

1.1. Important Safety Information

Please read the IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION below, and all Warning and Caution information elsewhere.



Danger: Indicates a risk of electric shock, which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the equipment and possible injury or death.

This variable speed drive product (Optidrive) is intended for professional incorporation into complete equipment or systems as part of a fixed installation. If installed incorrectly it may present a safety hazard. The Optidrive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control mechanical plant that may cause injury. Close attention is required to system design and electrical installation to avoid hazards in either normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. Only qualified electricians are allowed to install and maintain this product.

System design, installation, commissioning and maintenance must be carried out only by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must carefully read this safety information and the instructions in this Guide and follow all information regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the Optidrive, including the specified environmental limitations.

Do not perform any flash test or voltage withstand test on the Optidrive. Any electrical measurements required should be carried out with the Optidrive disconnected.

Electric shock hazard! Disconnect and ISOLATE the Optidrive before attempting any work on it. High voltages are present at the terminals and within the drive for up to 10 minutes after disconnection of the electrical supply. Always ensure by using a suitable multimeter that no voltage is present on any drive power terminals prior to commencing any work.

Where supply to the drive is through a plug and socket connector, do not disconnect until 10 minutes have elapsed after turning off the supply.

Ensure correct earth connections and cable selection as per defined by local legislation or codes. The drive may have a leakage current of greater than 3.5mA; furthermore the earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB.

Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Do not carry out any work on the drive control cables whilst power is applied to the drive or to the external control circuits.



Danger: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation other than electrical, which if not avoided, could result in damage to property.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with Directive 2006/42/EC, Safety of Machinery. In particular, the machine manufacturer is responsible for providing a main switch and ensuring the electrical equipment complies with EN60204-1.

Whilst every effort is made to ensure the contents of this user guide are applicable to the wides range of applications and installations, it is the responsibility of the installer to ensure compliance with any local codes or regulations relevant to the installation location.

The level of integrity offered by the Optidrive control input functions – for example stop/start, maximum speed, etc. is not sufficient for use in safety-critical applications without independent channels of protection. All applications where malfunction could cause injury or loss of life must be subject to a risk assessment and further protection provided where needed.

The driven motor can start at power up if the enable input signal is present.

The STOP function does not remove potentially lethal high voltages. ISOLATE the drive and wait 10 minutes before starting any work on it. Never carry out any work on the Drive, Motor or Motor cable whilst the input power is still applied.

The Optidrive can be programmed to operate the driven motor at speeds above or below the speed achieved when connecting the motor directly to the mains supply. Obtain confirmation from the manufacturers of the motor and the driven machine about suitability for operation over the intended speed range prior to machine start up.

Do not activate the automatic fault reset function on any systems whereby this may cause a potentially dangerous situation.

IP20 drives must be installed in a pollution degree 2 environment mounted in a cabinet with IP54 or better.

Optidrives are intended for indoor use only.

When mounting the drive, ensure that sufficient cooling is provided. Do not carry out drilling operations with the drive in place, dust and swarf from drilling may lead to damage.

The entry of conductive or flammable foreign bodies should be prevented. Flammable material should not be placed close to the drive

Relative humidity must be less than 95% (non-condensing).

Ensure that the supply voltage, frequency and no. of phases (1 or 3 phase) correspond to the rating of the Optidrive as delivered.

Never connect the mains power supply to the Output terminals U, V, W.

Do not install any type of automatic switchgear between the drive and the motor.

Wherever control cabling is close to power cabling, maintain a minimum separation of 100 mm and arrange crossings at 90 degrees. Ensure that all terminals are tightened to the appropriate torque setting.

Do not attempt to carry out any repair of the Optidrive. In the case of suspected fault or malfunction, contact your local Invertek Drives Sales Partner for further assistance.

1.2. Quick Start Process

| Step | Action | See section | Page |
|------|---|--|----------------------|
| 1 | Identify the Enclosure Type, Model Type and ratings of your drive from the model code on the label. In particular | 2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number | 7 |
| | - Check the voltage rating suits the incoming supply | | |
| | - Check the output current capacity meets or exceeds the full load current for the intended motor | | |
| 2 | Unpack and check the drive. Notify the supplier and shipper immediately of any damage. | | |
| 3 | Ensure correct ambient and environmental conditions for the drive are met by the proposed mounting location. | 9.1. Environmental | 34 |
| 4 | Install the drive in a suitable cabinet (IP20 Units) ensuring suitable cooling air is available. Mount the drive to the wall or machine (IP66). | 3.1. General 3.3. Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20 Open Units | 8 8 |
| | | 3.4. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting – IP20 Units | 9 |
| | | 3.5. Mechanical Dimensions – IP66 (NEMA 4X) Enclosed Units | 10 |
| | | 3.6. Guidelines for mounting (IP66 Units) | 11 |
| 5 | Select the correct power and motor cables according to local wiring regulations or code, noting the maximum permissible sizes | 9.2. Rating Tables | 34 |
| 6 | If the supply type is IT or corner grounded, disconnect the EMC filter before connecting the supply. | 9.4. EMC Filter Disconnect | 35 |
| 7 | Check the supply cable and motor cable for faults or short circuits. | | |
| 8 | Route the cables | | |
| 9 | Check that the intended motor is suitable for use, noting any precautions recommended by the supplier or manufacturer. | | |
| 10 | Check the motor cable length does not exceed the maximum allowed for the drive unit - 100m (328ft) shielded cable maximum - 150m (293ft) unshielded cable maximum - 200m (656ft) shielded cable maximum with optional external output filter | | |
| | - 300m (984ft) unshielded cable maximum with optional external output filter | | |
| 11 | Ensure wiring protection is providing, by installing a suitable circuit breaker or fuses in the incoming supply line | 4.3.2. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection 9.2. Rating Tables | 14 34 |
| 12 | Connect the power cables, especially ensuring the protective earth connection is made | 4.1. Connection Diagram4.2. Protective Earth (PE) Connection4.3. Incoming Power Connection4.4. Motor Connection | 13 14 14 15 |
| 13 | Connect the control cables as required for the application | 4.6. Control Terminal Wiring7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations7.8. Example Connection Diagrams | 15 28 32 |
| 14 | Thoroughly check the installation and wiring | | |
| 15 | Ensure that all aspects of the installation comply with local codes and regulations relevant to the installation location | | |
| 16 | Commission the drive parameters | 5.1. Managing the Keypad 6. Parameters | 19 21 |

1.3. Quick Start Overview

Quick Start - IP20 & IP66 Non Switched

- Connect a Start / Stop switch between control terminals 1 & 2
 - o Close the Switch to Start
 - o Open to Stop
- Connect a potentiometer ($5k 10k\Omega$) between terminals 5, 6 and 7 as shown
 - o Adjust the potentiometer to vary the speed from P-O2 (OHz default) to P-01 (50 / 60 Hz default)

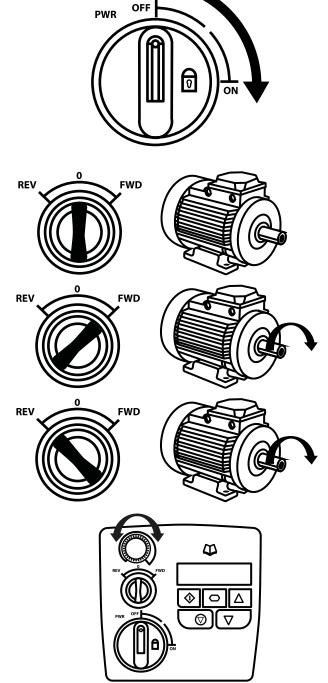
Quick Start - IP66 Switched

Switch the mains power on to the unit using the built in isolator

switch on the front panel.

The OFF/REV/FWD will enable the output and control the direction of rotation of the motor.

NOTE: With single phase motors, forward rotation only is possible.



2 3 4 5 6 7

AI1/D14

DI3/A12

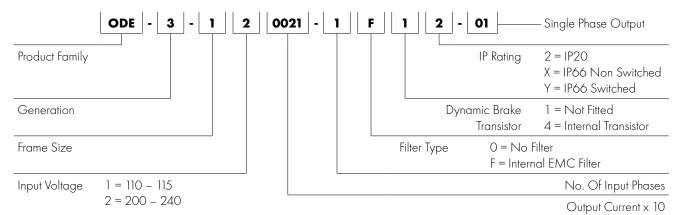
The potentiometer will control the motor shaft rotational speed.

2. General Information and Ratings

This chapter contains information about the Optidrive E3 including how to identify the drive.

2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number

Each drive can be identified by its model number, as shown in the table below. The model number is on the shipping label and the drive nameplate. The model number includes the drive and any options.



2.2. Drive Model Numbers

| 110 - 115V + / - 10% - 1 Phase Input - 1 Phase 110V Output | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|------------------|-------|----------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Model | Number | kW | НР | Output Current | Frame Size | | | | | | |
| With Filter | With Filter Without Filter | | nr nr | (A) | Frame Size | | | | | | |
| N/A | ODE-3-110070-101#-01 | | 0.5 | 7.0 | 1 | | | | | | |
| N/A | ODE-3-210105-104#-01 | | 0.75 | 10.5 | 2 | | | | | | |
| 200 – 240V + / - 10% - 1 Phase Input – 1 Phase Output | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Model | Number | kW | НР | Output Current | Frame Size | | | | | | |
| With Filter | Without Filter | KVV | ПР | (A) | Frame Size | | | | | | |
| ODE-3-120043-1F1#-01 | ODE-3-120043-101#-01 | 0.37 | 0.5 | 4.3 | 1 | | | | | | |
| ODE-3-120070-1F1#-01 | ODE-3-120070-101#-01 | 0.75 | 1 | 7.0 | 1 | | | | | | |
| ODE-3-220105-1F4#-01 | ODE-3-220105-104#-01 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 10.5 | 2 | | | | | | |
| NOTE | For IP20 units, replace For IP66 Non Switched For IP66 Switched Unit | d Units, replace | | | | | | | | | |

3. Mechanical Installation

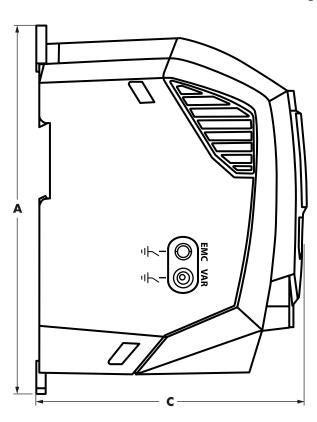
3.1. General

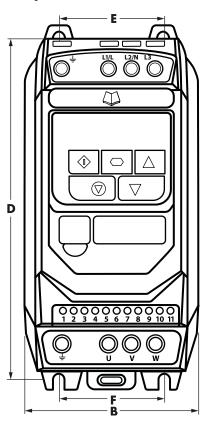
- The Optidrive should be mounted in a vertical position only, on a flat, flame resistant, vibration free mounting using the integral mounting holes or DIN Rail clip (Frame Sizes 1 and 2 only).
- IP20 Optidrives must be installed in a pollution degree 1 or 2 environment only.
- Do not mount flammable material close to the Optidrive.
- Ensure that the minimum cooling air gaps, as detailed in section 3.5. Mechanical Dimensions IP66 (NEMA 4X) Enclosed Units and 3.7. Gland Plate and Lock Off are left clear.
- Ensure that the ambient temperature range does not exceed the permissible limits for the Optidrive given in section 9.1. Environmental.
- Provide suitable clean, moisture and contaminant free cooling air sufficient to fulfil the cooling requirements of the Optidrive.

3.2. UL Compliant Installation

Refer to section 9.3. Additional Information for UL Compliance on page 34 for Additional Information for UL Compliance.

3.3. Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20 Open Units





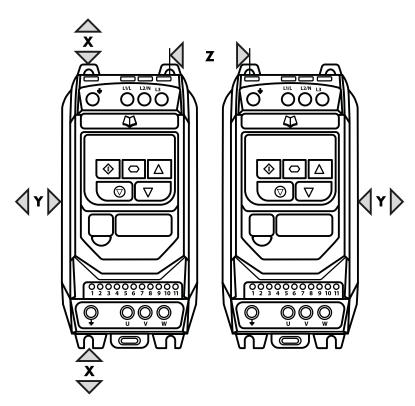
| Drive | A | | В | | С | | D | | Е | | F | | Weight | |
|-------|-----|---------------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|----|------|----|------|--------|-----|
| Size | mm | in | mm | in | mm | in | mm | in | mm | in | mm | in | Kg | Ib |
| 1 | 173 | 6.81 | 83 | 3.27 | 123 | 4.84 | 162 | 6.38 | 50 | 1.97 | 50 | 1.97 | 1.0 | 2.2 |
| 2 | 221 | 8. <i>7</i> 0 | 110 | 4.33 | 150 | 5.91 | 209 | 8.23 | 63 | 2.48 | 63 | 2.48 | 1.7 | 3.8 |

| Mounti | Mounting Bolts | | Tightening Torques | | | | | | | |
|------------|----------------|------------|--------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Frame Size | | Frame Size | Control Terminals | Power Terminals | | | | | | |
| 1 – 2 | 4 × M5 (#8) | 1 – 2 | 0.5 Nm (4.5 lb-in) | 1 Nm (9 lb-in) | | | | | | |

3.4. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting - IP20 Units

- IP20 drives are suitable for use in pollution degree 1 environments, according to IEC-664-1. For pollution degree 2 or higher environments, drives should be mounted in a suitable control cabinet with sufficient ingress protection to maintain a pollution degree 1 environment around the drive.
- Enclosures should be made from a thermally conductive material.
- Ensure the minimum air gap clearances around the drive as shown below are observed when mounting the drive.
- Where ventilated enclosures are used, there should be venting above the drive and below the drive to ensure good air circulation. Air should be drawn in below the drive and expelled above the drive.
- In any environments where the conditions require it, the enclosure must be designed to protect the Optidrive against ingress of airborne dust, corrosive gases or liquids, conductive contaminants (such as condensation, carbon dust, and metallic particles) and sprays or splashing water from all directions.
- High moisture, salt or chemical content environments should use a suitably sealed (non-vented) enclosure.

The enclosure design and layout should ensure that the adequate ventilation paths and clearances are left to allow air to circulate through the drive heatsink. Invertek Drives recommend the following minimum sizes for drives mounted in non-ventilated metallic enclosures:



| Drive Size | Above 8 | X & Below | Eithe | Y r Side | Betv | Z veen | Recommended airflow | | |
|------------|---------|--------------|-------|-------------|------|-----------|------------------------|--|--|
| | mm | in | mm | in | mm | in | CFM (ft3/min) | | |
| 1 | 50 | 1.97 | 50 | 1.97 | 33 | 1.30 | 11 | | |
| 2 | 75 | 295 | 50 | 1 07 | 46 | 1.81 | 22 | | |

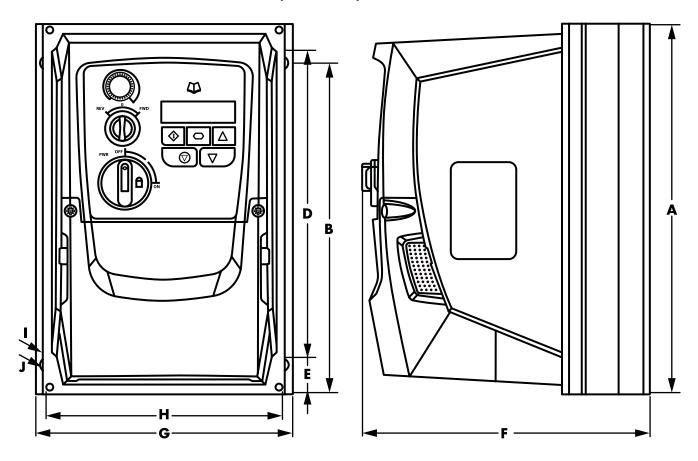
Dimension Z assumes that the drives are mounted side-by-side with no clearance.

Typical drive heat losses are 3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

NOTE

3.5. Mechanical Dimensions – IP66 (NEMA 4X) Enclosed Units

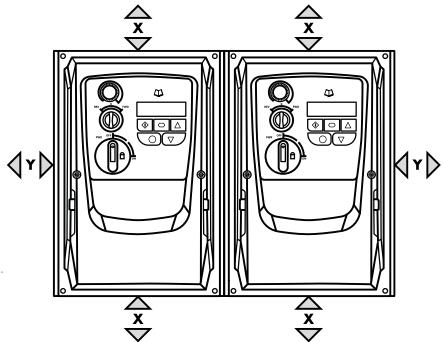


| Drive | Drive A | | E | 3 | D | | | | F | | G | ; | ŀ | 1 | | | | J | Wei | ight |
|-------|---------|-------|-------|------|-------|------|------|------|-------|--------------|-------|------|-------|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|
| Size | mm | in | mm | in | mm | in | mm | in | mm | in | mm | in | mm | in | mm | in | mm | in | kg | Ib |
| 1 | 232.0 | 9.13 | 207.0 | 8.15 | 189.0 | 7.44 | 25.0 | 0.98 | 179.0 | <i>7</i> .05 | 161.0 | 6.34 | 148.5 | 5.85 | 4.0 | 0.16 | 8.0 | 0.31 | 3.1 | 6.8 |
| 2 | 257.0 | 10.12 | 220.0 | 8.67 | 200.0 | 7.87 | 28.5 | 1.12 | 187.0 | 7.36 | 188.0 | 7.40 | 176.0 | 6.93 | 4.2 | 0.17 | 8.5 | 0.33 | 4.1 | 9.0 |

| Mounti | ng Bolts | Tightening Torques | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Frame Size | | Frame Size | Control Terminals | Power Terminals | | | | |
| All Frame Sizes | 4 × M4 (#8) | All Frame Sizes | 0.5 Nm (4.5 lb-in) | 1 Nm (9 lb-in) | | | | |

3.6. Guidelines for mounting (IP66 Units)

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 9.1. Environmental.
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface.
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed.
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives.
- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations required for drilling.
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the ingress protection of the drive are required. Gland holes for power and motor cables are pre-moulded into the drive enclosure, recommended gland sizes are shown above. Gland holes for control cables may be cut as required.



| Drive | | | Y Eithe | er Side | Drive | Cable Gland Sizes | | | | |
|-------|-----|------|---------|---------|-------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|--|--|
| Size | mm | in | mm | in | Size | Power Cable | Motor Cable | Control Cables | | |
| 1 | 200 | 7.87 | 10 | 0.39 | 1 | M20 (PG 13.5) | M20 (PG 13.5) | M20 (PG 13.5) | | |
| 2 | 200 | 7.87 | 10 | 0.39 | 2 | M25 (PG21) | M25 (PG21) | M20 (PG 13.5) | | |

NOTE

Typical drive heat losses are approximately 3% of operating load conditions. Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

3.7. Gland Plate and Lock Off

The use of a suitable gland system is required to maintain the appropriate IP / NEMA rating. The gland plate has pre moulded cable entry holes for power and motor connections suitable for use with glands as shown in the following table. Where additional holes are required, these can be drilled to suitable size. Please take care when drilling to avoid leaving any particles within the product.

Cable Gland recommended Hole Sizes & types:

| | Po | wer & Motor Ca | bles | Control & Signal Cables | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Drive Size | Power Cable | Motor Cable | Control Cables | Power Cable | Motor Cable | Control Cables | | | |
| Size 1 | 22mm | PG 13.5 | M20 | 22mm | PG 13.5 | M20 | | | |
| Size 2 & 3 | 27mm | PG21 | M25 | 22mm | PG 13.5 | M20 | | | |

Flexible Conduit Hole Sizes:

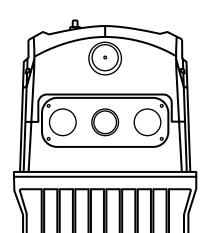
| Drive Size | Drill Size | Trade Size | Metric |
|------------|------------|--------------------------------|--------|
| Size 1 | 28mm | ³ / ₄ in | 21 |
| Size 2 & 3 | 35mm | 1 in | 27 |

- UL rated ingress protection ("Type") is only met when cables are installed using a UL recognized bushing or fitting for a flexibleconduit system which meets the required level of protection ("Type").
- For conduit installations the conduit entry holes require standard opening to the required sizes specified per the NEC.
- Not intended for installation using rigid conduit system.

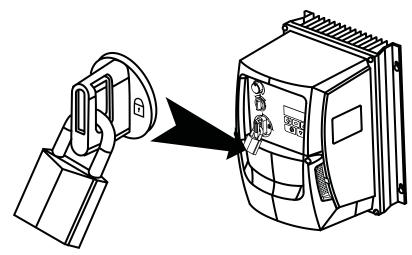
Power Isolator Lock Off

On the switched models the main power isolator switch can be locked in the 'Off' position using a 20mm standard shackle padlock (not supplied).

IP66 / NEMA 4X Gland Plate



IP66 / NEMA 4X Unit Lock Off

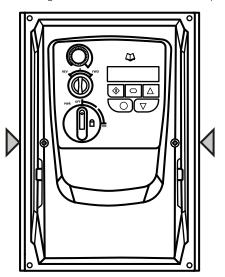


3.8. Removing the Terminal Cover

To access the connection terminals, the drive front cover needs to be removed as shown.

IP66 / NEMA 4X Units

Removing the 2 screws on the front of the product allows access to the connection terminals, as shown below.



3.9. Routine Maintenance

The drive should be included within the scheduled maintenance program so that the installation maintains a suitable operating environment, this should include:

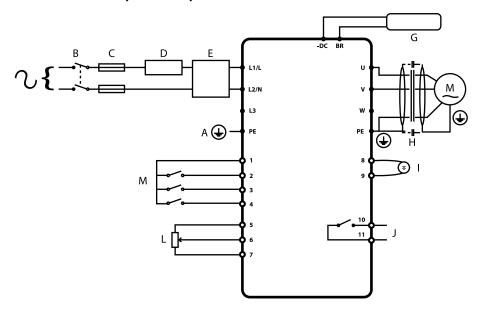
- Ambient temperature is at or below that set out in section 9.1. Environmental.
- Heat sink fans freely rotating and dust free.
- The Enclosure in which the drive is installed should be free from dust and condensation; furthermore ventilation fans and air filters should be checked for correct air flow.

Checks should also be made on all electrical connections, ensuring screw terminals are correctly torqued; and that power cables have no signs of heat damage.

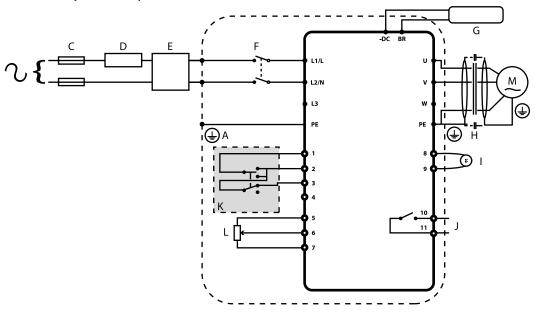
4. Power & Control Wiring

4.1. Connection Diagram

4.1.1. IP20 & IP66 (NEMA 4X) Non-Switched Units



4.1.2. IP66 (NEMA 4X) Switched Units



| | Key | Sec. | Page |
|---|---|-------|------|
| Α | Protective Earth (PE) Connection | 4.2 | 14 |
| В | Incoming Power Connection | 4.3 | 14 |
| С | Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection | 4.3.2 | 14 |
| D | Optional Input Choke | 4.3.3 | 15 |
| E | Optional External EMC Filter | 4.10 | 17 |
| F | Internal Disconnect / Isolator | 4.3 | 14 |
| G | Optional Brake Resistor | 4.11 | 18 |
| Н | Motor Connection | | |
| | Analog Output | 4.8.1 | 16 |
| J | Relay Output | 4.8.2 | 17 |
| K | Using the REV/O/FWD Selector Switch (Switched Version Only) | 4.7 | 16 |
| L | Analog Inputs | 4.8.3 | 17 |
| M | Digital Inputs | 4.8.4 | 17 |

4.2. Protective Earth (PE) Connection

Grounding Guidelines

The ground terminal of each Optidrive should be individually connected DIRECTLY to the site ground bus bar (through the filter if installed). Optidrive ground connections should not loop from one drive to another, or to, or from any other equipment. Ground loop impedance must confirm to local industrial safety regulations. To meet UL regulations, UL approved ring crimp terminals should be used for all ground wiring connections.

The drive Safety Ground must be connected to system ground. Ground impedance must conform to the requirements of national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes. The integrity of all ground connections should be checked periodically.

Protective Earth Conductor

The Cross sectional area of the PE Conductor must be at least equal to that of the incoming supply conductor.

Safety Ground

This is the safety ground for the drive that is required by code. One of these points must be connected to adjacent building steel (girder, joist), a floor ground rod, or bus bar. Grounding points must comply with national and local industrial safety regulations and or electrical codes.

Motor Ground

The motor ground must be connected to one of the ground terminals on the drive.

Ground Fault Monitoring

As with all inverters, a leakage current to earth can exist. The Optidrive is designed to produce the minimum possible leakage current whilst complying with worldwide standards. The level of current is affected by motor cable length and type, the effective switching frequency, the earth connections used and the type of RFI filter installed. If an ELCB (Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker) is to be used, the following conditions apply:

- A Type B Device must be used.
- The device must be suitable for protecting equipment with a DC component in the leakage current.
- Individual ELCBs should be used for each Optidrive.

Shield Termination (Cable Screen)

The safety ground terminal provides a grounding point for the motor cable shield. The motor cable shield connected to this terminal (drive end) should also be connected to the motor frame (motor end). Use a shield terminating or EMI clamp to connect the shield to the safety ground terminal.

4.3. Incoming Power Connection

4.3.1. Cable Selection

- The mains power cables should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For compliance with CE and C Tick EMC requirements, refer to section 4.10. EMC Compliant Installation on page 17.
- A fixed installation is required according to IEC61800-5-1 with a suitable disconnecting device installed between the Optidrive and the AC Power Source. The disconnecting device must conform to the local safety code / regulations (e.g. within Europe, EN60204-1, Safety of machinery).
- The cables should be dimensioned according to any local codes or regulations. Maximum dimensions are given in section 9.2. Rating Tables.

4.3.2. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection

- Suitable fuses to provide wiring protection of the input power cable should be installed in the incoming supply line, according to the data in section 9.2. Rating Tables. The fuses must comply with any local codes or regulations in place. In general, type gG (IEC 60269) or UL type J fuses are suitable; however in some cases type aR fuses may be required. The operating time of the fuses must be below 0.5 seconds.
- Where allowed by local regulations, suitably dimensioned type B MCB circuit breakers of equivalent rating may be utilised in place of fuses, providing that the clearing capacity is sufficient for the installation.
- The maximum permissible short circuit current at the Optidrive Power terminals as defined in IEC60439-1 is 100kA.

4.3.3. Optional Input Choke

- An optional Input Choke is recommended to be installed in the supply line for drives where any of the following conditions occur:
 - o The incoming supply impedance is low or the fault level / short circuit current is high.
 - o The supply is prone to dips or brown outs.
 - o The power supply to the drive is via a busbar and brush gear system (typically overhead Cranes).
- In all other installations, an input choke is recommended to ensure protection of the drive against power supply faults. Part numbers are shown in the table.

| Supply | Frame Size | AC Input Inductor |
|----------------|------------|-------------------|
| 110 & 230 Volt | 1 | OPT-2-L1016-20 |
| 1 Phase | 2 | OPT-2-L 1025-20 |

4.4. Motor Connection

- The drive inherently produces fast switching of the output voltage (PWM) to the motor compared to the mains supply. For motors which have been wound for operation with a variable speed drive then there is no preventative measures required, however if the quality of insulation is unknown then the motor manufacturer should be consulted and preventative measures may be required.
- The motor should be connected to the Optidrive U, and V terminals using a suitable 2 or 3 core cable. Where a 2 core cable is utilised, with the shield operating as an earth conductor, the shield must have a cross sectional area at least equal to the phase conductors when they are made from the same material. Where a 3 core cable is utilised, the earth conductor must be of at least equal cross sectional area and manufactured from the same material as the phase conductors.
- The motor earth must be connected to one of the Optidrive earth terminals.

4.5. Suitable Motor Types

Optidrive E3 Single Phase Output is intended for use with the following motor types:

- PSC (Permanent Split Capacitor)
- Shaded Pole

The motor should be suitable for operation with a PWM inverter. If in doubt, consult the motor manufacturer for guidance - additional filtering may be required to prevent damage to the motor.

4.6. Control Terminal Wiring

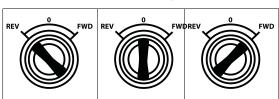
- All analog signal cables should be suitably shielded. Twisted pair cables are recommended.
- Power and Control Signal cables should be routed separately where possible, and must not be routed parallel to each other.
- Signal levels of different voltages e.g. 24 Volt DC and 110 Volt AC, should not be routed in the same cable.
- Maximum control terminal tightening torque is 0.5Nm.
- Control Cable entry conductor size: 0.05 2.5mm2 / 30 12 AWG.

4.7. Using the REV/0/FWD Selector Switch (Switched Version Only)

By adjusting the parameter settings the Optidrive can be configured for multiple applications.

This could typically be for Hand/Off/Auto applications (also known as Local/Remote) for HVAC and pumping industries.

NOTE Forward / Reverse operation of single phase motors is not possible.



| | Switch Position | | | neters Set | Notes |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|------|---------------|---|
| | | | P-12 | P-15 | |
| Run (Pot) | STOP | Run (Pot) | 0 | 0 | Factory Default Configuration Run Forward only with speed controlled from the Local POT |
| Run (Preset Speed 1) | STOP | Run (Pot) | 0 | 1 | Run forward with speed controlled form the local POT or preset speed |
| Run (Analog Input 2) | STOP | Run (Pot) | 0 | 4 | Run Forward with speed controlled from the Local POT or 2nd analog input |
| Enable | STOP | Enable | 3, 4 | 0 | Control from Modbus RTU |
| Run (Preset Speed 1) | STOP | Enable (Modbus RTU) | 3, 4 | 5 | Local / Remote function with Modbus RTU speed reference or preset speed |
| Run (Preset Speed 1) | STOP | Run in PI Control | 5, 6 | 0 | Selectable PI control or preset speed |
| Run (Pot) | STOP | Run in PI Control | 5, 6 | 0 | Selectable PI control or Pot speed control |
| Enable | STOP | Enable | 7, 8 | 0 | Control from CAN interface |
| Run (Preset Speed 1) | STOP | Enable (Modbus RTU) | 7, 8 | 5 | Local / Remote function with CAN speed reference or preset speed |

4.8. Control Terminal Connections

| Default Connections | Control Terminal | Signal | Description |
|----------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | | | +24Vdc user output, 100mA. |
| | 1 | +24Vdc User Output | Do not connect an external voltage source to this terminal. |
| 3 | 2 | Digital Input 1 | Positive logic |
| 4 | 3 | Digital Input 2 | "Logic 1" input voltage range: 8V 30V DC "Logic 0" input voltage range: 0V 4V DC |
| <u> </u> | 4 | Digital Input 3 / Analog Input 2 | Digital: 8 to 30V Analog: 0 to 10V, 0 to 20mA or 4 to 20mA |
| | 5 | +10V User Output | +10V, 10mA, 1kΩ minimum |
| 7 0 | 6 | Analog Input 1 / Digital Input 4 | Analog: 0 to 10V, 0 to 20mA or 4 to 20mA Digital: 8 to 30V |
| 8 | 7 | OV | 0 Volt Common, internally connected to terminal 9 |
| (V) (O) | 8 | Analog Output / Digital Output | Analog: 0 to 10V, Digital: 0 to 24V 20mA maximum |
| (10) | 9 | OV | 0 Volt Common, internally connected to terminal 7 |
| | 10 | Relay Common | |
| | 11 | Relay NO Contact | Contact 250Vac, 6A / 30Vdc, 5A |

4.8.1. Analog Output

The analog output function may be configured using parameter P-25, which is described in section 6.2. Extended Parameters on

The output has two operating modes, dependent on the parameter selection:

- Analog Mode
 - o The output is a 0 10 volt DC signal, 20mA max load current.
- Digital Mode
 - o The output is 24 volt DC, 20mA max load current.

4.8.2. Relay Output

The relay output function may be configured using parameter P-18, which is described in section 6.2. Extended Parameters on page 22.

4.8.3. Analog Inputs

Two analog inputs are available, which may also be used as Digital Inputs if required. The signal formats are selected by parameters as follows:

- Analog Input 1 Format Selection Parameter P-16.
- Analog Input 2 Format Selection Parameter P-47.

These parameters are described more fully in section 6.2. Extended Parameters on page 22.

The function of the analog input, e.g. for speed reference or PID feedback for example is defined by parameters P-15. The function of these parameters and available options is described in section 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations on page 28.

4.8.4. Digital Inputs

Up to four digital inputs are available. The function of the inputs is defined by parameters P-12 and P-15, which are explained in section 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations on page 28.

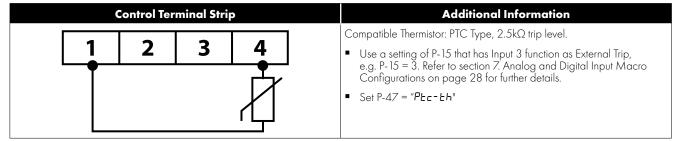
4.9. Motor Thermal Overload Protection

4.9.1. Internal Thermal Overload Protection

The drive has an in-built motor thermal overload function; this is in the form of an "I.t-trP" trip after delivering > 100% of the value set in P-08 for a sustained period of time (e.g. 150% for 60 seconds).

4.9.2. Motor Thermistor Connection

Where a motor thermistor is to be used, it should be connected as follows:



4.10. EMC Compliant Installation

| Category | Supply Cable Type | Motor Cable Type | Control Cables | Maximum Permissible Motor Cable Length |
|----------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| C16 | Shielded ¹ | Shielded ^{1,5} | | 1M / 5M ⁷ |
| C2 | Shielded ² | Shielded ^{1,5} | Shielded ⁴ | 5M / 25M ⁷ |
| C3 | Unshielded ³ | Shielded ² | | 25M / 100M ⁷ |

- A screened (shielded) cable suitable for fixed installation with the relevant mains voltage in use. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage with a concentric protection wire. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- ³ A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage. A shielded type cable is not necessary.
- A shielded cable with low impedance shield. Twisted pair cable is recommended for analog signals.
- The cable screen should be terminated at the motor end using an EMC type gland allowing connection to the motor body through the largest possible surface area. Where drives are mounted in a steel control panel enclosure, the cable screen may be terminated directly to the control panel using a suitable EMC clamp or gland, as close to the drive as possible. For IP66 drives, connect the motor cable screen to the internal ground clamp.
- 6 Compliance with category C1 conducted emissions only is achieved. For compliance with category C1 radiated emissions, additional measures may be required, contact your Sales Partner for further assistance.
- Permissible cable length with additional external EMC filter.

4.11. Optional Brake Resistor

Optidrive E3 Frame Size 2 and above units have a built in Brake Transistor. This allows an external resistor to be connected to the drive to provide improved braking torque in applications that require this.

The brake resistor should be connected to the "+" and "BR" terminals as shown.



The voltage level at these terminals may exceed 400VDC.

Stored charge may be present after disconnecting the mains power.

Allow a minimum of 10 minutes discharge after power off before attempting any connection to these terminals.

Suitable resistors and guidance on selection can be obtained from your Invertek Sales Partner.

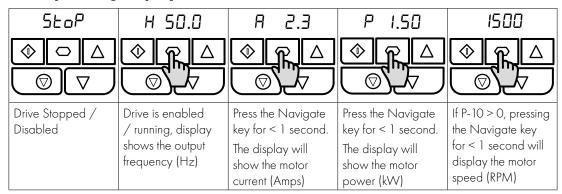
5. Operation

5.1. Managing the Keypad

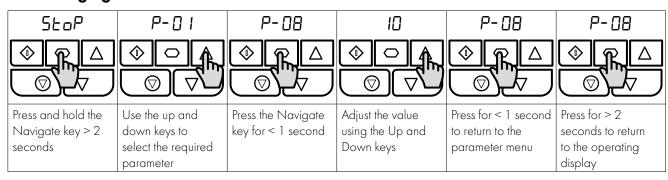
The drive is configured and its operation monitored via the keypad and display.

| NAVIGATE | Used to display real-time information, to access and exit parameter edit mode and to store parameter changes. | |
|-----------------|--|--|
| UP | Used to increase speed in real-time mode or to increase parameter values in parameter edit mode. | |
| DOWN | Used to decrease speed in real-time mode or to decrease parameter values in parameter edit mode. | |
| RESET / STOP | Used to reset a tripped drive. When in Keypad mode is used to Stop a running drive. | |
| START | When in keypad mode, used to Start a stopped drive or to reverse the direction of rotation if bi-directional keypad mode is enabled. | |

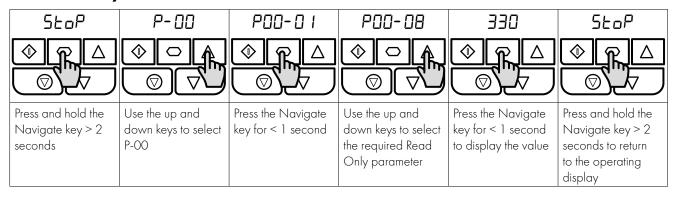
5.2. Operating Displays



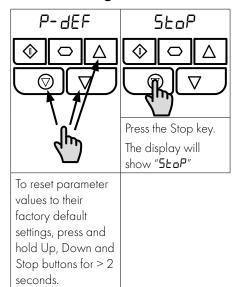
5.3. Changing Parameters



5.4. Read Only Parameter Access

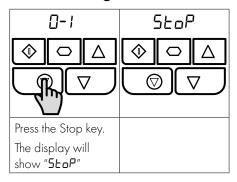


5.5. Resetting Parameters



5.6. Resetting a Fault

The display will show "P-dEF"



6. Parameters

6.1. Standard Parameters

| Par. | Descripti | on | | Minimum | Maximum | Default | Units | | |
|------|--|--|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| P-01 | Maximu | m Frequency / Speed Limit | | P-02 | 500.0 | 50.0 (60.0) | Hz / RPM | | |
| | Maximum | output frequency or motor speed limit | t – Hz or RPM. If P-10 > | O, the value en | ered / displaye | ed is in RPM. | | | |
| P-02 | Minimun | n Frequency / Speed Limit | | 0.0 | P-01 | 35.0 | Hz / RPM | | |
| | Minimum s | speed limit – Hz or RPM. If P-10 >0, th | he value entered / disp | layed is in RPM | | | | | |
| P-03 | Accelera | tion Ramp Time | | 0.00 | 600.0 | 5.0 | S | | |
| | Acceleration | on ramp time from zero Hz / RPM to | base frequency (P-09) | in seconds. | | | | | |
| P-04 | Decelera | ıtion Ramp Time | | 0.00 | 600.0 | 5.0 | S | | |
| | Deceleration | on ramp time from base frequency (P-(| 09) to standstill in secon | ds. When set to | 0.00, the value | of P-24 is used. | | | |
| P-05 | Stopping | g Mode / Mains Loss Response | e | 0 | 3 | 0 | - | | |
| | Selects the stopping mode of the drive, and the behaviour in response to | | | a loss of mains p | ower supply du | ring operation. | | | |
| | Setting | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 | Ramp to Stop (P-04) | | | ergy from load t | o maintain one | ration | | |
| | 1 | Coast | Coast | igii (Necovei eii | eigy iioiii iodd i | o mamam ope | ranonj | | |
| | 2 | Ramp to Stop (P-O4) | | to Stop (P-24). | Coast if P-24 = | 0 | | | |
| D 04 | Reserved | | 1.5. 5. | | | | | | |
| P-06 | | | | - | - | - | - | | |
| P-07 | | ated Voltage | | () () () | 150 / 250 | 115 / 230 | V | | |
| | | eter should be set to the rated (name | plate) voltage of the mo | | | | | | |
| P-08 | | ated Current | | | Rating Depe | ndent | A | | |
| | This param | eter should be set to the rated (name | plate) current of the mot | or. | 1 | | I | | |
| P-09 | Motor Re | ated Frequency | | 25 | 120 | 50 (60) | Hz | | |
| | This param | eter should be set to the rated (name | plate) frequency of the r | motor. | | | | | |
| P-10 | Motor Re | ated Speed | | 0 | 7200 | 0 | RPM | | |
| | speed rela regardless motor spee displayed | This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) RPM of the motor. When set to the default value of zero, all speed related parameters are displayed in Hz and the slip compensation (where motor speed is maintained at a constant value regardless of applied load) for the motor is disabled. Entering the value from the motor nameplate allows the Optidrive to display motor speed in RPM. All speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speeds etc. will also be displayed in RPM. NOTE If P-09 value is changed, P-10 value is reset to 0. | | | | | | | |
| P-11 | Start Boo | ost Voltage | | 0.0 | 100.0 | 3.0 | % | | |
| | parameter Excessive v | eter sets the initial voltage applied to the at the frequency set in P-32 initially, and voltage boost levels may result in increditation of the motor starting, and proceding cycle. | nd then ramps to the moto ased motor current and t | or rated voltage emperature, and | set in P-09 over I can result in the | the time period drive tripping o | set in P-33. during starting. | | |
| P-12 | Primary | Command Source | | 0 | 9 | 0 | - | | |
| | 1: Uni-di an externa 2: Bi-dire | nal Control. The drive responds dire rectional Keypad Control. The I remote Keypad. ectional Keypad Control. The driv | drive can be controlled ve can be controlled in t | l in the forward he forward and | direction only u | | | | |
| | 3: Modb 4: Modb 5: PI Con 6: PI And 7: CAN C | nal remote Keypad. Pressing the keypa us Network Control. Control via us Network Control. Control via atrol. User PI control with external fee alog Summation Control. PI control. Control via CAN (RS485) u Control. Control via CAN (RS485) in | Modbus RTU (RS485) Modbus RTU (RS485) edback signal. atrol with external feedback using the internal Accel / | using the internal interface with A ack signal and so | al Accel / Dece accel / Decel ro | mps updated v | ia Modbus. | | |
| | 3: Modb 4: Modb 5: PI Con 6: PI And 7: CAN C | us Network Control. Control via us Network Control. Control via atrol. User PI control with external fee alog Summation Control. PI con control. Control via CAN (RS485) u | Modbus RTU (RS485) Modbus RTU (RS485) edback signal. atrol with external feedback using the internal Accel / nterface with Accel / December 2015 | using the interno interface with A ack signal and s / Decel ramps. ecel ramps upd | al Accel / Dece accel / Decel ro summation with ated via CAN. | mps updated v | ia Modbus. | | |

| Par. | Description | Minimum | Maximum | Default | Units |
|------|--|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| P-13 | Reserved | - | - | - | - |
| P-14 | Extended Menu Access code | 0 | 65535 | 0 | - |
| | Enables access to Extended and Advanced Parameter Groups. This par (default: 101) to view and adjust Extended Parameters and value of P-3 may be changed by the user in P-37 if desired. | | | | |

6.2. Extended Parameters

| Par. | Description | Minimum | Maximum | Default | Units |
|------|--|--|---|---|----------------|
| P-15 | Digital Input Function Select | 0 | 17 | 0 | - |
| | Defines the function of the digital inputs depending on the control mod Macro Configurations for more information. | le setting in P-12. | See section 7. A | nalog and Di | gital Input |
| P-16 | Analog Input 1 Signal Format | See E | Below | U0-10 | - |
| | U D- ID = Uni-polar 0 to 10 Volt Signal. The drive will remain at minim offset are applied is =<0.0%. 100% signal means the output frequency R D-2D = 0 to 20mA Signal. L 4-2D = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault r 4-2D = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will run at Preset Speed 1 L 2D-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault r 2D-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will run at Preset Speed 1 U ID-D = 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar). The drive will operate at M reference after scaling and offset are applied is =<0.0%. | r/speed will be It code 4-20F if It (P-20 if the signal code 4-20F if the signal (P-20 if the signal | the value set in F the signal level fo Il level falls belov ne signal level fa Il level falls belov | P-01. alls below 3m w 3mA. lls below 3m/ w 3mA. | Α. |
| P-17 | Maximum Effective Switching Frequency | 4 | 32 | 8 | kHz |
| | Sets maximum effective switching frequency of the drive. If "rEd" is disp has been reduced to the level in POO-32 due to excessive drive heatsi | | parameter is viev | wed, the switc | hing frequency |
| P-18 | Output Relay Function Select | 0 | 9 | 1 | - |
| | 3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition. 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exce. 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is belo 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analogous process. | eds the adjustable is below the adjustable og input 2 exceeds | e limit set in P-19 ustable limit set i limit set in P-19. | n P- 19. | 2. |
| P-19 | 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no Relay Threshold Level | 0.0 | 200.0 | 100.0 | % |
| P-13 | Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of P- | | 200.0 | 100.0 | /0 |
| P-20 | Preset Frequency / Speed 1 | 0.00 | P-01 | 5.0 | Hz / RPM |
| P-21 | Preset Frequency / Speed 2 | 0.00 | P-01 | 25.0 | Hz / RPM |
| P-22 | Preset Frequency / Speed 3 | 0.00 | P-01 | 40.0 | Hz / RPM |
| P-23 | Preset Frequency / Speed 4 | 0.00 | P-01 | P-09 | Hz / RPM |
| | Preset Speeds / Frequencies selected by digital inputs depending on If P-10 = 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10 > 0, the values are en NOTE Changing the value of P-09 will reset all values to factory defe | ntered as RPM. | 5. | | |
| P-24 | 2nd Ramp Time (Fast Stop) | 0.00 | 600.0 | 0.00 | S |
| | This parameter allows a 2nd ramp time to be programmed into the dri This ramp time is automatically selected in the case of a mains power l | | 0.144 | | |

| Par. | Description | Minimum | Maximum | Default | Units | | | |
|---|--|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| P-25 | Analog Output Function Select | 0 | 10 | 8 | - | | | |
| | Digital Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24V DC | | | | | | | |
| | O: Drive Enabled (Running). Logic 1 when the Optidrive is enab | oled (Running). | | | | | | |
| | 1: Drive Healthy. Logic 1 When no Fault condition exists on the dri | ive. | | | | | | |
| 1: 2: 3: 4: 5: 6: 7: Ar 8: | 2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequ | ency matches the | e setpoint frequer | псу. | | | | |
| | 3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition. | | | | | | | |
| | | • | • | | | | | |
| | | · | | | | | | |
| | 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the adjustable limit set in P-19 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjustable limit set in P-19. 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the adjustable limit set in P-19. 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjustable limit set in P-19. Analog Output Mode 8: Output Frequency (Motor Speed). 0 to P-01, resolution 0.1 Hz. 9: Output (Motor) Current. 0 to 200% of P-08, resolution 0.1 A. | n P- 19. | | | | | | |
| | | w the adjustable | limit set in P-19. | | | | | |
| | | ⊔ | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 9: Output (Motor) Current. 0 to 200% of P-08, resol 10: Output Power. 0 – 200% of drive rated power. 11: Load Current. 0 – 200% of P-08, resolution 0.1 A. P-26 Skip frequency hysteresis band P-27 Skip Frequency Centre Point The Skip Frequency function is used to avoid the Optidrive which causes mechanical resonance in a particular machin and is used in conjunction with P-26. The Optidrive output P-04 respectively, and will not hold any output frequency within the band, the Optidrive output frequency will remain P-28 V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage | | | | | | | | |
| 6: Output F 7: Output C Analog Ou 8: Output F 9: Output (10: Output (11: Load Co P-26 Skip freque The Skip Freque The Skip Freque Which causes and is used in P-04 respective within the bar This paramete taken to avoid P-30 Start Mode Index 1: St Selects wheth Automatic Res Ed9E-r: Follopower on or a RUEp-0: Follopower on or a RUEp-0: Follopower. | | | | | | | | |
| P-26 | | 0.0 | P-01 | 0.0 | Hz / RPM | | | |
|)- 27 | Skip Frequency Centre Point | 0.0 | P-01 | 0.0 | Hz / RPM | | | |
| R | within the band, the Optidrive output frequency will remain at the upper | | | ence applied O | to the drive is | | | |
| | V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage | 0.0 | P-09 | 0.0 | Hz | | | |
| 29 | This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which | | | | | | | |
| | taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this fed | | | | | | | |
| P-30 | Start Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation | | | | | | | |
| | Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart | N/A | N/A | Edge-r | - | | | |
| | Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable input Automatic Restart function. | is present and lat | tched during pov | ver on. Also co | onfigures the | | | |
| | Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digital I power on or reset to start the drive. | nput 1 remains c | losed. The Input r | must be closed | d after a | | | |
| | AULa-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically s | | | | | | | |
| | RULa- 1 To RULa-5: Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 atter numbers of restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to start or require the user to manually reset the fault. The drive must be powered | the final attemp | t, the drive will tri | | and will | | | |
| | Index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic | 0 | 1 | 0 | - | | | |
| | Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which include | des Fire Mode, e | .a. settinas 15. 16 | 5 & 17. | | | | |
| | O: Normally Closed (NC) Input. Fire Mode active if input is ope | | 9, | | | | | |
| | 1: Normally Open (NO) Input. Fire Mode active if input is closed. | | | | | | | |
| | Index 3: Fire Mode Input Type | 0 | 1 | 0 | - | | | |
| | Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes Fir | e Mode, e.a. set | ttings 15, 16 & 17 | 7. | | | | |
| | O: Maintained Input. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as l | ong the fire mode | e input signal ren | | | | | |
| | (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported depend | ing on Index 2 se | etting). | | | | | |

| GII. | Description | Minimum | Maximum | Default | Units | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| P-31 | Keypad Start Mode Select | 0 | 7 | 1 | - | | | | |
| | settings 0, 1, 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active, 2, 3, 6 and 7 allow the drive to be started from the control terminals direct | and control tern | ninals 1 and 2 mi | ust be linked tog | ether. Settin | | | | |
| P-32 | 1: Previous Speed, Keypad Start | | | | | | | | |
| This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Mode (settings 0, 1, 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active 2, 3, 6 and 7 allow the drive to be started from the control terminals dire. O: Minimum Speed, Keypad Start 1: Previous Speed, Keypad Start 2: Minimum Speed, Terminal Enable 3: Previous Speed, Terminal Enable 4: Current Speed, Keypad Start 5: Preset Speed 4, Keypad Start 6: Current Speed, Terminal Start 7: Preset Speed 4, Terminal Start | | | | | | | | | |
| This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Mode (P-12 = 1 or 2) or settings 0, 1, 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active, and control term 2, 3, 6 and 7 allow the drive to be started from the control terminals directly, and the keypod Start 1: Previous Speed, Keypad Start 2: Minimum Speed, Keypad Start 2: Minimum Speed, Terminal Enable 3: Previous Speed, Terminal Enable 4: Current Speed, Keypad Start 5: Preset Speed 4, Keypad Start 6: Current Speed, Terminal Start 7: Preset Speed 4, Terminal Start 7: Preset Speed 4, Terminal Start 7: Preset Speed 4, Terminal Start 9-32 Starting Boost Frequency 0.00 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| P-31 Keypad Start Mode Select This parameter is active only when ope settings 0, 1, 4 or 5 are used, the Keypo 2, 3, 6 and 7 allow the drive to be start O: Minimum Speed, Keypad Start 1: Previous Speed, Keypad Start 2: Minimum Speed, Terminal End 3: Previous Speed, Keypad Start 5: Preset Speed 4, Keypad Start 6: Current Speed, Terminal Start 7: Preset Speed 4, Terminal Start | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | | | | |
| | 7: Preset Speed 4, Terminal Start | | | | | | | | |
| P-32 | Starting Boost Frequency | 0.0 | P-09 | P-09 | Hz | | | | |
| | Sets the frequency used during the starting boost phase of operation ref | er to section 6. | 4 for further infor | mation. | | | | | |
| P-33 | Boost Period Duration | 0.0 | 150 | 5.0 | S | | | | |
| | Time for which the start-up boost period is applied. During this period, the linearly from P-11 to P-07. Setting P-33 to zero disables boost. See sections | | | | ge increase | | | | |
| P-34 | Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1) | 0 | 4 | 0 | - | | | | |
| P-33 | O: Disabled 1: Enabled With Software Protection. Enables the internal brak resistor. 2: Enabled Without Software Protection. Enables the internal thermal protection device should be fitted. | | · | | | | | | |
| | mermai profection device snould be filled. | | | 1.1. | an of the | | | | |
| | 3: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. | | , | | | | | | |
| | | | , | | | | | | |
| P-35 | frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. 4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however | | , | | | | | | |
| P-35 | frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. 4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running factor. | o.o by this factor, e | 2000.0 g. if P-16 is set for frequency / spe | 100.0 or a 0 - 10V sig | change of % | | | | |
| | frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. 4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the multiplied by this factor, limited by the minimum and maximum speeds. | o.o by this factor, e | 2000.0 g. if P-16 is set for frequency / specied of the drive | 100.0 100.0 or a 0 - 10V sigued (P-01). will be the Ma. | change of % | | | | |
| P-35 P-36 | frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. 4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the multiplied by this factor, limited by the minimum and maximum speeds. Serial Communications Configuration | o.0 by this factor, eng at maximum he operating sp | 2000.0 .g. if P-16 is set for frequency / specied of the drive | 100.0 pra 0 - 10V sigged (P-01). will be the Ma. | change of % | | | | |
| | frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. 4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the multiplied by this factor, limited by the minimum and maximum speeds. Serial Communications Configuration Index 1: Address | o.0 by this factor, eng at maximum he operating sp | 2000.0 g. if P-16 is set for frequency / specied of the drive | 100.0 100.0 or a 0 - 10V signed (P-01). will be the Manager | change of % ynal, and the ster speed - | | | | |
| | frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. 4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the multiplied by this factor, limited by the minimum and maximum speeds. Serial Communications Configuration Index 1: Address Index 2: Baud Rate | o.0 by this factor, eng at maximum the operating spontage of the operation of the operating spontage of the operating spon | 2000.0 .g. if P-16 is set for frequency / specied of the driverses See B 63 9.6 | 100.0 or a 0 - 10V signed (P-01). will be the Ma. elow 1 115.2 | change of % ynal, and th | | | | |
| | frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. 4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied is scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the multiplied by this factor, limited by the minimum and maximum speeds. Serial Communications Configuration Index 1: Address Index 2: Baud Rate Index 3: Communication loss protection | o.0 by this factor, eng at maximum the operating sp 0 9.6 0 | 2000.0 g. if P-16 is set for frequency / specied of the driverse See B 63 9.6 3000 | 100.0 100.0 or a 0 - 10V sig sed (P-01). will be the Ma. elow 1 115.2 † 3000 | change of % ynal, and the ster speed - kbps ms | | | | |
| | frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. 4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied a scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the multiplied by this factor, limited by the minimum and maximum speeds. Serial Communications Configuration Index 1: Address Index 2: Baud Rate Index 3: Communication loss protection This parameter has three sub settings used to configure the Modbus RTC. | o.0 by this factor, eng at maximum the operating sp 0 9.6 0 | 2000.0 g. if P-16 is set for frequency / specied of the driverse See B 63 9.6 3000 | 100.0 100.0 or a 0 - 10V sig sed (P-01). will be the Ma. elow 1 115.2 † 3000 | change of % ynal, and the ster speed - kbps ms | | | | |
| | frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. 4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied is scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the multiplied by this factor, limited by the minimum and maximum speeds. Serial Communications Configuration Index 1: Address Index 2: Baud Rate Index 3: Communication loss protection | o.0 by this factor, eng at maximum the operating sp 0 9.6 0 | 2000.0 g. if P-16 is set for frequency / specied of the driverse See B 63 9.6 3000 | 100.0 100.0 or a 0 - 10V sig sed (P-01). will be the Ma. elow 1 115.2 † 3000 | change of % ynal, and the ster speed - kbps ms | | | | |
| | frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. 4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied a scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the multiplied by this factor, limited by the minimum and maximum speeds. Serial Communications Configuration Index 1: Address Index 2: Baud Rate Index 3: Communication loss protection This parameter has three sub settings used to configure the Modbus RTC. | o.0 by this factor, eng at maximum he operating sp 9.6 0 J Serial Commit | 2000.0 .g. if P-16 is set for frequency / specied of the drive See B 63 9.6 3000 unications. The Si | 100.0 100.0 or a 0 - 10V sig sed (P-01). will be the Ma. elow 1 115.2 † 3000 ub Parameters a | change of % ynal, and the ster speed - kbps ms | | | | |
| | frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. 4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the multiplied by this factor, limited by the minimum and maximum speeds. Serial Communications Configuration Index 1: Address Index 2: Baud Rate Index 3: Communication loss protection This parameter has three sub settings used to configure the Modbus RTU. 1st Index: Drive Address: Range: 0 - 63, default: 1. 2nd Index: Baud Rate & Network type: Selects the baud rate of the Modbus RTU: Baud rates 9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 57.6, 115.2 kbps are available. | by this factor, eng at maximum the operating space. J Serial Communication of the series of the ser | 2000.0 .g. if P-16 is set for frequency / specied of the driver seed of the driver seed of the driver seed of the internal set for the internal set of the watchdog. | abled during a comparison of the comparison of t | change of % ynal, and the ster speed kbps ms are: unication por and telegravalue of 30 | | | | |
| P-36 | frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. 4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P- 12 = 9), the multiplied by this factor, limited by the minimum and maximum speeds. Serial Communications Configuration Index 1: Address Index 2: Baud Rate Index 3: Communication loss protection This parameter has three sub settings used to configure the Modbus RTU. 1st Index: Drive Address: Range: 0 – 63, default: 1. 2nd Index: Baud Rate & Network type: Selects the baud rate of For Modbus RTU: Baud rates 9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 57.6, 115.2 kbps are available. 3rd Index: Watchdog Timeout: Defines the time for which the drivent of Register 1 (Drive Control Word) after the drivent has been enabled. Selection of the street of the drivent has been enabled. Selection in milliseconds for operation. | by this factor, eng at maximum the operating space. J Serial Communication of the series of the ser | 2000.0 .g. if P-16 is set for frequency / specied of the driver seed of the driver seed of the driver seed of the internal set for the internal set of the watchdog. | abled during a comparison of the comparison of t | change of % ynal, and the ster speed kbps ms are: unication por and telegravalue of 30 | | | | |
| P-36 | frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. 4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the multiplied by this factor, limited by the minimum and maximum speeds. Serial Communications Configuration Index 1: Address Index 2: Baud Rate Index 3: Communication loss protection This parameter has three sub settings used to configure the Modbus RTU. 1st Index: Drive Address: Range: 0 - 63, default: 1. 2nd Index: Baud Rate & Network type: Selects the baud rate of the form Modbus RTU: Baud rates 9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 57.6, 115.2 kbps are available. 3rd Index: Watchdog Timeout: Defines the time for which the drive Register 1 (Drive Control Word) after the drive has been enabled. See 100, 1000, or 3000 defines the time limit in milliseconds for operation. means that the drive will coast stop (output immediately disabled) but we | by this factor, eng at maximum the operating space of the operating space of the operating space of the operating operate of the operate of t | 2000.0 .g. if P-16 is set for frequency / specied of the driver seed of the driver seed of the driver seed of the internal set in the set in t | abled during a control of the communication of the | change of % ynal, and the ster speed kbps ms are: unication por and telegravalue of 30 | | | | |
| P-36 | frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. 4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the multiplied by this factor, limited by the minimum and maximum speeds. Serial Communications Configuration Index 1: Address Index 2: Baud Rate Index 3: Communication loss protection This parameter has three sub settings used to configure the Modbus RTU. 1st Index: Drive Address: Range: 0 – 63, default: 1. 2nd Index: Baud Rate & Network type: Selects the baud rate of For Modbus RTU: Baud rates 9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 57.6, 115.2 kbps are available. 3rd Index: Watchdog Timeout: Defines the time for which the drive Register 1 (Drive Control Word) after the drive has been enabled. Selection of the drive will coast stop (output immediately disabled) but we Access Code Definition | by this factor, eng at maximum the operating space of the operating space of the operating space of the operating operate of the operate of t | 2000.0 .g. if P-16 is set for frequency / specied of the driver seed of the driver seed of the driver seed of the internal set in the set in t | abled during a control of the communication of the | change of % ynal, and the ster speed kbps ms are: unication por and telegravalue of 30 | | | | |
| P-36 | frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. 4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the multiplied by this factor, limited by the minimum and maximum speeds. Serial Communications Configuration Index 1: Address Index 2: Baud Rate Index 3: Communication loss protection This parameter has three sub settings used to configure the Modbus RTU. 1st Index: Drive Address: Range: 0 - 63, default: 1. 2nd Index: Baud Rate & Network type: Selects the baud rate of For Modbus RTU: Baud rates 9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 57.6, 115.2 kbps are available. 3rd Index: Watchdog Timeout: Defines the time for which the drive Register 1 (Drive Control Word) after the drive has been enabled. Selection 100, 1000, or 3000 defines the time limit in milliseconds for operation. The means that the drive will coast stop (output immediately disabled) but we Access Code Definition Defines the access code which must be entered in P-14 to access parameters. | by this factor, eng at maximum the operating space of the operating space of the operating of the operate of th | 2000.0 g. if P-16 is set for frequency / specied of the driver seed of the driver seed of the driver seed of the internal set for the | abled during a control of the communication of the | change of % ynal, and the ster speed kbps ms are: unication p | | | | |
| | frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. 4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied is scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the multiplied by this factor, limited by the minimum and maximum speeds. Serial Communications Configuration Index 1: Address Index 2: Baud Rate Index 3: Communication loss protection This parameter has three sub settings used to configure the Modbus RTU. 1st Index: Drive Address: Range: 0 - 63, default: 1. 2nd Index: Baud Rate & Network type: Selects the baud rate of the form Modbus RTU. Baud rates 9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 57.6, 115.2 kbps are available. 3rd Index: Watchdog Timeout: Defines the time for which the drive Register 1 (Drive Control Word) after the drive has been enabled. Set 100, 1000, or 3000 defines the time limit in milliseconds for operation. means that the drive will coast stop (output immediately disabled) but we Access Code Definition Defines the access code which must be entered in P-14 to access parameter Access Lock O: Unlocked. All parameters can be accessed and changed. | by this factor, eng at maximum the operating space of the operating space of the operating of the operate of th | 2000.0 g. if P-16 is set for frequency / specied of the driver seed of the driver seed of the driver seed of the internal set for the | abled during a control of the communication of the | change of % ynal, and the ster speed kbps ms are: unication por and telegravalue of 30 | | | | |

| Par. | Description | Minimum | Maximum | Default | Units | | | | | |
|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| P-40 | Index 1: Display Scaling Factor | 0.000 | 16.000 | 0.000 | - | | | | | |
| | Index 2: Display Scaling Source | 0 | 3 | 0 | - | | | | | |
| | Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative outp | | om either output f | requency (Hz), | Motor | | | | | |
| | Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Mode. Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value is multiplied by this factor. | | | | | | | | | |
| | Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10: | = 0, or motor RI | PM if P-10 > 0. | | | | | | | |
| | 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (An | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog inp | out 2 signal leve | el, internally repre | esented as 0 – 1 | 100.0%. | | | | | |
| | 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by F | 2-46, internally r | epresented as 0 | - 100.0%. | | | | | | |
| P-41 | PI Controller Proportional Gain | 0.0 | 30.0 | 1.0 | - | | | | | |
| | PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater chang in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability. | ge in the drive c | output frequency i | in response to sr | mall change | | | | | |
| P-42 | PI Controller Integral Time | 0.0 | 30.0 | 1.0 | s | | | | | |
| | PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped resp | onse for system | s where the over | all process resp | onds slowly | | | | | |
| P-43 | PI Controller Operating Mode | 0 | 1 | 0 | - | | | | | |
| | O: Direct Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal dr | ops, the motor : | speed should inc | rease. | | | | | | |
| | 1: Inverse Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal | | • | | | | | | | |
| | 2: Direct Operation, Maximum Start. As option 1, but with out | | | | у. | | | | | |
| | 3: Inverse Operation, Maximum Start. As option 2, but with a | output preset to | maximum after V | Vake from Stand | dby. | | | | | |
| -44 | PI Reference (Setpoint) Source Select | 0 | 1 | 0 | - | | | | | |
| -44 | | | | | | | | | | |
| -44 | Selects the source for the PID Reference / Setpoint. | | | | | | | | | |
| 44 | Selects the source for the PID Reference / Setpoint. O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. | | | | | | | | | |
| | Selects the source for the PID Reference / Setpoint. O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable | e in POO-01 is u | sed for the setpo | int. | | | | | | |
| | 0: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. | e in POO-01 is u | sed for the setpo | int. | % | | | | | |
| | O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable. | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | | | | | | |
| P-45 | O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readabl PI Digital Setpoint | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | | | | | | |
| P-45 | O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable PI Digital Setpoint When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) | nt) used for the | 100.0 PI Controller as c | 0.0 a % of the feedb | | | | | | |
| P-45 | O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable PI Digital Setpoint When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) PI Feedback Source Select | nt) used for the | 100.0 PI Controller as c | 0.0 a % of the feedb | | | | | | |
| P-45 | O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable PI Digital Setpoint When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) PI Feedback Source Select Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controlled. | nt) used for the | 100.0 PI Controller as c | 0.0 a % of the feedb | | | | | | |
| P-45 | O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable PI Digital Setpoint When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) PI Feedback Source Select Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller O: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in P00-02. | nt) used for the | 100.0 PI Controller as c | 0.0 a % of the feedb | | | | | | |
| P-45 | O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable PI Digital Setpoint When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) PI Feedback Source Select Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller O: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in P00-02. 1: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in P00-01. 2: Motor Current Scaled as % of P-08. 3: DC Bus Voltage Scaled 0 - 1000 Volts = 0 - 100%. | 0.0 nt) used for the 0 | PI Controller as c | 0.0 a % of the feedb 0 | ack signal. - | | | | | |
| P-45 | O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable PI Digital Setpoint When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) PI Feedback Source Select Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller. O: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in P00-02. 1: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in P00-01. 2: Motor Current Scaled as % of P-08. 3: DC Bus Voltage Scaled 0 - 1000 Volts = 0 - 100%. 4: Analog 1 - Analog 2 The value of Analog Input 2 is subtracted. | 0.0 nt) used for the 0 | PI Controller as c | 0.0 a % of the feedb 0 | ack signal. - | | | | | |
| P-45 | O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable PI Digital Setpoint When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) PI Feedback Source Select Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller O: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in POO-O2. 1: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in POO-O1. 2: Motor Current Scaled as % of P-08. 3: DC Bus Voltage Scaled 0 – 1000 Volts = 0 – 100%. 4: Analog 1 – Analog 2 The value of Analog Input 2 is subtracted limited to 0. | o.0 nt) used for the orr. from Analog 1 | 100.0 PI Controller as c 5 | o.0 a % of the feedb o | ack signal. - | | | | | |
| P-45 | O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable PI Digital Setpoint When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) PI Feedback Source Select Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller. O: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in P00-02. 1: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in P00-01. 2: Motor Current Scaled as % of P-08. 3: DC Bus Voltage Scaled 0 - 1000 Volts = 0 - 100%. 4: Analog 1 - Analog 2 The value of Analog Input 2 is subtracted limited to 0. 5: Largest (Analog 1, Analog 2) The larger of the two analog in | o.0 nt) used for the orr. from Analog 1 | 100.0 PI Controller as c 5 | o.0 a % of the feedb o | ack signal. - value is | | | | | |
| P-45 | O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable PI Digital Setpoint When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) PI Feedback Source Select Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller O: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in POO-O2. 1: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in POO-O1. 2: Motor Current Scaled as % of P-08. 3: DC Bus Voltage Scaled 0 – 1000 Volts = 0 – 100%. 4: Analog 1 – Analog 2 The value of Analog Input 2 is subtracted limited to 0. 5: Largest (Analog 1, Analog 2) The larger of the two analog in Analog Input 2 Signal Format | o.0 nt) used for the orr. from Analog 1 | 100.0 PI Controller as c 5 | o.0 a % of the feedb o | ack signal. - value is | | | | | |
| P-45 P-46 | O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable PI Digital Setpoint When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) PI Feedback Source Select Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller O: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in POO-02. 1: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in POO-01. 2: Motor Current Scaled as % of P-08. 3: DC Bus Voltage Scaled 0 – 1000 Volts = 0 – 100%. 4: Analog 1 – Analog 2 The value of Analog Input 2 is subtracted limited to 0. 5: Largest (Analog 1, Analog 2) The larger of the two analog in Analog Input 2 Signal Format U D- ID = 0 to 10 Volt Signal. | o.0 nt) used for the orr. from Analog 1 | 100.0 PI Controller as c 5 | o.0 a % of the feedb o | ack signal. - value is | | | | | |
| P-45 P-46 | O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable PI Digital Setpoint When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) PI Feedback Source Select Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller. O: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in POO-02. 1: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in POO-01. 2: Motor Current Scaled as % of P-08. 3: DC Bus Voltage Scaled 0 - 1000 Volts = 0 - 100%. 4: Analog 1 - Analog 2 The value of Analog Input 2 is subtracted limited to 0. 5: Largest (Analog 1, Analog 2) The larger of the two analog in Analog Input 2 Signal Format U D- ID = 0 to 10 Volt Signal. R D-2D = 0 to 20mA Signal. | from Analog 1 | 100.0 PI Controller as c 5 to give a different vays used for PI i | o.o a % of the feedb o ntial signal. The feedback. | value is | | | | | |
| P-45 P-46 | O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable PI Digital Setpoint When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) PI Feedback Source Select Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller. O: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in P00-02. 1: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in P00-01. 2: Motor Current Scaled as % of P-08. 3: DC Bus Voltage Scaled 0 - 1000 Volts = 0 - 100%. 4: Analog 1 - Analog 2 The value of Analog Input 2 is subtracted limited to 0. 5: Largest (Analog 1, Analog 2) The larger of the two analog in Analog Input 2 Signal Format U D- ID = 0 to 10 Volt Signal. R D-2D = 0 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault | from Analog 1 put values is all | 100.0 PI Controller as c 5 to give a different ways used for PI in the signal level for the | o.o a % of the feedb o ntial signal. The feedback. - falls below 3mA | value is | | | | | |
| P-45 P-46 | O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable PI Digital Setpoint When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) PI Feedback Source Select Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller. O: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in POO-02. 1: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in POO-01. 2: Motor Current Scaled as % of P-08. 3: DC Bus Voltage Scaled 0 - 1000 Volts = 0 - 100%. 4: Analog 1 - Analog 2 The value of Analog Input 2 is subtracted limited to 0. 5: Largest (Analog 1, Analog 2) The larger of the two analog in Analog Input 2 Signal Format U D- ID = 0 to 10 Volt Signal. R D-2D = 0 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault r 4-2D = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will run at Preset Speed 1 | from Analog 1 put values is alv code 4-20F if (P-20) if the sig | to give a different ways used for PI for the signal level falls below. | o.o a % of the feedb o ntial signal. The feedback. - alls below 3mA ow 3mA. | value is | | | | | |
| P-45 P-46 | O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable PI Digital Setpoint When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) PI Feedback Source Select Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller. O: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in P00-02. 1: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in P00-01. 2: Motor Current Scaled as % of P-08. 3: DC Bus Voltage Scaled 0 - 1000 Volts = 0 - 100%. 4: Analog 1 - Analog 2 The value of Analog Input 2 is subtracted limited to 0. 5: Largest (Analog 1, Analog 2) The larger of the two analog in Analog Input 2 Signal Format U D- ID = 0 to 10 Volt Signal. R D-2D = 0 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault | from Analog 1 put values is alv code 4-20F if (P-20) if the sig | to give a different ways used for PI for the signal level falls believed for signal level for the signal level for | o.o a % of the feedb o ntial signal. The feedback. - falls below 3mA. ow 3mA. | value is | | | | | |
| 2-45 | O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable PI Digital Setpoint When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) PI Feedback Source Select Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller O: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in POO-O2. 1: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in POO-O1. 2: Motor Current Scaled as % of P-08. 3: DC Bus Voltage Scaled 0 – 1000 Volts = 0 – 100%. 4: Analog 1 – Analog 2 The value of Analog Input 2 is subtracted limited to 0. 5: Largest (Analog 1, Analog 2) The larger of the two analog in Analog Input 2 Signal Format U D- ID = 0 to 10 Volt Signal. R D-2D = 0 to 20mA Signal. E 4-2D = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault of the control of the contro | from Analog 1 put values is alw t code 4-20F if (P-20) if the sig code 4-20F if (P-20) if the sig | to give a different ways used for PI for the signal level falls belt the signal level for gnal level falls belt for gnal level falls belt the signal | o.o a % of the feedb o ntial signal. The feedback. - alls below 3mA. ow 3mA. alls below 3mA. slow 3mA. | value is | | | | | |
| P-45 P-46 | O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable PI Digital Setpoint When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) PI Feedback Source Select Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller. O: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in POO-02. 1: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in POO-01. 2: Motor Current Scaled as % of P-08. 3: DC Bus Voltage Scaled 0 − 1000 Volts = 0 − 100%. 4: Analog 1 − Analog 2 The value of Analog Input 2 is subtracted limited to 0. 5: Largest (Analog 1, Analog 2) The larger of the two analog in Analog Input 2 Signal Format U D- ID = 0 to 10 Volt Signal. R D-2D = 0 to 20mA Signal. E 4-2D = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault r 4-2D = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault r 2D-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault r 2D-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will run at Preset Speed 1 | from Analog 1 put values is alw t code 4-20F if (P-20) if the sig code 4-20F if (P-20) if the sig | to give a different ways used for PI for the signal level falls belt the signal level for gnal level falls belt for gnal level falls belt the signal | o.o a % of the feedb o ntial signal. The feedback. - alls below 3mA. ow 3mA. alls below 3mA. slow 3mA. | value is | | | | | |
| P-45 | O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable PI Digital Setpoint When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) PI Feedback Source Select Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller. O: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in POO-02. 1: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in POO-01. 2: Motor Current Scaled as % of P-08. 3: DC Bus Voltage Scaled 0 - 1000 Volts = 0 - 100%. 4: Analog 1 - Analog 2 The value of Analog Input 2 is subtracted limited to 0. 5: Largest (Analog 1, Analog 2) The larger of the two analog in Analog Input 2 Signal Format U D- ID = 0 to 10 Volt Signal. R D-2D = 0 to 20mA Signal. E 4-2D = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault of the control of the cont | from Analog 1 put values is alw code 4-20F if (P-20) if the sig code 4-20F if (P-20) if the sig code 7-20F if (P-20) if the sig of P-15 that has | to give a different vays used for PI for all level falls belt the signal level falls belt the signal level falls best input 3 as E-Trip 25.0 powing a period of the signal of the signal level falls best input 3 as E-Trip 25.0 powing a period of the signal level falls best input 3 as E-Trip 25.0 powing a period of the signal level falls best input 3 as E-Trip 25.0 powing a period of the signal level falls best input 3 as E-Trip 25.0 powing a period of the signal level falls best input 3 as E-Trip 25.0 powing a period of the signal level falls best input 3 as E-Trip 25.0 | o.o a % of the feedb o ntial signal. The feedback. - feedback. - alls below 3mA. alls below 3mA. b. Trip level: 1.5k o.o f operating at m | value is UO-10 Ω, reset 1 kt | | | | | |
| P-45 | O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable PI Digital Setpoint When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) PI Feedback Source Select Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller O: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in P00-02. 1: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in P00-01. 2: Motor Current Scaled as % of P-08. 3: DC Bus Voltage Scaled 0 - 1000 Volts = 0 - 100%. 4: Analog 1 - Analog 2 The value of Analog Input 2 is subtracted limited to 0. 5: Largest (Analog 1, Analog 2) The larger of the two analog in Analog Input 2 Signal Format U D- 10 = 0 to 10 Volt Signal. R D-20 = 0 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault of the volume of the volume of the present Speed 1 of the volume | from Analog 1 put values is alw code 4-20F if (P-20) if the sig code 4-20F if (P-20) if the sig code 7-20F if (P-20) if the sig of P-15 that has | to give a different vays used for PI for all level falls belt the signal level falls belt the signal level falls best input 3 as E-Trip 25.0 powing a period of the signal of the signal level falls best input 3 as E-Trip 25.0 powing a period of the signal level falls best input 3 as E-Trip 25.0 powing a period of the signal level falls best input 3 as E-Trip 25.0 powing a period of the signal level falls best input 3 as E-Trip 25.0 powing a period of the signal level falls best input 3 as E-Trip 25.0 powing a period of the signal level falls best input 3 as E-Trip 25.0 | o.o a % of the feedb o ntial signal. The feedback. - feedback. - alls below 3mA. alls below 3mA. b. Trip level: 1.5k o.o f operating at m | value is UO-10 Ω, reset 1 ks inimum spe | | | | | |

| Par. | Description | Minimum | Maximum | Default | Units | |
|------|---|------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------|--|
| P-50 | User Output Relay Hysteresis | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | % | |
| | Sets the hysteresis level for P-19 to prevent the output relay chattering wh | nen close to the | threshold. | | | |
| P-60 | Thermal Overload Retention 0 1 0 | | | | | |
| | 0 : Disabled | | | | | |
| | 1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive calculated motor overload prot removed from the drive. | ection informati | on is retained a | fter the mains po | ower is | |

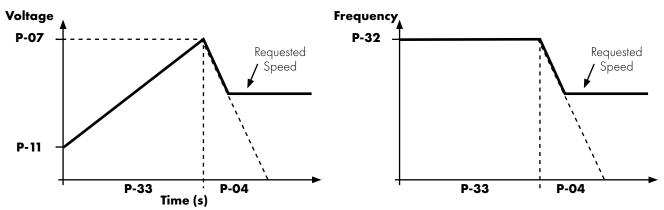
6.3. P-00 Read Only Status Parameters

| Par. | Description | Explanation |
|--------|--|---|
| | Description | - |
| P00-01 | 1 st Analog input value (%) | 100% = max input voltage |
| P00-02 | 2nd Analog input value (%) | 100% = max input voltage |
| P00-03 | Speed reference input (Hz / RPM) | Displayed in Hz if P-10 = 0, otherwise RPM |
| P00-04 | Digital input status | Drive digital input status |
| P00-05 | User PI output (%) | Displays value of the User PI output |
| P00-06 | DC bus ripple (V) | Measured DC bus ripple |
| P00-07 | Applied motor voltage (V) | Value of RMS voltage applied to motor |
| P00-08 | DC bus voltage (V) | Internal DC bus voltage |
| P00-09 | Heatsink temperature (°C) | Temperature of heatsink in °C |
| P00-10 | Run time since date of manuf. (Hours) | Not affected by resetting factory default parameters |
| P00-11 | Run time since last trip (1) (Hours) | Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or trip), reset on next enable only if a trip occurred. Reset also on next enable after a drive power down |
| P00-12 | Run time since last trip (2) (Hours) | Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or trip), reset on next enable only if a trip occurred (under-volts not considered a trip) – not reset by power down / power |
| | | up cycling unless a trip occurred prior to power down |
| P00-13 | Trip Log | Displays most recent 4 trips with time stamp |
| P00-14 | Run time since last disable (Hours) | Run-time clock stopped on drive disable, value reset on next enable |
| P00-15 | DC bus voltage log (V) | 8 most recent values prior to trip, 256ms sample time |
| P00-16 | Heatsink temperature log (°C) | 8 most recent values prior to trip, 30s sample time |
| P00-17 | Motor current log (A) | 8 most recent values prior to trip, 256ms sample time |
| P00-18 | DC bus ripple log (V) | 8 most recent values prior to trip, 22ms sample time |
| P00-19 | Internal drive temperature log (°C) | 8 most recent values prior to trip, 30 s sample time |
| P00-20 | Internal drive temperature (°C) | Actual internal ambient temperature in °C |
| P00-21 | CAN process data input | Incoming process data (RX PDO1) for CAN: P11, P12, P13, P14 |
| P00-22 | CAN process data output | Outgoing process data (TX PDO1) for CAN: PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4 |
| P00-23 | Accumulated time with heatsink > 85°C (Hours) | Total accumulated hours and minutes of operation above heatsink temp of 85°C |
| P00-24 | Accumulated time with drive internal temp > 80°C (Hours) | Total accumulated hours and minutes of operation with drive internal ambient above 80°C |
| P00-25 | Estimated rotor speed (Hz) | In vector control modes, estimated rotor speed in Hz |
| P00-26 | kWh meter / MWh meter | Total number of kWh / MWh consumed by the drive |
| P00-27 | Total run time of drive fans (Hours) | Time displayed in hh:mm:ss. First value displays time in hrs, press up to display mm:ss |
| P00-28 | Software version and checksum | Version number and checksum. "1" on LH side indicates I/O processor, "2" indicates power stage |
| P00-29 | Drive type identifier | Drive rating, drive type and software version codes |
| P00-30 | Drive serial number | Unique drive serial number |
| P00-31 | Motor current Id / Iq | Displays the magnetising current (Id) and torque current (Iq). Press UP to show Iq |
| P00-32 | Actual PWM switching frequency (kHz) | Actual switching frequency used by drive |
| P00-33 | Critical fault counter – O-I | These parameters log the number of times specific faults or errors occur, and are |
| P00-34 | Critical fault counter – O-Volts | useful for diagnostic purposes |
| P00-35 | Critical fault counter – U-Volts | |
| P00-36 | Critical fault counter – O-temp (h/sink) | |
| P00-37 | Critical fault counter – b O-1 (chopper) | |
| P00-38 | Critical fault counter – O-hEAt (control) | |
| P00-39 | Modbus comms error counter | |
| P00-40 | CANbus comms error counter | |
| P00-41 | I/O processor comms errors | |
| P00-42 | Power stage uC comms errors | |

| Par. | Description | Explanation | | | | | |
|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| P00-43 | Drive power up time (life time) (Hours) | Total lifetime of drive with power applied | | | | | |
| P00-44 | Phase U current offset & ref | Internal value | | | | | |
| P00-45 | Phase V current offset & ref | Internal value | | | | | |
| P00-46 | Phase W current offset & ref | Internal value | | | | | |
| P00-47 | Index 1: Fire mode total active time Index 2: Fire Mode Activation Count | Total activation time of Fire Mode Displays the number of times Fire Mode has been activated | | | | | |
| P00-48 | Scope channel 1 & 2 | Displays signals for first scope channels 1 & 2 | | | | | |
| P00-49 | Scope channel 3 & 4 | Displays signals for first scope channels 3 & 4 | | | | | |
| P00-50 | Bootloader and motor control | Internal value | | | | | |

6.4. Single Phase Motor - Boost Starting cycle

In order to provide a reliable method for starting the motor, a special technique is used. The motor is started immediately at rated frequency, whilst the voltage is ramped from an initial Boost Voltage (set in P-11) to the Motor Rated Voltage (set in P-07) over a Boost Period Duration (set in P-33). Following the starting boost period, the drive then begins to control the output frequency and speed of the motor. The graphs below show how this operation works.



In order to achieve reliable starting and optimise the starting method, the following procedure can be used.

- 1. The motor must be correctly connected to the drive and safe to operate before using this procedure.
- 2. Ensure the motor rated voltage (P-07) and current (P-08) have been correctly programmed in the drive parameters.
- **3.** Select Extended Parameter Access by setting P-14 = 101.
- 4. Set the Boost Period Duration P-33 to the maximum allowed value of 150 seconds.
- 5. Start the drive, and display the motor current (press the Navigate button until the display shows "A x.x" where x is the motor current).
- **6.** Check the current value compared to the motor rated current around 3 5 seconds after starting the drive.
- a. If the current displayed is less than 80% of the motor rated current:
 - o Stop the drive
 - o Increase P-11
 - o Repeat from step 5.
- **b.** If the current displayed is greater than 90% of the motor rated current:
 - o Stop the drive
 - o Reduce P-11
 - o Repeat from step 5.
- 7. The correct boost voltage setting should deliver 80 90% of the motor rated current approximately 3 5 seconds after enabling the drive.
- 8. Now the Boost Period Duration may be reduced to match the actual time required for the motor to start. The simplest method is to initially reduce in large steps and monitor the motor behaviour on starting the drive. The ideal boost period will be a few seconds longer than is required to bring the motor to full speed.

By following this procedure, the motor starting parameter can be optimised to start the motor reliably without excessive starting current.

7.1. Overview which determine the input functions and drive behaviour:

7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations

Optidrive E3 uses a Macro approach to simplify the configuration of the Analog and Digital Inputs. There are two key parameters

P-12 Selects the main drive control source and determines how the output frequency of the drive is primarily controlled.

P-15 Assigns the Macro function to the analog and digital inputs.

Additional parameters can then be used to further adapt the settings, e.g.

P-16 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 1, e.g. 0 - 10 Volt, 4 - 20mA.

P-20 - P-23 Preset speed parameters, which may be selected by the digital inputs

P-30 Determines whether the drive should automatically start following a power on if the Enable Input is present.

P-31 When Keypad Mode is selected, determines at what output frequency / speed the drive should start following the enable command, and also whether the keypad start key must be pressed or if the Enable input alone should start the drive.

P-47 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 2, e.g. 0 - 10 Volt, 4 - 20mA.

The diagrams below provide an overview of the functions of each terminal macro function, and a simplified connection diagram for

7.2. Macro Functions Guide Key

The table below should be used as a key for pages 32 to 34.

| STOP / RUN | Latched input, Close to Run, Open to Stop. | | | | | |
|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| START 1 | Normally Open, Rising Edge Start Function. | | | | | |
| All REF | Analog Input 1 is the selected speed reference. | | | | | |
| P-xx REF | Speed setpoint from the selected preset speed. | | | | | |
| PR-REF | Preset speeds P-20 – P-23 are used for the speed reference, selected according to other digital input status. | | | | | |
| ^-FAST STOP (P-24)-^ | When both inputs are active simultaneously, the drive stops using Fast Stop Ramp Time P-24. | | | | | |
| E-TRIP → | External Trip input, which must be Normally Closed. When the input opens, the drive trips showing E-E- iP or PEc-Eh depending on P-47 setting. | | | | | |
| (NO) | Normally Open Contact, Momentarily Close to Start. | | | | | |
| (NC) | Normally Closed Contact, momentary Open to Stop. | | | | | |
| Fire Mode | Activates Fire Mode, see section 7.7. Fire Mode. | | | | | |
| ENABLE | Hardware Enable Input. In Keypad Mode, P-31 determines whether the drive immediately starts, or the keypad start key must be pressed. In other modes, this input must be present before the start signal via the fieldbus interface. | | | | | |
| INC SPD 1 | Normally Open, Close the input to Increase the motor speed. | | | | | |
| DEC SPD ↑ | Normally Open, Close input to Decrease motor speed. | | | | | |
| KPD REF | Keypad Speed Reference selected. | | | | | |
| FB REF | Selected speed reference from Fieldbus (Modbus RTU / CAN / Master depending on P-12 setting). | | | | | |

7.3. Macro Functions – Terminal Mode (P-12 = 0)

| P-15 | DI1 DI2 | | DI2 | DI3 | 3 / Al2 | DI4 / A | AI1 | Diagram | |
|------|---------|----------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|----|
| | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | |
| 0 | STOP | run | | No Function | All REF | P-20 REF | Analog Inp | ut Al 1 | 1 |
| 1 | STOP | RUN | All REF | PR-REF | P-20 | P-21 | Analog Input Al 1 | | 2 |
| 2 | STOP | RUN | DI2 | DI3 | | PR | P-20 - P-23 | P-01 | 3 |
| | | | 0 | 0 | F | P-20 | | | |
| | | | 1 | 0 | | P-21 | | | |
| | | | 0 | 1 | ſ | P-22 | | | |
| | | | 1 | 1 | ſ | P-23 | | | |
| 3 | STOP | RUN | All | P-20 REF | E-TRIP ٦ | OK | Analog Inp | ut Al I | 4 |
| 4 | STOP | RUN | Al1 | Al2 | Analog | g Input AI2 | Analog Inp | ut Al 1 | 5 |
| 5 | STOP | RUN | OK | FAST STOP (P-24) 🕽 | Al1 | P-20 REF | Analog Inp | ut Al 1 | 6 |
| 6 | STOP | RUN | ١ | No Function | E-TRIP ↓ | OK | Analog Inp | ut Al 1 | 7 |
| 7 | STOP | RUN | OK | FAST STOP (P-24) 1 | E-TRIP ↓ | OK | Analog Inp | ut Al 1 | 8 |
| 8 | STOP | RUN | N | No Function | DI3 | DI4 | PR | | 9 |
| | | | | | 0 | 0 | P-20 | | |
| | | | | | 1 | 0 | P-21 | | |
| | | | | | 0 | 1 | P-22 | | |
| | | | | | 1 | 1 | P-23 | | |
| 9 | STOP | RUN | OK | FAST STOP (P-24) 1 | DI3 | DI4 | PR | | 10 |
| | | | | | 0 | 0 | P-20 | | |
| | | | | | 1 | 0 | P-21 | | 1 |
| | | | | | 0 | 1 | P-22 | | |
| | | | | | 1 | 1 | P-23 | | |
| 10 | (NO) | START 🕽 | STOP 7 | (NC) | All REF | P-20 REF | Analog Inp | ut Al 1 | 11 |
| 11 | (NO) | START 1 | STOP 7 | (NC) | (NO) | FAST STOP (P-24) 1 | Analog Inp | ut Al l | 12 |
| 12 | STOP | RUN | FAST STOP (P-24) | OK | All REF | P-20 REF | Analog Inp | ut Al I | 13 |
| 13 | (NO) | START _ | STOP 7 | (NC) | (NO) | FAST STOP (P-24) 1 | KPD REF | P-20 REF | 12 |
| 14 | STOP | RUN | | DI2 | E-TRIP → | OK | DI2 DI4 | PR | 14 |
| | | | | | | | 0 0 | P-20 | |
| | | | | | | | 1 0 | P-21 | |
| | | | | | | | 0 1 | P-22 | |
| | | | | | | | 1 1 | P-23 | |
| 15 | STOP | RUN | P-23 REF | All REF | Fire | Mode | Analog Inp | ut Al 1 | 2 |
| 16 | STOP | RUN | P-23 REF | P-21 REF | Fire | Mode | DI4 = No Function | DI4 = No Function | 3 |
| 17 | STOP | RUN | | DI2 | Fire | Mode | DI2 DI4 | PR | 3 |
| | | | | | | | 0 0 | P-20 | |
| | | | | | | | 1 0 | P-21 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | 0 1 | P-22 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | 1 1 | P-23 | 1 |
| 18 | STOP | RUN | All REF | P-20 REF | Fire | Mode | Analog Inp | ut Al 1 | 2 |

7.4. Macro Functions - Keypad Mode (P-12 = 1 or 2)

| | | DII | | DI2 | DI3 | / AI2 | DI4 | Diagram | |
|------|------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------|------------|----|
| P-15 | 0 | 0 1 | | 0 1 | | 0 1 | | 0 1 | |
| 0 | STOP | enable | - | INC SPD 🕽 | - | DEC SPD 🕽 | No Fi | unction | 15 |
| 1 | STOP | ENABLE | | | PI Speed Re | eference | | | 5 |
| 2 | STOP | ENABLE | - | inc spd 🕽 | - | DEC SPD 🕽 | KPD REF | P-20 REF | 15 |
| 3 | STOP | ENABLE | - | inc spd 🕽 | E-TRIP ٦ | OK | - | DEC SPD | |
| 4 | STOP | ENABLE | - | inc spd 🕽 | KPD REF | All REF | Analog | Input Al 1 | 6 |
| 5 | STOP | ENABLE | No | Function | KPD REF | All REF | Analog Input AI 1 | | 1 |
| 6 | STOP | ENABLE | No | Function | E-TRIP ↓ | OK | KPD REF | P-20 REF | 4 |
| 7 | STOP | ENABLE | OK | FAST STOP (P-24) | E-TRIP | OK | KPD REF | P-20 REF | 4 |
| 8 | STOP | ENABLE | OK | FAST STOP (P-24) | KPD REF | All REF | Analog Input Al 1 | | 2 |
| 14 | STOP | ENABLE | No | Function | E-TRIP ↓ | OK | No Fu | unction | 4 |
| 15 | STOP | ENABLE | PR REF | KPD REF | Fire | Mode | P-23 P-21 | | 3 |
| 16 | STOP | ENABLE | P-23 REF | KPD REF | Fire | Mode | No Function | | 3 |
| 17 | STOP | ENABLE | KPD REF | P-23 REF | Fire Mode | | No Function | | 3 |
| 18 | STOP | ENABLE | All REF | KPD REF | Fire | Mode | Analog | Input Al 1 | 2 |
| NOTE | | 11, 12, 13 = 2 = 1 or 2, Ref | 0 fer to P-31 for s | tarting control | | | | | |

7.5. Macro Functions - Fieldbus Control Mode (P-12 = 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9)

| | | DII | | DI2 | DI3 | / AI2 | DI4 / | All | Diagram |
|------|------|--------|---------------|---------------------|------------------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------|---------|
| P-15 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | |
| 0 | STOP | ENABLE | FB REF (Field | dbus Speed Referenc | ce, Modbus RTI | J / CAN / Ma | ster-Slave defin | ed by P-12) | 1 |
| 1 | STOP | ENABLE | | | PI Speed Re | ference | | | 5 |
| 3 | STOP | ENABLE | FB REF | P-20 REF | E-TRIP ٦ | OK | Analog I | nput Al 1 | 4 |
| 5 | STOP | ENABLE | FB REF | PR REF | P-20 | P-21 | Analog I | nput Al 1 | 2 |
| 6 | STOP | ENABLE | FB REF | All REF | E-TRIP ٦ | OK | Analog I | nput Al 1 | 4 |
| 7 | STOP | ENABLE | FB REF | KPD REF | E-TRIP ٦ | OK | Analog I | nput Al 1 | 4 |
| 14 | STOP | ENABLE | No | Function | E-TRIP ٦ | OK | Analog I | nput Al 1 | 4 |
| 15 | STOP | ENABLE | PR REF | FB REF | Fire | Mode | P-23 | P-21 | 3 |
| 16 | STOP | ENABLE | P-23 REF | FB REF | Fire Mode | | Analog Input Al 1 | | 2 |
| 17 | STOP | ENABLE | FB REF | P-23 REF | P-23 REF Fire Mode And | | | nput Al 1 | 2 |
| 18 | STOP | ENABLE | All REF | FB REF | Fire | Mode | Analog I | nput Al 1 | 2 |

2, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 = 0

NOTE When P-12 = 3 or 4, and P-15 = 5, 6, or 7, when DI 2 is on, DI1 will start and stop the drive.

When P-12 = 3 or 4 and P-31 = 2, 3, 6 or 7, The drive will start / stop based on DI1 only and communication loss is disabled.

7.6. Macro Functions - User PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6)

| | | DII | D | 12 | DI3 / AI2 | | DI4 / AI1 | Diagram |
|------|----------|----------------|----------|----------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------|
| P-15 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 1 | |
| 0 | STOP | RUN | PI REF | P-20 REF | P | AI2 | Al1 | 5 |
| 1 | STOP | RUN | PI REF | All REF | Analog Input A | .12 (PI Feedback) | All | 5 |
| 3, 7 | STOP | RUN | PI REF | P-20 | E-TRIP | OK | AII (PIFB) | 4 |
| 4 | (NO) | START J | (NC) | STOP | Al2 | (PI FB) | Analog Input Al 1 | |
| 5 | (NO) | START _ | (NC) | STOP | PI REF | P-20 REF | AII (PIFB) | 11 |
| 6 | (NO) | START 1 | (NC) | STOP | E-TRIP | OK | AII (PIFB) | |
| 14 | STOP | RUN | No Fu | ınction | E-TRIP | OK | AII (PIFB) | 1 |
| 15 | STOP | RUN | P-23 REF | PI REF | Fire | Mode | AII (PI FB) | 2 |
| 16 | STOP | RUN | P-23 REF | P-21 REF | Fire | Mode | AII (PIFB) | 2 |
| 17 | STOP | RUN | P-21 REF | P-23 REF | Fire Mode | | AII (PIFB) | 2 |
| 18 | STOP | RUN | All REF | PI REF | Fire Mode | | Analog Input Al 1 | 2 |
| NOTE | 2, 8, 9, | 10, 11, 12, 13 | 3 = 0 | | | | | |

7.7. Fire Mode

The Fire Mode function is designed to ensure continuous operation of the drive in emergency conditions until the drive is no longer capable of sustaining operation. The Fire Mode input may be a normally open (Close to Activate Fire Mode) or Normally Closed (Open to Activate Fire Mode) according to the setting of P-30 Index 2. In addition, the input may be momentary or maintained type, selected by P-30 Index 3.

This input may be linked to a fire control system to allow maintained operation in emergency conditions, e.g. to clear smoke or maintain air quality within that building.

The fire mode function is enabled when P-15 = 15, 16 or 17, with Digital Input 3 assigned to activate fire mode.

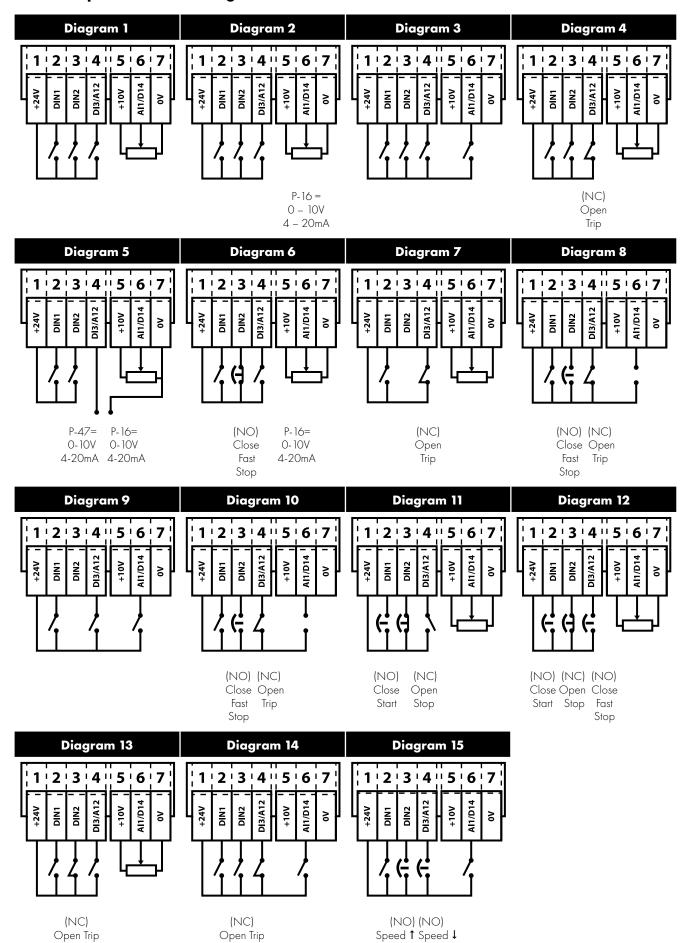
Fire Mode disables the following protection features in the drive:

O-t (Heat-sink Over-Temperature), U-t (Drive Under Temperature), Th-FLt (Faulty Thermistor on Heat-sink), E-trip (External Trip), 4-20 F (4-20mA fault), Ph-Ib (Phase Imbalance), P-Loss (Input Phase Loss Trip), SC-trp (Communications Loss Trip), I.t-trp (Accumulated overload Trip).

The following faults will result in a drive trip, auto reset and restart:

O-Volt (Over Voltage on DC Bus), U-Volt (Under Voltage on DC Bus), h O-I (Fast Over-current Trip), O-I (Instantaneous over current on drive output), Out-F (Drive output fault, Output stage trip).

7.8. Example Connection Diagrams



8. Modbus RTU Communications

8.1. Introduction

The Optidrive E3 can be connected to a Modbus RTU network via the RJ45 connector on the front of the drive.

8.2. Modbus RTU Specification

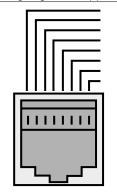
| Protocol | Modbus RTU |
|--------------------------|--|
| Error check | CRC |
| Baud rate | 9600bps, 19200bps, 38400bps, 57600bps, 115200bps (default) |
| Data format | 1 start bit, 8 data bits, 1 stop bits, no parity |
| Physical signal | RS 485 (2-wire) |
| User interface | RJ45 |
| Supported Function Codes | O3 Read Multiple Holding Registers |
| | 06 Write Single Holding Register |
| | 16 Write Multiple Holding Registers (Supported for registers 1 – 4 only) |

8.3. RJ45 Connector Configuration

For full MODBUS RTU register map information please refer to your Invertek Drives Sales Partner. Local contacts can be found by visiting our website:

www.invertekdrives.com

When using MODBUS control the Analog and Digital Inputs can be configured as shown in section 7.5. Macro Functions - Fieldbus Control Mode (P-12 = 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9).



| 1 | CAN - |
|---|---------------------|
| 2 | CAN + |
| 3 | O Volts |
| 4 | -RS485 (PC) |
| 5 | +RS485 (PC) |
| 6 | +24 Volt |
| 7 | -RS485 (Modbus RTU) |
| 8 | +RS485 (Modbus RTU) |
| | |

Warning: This is not an Ethernet connection. Do not connect directly to an Ethernet port.

8.4. Modbus Register Map

| Register Number | Par. | Туре | | pport | | Fun | ction | Range | Explanation |
|--------------------|--------|------|----|-------|----|--------------|-------------------------|--------|---|
| Number | | | 03 | 06 | 16 | Low Byte | High Byte | | |
| 1 | - | R/W | V | • | ~ | Drive Contro | ol Command | 03 | 16 Bit Word. Bit O: Low = Stop, High = Run Enable Bit 1: Low = Decel Ramp 1 (P-04), High = Decel Ramp 2 (P-24) Bit 2: Low = No Function, High = Fault Reset Bit 3: Low - No Function, High = Coast Stop Request |
| 2 | - | R/W | ~ | ~ | ~ | | us Speed e setpoint | 05000 | Setpoint frequency x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz |
| 4 | - | R/W | ~ | ~ | ~ | | ation and ation Time | 060000 | Ramp time in seconds x 100, e.g. 250 = 2.5 seconds |
| 6 | - | R | V | | | Error code | Drive status | | Low Byte = Drive Error Code, see section 10.1. Fault Code Messages High Byte = Drive Status as follows: O: Drive Stopped 1: Drive Running 2: Drive Tripped |
| 7 | | R | ~ | | | Output Mot | or Frequency | 020000 | Output frequency in Hz x 10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz |
| 8 | | R | ~ | | | Output Me | otor Current | 0480 | Output Motor Current in Amps x 10, e.g. 10 = 1.0 Amps |
| 11 | - | R | ~ | | | Digital ir | nput status | 015 | Indicates the status of the 4 digital inputs Lowest Bit = 1 Input 1 |
| 20 | POO-01 | R | ~ | | | Analog In | put 1 value | 01000 | Analog input % of full scale x 10, e.g. 1000 = 100% |
| 21 | POO-02 | R | ~ | | | Analog In | put 2 value | 01000 | Analog input % of full scale x10, e.g. 1000 = 100% |
| 22 | POO-03 | R | ~ | | | Speed Refe | erence Value | 01000 | Displays the setpoint frequency x 10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz |
| 23 | POO-08 | R | ~ | | | DC bus | s voltage | 01000 | DC Bus Voltage in Volts |
| 24 | P00-09 | R | ~ | | | Drive ter | mperature | 0100 | Drive heatsink temperature in °C |

All user configurable parameters are accessible as Holding Registers, and can be Read from or Written to using the appropriate Modbus command. The Register number for each parameter P-O4 to P-O0 is defined as 128 + Parameter number, e.g. for parameter P-15, the register number is 128 + 15 = 143. Internal scaling is used on some parameters, for further details please contact your Invertek Drives Sales Partner.

9. Technical Data

9.1. Environmental

-10 ... 50°C (frost and condensation free) Operational ambient temperature range Open Drives

-10 ... 40°C (frost and condensation free) **Enclosed Drives**

-40 ... 60°C Storage ambient temperature range

2000m. Derate above 1000m: 1% / 100m Maximum altitude

Maximum humidity 95%, non-condensing

NOTE For UL compliance: the average ambient temperature over a 24 hour period for 200-240V, 2.2kW and 3HP, IP20 drives is 45°C.

9.2. Rating Tables

| Frame Size | kW | HP | Input Current | Fuse / MCB (Type B) | | Maximum Cable Size | | Output Current | Recommended Brake Resistance |
|---|---------|----------|------------------|---------------------|----|-----------------------|-----|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| | | | | Non UL | UL | mm | AWG | A | Ω |
| 110 - 115 (+ | / - 10% |) V 1 Ph | ase Input, 1 | Phase Outp | ut | | | | |
| 1 | 0.37 | 0.5 | 8.5 | 16 | 15 | 8 | 8 | 7.0 | - |
| 2 | 0.75 | 1 | 12.5 | 16 | 15 | 8 | 8 | 10.5 | 100 |
| 200 - 240 (+ / - 10%) V 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 0.37 | 0.5 | 6.0 | 10 | 10 | 8 | 8 | 4.3 | - |
| 1 | 0.75 | 1 | 9.3 | 16 | 15 | 8 | 8 | 7.0 | - |
| 1 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 14.0 | 20 | 20 | 8 | 8 | 10.5 | 100 |

NOTE Cable sizes shown are the maximum possible that may be connected to the drive. Cables should be selected according to local wiring codes or regulations at the point of installation.

9.3. Additional Information for UL Compliance

Optidrive E3 is designed to meet the UL requirements. For an up to date list of UL compliant products, please refer to UL listing NMMS.E226333. In order to ensure full compliance, the following must be fully observed.

| Input Power Supply Requirements | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|-------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Supply Voltage | 110 – 115 RMS Volts for 115 Volt rated units, + /- 10% variation allowed. 115 Volt RMS Maximum. | | | | | | |
| | 200 – 240 RMS Volts for 230 Volt rated units, + /- 10% variation allowed. 240 Volt RMS Maximum. | | | | | | |
| Frequency | 50 - 60Hz + / - 5% Variation | | | | | | |
| Short Circuit Capacity | Voltage Rating | Min kW (HP) | Max kW (HP) | Maximum supply short-circuit current | | | |
| | 115V | 0.37 (0.5) | 0.75 (1) | 100kA rms (AC) | | | |
| | 230V | 0.37 (0.5) | 1.1 (1.5) | 100kA rms (AC) | | | |
| | All the drives in the above table are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than the above specified maximum short-circuit Amperes symmetrical with the specified maximum supply voltage when protected by Class J fuses. | | | | | | |

Mechanical Installation Requirements

All Optidrive E3 units are intended for indoor installation within controlled environments which meet the condition limits shown in section 9.1. Environmental.

The drive can be operated within an ambient temperature range as stated in section 9.1. Environmental

For IP20 units, installation is required in a pollution degree 1 environment.

For IP66 (NEMA 4X) units, installation in a pollution degree 2 environment is permissible.

Electrical Installation Requirements

Incoming power supply connection must be according to section 4.3. Incoming Power Connection.

Suitable Power and motor cables should be selected according to the data shown in section 9.2. Rating Tables and the National Electrical Code or other applicable local codes.

75°C Copper must be used.

Power cable connections and tightening torques are shown in sections 3.3. Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20 Open Units and 3.5. Mechanical Dimensions – IP66 (NEMA 4X) Enclosed Units.

Integral Solid Sate short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the national electrical code and any additional local codes. Ratings are shown in section 9.2. Rating Tables

Transient surge suppression must be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall be rated 480Volt (phase to ground), 480 Volt (phase to phase), suitable for over voltage category iii and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of 4kV.

UL Listed ring terminals / lugs must be used for all bus bar and grounding connections.

General Requirements

Optidrive E3 provides motor overload protection in accordance with the National Electrical Code (US).

- Where a motor thermistor is not fitted, or not utilised, Thermal Overload Memory Retention must be enabled by setting P-50 = 1.
- Where a motor thermistor is fitted and connected to the drive, connection must be carried out according to the information shown in section 4.9.2. Motor Thermistor Connection.

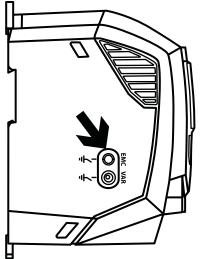
9.4. EMC Filter Disconnect

Drives with an EMC filter have an inherently higher leakage current to Ground (Earth). For applications where tripping occurs the EMC filter can be disconnected (on IP20 units only) by completely removing the EMC screw on the side of the product.

Remove the screw as indicated right.

The Optidrive product range has input supply voltage surge suppression components fitted to protect the drive from line voltage transients, typically originating from lightning strikes or switching of high power equipment on the same supply.

When carrying out a HiPot (Flash) test on an installation in which the drive is built, the voltage surge suppression components may cause the test to fail. To accommodate this type of system HiPot test, the voltage surge suppression components can be disconnected by removing the VAR screw After completing the HiPot test, the screw should be replaced and the HiPot test repeated. The test should then fail, indicating that the voltage surge suppression components are once again in circuit.



10. Troubleshooting

10.1. Fault Code Messages

| Fault | No. | Description | Suggested Remedy | | | | |
|---------|-----|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Code | | | | | | | |
| no-FLE | 00 | No Fault | Not required. | | | | |
| OI - P | 01 | Brake channel over current | Check external brake resistor condition and connection wiring. | | | | |
| OL-br | 02 | Brake resistor overload | The drive has tripped to prevent damage to the brake resistor. | | | | |
| 0-1 | 03 | Output Over Current | Instantaneous Over current on the drive output. Excess load or shock load on the motor. | | | | |
| | | | NOTE Following a trip, the drive cannot be immediately reset. A delay time is inbuilt, which allows the power components of the drive time to recover to avoid damage. | | | | |
| 1_E-E-P | 04 | Motor Thermal Overload (12t) | The drive has tripped after delivering > 100% of value in P-08 for a period of time to prevent damage to the motor. | | | | |
| PS-E-P | 05 | Power stage trip | Check for short circuits on the motor and connection cable | | | | |
| 0-uort | 06 | Over voltage on DC bus | Check the supply voltage is within the allowed tolerance for the drive. If the fault occurs on deceleration or stopping, increase the deceleration time in P-O4 or install a suitable brake resistor and activate the dynamic braking function with P-34. | | | | |
| U-uort | 07 | Under voltage on DC bus | The incoming supply voltage is too low. This trip occurs routinely when power is remove from the drive. If it occurs during running, check the incoming power supply voltage an all components in the power feed line to the drive. | | | | |
| 0-E | 08 | Heatsink over temperature | The drive is too hot. Check the ambient temperature around the drive is within the drive specification. Ensure sufficient cooling air is free to circulate around the drive. | | | | |
| U-F | 09 | Under temperature | Trip occurs when ambient temperature is less than - 10°C. Temperature must be raised over - 10°C in order to start the drive. | | | | |
| P-dEF | 10 | Factory Default parameters loaded | | | | | |
| E-Fr iP | 11 | External trip | E-trip requested on digital input 3. Normally closed contact has opened for some reason. If motor thermistor is connected check if the motor is too hot. | | | | |
| 50-065 | 12 | Optibus comms loss | Check communication link between drive and external devices. Make sure each drive in the network has its unique address. | | | | |
| FLE-dc | 13 | DC bus ripple too high | Check incoming supply phases are all present and balanced. | | | | |
| P-L055 | 14 | Input phase loss trip | Check incoming power supply phases are present and balanced. | | | | |
| h 0-1 | 15 | Output Over Current | Check for short circuits on the motor and connection cable. | | | | |
| | | | Note: Following a trip, the drive cannot be immediately reset. A delay time is inbuilt, which allows the power components of the drive time to recover to avoid damage. | | | | |
| Eh-FLE | 16 | Faulty thermistor on heatsink | | | | | |
| dALA-F | 17 | Internal memory fault (IO) | Press the stop key. If the fault persists, consult you supplier. | | | | |
| 4-20 F | 18 | 4-20mA Signal Lost | Check the analog input connection(s). | | | | |
| dALA-E | 19 | Internal memory fault (DSP) | Press the stop key. If the fault persists, consult you supplier. | | | | |
| F-Ptc | 21 | Motor PTC thermistor trip | Connected motor thermistor over temperature, check wiring connections and motor. | | | | |
| FAn-F | 22 | Cooling Fan Fault (IP66 only) | Check / replace the cooling fan. | | | | |
| O-HEAL | 23 | Drive internal temperature too high | Drive ambient temperature too high, check adequate cooling air is provided. | | | | |
| 5C-FO I | 50 | Modbus comms loss fault | Check the incoming Modbus RTU connection cable. | | | | |
| | | | Check that at least one register is being polled cyclically within the timeout limit set in P-36 Index 3. | | | | |
| 5C-FO2 | 51 | CAN comms loss trip | Check the incoming CAN connection cable. | | | | |
| | | | Check that cyclic communications take place within the timeout limit set in P-36 Index 3. | | | | |



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